AMENDMENTS TO NATIONAL INSTRUMENT 31-103 REGISTRATION REQUIREMENTS, EXEMPTIONS, AND ONGOING REGISTRANT OBLIGATIONS AND RELATED INSTRUMENTS

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AMENDMENTS TO NATIONAL INSTRUMENT 31-103 REGISTRATION REQUIREMENTS, EXEMPTIONS, AND ONGOING REGISTRANT OBLIGATIONS AND RELATED INSTRUMENTS



Notice of Amendments to

NATIONAL INSTRUMENT 31-103 REGISTRATION REQUIREMENTS, EXEMPTIONS AND ONGOING REGISTRANT OBLIGATIONS,

COMPANION POLICY 31-103CP REGISTRATION REQUIREMENTS, EXEMPTIONS AND ONGOING REGISTRANT OBLIGATIONS,

NATIONAL INSTRUMENT 33-109 REGISTRATION INFORMATION.

and

COMPANION POLICY 33-109CP REGISTRATION INFORMATION

July 27, 2017

Introduction

We, the Canadian Securities Administrators (CSA), are adopting amendments (the Amendments) to the current regulatory framework for dealers, advisers and investment fund managers.

The instruments affected by the Amendments are as follows:

- National Instrument 31-103 Registration Requirements, Exemptions and Ongoing Registrant Obligations (NI 31-103 or the Rule), including Form 31-103F1 Calculation of Excess Working Capital (Form 31-103F1),
- Companion Policy 31-103CP Registration Requirements, Exemptions and Ongoing Registrant Obligations (31-103CP or the Companion Policy),
- National Instrument 33-109 Registration Information (NI 33-109) including its forms, and
- Companion Policy 33-109CP Registration Information (33-109CP).

We refer to NI 31-103, 31-103CP, NI 33-109, and 33-109CP as the "Instrument".

The Amendments have been, or are expected to be, adopted by each member of the CSA. In some jurisdictions, ministerial approvals are required for the implementation of the Amendments. If all necessary ministerial approvals are obtained, the

July 27, 2017 1 (2017), 40 OSCB (Supp-1) Amendments, other than the Custody Amendments described below, come into force on December 4, 2017. The Custody Amendments come into force six months later, on June 4, 2018. Further detail can be found in Annex D of this Notice.

Substance and purpose

The Amendments range from technical adjustments to more substantive matters. We have organized the Amendments into four tranches, specifically "Custody Amendments", "Exempt Market Dealer Amendments", "Client Relationship Model Phase 2 Amendments" and "Housekeeping Amendments". The purpose of the Amendments is to promote stronger investor protection, to clarify certain regulatory requirements and to enhance certain market efficiencies.

The Amendments:

- enhance custody requirements applicable to registered firms that are not members of the Investment Industry Regulatory Organization of Canada (IIROC) or the Mutual Fund Dealers Association of Canada (MFDA) (collectively, Non-SRO Firms). IIROC member firms and MFDA member firms will comply with the custodial regimes of IIROC or the MFDA. The Custody Amendments:
 - address potential intermediary risks when Non-SRO Firms are involved in the custody of client assets.
 - enhance the protection of client assets, and
 - o codify existing custodial best practices of Non-SRO Firms,
- clarify the activities that may be conducted under the exempt market dealer (EMD) category of registration in respect of trades in prospectus-qualified securities,
- make permanent certain temporary relief granted by the CSA in May 2015 relating to the requirements for client reporting (the CRM2 Requirements) and also add guidance to 31-103CP regarding the CRM2 Requirements, and
- incorporate other changes to the Instrument of a minor housekeeping nature.

Background

We published proposed amendments for comment on July 7, 2016 (the July 2016 Proposal). We made changes to certain of the amendments proposed in the July 2016 Proposal, several of which are described in our responses to the comments. We also made other changes to the Instrument. As these changes are not material, we are not publishing the Amendments for another comment period.

You can find a description of the key changes we made to the Instrument in Annex A of this Notice.

Future proposals to revise the Custody Amendments (including the terminology and the exemptions) may follow as a consequence of the CSA's ongoing policy work in respect of both the modernization of investment fund product regulation under National Instrument 81-102 *Investment Funds* (NI 81-102) and derivatives.

Summary of written comments received by the CSA

We received 21 comment letters on the July 2016 Proposal, and we thank everyone who submitted comments. A summary of the comments, together with our responses, is in Annex B and the names of the commenters are in Annex C of this Notice.

Copies of the comment letters were posted on the following websites:

www.osc.gov.on.ca www.lautorite.qc.ca

Local matters

In conjunction with the amendments to NI 33-109, the Ontario Securities Commission is making consequential amendments to Ontario Securities Commission Rule 33-506 (*Commodity Futures Act*) Registration Information (OSC Rule 33-506). The Ontario Securities Commission is publishing a local notice on these consequential amendments.

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In conjunction with the amendments to NI 31-103, the Autorité des marchés financiers is making consequential amendments to its Derivatives Regulation and is publishing a local notice on these consequential amendments.

The Autorité des marchés financiers is also publishing a local staff notice to further explain the amendments made to subsection 9.4(4) and section 12.12 of NI 31-103, as they relate to mutual fund dealers registered only in Québec. This local notice provides guidance in connection with the financial reporting of these dealers.

List of annexes

This Notice contains the following annexes:

- Annex A Summary of changes to the Instrument relative to existing law and policy
- Annex B Summary of comments on the July 2016 Proposal and responses
- Annex C List of commenters
- Annex D Adoption of the Instrument
- Annex E Amendments to NI 31-103
- Annex E1 Blackline showing changes to NI 31-103
- Annex E2 Changes to 31-103CP
- Annex F Amendments to NI 33-109
- Annex F1 Blackline showing changes to NI 33-109
- Annex F2 Changes to 33-109CP

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ANNEX A

SUMMARY OF CHANGES TO THE INSTRUMENT RELATIVE TO EXISTING LAW AND POLICY

This annex summarizes the key changes being made to the Instrument. We reference the sections of NI 31-103 except where otherwise indicated. This annex contains the following sections:

- Custody Amendments
- 2. Exempt Market Dealer Amendments
- 3. Client Relationship Model Phase 2 Amendments
- 4. Housekeeping Amendments

If all necessary ministerial approvals are obtained, the Amendments, other than the Custody Amendments, come into force on December 4, 2017. The Custody Amendments come into force six months later, on June 4, 2018.

1. CUSTODY AMENDMENTS

Amendments to NI 31-103 and 31-103CP

Part 1 Interpretation

Section 1.1 [definitions of terms used throughout this Instrument]

We added definitions for the following terms in section 1.1:

- Canadian custodian
- foreign custodian
- qualified custodian

Part 9 Membership in a self-regulatory organization

In order to exclude IIROC member firms and MFDA member firms from the Custody Amendments, on the condition that they comply with the corresponding IIROC and MFDA custodial regimes, we amended sections 9.3 [exemptions from certain requirements for IIROC members] and 9.4 [exemptions from certain requirements for MFDA members]. Appendices G and H were also amended to include any additional IIROC and MFDA provisions, as necessary.

Certain paragraphs in sections 9.3 and 9.4 were repealed as a result of sections 14.8 [securities subject to a safekeeping agreement] and 14.9 [securities not subject to a safekeeping agreement] being repealed as part of the Custody Amendments.

Part 14 Handling client accounts - firms

Section 14.1 [application of this Part to investment fund managers]

We amended section 14.1 to clarify that the Custody Amendments also apply to investment fund managers. We also clarified the guidance in 31-103CP.

Section 14.2 [relationship disclosure information]

We added paragraph 14.2(2)(a.1) to require registered firms that hold client assets or "direct or arrange" custodial arrangements for clients to confirm where and how the client's assets are held, and any related risks and benefits. We also added paragraph 14.2(2)(a.2) to require registered firms with access to client assets to disclose to clients where and how client assets are held and accessed, including any related risks and benefits. We added guidance to 31-103CP to outline our expectations in respect of this disclosure.

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Section 14.5.1 [definition of "securities" in Alberta, British Columbia, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia and Saskatchewan]

We added section 14.5.1 to clarify that, in respect of certain local securities legislation, the use of the term "securities" in Division 3 excludes "exchange contracts" in Alberta, British Columbia, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia and Saskatchewan.

Section 14.5.2 [restriction on self-custody and qualified custodian requirement]

We added a new section 14.5.2.

With some exceptions, subsection 14.5.2(1) prohibits a registered firm from acting as a custodian or sub-custodian for cash and securities of its clients or the investment funds it manages (i.e., self-custody), and subsection 14.5.2(5) prohibits the use of any custodian (Canadian or foreign) that is not functionally independent of the registered firm. Subsection 14.5.2(2) requires a "Canadian custodian" to hold the cash and securities of a client or an investment fund where a registered firm (a) directs or arranges which custodian will hold the cash or securities, or (b) holds or has access to the cash or securities. However:

- subsection 14.5.2(3) permits a "foreign custodian" to hold the cash and securities of a client or investment fund, but only when it is more beneficial to that client or investment fund to use the "foreign custodian" instead of a "Canadian custodian", and
- to retain current practices in respect of cash, subsections 14.5.2(4) and (6) permit a Canadian financial institution that
 is functionally independent of the registered firm to act as a custodian for the cash of a registered firm's client or
 investment fund.

We made amendments to the July 2016 Proposal to clarify subsections 14.5.2(2) and 14.5.2(3). Specifically, subsection 14.5.2(2) makes clear that it is permissible for a client or an investment fund subject to the Custody Amendments to use multiple custodians, provided that the registered firm complies with the requirements in the Custody Amendments. Subsection 14.5.2(3) clarifies that the elements of the definition of "foreign custodian" are among the relevant factors that a registered firm must consider when assessing whether the "foreign custodian" is more beneficial to a client or investment fund than a "Canadian custodian". We also added guidance to 31-103CP regarding the use of a "foreign custodian". We included a number of factors that we expect registered firms to consider when choosing to use a "foreign custodian".

We added guidance to 31-103CP (under the title "14.5.2 [restriction on self-custody and qualified custodian requirement]") to outline our expectations in respect of the new custody requirements. We also clarified that certain investment instruments may be both securities and derivatives, and that the Custody Amendments apply to those instruments (subject to certain exclusions outlined in the Custody Amendments).

We also added guidance to 31-103CP (under the title "14.5.2 [prohibition on self-custody and the use of a custodian that is not functionally independent]") to describe our expectations for a "system of controls and supervision that a reasonable person would conclude is sufficient to manage the risks to the client or investment fund" associated with custody, in the limited situations where registered firms are either permitted to self-custody or use a custodian that is not functionally independent of the registered firm. In addition, we included guidance for registered firms not subject to the Custody Amendments regarding our expectations.

New paragraphs 14.5.2(7)(a) to (f) set out exemptions from the new custodial requirements for the following:

- investment funds subject to NI 81-102 or National Instrument 41-101 General Prospectus Requirements (NI 41-101),
- a security that is recorded on the books of the security's issuer, or the issuer's transfer agent, only in the name of the client or investment fund.
- cash or securities of a permitted client that is not an individual or an investment fund, where that permitted client has acknowledged, in writing, that the custodial requirements that would otherwise apply to the registered firm do not apply,
- customer collateral subject to the custodial requirements under National Instrument 94-102 Derivatives: Customer Clearing and Protection of Customer Collateral and Positions, and
- mortgages under certain conditions.

We added guidance to 31-103CP to clarify our expectations and rationale in respect of certain of these exemptions.

We also added guidance to 31-103CP (under the title "14.5.2 [general prudent custodial practices]") to describe general prudent custodial practices when the Custody Amendments do not apply. We also provided our expectations regarding reconciliation with custodians' records, and client review of custodial statements.

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Finally, we also added guidance to 31-103CP under the title "14.5.2 [custodial arrangements]" regarding investment fund managers' obligations in the selection, and ongoing monitoring, of the custodian for the investment funds that they manage. We also included guidance that dealers and advisers with influence over a client's selection of a custodian should conduct due diligence similar to that expected of an investment fund manager.

Section 14.5.3 [cash and securities held by a qualified custodian]

We added new section 14.5.3 which sets out requirements regarding how cash and securities of clients and investment funds should be held by a qualified custodian. Registered firms are required to take reasonable steps to ensure that the cash and securities are held as outlined.

We added guidance to 31-103CP (under the title "14.5.3 [cash and securities held by a qualified custodian]") to explain how the requirements in subsection 14.5.3(a) can be satisfied. We also clarified that a qualified custodian may deposit securities with a depository or clearing agency that operates a book-based system.

Section 14.6 [client and investment fund assets held by a registered firm in trust]

We amended section 14.6 so that it applies in situations where the new custody requirements under sections 14.5.2 and 14.5.3 do not apply or where a registered firm is self-custodying as permitted by section 14.5.2. Specifically, amended section 14.6 maintains the minimum client and investment fund asset protection standards of segregation and holding client and investment fund assets in trust for the client or investment fund. Consistent with new section 14.5.2, new subsection 14.6(2) allows for the use of a foreign custodian for cash only when it is more beneficial to the client or investment fund to use that foreign custodian as opposed to a Canadian custodian. We amended subsection 14.6(2) to conform to the amendment we made in subsection 14.5.2(3).

We amended 31-103CP to reflect the changes to section 14.6. We also added guidance for investment fund managers that handle cash-in-transit for investment in, or on the redemption of, the securities of their investment fund. In addition, we provided guidance for outsourcing the function of handling cash-in-transit to a service provider.

Section 14.6.1 [custodial provisions relating to certain margin or security interests] and section 14.6.2 [custodial provisions relating to short sales]

We added new sections 14.6.1 and 14.6.2 which were not part of the July 2016 Proposal. These sections set out acceptable custodial practices for certain margin and security interests, and for short sales, respectively. These amendments reflect our policy intent to codify existing custodial best practices of registered firms. The permissible activities in these sections are similar to the custodial practices for prospectus-qualified funds permitted under NI 81-102 and NI 41-101. We added guidance to 31-103CP to outline our expectations for a registered firm's assessment of a foreign dealer that would hold cash and securities for clients or investment funds as permitted by these sections.

We also added guidance to section 14.6.1 of 31-103CP to confirm certain acceptable custodial practices relating to securities lending, repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements, similar to the permitted practices under NI 81-102 and NI 41-101.

Section 14.7 [holding client assets – non-resident registrants], Section 14.8 [securities subject to a safekeeping agreement] and Section 14.9 [securities not subject to a safekeeping agreement]

Sections 14.7, 14.8 and 14.9 have been repealed to remove outdated provisions.

Coming into Force of the Custody Amendments

The Amendments, other than the Custody Amendments, come into force on December 4, 2017. The Custody Amendments, including new paragraphs 14.2(a.1) and (a.2), and new or amended sections 14.5.1 through 14.6.2 (see Annex E Amendments to NI 31-103), come into force six months later, on June 4, 2018. This is to allow registered firms to prepare for, and accommodate, the new custody requirements.

2. EXEMPT MARKET DEALER AMENDMENTS

Amendments to NI 31-103 and 31-103CP

Part 7 Categories of registration for firms

Section 7.1 [dealer categories]

We amended subsection 7.1(2) as follows:

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- We removed the words "whether or not a prospectus was filed in respect of the distribution" from subparagraph 7.1(2)(d)(i) to clarify that EMDs may not participate in offerings of securities under prospectuses in any capacity, including as underwriters and selling group members; this includes securities underlying special warrants that are qualified by a prospectus.
- We amended subparagraph 7.1(2)(d)(ii) to clarify the activities that EMDs may engage in with respect to the resale of securities.

We deleted the restriction currently found in subsection 7.1(5) that restricts EMDs from trading in securities whose classes are listed, quoted or traded on a marketplace, whether on-exchange or off-exchange, as this restriction is now reflected in amended subparagraph 7.1(2)(d)(ii).

We also revised 31-103CP to clarify matters relating to these changes.

Part 8 Exemptions from the requirement to register

Section 8.6 [investment fund trades by adviser to managed account]

We expanded the exemption from the dealer registration requirement in section 8.6 so that registered advisers may trade in the securities of investment funds (including, as is the case today, those distributed under a prospectus) if the adviser or an affiliate of the adviser advises and manages the investment fund and certain conditions are met.

The amendment to section 8.6 will broaden the exemption from dealer registration for advisers that use affiliated investment funds as an efficient way to invest their clients' money.

We also revised 31-103CP to clarify matters relating to these changes.

3. CLIENT RELATIONSHIP MODEL PHASE 2 AMENDMENTS

Amendments to NI 31-103 and 31-103CP

Part 9 Membership in a self-regulatory organization

We amended sections 9.3 and 9.4 to exempt IIROC members and MFDA members from certain CRM2 Requirements, on the condition that they comply with the corresponding IIROC and MFDA provisions. We also amended Appendices G and H to include the corresponding IIROC and MFDA provisions.

Part 13 Dealing with clients - individuals and firms

Section 13.17 [exemption from certain requirements for registered sub-advisers]

We amended section 13.17 to exempt a registered adviser, who is acting as a sub-adviser to a registered adviser or dealer, from certain client reporting requirements in Part 14. Client reporting responsibilities necessary in a sub-advisory arrangement are customized to the relevant business needs and agreed to contractually.

Part 14 Handling client accounts - firms

Section 14.1.1 [duty to provide information]

We amended section 14.1.1 to clarify the requirement for investment fund managers to provide dealers and advisers with certain information that they need to comply with their client reporting obligations. We also added guidance to 31-103CP setting out our expectations about this requirement.

Section 14.2 [relationship disclosure information]

We added guidance to 31-103CP to clarify our expectations concerning a firm's obligation to provide a general description of the products and services it offers to a client under paragraph 14.2(2)(b), including our expectations on disclosure when a firm primarily invests its clients' money in securities issued by related parties.

Section 14.2.1 [pre-trade disclosure of charges]

We added guidance to 31-103CP to clarify our expectations about a firm's pre-trade disclosure obligations in the case of a frequent trader who can reasonably be expected to understand "standard charges".

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Section 14.11.1 [determining market value]

We amended subsection 14.11.1(3) to remove references to section 14.18 and subsection 14.19(1). Instead, subsection 14.19(7) addresses the procedure to follow if market value cannot be determined for the purposes of calculating the information required to be delivered in the investment performance report.

We also corrected the paragraph references in subsection 14.11.1(3) that specify when a firm must exclude the market value of a security from calculations of the total value of cash and securities in an account or statement.

We also added guidance to 31-103CP concerning market valuation for client reporting purposes, including determining:

- market value for a liquid security for which a reliable price is quoted on a market place, and
- that the market value of a security is not determinable.

Section 14.14 [account statements]

We amended paragraph 14.14(4)(d) to clarify that the number of securities purchased, sold or transferred must be disclosed in account statements. We also amended paragraph 14.14(5)(f) to clarify requirements relating to investor protection fund (IPF) disclosure in account statements. We added guidance to section 14.14 of 31-103CP concerning our expectations about consolidated statements and supplementary reporting.

Section 14.14.1 [additional statements]

We amended paragraph 14.14.1(2)(g) to clarify requirements relating to IPF disclosure in additional statements and added a new subsection (2.1) exempting a firm from providing this disclosure where a client's securities are held or controlled by an IIROC or MFDA member. This addition was made to avoid the possibility that a client might receive inaccurate information about the extent of IPF coverage from a firm that is not itself a member of the IPF. We also added guidance to 31-103CP about IPF disclosure.

Section 14.14.2 [security position cost information]

We amended section 14.14.2 to allow a firm to disclose, for a security position that was opened before July 15, 2015, market value as at December 31, 2015, or an earlier date, if that earlier date is reasonable based on certain criteria. This amendment has the same effect as the temporary relief provided in parallel orders issued by CSA members in May 2015 and described in CSA Staff Notice 31-341 *Omnibus/Blanket Orders Exempting Registrants from Certain CRM2 Provisions of National Instrument 31-103 Registration Requirements, Exemptions and Ongoing Registrant Obligations* (the CRM2 Orders). We also added guidance to 31-103CP on determining and reporting security position cost information.

Section 14.17 [report on charges and other compensation]

We added guidance to 31-103CP to clarify our expectations for the disclosure of a firm's operating charges and payments received from issuers of securities.

Section 14.18 [investment performance report]

We amended subsection 14.18(6) to clarify situations under which a firm is not required to deliver an investment performance report to a client.

Section 14.19 [content of investment performance report]

We amended section 14.19 so that the requirement that investment performance reports must include market value information as at and since July 15, 2015, if the account was opened before that date, may instead be met as follows:

- where the firm reports on a calendar year basis (i.e., its first reports covered the period from January 1 to December 31, 2016), by including market value information as at and since: (a) January 1, 2016 (the firm is not required to provide the information for any earlier period), or (b) a date earlier than January 1, 2016 if that earlier date is reasonable based on certain criteria; and
- where the firm does not report on a calendar year basis (i.e., its first reports cover a 12-month period ending no later than July 14, 2017), by including market value information as at and since: (a) July 15, 2015 (the firm is not required to provide the information for any earlier period), or (b) a date earlier than July 15, 2015 if that earlier date is reasonable based on certain criteria.

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We also amended section 14.19 so that the requirement that investment performance reports must include annualized total percentage return information since inception or for the period since July 15, 2015 may instead be met as follows, if the account was opened before July 15, 2015:

- where the firm reports on a calendar year basis, by providing the information for the period since January 1, 2016, or a
 date earlier than January 1, 2016 if that earlier date is reasonable based on certain criteria; and
- where the firm does not report on a calendar year basis, by providing the information for the period since July 15, 2015, or a date earlier than July 15, 2015 if that earlier date is reasonable based on certain criteria.

These amendments have the same effect as the corresponding temporary relief provided in the CRM2 Orders.

We also added guidance to 31-103CP to clarify our expectations concerning certain of the information required to be included in investment performance reports.

Exempt Market Dealers

We added guidance to 31-103CP on how the client reporting requirements in Part 14 may apply to EMDs that are not also registered as advisers or in another category of dealer.

4. HOUSEKEEPING AMENDMENTS

Amendments to NI 31-103

Section 1.2 [interpretation of "securities" in Alberta, British Columbia, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia and Saskatchewan]

We amended this section to reflect in the official version of NI 31-103 adopted by all CSA jurisdictions, jurisdiction-specific changes that have already been adopted in the corresponding local jurisdictions. These changes are described in more detail in CSA Staff Notice 11-335 *Notice of Local Amendments and Changes in Certain Jurisdictions*, dated April 13, 2017 (CSA Staff Notice 11-335).

Section 3.16 [exemptions from certain requirements for SRO-approved persons]

We amended this section where it refers to a member of IIROC to clarify that the referenced member must also be registered as an investment dealer. Similarly, we amended the section where it refers to a member of the MFDA to clarify that the referenced member must also be registered as a mutual fund dealer.

Section 8.2 [definition of "securities" in Alberta, British Columbia, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia and Saskatchewan]

We amended this section to reflect, in the official version of NI 31-103 adopted by all CSA jurisdictions, jurisdiction-specific changes that have already been adopted in the corresponding local jurisdictions. These changes are described in more detail in CSA Staff Notice 11-335.

Section 8.12 [mortgages]

Subsection 8.12 (3) was amended to reflect in the official version of NI 31-103 adopted by all CSA jurisdictions, a New Brunswick-specific change that has already been adopted in New Brunswick. By virtue of this change, the exemption from the dealer registration requirement that is provided for in subsection 8.12(2) does not apply in New Brunswick.

Section 8.18 [international dealer]

We amended the international dealer exemption in section 8.18 in response to comments received by a commenter that identified a technical gap in the existing international dealer exemption. This amendment is also intended to address the concerns identified in CSA Staff Notice 31-346 *Guidance as to the Scope of the International Dealer Exemption in relation to Foreign-Currency Fixed Income Offerings by Canadian Issuers* and to codify routinely granted exemptive relief.

Section 8.20 [exchange contract — Alberta, British Columbia, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia and Saskatchewan]

We amended this section to reflect in the official version of NI 31-103 adopted by all CSA jurisdictions, jurisdiction-specific changes that have already been adopted in the corresponding local jurisdictions. These changes are described in more detail in CSA Staff Notice 11-335.

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<u>Section 8.20.1 [exchange contract trades through or to a registered dealer — Alberta, British Columbia, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia and Saskatchewan]</u>

We amended this section to reflect, in the official version of NI 31-103 adopted by all CSA jurisdictions, jurisdiction-specific changes that have already been adopted in the corresponding local jurisdictions. These changes are described in more detail in CSA Staff Notice 11-335.

Section 8.24 [IIROC members with discretionary authority]

We amended this section, where it refers to a member of IIROC, to clarify that the referenced member must also be registered as an investment dealer.

Section 8.26 [international adviser]

We amended this section to reflect in the official version of NI 31-103 adopted by all CSA jurisdictions, jurisdiction-specific changes that have already been adopted in the corresponding local jurisdictions. These changes are described in more detail in CSA Staff Notice 11-335.

We also amended subsection 8.26(3) to clarify that the relevant advice to a permitted client must be in relation to a foreign security, and cannot be in relation to securities that are not foreign securities (unless providing that advice is incidental to providing advice on a foreign security).

Section 9.3 [exemptions from certain requirements for IIROC members]

We amended the first line of subsections 9.3(1) and 9.3(2), where it refers to a member of IIROC, to clarify that the referenced member must also be registered as an investment dealer.

Section 9.4 [exemption from certain requirements for MFDA Members]

We amended the first line of subsections 9.4(1) and 9.4(2), where it refers to a member of the MFDA, to clarify that the referenced member must also be registered as a mutual fund dealer.

We also amended subsection 9.4(4) to make the requirements in section 12.12 [delivering financial information – dealer] apply to mutual fund dealers in Québec despite subsection 9.4(4). Exemptions related to other requirements listed in subsection 9.4(1) will continue to apply to the extent equivalent requirements are applicable to the mutual fund dealer under the regulations in Québec.

Section 10.1 [failure to pay fees]

Paragraph 10.1(1)(a) was amended to reflect in the official version of NI 31-103 adopted by all CSA jurisdictions, an Alberta-specific reference change that has already been adopted in Alberta. The change in reference reflects the replacement of Schedule for Fees in Alta. Reg 115/95 Securities Regulation by ASC Rule 13-501 Fees.

Section 12.1 [capital requirements]

We amended the first line of subsection 12.1(5), where it refers to a member of IIROC, to clarify that the referenced member must also be registered as an investment dealer.

Section 12.12 [delivering financial information — dealer]

We amended the first line of subsection 12.12(2.1), where it refers to a member of the MFDA, to clarify that the referenced member must also be registered as a mutual fund dealer.

We also amended section 12.12 by adding new subsections 12.12 (4) and (5) to allow a mutual fund dealer registered only in Québec, that is not a member of the MFDA and that is not registered in any other category, to provide only one calculation of its regulatory capital. Such a firm may deliver to the securities regulatory authority either the *Appendix I – Monthly Report on Net Free Capital* required by the *Regulation respecting the trust accounts and financial resources of securities firms*, as this Appendix read on September 27, 2009, or the Form 31-103F1 under section 12.12 of NI of 31-103 as at the end of the prescribed period.

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Section 12.14 [delivering financial information — investment fund manager]

We amended subsection 12.14(4) where it refers to a member of IIROC to clarify that the referenced member must also be registered as an investment dealer.

We amended subsection 12.14(5) where it refers to a member of the MFDA to clarify that the referenced member must also be registered as a mutual fund dealer.

Section 14.12 [content and delivery of trade confirmation]

We added a new subsection 14.12(7) to state that, in Newfoundland and Labrador, Ontario and Saskatchewan, a registered dealer that complies with the requirements of section 14.12 in respect of the purchase or sale of a security is not subject to the following corresponding statutory provisions: subsections 37 (1), (2) or (3) of the Securities Act (Newfoundland and Labrador); subsection 36(1) of the Securities Act (Ontario); and subsection 42(1) of The Securities Act, 1988 (Saskatchewan).

Section 15.1 [granting an exemption]

We amended subsection 15.1(3) to add a reference to Alberta so that it provides: "Except in Ontario and Alberta, an exemption referred to in subsection (1) is granted under the statute referred to Appendix B of National Instrument 14-101 *Definitions* opposite the name of the local jurisdiction."

Amendments to Form 31-103F1 Calculation of Excess Working Capital

Line 10

We amended Line 10 to provide, in the case of a mutual fund dealer registered only in Québec and that is not registered in any other category, an alternative deduction of the deductible under the firm's liability insurance instead of the bonding or insurance required under Part 12 of NI 31-103.

Schedule 1

In subparagraph (a)(i), we replaced the present references to specific rating organizations with a reference to "designated rating organization" (which is defined in section 1.1 of NI 31-103 to have the same meaning as in National Instrument 81-102 *Investment Funds*). This has the effect of including certain additional ratings organizations.

In paragraph (d), we have corrected a previous typographical error in the reference to the *Investment Company Act of 1940* by substituting "Company" for "Companies."

Amendments to 31-103CP

8.26 International adviser

We deleted the second sentence under this heading as it referred to text contained in a previous iteration of subsection 8.26(2) of NI 31-103.

14.12 Content and delivery of trade confirmations

We added a reference to the new exemption in subsection 14.12(7) that may be available to a registered dealer that complies with the requirements of section 14.12 in respect of the purchase or sale of a security. We also state that, for these purposes, a firm that has an exemption from section 14.12 and complies with the terms of that exemption would be considered to have complied with requirements of section 14.12.

Appendix A

We updated contact information in respect of New Brunswick.

Appendix B

We updated the definitional source references for the term "exchange contract" to reflect the fact that, in the case of Alberta, Saskatchewan, New Brunswick and Nova Scotia, the term "exchange contract" is now defined in National Instrument 14-101 *Definitions* (and not the corresponding Securities Act for each of those jurisdictions).

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These changes, which have already been adopted in those local jurisdictions, are described in more detail in CSA Staff Notice 11-335.

Amendments to NI 33-109

Section 2.3 [Reinstatement]

As explained in section 2.5 of 33-109CP, when an individual leaves a sponsoring firm and joins a new registered firm, they may submit a Form 33-109F7 *Reinstatement of Registered Individuals and Permitted Individuals* to have their registration or permitted individual status automatically reinstated in one or more of the same categories and jurisdictions as before, subject to all of the conditions specified in subsection 2.3(2) or 2.5(2) of NI 33-109.

Among the specified conditions is a requirement in subparagraph 2.3(2)(c)(i) of NI 33-109 that, after the individual's cessation date, there have been no changes to the information previously submitted in respect of Item 13 [Regulatory disclosure] of the individual's Form 33-109F4 Registration of Individuals and Review of Permitted Individuals, other than in respect of Item 13.3(c).

We amended subparagraph 2.3(2)(c)(i) of NI 33-109 so that the exception for changes in the information in respect of Item 13 refers to Item 13.3 (a) and not Item 13.3(c).

Section 7.1 [exemption]

We amended subsection 7.1(3) of NI 33-109 to add a reference to Alberta so that it provides: "Except in Ontario and Alberta, an exemption referred to in subsection (1) is granted under the statute referred to Appendix B of National Instrument 14-101 *Definitions* opposite the name of the local jurisdiction."

Form 33-109F2 Change or Surrender of Individual Categories

We amended Schedule B Contact information for Notice of collection and use of personal information to update contact information for New Brunswick, Nunavut and Prince Edward Island.

Form 33-109F3 Business Locations Other than Head Office

We amended Schedule A Contact information for Notice of collection and use of personal information to update information for New Brunswick, Nunavut and Prince Edward Island.

Form 33-109F4 Registration of Individuals and Review of Permitted Individuals

Schedule C Individual Categories (Item 6)

In the check-boxes under the heading "Individual categories and permitted activities", in the check box for "Permitted Individual", we added "described in paragraph (c) of the definition of "permitted individual" in section 1.1 of National Instrument 33-109 Registration Information." This change will align with the corresponding part of the Form on NRD.

Schedule O Contact information for Notice of collection and use of personal information

We updated information for New Brunswick, Nunavut and Prince Edward Island.

Form 33-109F5 Change of Registration Information

Schedule A Contact information for Notice of collection and use of personal information

We updated information for New Brunswick, Nunavut and Prince Edward Island.

Form 33-109F6 Firm Registration

Item 4.2 Exemption from securities registration

Firms that are seeking registration under securities legislation, derivatives legislation, or both, are required to complete and submit a Form 33-109F6 *Firm Registration*. Item 4.2 of Form 33-109F6 requires the firm to provide information on exemptions from registration or licensing to trade or advise in securities or derivatives. We amended Item 4.2 to eliminate this information requirement if the firm has already notified the securities regulator or, in Québec, the securities regulatory authority, in accordance with the applicable exemption.

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Schedule A Contact information for Notice of collection and use of personal information

We updated information for New Brunswick, Nunavut and Prince Edward Island.

Schedule C Form 31-103F1 Calculation of Excess Working Capital

We amended this Schedule to reflect the amendments to Form 31-103 F1 referred to above.

Form 33-109F7 Reinstatement of Registered Individuals and Permitted Individuals

We amended Form 33-109F7 so that in subparagraph 2.3(2)(c)(i) the exception for changes in the information in respect of Item 13 refers to Item 13.3 (a) and not Item 13.3(c), with corresponding changes in the General Instructions and Item 9.1 of Form 33-109F7.

Schedule B Individual Categories (Item 3)

In the check-boxes under the heading "Individual categories and permitted activities", in the check box for "Permitted Individual", we have added "described in paragraph (c) of the definition of "permitted individual" in section 1.1 of National Instrument 33-109 Registration Information".

As in the case of corresponding Schedule C *Individual Categories (Item 6)* in Form 33-109F4, this change will align with the corresponding part of the Form on NRD.

Schedule F Contact information for Notice of collection and use of personal information

We updated information for New Brunswick, Nunavut and Prince Edward Island.

Amendments to 33-109CP

In Appendix B, we updated the contact information for New Brunswick and Nunavut.

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ANNEX B

SUMMARY OF COMMENTS ON THE JULY 2016 PROPOSAL AND RESPONSES

This annex summarizes the written public comments we received on the July 2016 Proposal and our responses to those comments.

This annex contains the following sections:

- 1. Introduction
- 2. Responses to comments received on the Custody Amendments
- 3. Responses to comments received on the Exempt Market Dealer Amendments
- 4. Responses to comments received on the Client Relationship Model Phase 2 Amendments
- 5. Responses to comments received on the Housekeeping Amendments

Please refer to Annex A Summary of changes to the Instrument for details of the changes we made in response to comments.

1. INTRODUCTION

Drafting suggestions

We received a number of drafting suggestions and comments. While we incorporated many of these suggestions, this summary does not include a detailed list of all the drafting changes we made.

Categories of comments and single response

In this annex, we consolidated and summarized the comments and our responses by the general theme of the comments. We have included section references for convenience.

2. RESPONSES TO COMMENTS RECEIVED ON THE CUSTODY AMENDMENTS

General

Overall, commenters were supportive of enhancing custody requirements for Non-SRO Firms to strengthen the Canadian client asset protection regime. Two commenters specifically commended the CSA for proposing a tailored solution for our Canadian market on this matter.

One commenter thought that registered firms should not be responsible for monitoring the actions and effectiveness of custodians, beyond ensuring compliance with the Custody Amendments. The commenter suggested that the CSA co-ordinate with other regulators such as the Office of the Superintendent of Financial Institutions to ensure that custodians are regulated and monitored appropriately.

The CSA does not expect registered firms to supervise the actions and effectiveness of custodians beyond their obligations under NI 31-103.

One commenter asked why the CSA feels that there is no adequate protection when firms that hold or have access to client assets are already subject to a higher insurance coverage requirement.

NI 31-103 requires registered firms to maintain certain coverage under a financial institution bond or insurance which insures the registered firm against losses under certain situations. However, the bonding or insurance does not insure the firm's clients or investment funds managed by the firm, and does not protect these clients or funds directly against the loss of assets resulting from inappropriate custodial arrangements.

Custody Amendments are different from the custodial requirements under NI 81-102

Some commenters asked for insight as to why the CSA chose to develop custodial provisions for registered firms that are different from those found under NI 81-102. One commenter believes that custodial provisions for prospectus-qualified investment funds should apply to all investment funds.

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NI 81-102 sets out the operating requirements and a specific regulatory regime for prospectus-qualified investment funds, while NI 31-103 sets out the obligations of registered firms. Registered firms have a different level of involvement in their clients' custodial arrangements, depending on their registration category and business activities. The CSA is of the view that it is more appropriate to develop custodial provisions that are tailored to the business models and regulatory framework applicable to registered firms. Therefore, the CSA examined the NI 81-102 custodial provisions and adapted them accordingly as prospectus-exempt investment funds have historically been subject to a different regulatory regime, including custodial requirements and practices, when compared to prospectus-qualified investment funds. Imposing the same custodial requirements found in NI 81-102 on prospectus-exempt investment funds would, for instance, have limited the ability of these funds to use the range of IIROC member firms they use as custodians today.

The CSA developed the Custody Amendments in order to codify existing custodial best practices applicable to registered firms and enhance investor protection without causing major disruption to these registered firms. We believe that our approach achieves the desired regulatory outcome and provides necessary flexibility to various existing business models and regulatory frameworks.

Definition of "foreign custodian"

Two commenters suggested that we broaden the definition of "foreign custodian" to include the foreign equivalent of a Canadian investment dealer because certain client or fund assets are currently custodied at foreign dealers that do not meet the definition of "foreign custodian". One commenter also suggested that we lower the minimum equity threshold requirement for affiliates of a foreign banking institution or trust company under paragraph (b) of the definition of "foreign custodian" from \$100 million to \$10 million, similar to the condition specified under paragraph (b) of the definition of "Canadian custodian".

In respect of the current custodial practices of our registered firms, we understand that only a small number of clients or investment funds are currently using a foreign dealer to hold their assets, and these foreign dealers are primarily large and reputable dealers that are affiliated with a large foreign or Canadian financial institution. We expect that these foreign dealers will meet the definition of "foreign custodian", and do not foresee a significant impact to the existing custodial arrangements of our registered firms' clients or investment funds.

Limitation on the use of a "foreign custodian"

The Custody Amendments only allow for the use of a "foreign custodian" where a reasonable person would conclude that using the "foreign custodian" is more beneficial to the client or investment fund than using a "Canadian custodian". We received comments suggesting that the "reasonable person" test is not necessary because custodial provisions in other areas of securities legislation (for instance, NI 81-102) do not employ a "reasonable person" test when providing for the use of a foreign custodian to hold assets. Two commenters submitted that it should be sufficient to have prescribed requirements to use a qualified foreign custodian without the "reasonable person" test to be consistent with the approach in NI 81-102. One commenter also suggested that there should not be any restriction on holding cash directly through a qualified "foreign custodian".

The Custody Amendments do not intend to replicate the custodial requirements in other areas of securities legislation, including NI 81-102. There are key differences, based on our policy objectives, between the Custody Amendments and the custodial framework under NI 81-102. For example, NI 81-102 requires that, except in very limited circumstances, portfolio assets of prospectus-qualified investment funds be held with a single Canadian custodian and cannot be held with a foreign custodian directly. Prospectus-qualified investment funds can only use foreign sub-custodians under the custodianship of a single Canadian custodian. To meet our policy objectives, we did not propose a requirement to use a single Canadian custodian and we allow for the use of a foreign custodian to directly hold assets of a client or investment fund of a registered firm. However, we recognize that there may be additional risks when a foreign custodian holds assets instead of a Canadian custodian. For instance, there may be difficulties in gaining legal title and repatriating assets from overseas in the event of an insolvency of the foreign custodian. As such, we are of the view that the "reasonable person" test for the use of a foreign custodian to hold cash or securities is necessary under our proposal in order to meet our policy objectives of enhancing client asset protection while codifying existing custodial best practices. Under the "reasonable person" test, we expect registered firms to assess the risks and benefits of using a foreign custodian against the risks and benefits of using a Canadian custodian and determine if using a foreign custodian is more beneficial for the client than using a Canadian custodian.

One commenter pointed out that registered firms' obligations under Part 11 of NI 31-103 and 31-103CP in dealing with third party service providers would apply equally in the context of selecting a qualified "foreign custodian". We agree that registered firms are subject to a standard of care and obligations under Part 11 and 31-103CP when dealing with third party service providers. However, these standards do not specifically require registered firms to consider if their client or investment fund may be better served by using a Canadian custodian instead of a foreign custodian.

One commenter asked for clarity about the statement in section 14.5.2 of 31-103CP: "Where a foreign custodian is used, we will assess this practice on a case-by case basis". In overseeing registered firms' compliance, CSA staff will assess the use of a foreign custodian on a case-by-case basis by determining whether a reasonable person would conclude that the use of the

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foreign custodian is more beneficial to the client or investment fund than using a Canadian custodian. CSA staff will make this determination by, among other things, reviewing the risks and benefits considered by the registered firm as well as any risks and benefits associated with using that custodian.

Permitted custodial practices for certain transactions under NI 81-102

Two commenters requested clarification as to whether custodial practices for certain derivative and short sales transactions as permitted under sections 6.8 and 6.8.1 of NI 81-102, and the use of depositories as permitted under subsection 6.5(3) of NI 81-102, are allowed under the Custody Amendments.

It is our intent to allow for custodial practices similar to those permitted under sections 6.8 and 6.8.1 of NI 81-102, and subsection 6.5(3) of NI 81-102 in our Custody Amendments. Including similar provisions in NI 31-103 reflects our policy objective of codifying existing custodial best practices. We revised the Custody Amendments to reflect our intent.

Implication on non-resident clients of non-resident registered firms

Two commenters suggested that non-resident clients of non-resident registered firms be exempted from the Custody Amendments given the absence of any real nexus to Canada other than the firm's registration, and the possibility of disruption to existing custodial arrangements. The commenters are concerned that certain aspects of the Custody Amendments may be too onerous for non-resident registered firms with respect to their non-resident clients.

Registered firms with a head office outside of a jurisdiction of Canada were historically subject to custodial requirements under section 14.7 of NI 31-103 (which we are now repealing). Section 14.7 requires these firms to hold client assets in the client's name, or at a custodian or sub-custodian that meets certain criteria, similar to the criteria outlined in the definition of "qualified custodian" under the Custody Amendments. Section 14.7 applies to assets of all clients of non-resident registered firms, regardless of whether the client was Canadian or not. Therefore, it is our view that the Custody Amendments do not create substantial new requirements for non-resident registered firms and we do not expect major disruptions to existing custodial arrangements of clients of non-resident registered firms.

The CSA recognizes that, under the Custody Amendments, non-resident registered firms will be subject to certain new disclosure requirements regarding where and how client assets are held or accessed and the rationale for using a foreign custodian. At the same time, the CSA are mindful of the potential adverse consequences to clients of non-resident registered firms if these clients are placed in an inappropriate custodial arrangement. Currently, we are not aware of any specific examples where compliance with the new requirements will create a significant issue for non-resident registered firms. Therefore, we do not recommend adding an exemption for non-resident clients of non-registered firms, but we will consider granting exemptive relief on a case-by-case basis.

Interpretation on "holding or having access" to client cash or securities, and on "directing or arranging" the custodial arrangement

One commenter asked for further guidance on when a registered firm is deemed to "hold" the cash and securities of clients or investment funds, specifically when firms are registered owners of securities as nominees on behalf of a client.

The CSA is of the view that the existing guidance under section 14.5.2 of 31-103CP is sufficiently clear. We also believe that subsection 14.14(7) of NI 31-103 is useful in respect of this comment. Under subsection 14.14(7), a security is considered to be held by a registered firm for a client if the firm is the registered owner of the security as nominee on behalf of a client.

One commenter asked if the guidance on "holding or accessing client assets" in the context of insurance requirements for advisers under section 12.4 of 31-103CP serves as general guidance on "holding or accessing client assets" in other contexts. There was also a question as to whether having "view-only" authority on a client's broker account would be considered as "having access" to client assets.

The CSA expects all registered firms to consider the examples listed in section 12.4 of 31-103CP in determining whether they hold or have access to client assets for the purposes of Division 3 of Part 14. If a registered firm has "view-only" authority on a client's broker or custodial account without the ability to withdraw or transfer funds from the account, the CSA generally does not consider this circumstance to constitute "having access" to client assets.

Two commenters asked for clarity as to whether referring clients to a specific custodian would trip the "directing or arranging custodial arrangement" trigger.

When a registered firm refers its clients to a specific custodian or provides its clients with a list of custodians to choose from, the CSA generally considers these actions to constitute "directing or arranging" which custodian will hold the cash or securities of its clients. The Custody Amendments, which include the new relationship disclosure requirements relating to custody, will apply.

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Restriction on self-custody

One commenter asked for more insight on the restriction on self-custody.

When a registered firm also acts as the custodian or sub-custodian for its clients or investment funds ("self-custody"), there is heightened custodial risk if the firm does not have the proper controls and supervision in place, including segregation of duties to mitigate such risk. Therefore, the CSA is restricting "self-custody" practices to certain "Canadian custodians" provided that they have established and maintain a system of controls and supervision that a reasonable person would conclude is sufficient to manage the custodial risk.

Interpretation on "functionally independent" custodian

Two commenters suggested that more clarity on the concept of "functionally independent" custodian would be helpful in providing comfort that certain existing arrangements will not be found to violate the requirement.

Under the heading "Prohibition on self-custody and the use of a custodian that is not functionally independent" of section 14.5.2 of 31-103CP, we reference section 12.4 of 31-103CP. Section 12.4 of 31-103CP discusses situations where a registered firm will be considered to have access to client assets through the use of a non-functionally independent custodian. The CSA is of the view that the current guidance is sufficient.

One commenter thought that there was an inconsistency in the requirement for a functionally independent custodian between client securities and client cash. Subsection 14.5.2(6) states that a Canadian financial institution that is the custodian of cash of the client or investment fund must be functionally independent of the registered firm. However, subsection 14.5.2(5) exempts a qualified custodian of cash and securities from the functional independence requirement if the custodian meets certain requirements.

The CSA confirms that there is no inconsistency in the requirement for a functionally independent custodian between client securities and client cash. For instance, a bank or trust company that is not functionally independent of the registered firm, but meets the requirements under paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection 14.5.2(5), can hold both client securities and client cash as permitted under subsection 14.5.2(2). Subsections 14.5.2(4) and 14.5.2(6) are designed to allow a Canadian financial institution that does not meet the definition of a "Canadian custodian" to hold client cash provided that it is functionally independent of the registered firm.

Interpretation on "systems of controls and supervision" requirement

One commenter asked for clarity on the scope and nature of the requirement to have a system of controls and supervision in order to "self-custody" under subsection 14.5.2(1) or use a qualified custodian that is not functionally independent under subsection 14.5.2(5).

Under the heading "Prohibition on self-custody and the use of a custodian that is not functionally independent" of section 14.5.2 of 31-103CP, the CSA stated that we would consider a system of controls and supervision for the purposes of paragraphs 14.5.2(1)(b) and 14.5.2(5)(b) to include:

- segregation of duties between the custodial function and other functions
- client asset verification examination performed by a third party

In our view, the wording of paragraph 14.5.2(5)(b) is sufficiently clear; i.e., the qualified custodian needs to establish and maintain the "system of controls and supervision" that a reasonable person would conclude is sufficient to manage risks associated with the custody of client assets.

The same commenter also suggested that we explicitly note that the Statement on Standards for Attestation Engagements No. 16, Reporting on Controls at a Service Organization (SSAE 16), the International Standards on Assurance Engagements (ISAE) 3402 Assurance Reports on Controls at a Service Organization and the Canadian equivalent, the CSAE 3416, will meet the standard expected by the CSA in respect of a third party verification.

The CSA does not object to the use of the above-mentioned third party examinations when a registered firm is considering whether a qualified custodian has established and maintains a system of controls and supervision that a reasonable person would conclude is sufficient to manage custodial risks to the client or investment fund for the purposes of paragraphs 14.5.2(1)(b) and 14.5.2(5)(b).

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Use of multiple custodians

One commenter noted that the wording "the custodian" under subsection 14.5.2(2) seems to suggest that a single custodian must be used.

The CSA does not intend to prohibit the use of multiple custodians in the Custody Amendments. We amended subsection 14.5.2(2) to clarify our intent.

Use of sub-custodians

One commenter suggested that we explicitly address the requirements for using sub-custodians in the Custody Amendments.

The CSA recognizes that registered firms are typically not a party to the custodial agreement between their clients and the custodian selected by the client to hold their assets. We believe that it would be too onerous for registered firms to impose requirements on custodians regarding the use of sub-custodians because most firms do not have the contractual power to control or influence the custodian's use of sub-custodians. We have set out our expectations on the use of sub-custodians under the heading "Custodial Arrangements" in section 14.5.2 of 31-103CP.

Holding non-traditional assets

One commenter suggested that we set out the types of assets that will be exempt from the restriction on self-custody and the qualified custodian requirements, given that custodians have been reluctant to hold unique assets in some instances.

The Custody Amendments are primarily applicable to cash and securities of clients and investment funds. Assets other than cash and securities are not subject to the restriction on self-custody and the qualified custodian requirements. Section 14.6 will still apply in these circumstances. In addition, under the heading "general prudent custodial practices" in section 14.5.2 of 31-103CP, we set out our expectations for assets other than cash and securities.

Carve out for securities recorded in client name on issuer's books

One commenter asked for the reasons for the carve-out for securities recorded only in the name of the client or investment fund under paragraph 14.5.2(7)(c) of NI 31-103.

One of the policy objectives of the Custody Amendments is to mitigate intermediary risks when Non-SRO Firms are involved in the custody chain. When a security is recorded only in the name of the client or the investment fund on the books of the security's issuer or the transfer agent of the security's issuer, custody risk posed by intermediaries is largely reduced, and therefore the CSA does not think that it is necessary to impose the new custody requirements under these circumstances.

However, if a registered firm determines that it is prudent for a custodian to record a security on book-basis, a custodian should be used and this exemption does not suggest otherwise.

Carve out for certain mortgages

One commenter asked us to clarify that the exemption under paragraph 14.5.2(7)(f) of NI 31-103 for certain mortgages is meant to reflect current industry practices.

It is our understanding that the situations described under paragraph 14.5.2(7)(f) reflect current industry practices for holding mortgages. However, if a registered firm determines that it is prudent to have a custodian record any mortgages on book-basis, a custodian should be used and this exemption does not suggest otherwise.

Use of omnibus accounts

One commenter asked for clarity as to whether section 14.5.3 of NI 31-103 would preclude registered firms who hold client assets at a qualified custodian from continuing to use omnibus accounts to hold client assets on an aggregated basis.

Under paragraph 14.5.3(c), registered firms can continue to hold client cash and securities in omnibus accounts on behalf of clients on an aggregated basis, but only on a temporary basis to facilitate bulk trading. Client cash and securities must be transferred to the applicable client's or investment fund's own custodial account as soon as possible following the trades.

The CSA understands that it is uncommon for registered firms to use omnibus accounts other than for bulk trading purposes, therefore we do not foresee a major transition issue.

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Holding client assets and investment fund assets in trust

One commenter asked for an explanation on how the new section 14.5.3 interplays with the revised section 14.6. One commenter suggested that the requirement under subsection 14.6(2) should be moved to section 14.5.2 from section 14.6.

The new section 14.5.3 requires registered firms subject to subsections 14.5.2(2), (3) or (4) to ensure that cash and securities of clients and investment funds are held in a particular manner by a qualified custodian or Canadian financial institution, as applicable. Paragraph 14.5.3(a) requires that cash and securities of a client or an investment fund be recorded by the qualified custodian or, with respect to cash, the Canadian financial institution to show that the beneficial ownership is vested in that client or investment fund. Paragraph 14.5.3(b) seeks to preserve the status quo with respect to cash held by a registered firm in a designated trust account in trust for clients or investment funds as was historically permitted under section 14.6 as it appeared prior to the Custody Amendments. To facilitate bulk trading, paragraph 14.5.3(c) permits the use of omnibus accounts to hold cash and securities of clients and investment funds, but only on a temporary basis such that the cash and securities are transferred to the client's or investment fund's own custodial account as soon as possible following the trade.

In situations where the new custody requirements under sections 14.5.2 and 14.5.3 do not apply, revised section 14.6 maintains the minimum client asset protection standards of segregation and holding client and investment fund assets in trust for the client or investment fund. For instance, sections 14.5.2 and 14.5.3 do not apply to client assets that are not cash or securities, or when one of the exemptions under subsection 14.5.2(7) is relied upon. Revised section 14.6 will still be applicable in those situations in order to preserve our previously existing client asset safeguards. Subsection 14.6(2) seeks to achieve consistency with the approach taken under section 14.5.2 in allowing for the use of a foreign custodian for cash only when it is more beneficial to the client or investment fund to use the foreign custodian as opposed to a Canadian custodian.

Transition period and application

A few commenters requested that the CSA consider extending the six-month transition period, suggesting that material changes may be required to existing longstanding and otherwise secure custodial and sub-custodial arrangements to comply with the new requirements. They also suggested that it is time-consuming for registered firms to determine if a firm has directed or arranged custodial arrangements for clients in the past. They asked for clarity as to when the expected client notifications on existing custodial arrangements, as outlined in the July 2016 Proposal, should take place.

The Custody Amendments are designed to codify existing custodial best practices, therefore the CSA does not foresee any material changes to existing custodial arrangements for the vast majority of our registered firms. We believe that a six-month transition period is sufficient for registered firms to implement any necessary changes to comply with the new requirements, especially given that there were no major implementation challenges raised through the public comment process.

Since the Custody Amendments do not apply retroactively, the six-month transition period does not apply to existing custodial relationships that were previously directed or arranged by a firm. For existing custodial relationships that were directed or arranged by a firm before the Custody Amendments come into force, we expect that registered firms make reasonable efforts to inform their clients of the new custodial requirements within a reasonable time frame. Registered firms should make their clients aware if their existing custodial arrangements do not meet the requirements of the Custody Amendments and direct them to an alternative custodian that meets the new requirements.

Prescribed terms on custodial contracts

In the July 2016 Proposal, the CSA sought feedback on whether our proposed guidance for investment fund managers is sufficiently clear in respect of key terms that they should consider when entering into a written custodial agreement on behalf of the investment funds managed by them, and whether prescribed key terms for custodial agreements in NI 31-103, similar to the requirements found in NI 81-102 and NI 41-101, should be imposed.

A few commenters thought that the guidance was sufficiently clear and that there was no need to impose prescribed terms for custodial agreements. One commenter thought that having prescribed terms would be helpful but also highlighted the challenges of proposing such rules given the broad spectrum of stakeholders involved.

The CSA decided not to make any changes concerning this matter. We will monitor the operation of the new custody requirements once they are in force and assess whether mandating key terms for custodial agreements is necessary.

Due diligence expectations

One commenter asked for clarity on the CSA's expectations regarding investment fund managers' obligations in the ongoing monitoring of the custodian for the investment funds managed by them, in particular, relating to the appointment of a subcustodian by the custodian.

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The CSA expects investment fund managers to conduct a periodic review of custodial arrangements for their investment funds, and consider whether the custodian uses all reasonable diligence, care and skill in the selection and monitoring of its subcustodians, and whether the sub-custodians would meet the definition of a "qualified custodian".

We expect investment fund managers to consider the selection criteria and monitoring processes of sub-custodians when conducting their initial review and ongoing monitoring of the custodians for the funds.

One commenter asked for clarity on the expectations of a registered firm, other than an investment fund manager, to conduct due diligence and periodic reviews of custodians with which only its client, but not the firm itself, has a contractual arrangement.

The CSA considers it prudent for registered dealers and advisers that have influence over a client's selection of a custodian to conduct due diligence similar to that expected of an investment fund manager. The CSA expects that reasonable efforts be made by these firms to meet this expectation if they are to exert influence over a client's selection of a custodian.

One commenter asked for guidance on situations when clients refuse to use a custodian in a manner contemplated by the Custody Amendments.

Most of the new requirements under the Custody Amendments are triggered by the registered firm directing or arranging the custodial arrangement for clients or investment funds, or holding or having access to the cash or securities of the client or investment fund. If a registered firm does not undertake any of these activities, most of the new requirements under the Custody Amendments, including the requirement to use a "Canadian custodian", would not apply.

Implications for mutual fund dealers in Québec that are not MFDA members

One commenter asked for more details on the implications of the Custody Amendments on firms registered in Québec in the mutual fund dealer (MFD) category who are not members of the MFDA. The commenter expressed concern that MFDs that operate throughout Canada may face administrative and technological challenges due to differences in regulation.

As pointed out in the July 2016 Proposal, the Custody Amendments will prohibit a firm registered in Québec in the MFD category, and that is not a member of the MFDA, from holding cash and securities in nominee form. In the context of the Custody Amendments, not being a member of the MFDA means that a firm is registered as an MFD in Québec only. Therefore, the Custody Amendments will not apply to MFDs that are registered in multiple jurisdictions, including Québec, because such MFDs registered in Québec would also be members of the MFDA. In this regard, we believe that there will not be any inconsistency in regulation.

Before the publication of the July 2016 Proposal, the AMF conducted a survey on the custodial practices of MFDs registered only in Québec. According to the responses received, the Custody Amendments would not have significant impact on their current custodial practices. The CSA also did not receive any comments from MFDs that are only registered in Québec on the Custody Amendments.

Other comments on guidance

One commenter thought that the guidance under "General prudent custodial practices" in 31-103CP, in particular under the headings "Delivery of custodial statements" and "Reconciliation with custodians" are important expectations of the CSA that should be built into the Rule instead of guidance. The commenter also asked for clarity on account statement delivery expectations on registered firms and custodians.

The CSA believes that this guidance essentially confirms our long-standing expectations instead of setting new expectations. Most of these expectations fall under the requirement to have a system of controls and supervision to manage business risks under section 11.1 of NI 31-103, which would include having adequate internal control procedures to mitigate risks associated with safeguarding client assets. The CSA issued CSA Staff Notice 31-347 *Guidance for Portfolio Managers for Service Arrangements with IIROC Dealer Members* on November 17, 2016 which provides guidance to portfolio managers on service arrangements with IIROC member firms, including our expectations on account statement delivery.

3. RESPONSES TO COMMENTS RECEIVED ON EXEMPT MARKET DEALER AMENDMENTS

<u>General</u>

In general, the commenters that provided comments on the July 2016 Proposal were critical of the proposed amendments to Part 7 of NI 31-103 but were supportive of the proposed amendments to s. 8.6 of NI 31-103.

In particular, several commenters suggested that the proposed amendments to Part 7 would have a negative impact on firms registered in the investment fund manager (IFM), portfolio manager (PM) and EMD categories, and that the CSA had not

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provided any policy rationale for these new restrictions. Several of the commenters also noted that the proposed amendment to broaden the dealer registration exemption in section 8.6 would not, by itself, address the negative impact of these changes.

As explained below, many of the comments appear to reflect a general concern that the Exempt Market Dealer Amendments go beyond what was intended and in fact have the effect of restricting the ability of EMDs to participate in distributions of securities of issuers, including reporting issuers, made under exemptions from the prospectus requirement. This is not the case. We have included additional guidance in the response to comments below and in the Companion Policy to clarify this.

Overview of Comments

One commenter supported the proposed amendments.

Two commenters supported clarifying the scope of permissible activities for EMDs but questioned the policy rationale for prohibiting EMDs from distributing prospectus-qualified securities to the exempt market.

Four commenters requested clarification that firms registered as EMDs, including firms that are registered as IFM/PM/EMDs, could continue to distribute prospectus-qualified securities to the exempt market.

Eight commenters opposed the changes (either outright or if it means firms that are registered as IFM/PM/EMDs cannot continue to distribute prospectus-qualified securities to the exempt market).

Seven commenters indicated either that they relied on their EMD registration to distribute prospectus-qualified securities to investors or suggested the changes would have a significant impact on existing market practice by other firms that do this.

Four commenters noted that the proposed amendments to section 8.6, while welcome, would not resolve this issue since

- it is limited to a managed account context,
- it is limited to distributions by an investment fund that is advised by the adviser and managed by the adviser or an affiliate of the adviser, and
- it is unclear whether a firm registered as an EMD could rely on this exemption because of s. 8.01 of NI 31-103.

Two commenters questioned whether the proposed changes represented a "clarification" of the scope of activities of an EMD and suggested that the proposed amendments represented significant new restrictions on the activities of EMDs.

Six commenters stated that the CSA had failed to provide any policy rationale or evidence of investor harm for further limiting the permissible scope of activities of EMDs.

Four commenters argued EMDs provide a valuable capital-raising function in the exempt market and should be allowed to act as selling group members (but not underwriters) in prospectus offerings.

One commenter argued that a number of dealers (primarily EMDs) provide a service to clients that wish to participate in offerings of flow-through shares for charitable giving purposes. Most flow through offerings are conducted by junior exploration companies which have limited financing options. Removing this segment of the market from participating in prospectus offerings is a significant limitation on these issuers' access to capital.

One commenter did not oppose restricting EMDs from acting as selling group members (but not underwriters) in prospectus offerings but believes investment funds are different and suggested that the new restrictions should not apply to prospectus distributions of investment funds.

Two commenters were concerned that the proposed changes would have an impact on the ability of EMDs to participate in private placements of securities of reporting issuers/public funds.

Five commenters argued the amendments do not further the purposes or principles of securities legislation.

Three commenters argued it is not a valid purpose of securities legislation to suppress competition/or investor choice (by limiting prospectus offerings to IIROC members).

Two commenters suggested the proposed amendments were contrary to the best interest initiative (that is, the targeted reforms discussed in CSA Consultation Paper 33-404 Proposals to Enhance the Obligations of Advisers, Dealers and Representatives Towards their Clients (CP 33-404)) in that they restricted the scope of products that EMDs could offer their clients.

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CSA Response

The Exempt Market Dealer Amendments do not have any impact on the ability of an EMD to act as a dealer or underwriter in a distribution by an issuer, including a reporting issuer, if the distribution is being made under an exemption from the prospectus requirement (a prospectus-exempt distribution).

The Exempt Market Dealer Amendments are intended to clarify that an EMD may not act as a dealer or underwriter in a distribution that is being made under a prospectus (a prospectus distribution). The CSA takes the view that the investment dealer category or, in the case of a mutual fund prospectus distribution, the investment fund dealer or mutual fund dealer categories, are the appropriate dealer registration categories for prospectus distributions.

Clarification of the term "prospectus-qualified" securities

A number of the commenters questioned whether a firm that holds an EMD registration may distribute "prospectus-qualified securities" to accredited investors or other investors who are otherwise eligible to purchase securities on a prospectus-exempt basis (collectively, exempt market purchasers).

For clarity, an EMD is not permitted to distribute "prospectus-qualified securities" to an exempt market purchaser in the sense that the specific securities that are being distributed to the exempt market purchaser are being distributed under a prospectus and are therefore "prospectus-qualified" securities.

However, an EMD may distribute "prospectus-qualified securities" to an exempt market purchaser in the sense that the specific securities that are being distributed to the exempt market purchaser in reliance on a prospectus exemption are of the same class of securities as are being distributed to other investors through, for example, an investment dealer in a contemporaneous prospectus offering.

In this summary, we use the term "prospectus-qualified securities" to mean securities that have been distributed to an investor (including an investor that may be considered an exempt market purchaser) under a prospectus. If the distribution is made under a prospectus, the issuer of the securities has filed a prospectus with the securities regulatory authorities and obtained a receipt for it. Investors purchasing prospectus-qualified securities have statutory prospectus rights under securities legislation, such as rights of rescission or damages in the event of a misrepresentation in the prospectus, and the securities will be freely trading. If the distribution is made under an exemption from the prospectus requirement, such as the accredited investor exemption in s. 2.3 of NI 45-106 *Prospectus Exemptions* (NI 45-106), the securities will not be prospectus-qualified, investors do not have statutory prospectus rights under securities legislation in the event of a misrepresentation in the prospectus, the securities will typically be subject to resale restrictions and the issuer or underwriter may be required to file a report of exempt distribution under Part 6 of NI 45-106.

Adviser firms that also hold an EMD registration

A person or company registered as an adviser in the category of PM may also obtain registration as an EMD in order to act as a dealer or underwriter in prospectus-exempt distributions. The CSA takes the view that obtaining registration as an EMD does not restrict the activities the adviser may otherwise conduct in the capacity of a PM. For example, a PM may purchase securities on behalf of a managed account in a prospectus offering. If the PM is making the purchase solely in its capacity as a PM (that is, it is simply acting as an investor in a prospectus offering) and the PM is not also acting as a selling group member or receiving a commission or other fee from the issuer or another dealer in connection with the offering, the CSA would not consider the PM to be "acting as a dealer" in a prospectus distribution.

Can a PM/EMD rely on the exemption in section 8.6 of NI 31-103 (or does s. 8.01 preclude this)?

The exemption in section 8.6 is available to an adviser that has obtained registration as an EMD in connection with dealer activities that are not permitted by an EMD registration.

Section 8.01 provides that the exemptions in Division 1 of Part 8 are not available to a person or company if the person or company is registered in the local jurisdiction and if their category of registration permits the person or company to act as a dealer or trade in a security for which the exemption is provided. As described above, under Part 7, an EMD may not act as a dealer or underwriter in a prospectus distribution. Accordingly, an adviser that also holds an EMD registration is not precluded from relying on the exemption in section 8.6 in connection with a prospectus distribution by virtue of its EMD registration.

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4. RESPONSES TO COMMENTS RECEIVED ON THE CLIENT RELATIONSHIP MODEL PHASE 2 AMENDMENTS

Non-cash Incentives

There was little support for amending section 14.17 of NI 31-103 to require disclosure of non-cash sales incentives as suggested in the first of the two questions we posed along with the July 2016 Proposal. Several commenters suggested it would be more appropriate for the CSA to address this matter through the targeted reforms discussed in CP 33-404. We also received comments that it would be premature to make further changes to the CRM2 Requirements before the CSA has completed its work to assess the impact of CRM2. Commenters also suggested that existing requirements for the disclosure of conflicts of interest adequately address the issue. Two commenters argued that including non-cash incentives in a report on charges and other compensation would not be meaningful to clients or would be confusing. Others argued that disclosure would not be an effective way of managing conflicts of interest arising from a sales incentive.

We have not amended section 14.17 to include a requirement to disclose non-cash incentives at this time. The CSA will, however, continue to consider issues related to non-cash incentives and their associated conflicts of interest. In 2016, as well as publishing CP 33-404, the CSA published a report on the compensation arrangements and incentive practices that firms use to motivate their representatives and the potential conflicts of interest (CSA Staff Notice 33-318 Review of Practices Firms Use to Compensate and Provide Incentives to their Representatives). Further changes to registered firm conduct requirements may be made in the context of this work.

Embedded Fees

There was also little support for amending section 14.17 of NI 31-103 to require disclosure of embedded fees paid to the issuers of securities. As was the case with the question about adding disclosure of non-cash incentives, several commenters suggested it would be more appropriate for the CSA to address this matter through the targeted reforms discussed in CP 33-404, and that it would be premature to make further changes before the impact of CRM2 has been assessed. We also received a number of comments suggesting that this requirement would be duplicative in light of the information required to be included in the Fund Facts of a mutual fund. It was suggested that it would be more appropriate to consider the issue of embedded fees through the regulatory initiatives set out in CSA Discussion Paper and Request for Comment 81-407 *Mutual Fund Fees*. One commenter felt that, because embedded fees are disclosed in other issuer materials, a general notification of the existence and nature of such fees could lead to confusion regarding the total amount of fees being paid.

Single commenters expressed objections that disclosure of this kind

- could leave the investor with a false impression that mutual funds are more expensive to own than competing products with embedded fees that are subject to other regulatory regimes,
- would place an undue emphasis on the effect embedded fees have on investment returns, and
- would be redundant in light of requirements for high-level disclosure of investment costs at account-opening and specific disclosure at point-of-sale.

A small number of commenters felt that disclosure, in some form, would be useful to investors. One commenter recommended a cross industry working group be formed to assess embedded fee disclosure alternatives and provide recommendations to the CSA.

We have not amended section 14.17 to include a requirement to provide information about embedded fees at this time. The CSA will, however, continue to consider issues related to embedded fees and the associated conflicts of interest.

Relationship disclosure information

There were comments that the results would not be meaningful to clients and/or would require changes to information firms are currently providing, if we expanded the guidance in section 14.2 of the Companion Policy to state our expectation concerning disclosure of the following information:

- a firm's relationship to the issuer of investment products,
- management fees associated with mutual funds,
- commissions paid by issuers, and
- bonuses from affiliated companies.

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These are not new expectations: they are all consistent with the principle set out in subsection 14.2(1): "A registered firm must deliver to a client all information that a reasonable investor would consider important about the client's relationship with the registrant". Nonetheless, we have clarified the guidance about costs and other information that we believe a reasonable investor would consider important and which we would therefore expect to be included in relationship disclosure. We have included guidance as to the level of detail expected at the relationship disclosure stage and at the point-of-sale. We have also added references to the requirements to which this guidance applies.

We did not agree with a suggestion that "related party" should be defined for these purposes. We intend "related party" to have its plain language meaning. An overly technical use of the term would be inappropriate in the context of this guidance.

Pre-trade disclosure of charges - Frequent trader

We received a request for guidance on when a client would be a "frequent trader" as referred to in the proposed addition to section 14.2.1 of the Companion Policy. A bright line test would not be appropriate in the context of this guidance.

Account statements and additional statements

Dividend or Interest Payment

One commenter requested that the proposed addition of the words "dividend or interest payment" to subsection 14.14(4) of NI 31-103 be expanded to read "dividend, distribution or interest payment". We have decided not to make the proposed addition at all. Upon further consideration, we do not wish to imply a prescriptive requirement that might introduce new costs to firms without commensurate benefits to investors. Firms continue to be free to provide more specific information than the currently prescribed minimum.

Investor Protection Fund Disclosure

One commenter found paragraphs 14.14(5)(f) and 14.14.1(2)(g) to be problematic. The commenter did not see value in investors being informed as to whether or not their accounts are covered by an investor protection fund (IPF). We disagree and consider it to be important information for investors. We also note that IIROC and the MFDA require their member firms to be members of specified IPFs and to disclose that fact to clients.

The commenter also thought these proposed amendments would impose new requirements on registered firms. Both provisions were included in the original CRM2 amendments to NI 31-103 published in March 2013. The amendments, which we will be making, are technical and address the fact that it may not always be possible to say that an account *is* covered by an IPF, only that it is *eligible* for coverage. The CRM2 Orders provided certain temporary relief from the coming into effect of IPF disclosure for non-SRO member firms, with an indication that we would be publishing amendments to the requirements. We did so in the July 2016 Proposal, including the technical changes and also a provision introducing permanent relief (new subsection 14.14.1(2.1)) for arrangements where another firm holds or controls the client's securities. As explained in the July 2016 Proposal, this was done to avoid the possibility that a client might receive inaccurate information about the extent of IPF coverage from a registered firm that is not itself a member of the IPF. This was a concern expressed by the Canadian Investor Protection Fund (CIPF) and it relates to the common arrangement whereby a PM has discretionary authority over a client's account at an IIROC member firm. In this situation, the IIROC firm is better placed than the PM to explain CIPF coverage to the shared client. The net effect of these amendments will be that IIROC members, MFDA members, and PMs in the arrangement described above will all see no change to their current practices with respect to IPF disclosure, while the gap in IPF disclosure for the (relatively small) number of clients who are not served within those channels will now be closed.

The same commenter also described as problematic what they thought was a new requirement in subsection 14.14.2 (2.1). This is not a new requirement. It was previously in subparagraphs 14.14.2(2)(a)(ii) and 14.14.2(2)(b)(ii). It was turned into a standalone provision, without any change in substance, because shortening these provisions made them easier to read. The commenter also expressed difficulty with the related guidance proposed for the CP. The guidance was originally included in our CRM2 FAQs and we received no further questions on the topic after it was published. We therefore believe the CP guidance is sufficient.

Security position cost

One commenter suggested that the sentence in section 14.14.2 of the Companion Policy that states that the definition of book cost or original cost must be included in the client statement should be revised to add clarity by adding "or in the separate document". We agree and have done so.

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Report on charges and other compensation

Employee Bonuses

We received comments on the proposed addition of guidance in section 14.17 of the Companion Policy about our expectation that firms disclose employee bonuses linked to sales. One industry association expressed concern that it would be extremely challenging to identify the quantum of the employee bonus on a per-client basis for the purpose of reporting it as a line item on the annual report. The same commenter expressed that, on the other hand, disclosing an employee's entire bonus would be misleading to clients as it would not be specifically linked to any client transaction and may also raise privacy concerns.

We generally agree with the comments and have removed the language that was proposed.

Investment performance report

Comparison of Actual Rate of Return to Target Rate of Return

We received comments about the proposed addition of guidance in section 14.19 of the Companion Policy to the effect that a client's personal rate of return should be compared to their target rate of return. Commenters noted that registered firms are not required to provide clients with a target rate of return.

We have revised the guidance to clarify that a client's personal rate of return should be compared to their target rate of return, if they have one, so that progress toward that goal can be assessed.

Inception Date

One commenter asked if firms will be subject, on a compliance review, to an additional standard beyond accuracy of the data used when selecting a "deemed inception date" for their investment performance reports for accounts that were opened before July 15, 2015. We have clarified the requirement: firms must reasonably believe accurate, recorded historical information is available for the client's account, and it must not be misleading to the client to provide that information as at the chosen date. Generally, firms will use the same date for all of their clients. In the Companion Policy, we give examples of situations in which we would think it reasonable for a firm to use different dates for different groups of clients.

Other matters

"Permitted Client" Definition

One commenter requested that we revise the definition of "permitted client" in NI 31-103 to include what the commenter considers to be a commonly thought of "institutional client". This would be outside the scope of the Client Relationship Model Phase 2 Amendments and would involve material rule changes that would have to be published for comment.

Exempt Market Dealers

One commenter requested that we add guidance to the Companion Policy about when an EMD would be required to provide various client statements to its clients. We have added guidance on how the client reporting requirements in Part 14 of NI 31-103 apply to an EMD who is not also registered as an adviser or in another category of dealer. This is substantially the same as the guidance that was included in CSA Staff Notice 31-345 Cost Disclosure, Performance Reporting and Client Statements – Frequently Asked Questions and Additional Guidance.

Exemptive Relief

One commenter asked that we include a reference in the Companion Policy to the availability of discretionary exemptive relief from certain of the CRM2 Requirements for institutional clients that are "accredited investors" but do not qualify as "permitted clients". We have not done so, as general guidance presented in the Companion Policy is not the forum to discuss narrowly targeted relief.

5. RESPONSES TO COMMENTS RECEIVED ON THE HOUSEKEEPING AMENDMENTS

International advisers

We received comments on our proposed amendment to clarify subsection 8.26(3) of NI 31-103. The comments suggested that further clarification was necessary to clarify the intended scope of the exemption and ensure that the proposed amendment was consistent with the stated policy objective. In response to these comments, we made further clarifying changes, including eliminating potential confusion associated with double negatives. One commenter suggested that we not make any changes to

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the current provision. We did not follow the suggestion since the clarifying changes help eliminate potential ambiguity associated with the fact that the current provision refers to a "Canadian issuer" without including a specific definition for that term. We also declined to pursue at this time the suggestions of one commenter that the CSA provide guidance on what it would consider to be "incidental" in the context of the proposed amendment to subsection 8.26(3) (who also reiterated previously expressed concerns about restricting the availability of the exemption for advice on securities of Canadian issuers). The reason for not pursing the suggestion is that it was outside the scope of what we published for comment in the July 2016 Proposal.

Form 33-109F6 Firm Registration

Item 4.2 Exemption from securities registration

Firms that are seeking registration under securities legislation, derivatives legislation, or both, are required to complete and submit a Form 33-109F6 *Firm Registration* (Form 33-109F6). Item 4.2 of Form 33-109F6 requires the firm to provide information on exemptions from registration or licensing to trade or advise in securities or derivatives.

The July 2016 Proposal included a proposed amendment to Item 4.2 to eliminate this information requirement if the firm has already notified the securities regulator or, in Québec, the securities regulatory authority, in accordance with the applicable exemption.

One commenter recommended that the CSA further narrow the scope of Item 4.2 of Form 33-109F6 to state that the only exemptions which must be disclosed under this heading are those for which the firm has previously obtained from a securities regulator a discretionary exemption or other decision-based relief. We have not added this further clarification on the basis that this change was outside of the scope of the proposed amendment, and would also not be consistent with the objective of obtaining appropriate information to understand the nature of the trading and advising activities being undertaken by the firm.

The same commenter also proposed that, if the firm was relying upon a discretionary exemption previously granted by a securities regulator, there should be no late fee payable for a late filing of a Form 33-109F5 *Change of Registration Information* relating to the disclosure of that exemption in Item 4.2 of Form 33-109F6. We have declined at this time to pursue this comment on the basis that this is outside the scope of what was published for comment in the July 2016 Proposal.

Another commenter supported the CSA's proposal to not require separate disclosure of reliance on an exemption in Item 4.2 of Form 33-109F6 if the firm is already required to notify the regulator in accordance with the applicable exemption, on the basis that this avoids redundancy and unnecessary administrative burden. The commenter suggested that this approach of avoiding redundancy and unnecessary administrative burden also be applied to streamline the information that must currently be inputted repeatedly into the system through various channels (e.g., updates to forms F4, F5 and F6). While we did not pursue this comment at this time, on the basis that it is outside the scope of what was published for comment in the July 2016 Proposal, we have taken it under advisement.

Form 33-109F4 Registration of Individuals and Review of Permitted Individuals

Although we did not include in the July 2016 Proposal any proposed amendments to Form 33-109F4 Registration of Individuals and Review of Permitted Individuals (Form 33-109F4), one commenter proposed changes to NI 33-109 and Form 33-109F4 to more specifically address in Form 33-109F4 individual trustees and other individuals that have direction or control over voting securities of a registered firm carrying 10 per cent or more of the votes carried by all outstanding voting securities. While we did not pursue at this time these proposed changes, on the basis that these changes are outside of the scope of what was published for comment in the July 2016 Proposal, we have taken them under advisement.

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ANNEX C

LIST OF COMMENTERS

- 1. AUM Law
- 2. Borden Ladner Gervais LLP
- 3. Boyle & Co. LLP
- 4. The Canadian Advocacy Council
- 5. Canadian Investor Protection Fund
- 6. Capital International Asset Management (Canada), Inc.
- 7. FAIR Canada
- 8. Federation of Mutual Fund Dealers
- 9. Healthcare of Ontario Pension Plan Trust Fund
- 10. IGM Financial Inc.
- 11. Invesco Canada Ltd.
- 12. The Investment Funds Institute of Canada
- 13. Investment Industry Association of Canada
- 14. Pacific Spirit Investment Management Inc.
- 15. Peartree Securities Inc.
- 16. Portfolio Management Association of Canada
- 17. RBC Dominion Securities Inc., RBC Direct Investing Inc., Royal Mutual Funds Inc., RBC Global Asset Management Inc., RBC Philips Hager & North Investment Counsel Inc.
- 18. Stikeman Elliott LLP
- 19. Veronica Armstrong Law Corporation

Comment letters received after comment period ended

- 1. Advocis
- 2. Private Capital Markets Association of Canada

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ANNEX D

ADOPTION OF THE INSTRUMENT

The amendments to NI 31-103 and NI 33-109 will be implemented as:

- a rule in each of Alberta, British Columbia, Manitoba, New Brunswick, Newfoundland and Labrador, Northwest Territories, Nova Scotia, Nunavut, Ontario, Prince Edward Island and Yukon
- a regulation in Québec
- a commission regulation in Saskatchewan

The changes to 31-103CP and 33-109CP will be adopted as a policy in each of the CSA member jurisdictions.

In Ontario, the Amendments to NI 31-103, NI 33-109 and OSC Rule 33-506, as well as other required materials, were delivered to the Minister of Finance on July 25, 2017. The Minister may approve or reject these Amendments or return them for further consideration. If the Minister approves the Amendments or does not take any further action, the Amendments, other than the Custody Amendments, will come into force on December 4, 2017. The Custody Amendments will come into force six months later, on June 4, 2018.

In Québec, the Amendments to NI 31-103 and NI 33-109 are adopted as a regulation made under section 331.1 of the Securities Act (Québec) and must be approved, with or without amendment, by the Minister of Finance. Other than the Custody Amendments, the regulations will come into force on the date of its publication in the Gazette officielle du Québec or on any later date specified in the regulations. It is also published in the Bulletin of the Autorité des marchés financiers. The Custody Amendments will come into force six months later, on June 4, 2018.

In British Columbia, the implementation of the Amendments to NI 31-103 and NI 33-109 is subject to ministerial approval. If all necessary approvals are obtained, British Columbia expects these Amendments, other than the Custody Amendments, to come into force on December 4, 2017. The Custody Amendments will come into force six months later, on June 4, 2018.

In Saskatchewan, the implementation of the Amendments to NI 31-103 and NI 33-109 is subject to ministerial approval. If all necessary approvals are obtained, these Amendments will come into force on December 4, 2017 or if after December, 4, 2017, on the day on which they are filed with the Registrar of Regulations.

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ANNEX E

AMENDMENTS TO NI 31-103

Except for the Custody Amendments (which are set out in subsection 60(2)), the amendments in this Amending Instrument are expected to come into force on December 4, 2017. The Custody Amendments are expected come into force on June 4, 2018.

The amendments set out in sections 9, 11, 12, 13, 15 and 24 of this Amending Instrument are not being made in certain CSA jurisdictions because these amendments have already been adopted in those jurisdictions by means of other instruments. This will be reflected in the version of this Amending Instrument that is adopted in those jurisdictions.

- National Instrument 31-103 Registration Requirements, Exemptions and Ongoing Registrant Obligations is amended by this Instrument.
- 2. Section 1.1 is amended by adding the following definitions:

"Canadian custodian" means any of the following:

- (a) a bank listed in Schedule I, II or III of the Bank Act (Canada);
- (b) a trust company that is incorporated under the laws of Canada or a jurisdiction of Canada and licensed or registered under the laws of Canada or a jurisdiction of Canada, and that has equity, as reported in its most recent audited financial statements, of not less than \$10,000,000;
- (c) a company that is incorporated under the laws of Canada or a jurisdiction of Canada, and that is an affiliate of a bank or trust company referred to in paragraph (a) or (b), if either of the following applies:
 - the company has equity, as reported in its most recent audited financial statements, of not less than \$10,000,000;
 - the bank or trust company has assumed responsibility for all of the custodial obligations of the company for the cash and securities the company holds for a client or investment fund;
- (d) an investment dealer that is a member of IIROC and that is permitted under the rules of IIROC, as amended from time to time, to hold the cash and securities of a client or investment fund;

"foreign custodian" means any of the following:

- (a) an entity that
 - (i) is incorporated or organized under the laws of a country, or a political subdivision of a country, other than Canada,
 - (ii) is regulated as a banking institution or trust company by the government, or an agency of the government, of the country under the laws of which it is incorporated or organized, or a political subdivision of that country, and
 - (iii) has equity, as reported in its most recent audited financial statements, of not less than the equivalent of \$100,000,000;
- (b) an affiliate of an entity referred to in paragraph (a), (b) or (c) of the definition of "Canadian custodian", or paragraph (a) of this definition, if either of the following applies:
 - (i) the affiliate has equity, as reported in its most recent audited financial statements, of not less than the equivalent of \$100,000,000;
 - (ii) the entity referred to in paragraph (a), (b) or (c) of the definition of "Canadian custodian", or paragraph (a) of this definition, has assumed responsibility for all of the custodial obligations of the affiliate for the cash and securities the affiliate holds for a client or investment fund:

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"qualified custodian" means a Canadian custodian or a foreign custodian;.

- 3. Section 1.2 is replaced with the following:
 - 1.2 Interpretation of "securities" in Alberta, British Columbia, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia and Saskatchewan
 - (1) Subject to sections 8.2 and 8.26, in British Columbia, a reference to "securities" in this Instrument includes "exchange contracts", unless the context otherwise requires.
 - (2) Subject to sections 8.2 and 8.26, in Alberta, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia and Saskatchewan, a reference to "securities" in this Instrument includes "derivatives", unless the context otherwise requires..
- 4. Subsections 1.2(1) and (2), as amended by section 3 of this Instrument, are amended by replacing "8.2 and 8.26" with "8.2, 8.26 and 14.5.1".
- 5. Section 3.16 is amended
 - (a) in subsections (1) and (1.1) by adding "an investment dealer that is" after "a dealing representative of", and
 - (b) in subsections (2) and (2.1) by adding "a mutual fund dealer that is" after "a dealing representative of".
- 6. Section 7.1 is amended
 - (a) in subparagraph (2) (d) (i) by deleting "whether or not a prospectus was filed in respect of the distribution,",
 - (b) by replacing subparagraph (2) (d) (ii) with the following:
 - (ii) act as a dealer by trading a security if all of the following apply:
 - (A) the trade is not a distribution;
 - (B) an exemption from the prospectus requirement would be available to the seller if the trade were a distribution;
 - (C) the class of security is not listed, quoted or traded on a marketplace, or , and
 - (c) by repealing subsection (5).
- 7. Section 8.2 is replaced with the following:
 - 8.2 Definition of "securities" in Alberta, British Columbia, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia and Saskatchewan

Despite section 1.2, in Alberta, British Columbia, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia and Saskatchewan, a reference to "securities" in this Division excludes "exchange contracts".

- 8. Subsection 8.6 (1) is amended
 - (a) by replacing "both of the following apply" with "all of the following apply",
 - (b) by replacing paragraph (a) with the following:
 - (a) the adviser or an affiliate of the adviser acts as the fund's adviser;, and
 - (c) by adding the following paragraph:
 - (a.1) the adviser or an affiliate of the adviser acts as the fund's investment fund manager;.
- 9. Subsection 8.12(3) is amended by adding "New Brunswick," after "Manitoba,".

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10. Paragraph 8.18(2) (b) is replaced with the following:

- (b) a trade in a debt security with a permitted client if the debt security
 - (i) is denominated in a currency other than the Canadian dollar, or
 - (ii) is or was originally offered primarily in a foreign jurisdiction and a prospectus has not been filed with a Canadian securities regulatory authority for the distribution:.
- 11. The heading to section 8.20 is amended by adding ", Nova Scotia" after "New Brunswick".
- 12. Subsection 8.20(1) is amended by adding ", Nova Scotia" after "New Brunswick".
- 13. Section 8.20.1 is replaced with the following:
 - 8.20.1 Exchange contract trades through or to a registered dealer Alberta, British Columbia, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia and Saskatchewan

In Alberta, British Columbia, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia and Saskatchewan, the dealer registration requirement does not apply to a registered adviser, or an advising representative or associate advising representative acting on behalf of the registered adviser, in respect of trading activities related to exchange contracts that are incidental to its providing advice to a client, if the trade is made through a dealer registered in a category that permits the trade or a dealer operating under an exemption from the dealer registration requirement..

- 14. Section 8.24 is amended by adding "is an investment dealer that" after "account if the registered dealer".
- 15. Section 8.26 is amended
 - (a) in subsection (1) by adding ", Nova Scotia" after "New Brunswick", and
 - (b) by replacing subsection (3) with the following:
 - (3) The adviser registration requirement does not apply to a person or company if either of the following applies:
 - (a) the person or company provides advice on a foreign security to a permitted client that is not registered under the securities legislation of a jurisdiction of Canada as an adviser or dealer;
 - (b) the person or company provides advice on a security that is not a foreign security and the advice is incidental to the advice referred to in paragraph (a)..
- 16. Subsection 9.3 (1) is amended
 - (a) by replacing "a registered firm" with "an investment dealer",
 - (b) by replacing paragraph (m) with the following:
 - (m) subsections 14.2(2) to (6) [relationship disclosure information];,
 - (c) by adding the following paragraph:
 - (m.1) section 14.2.1 [pre-trade disclosure of charges];,
 - (d) by adding the following paragraphs:
 - (m.2) section 14.5.2 [restriction on self-custody and qualified custodian requirement];
 - (m.3) section 14.5.3 [cash and securities held by a qualified custodian];,
 - (e) by replacing paragraph (n) with the following:
 - (n) section 14.6 [client and investment fund assets held by a registered firm in trust];,

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- (f) by adding the following paragraphs:
 - (n.1) section 14.6.1 [custodial provisions relating to certain margin or security interests];
 - (n.2) section 14.6.2 [custodial provisions relating to short sales];,
- (g) by repealing paragraphs (o) and (p),
- (h) by adding the following paragraph:
 - (p.1) section 14.11.1 [determining market value];,
- (i) in paragraph (q) by replacing "[content and delivery of trade confirmation]." with "[content and delivery of trade confirmation];", and
- (j) by adding the following paragraphs:
 - (r) section 14.14 [account statements];
 - (s) section 14.14.1 [additional statements];
 - (t) section 14.14.2 [security position cost information];
 - (u) section 14.17 [report on charges and other compensation];
 - (v) section 14.18 [investment performance report];
 - (w) section 14.19 [content of investment performance report];
 - (x) section 14.20 [delivery of report on charges and other compensation and investment performance report]..
- 17. Subsection 9.3 (1.1) is amended by replacing "(q)" with "(x)".
- 18. Subsection 9.3 (2) is amended
 - (a) by replacing "a registered firm" with "an investment dealer",
 - (b) by replacing paragraph (i) with the following:
 - (i) subsections 14.2(2) to (6) [relationship disclosure information];,
 - (c) by adding the following paragraph:
 - (i.1) section 14.2.1 [pre-trade disclosure of charges];,
 - (d) by adding the following paragraphs:
 - (i.2) section 14.5.2 [restriction on self-custody and qualified custodian requirement];
 - (i.3) section 14.5.3 [cash and securities held by a qualified custodian];,
 - (e) by replacing paragraph (j) with the following:
 - (j) section 14.6 [client and investment fund assets held by a registered firm in trust];,
 - (f) by adding the following paragraphs:
 - (j.1) section 14.6.1 [custodial provisions relating to certain margin or security interests];
 - (j.2) section 14.6.2 [custodial provisions relating to short sales];,
 - (g) by repealing paragraphs (k) and (l),

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- (h) by adding the following paragraph:
 - (I.1) section 14.11.1 [determining market value];,
- (i) in paragraph (m) by replacing "[content and delivery of trade confirmation]." with "[content and delivery of trade confirmation];", and
- (j) by adding the following paragraphs:
 - (n) section 14.17 [report on charges and other compensation];
 - (o) section 14.18 [investment performance report];
 - (p) section 14.19 [content of investment performance report];
 - (q) section 14.20 [delivery of report on charges and other compensation and investment performance report]..
- 19. Subsection 9.3 (2.1) is amended by replacing "(m)" with "(q)".
- 20. Section 9.4 (1) is amended
 - (a) by replacing "a registered firm" with "a mutual fund dealer",
 - (b) by replacing paragraph (m) with the following:
 - (m) subsections 14.2(2), (3) and (5.1) [relationship disclosure information];,
 - (c) by adding the following paragraph:
 - (m.1) section 14.2.1 [pre-trade disclosure of charges];,
 - (d) by adding the following paragraphs:
 - (m.2) section 14.5.2 [restriction on self-custody and qualified custodian requirement];
 - (m.3) section 14.5.3 [cash and securities held by a qualified custodian];,
 - (e) by replacing paragraph (n) with the following:
 - (n) section 14.6 [client and investment fund assets held by a registered firm in trust];,
 - (f) by adding the following paragraphs:
 - (n.1) section 14.6.1 [custodial provisions relating to certain margin or security interests];
 - (n.2) section 14.6.2 [custodial provisions relating to short sales];,
 - (g) by repealing paragraphs (o) and (p),
 - (h) by adding the following paragraph:
 - (p.1) section 14.11.1 [determining market value];
 - (i) in paragraph (q) by replacing "[content and delivery of trade confirmation]." with "[content and delivery of trade confirmation];", and
 - (j) by adding the following paragraphs:
 - (r) section 14.14 [account statements];
 - (s) section 14.14.1 [additional statements];

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- (t) section 14.14.2 [security position cost information];
- (u) section 14.17 [report on charges and other compensation];
- (v) section 14.18 [investment performance report];
- (w) section 14.19 [content of investment performance report];
- (x) section 14.20 [delivery of report on charges and other compensation and investment performance report]..
- 21. Subsection 9.4 (1.1) is amended by replacing "(q)" with "(x)".
- 22. Subsection 9.4 (2) is amended
 - (a) by adding "is a mutual fund dealer that" after "If a registered firm",
 - (b) by replacing paragraph (g) with the following:
 - (g) subsections 14.2(2), (3) and (5.1) [relationship disclosure information];,
 - (c) by adding the following paragraph:
 - (g.1) section 14.2.1 [pre-trade disclosure of charges];,
 - (d) by adding the following paragraphs:
 - (g.2) section 14.5.2 [restriction on self-custody and qualified custodian requirement];
 - (g.3) section 14.5.3 [cash and securities held by a qualified custodian];
 - (e) by replacing paragraph (h) with the following:
 - (h) section 14.6 [client and investment fund assets held by a registered firm in trust];,
 - (f) by adding the following paragraphs:
 - (h.1) section 14.6.1 [custodial provisions relating to certain margin or security interests];
 - (h.2) section 14.6.2 [custodial provisions relating to short sales];,
 - (g) by repealing paragraphs (i) and (j),
 - (h) by adding the following paragraph:
 - (j.1) section 14.11.1 [determining market value];,
 - (i) in paragraph (k) by replacing "[content and delivery of trade confirmation]." with "[content and delivery of trade confirmation];", and
 - (j) by adding the following paragraphs:
 - (I) section 14.17 [report on charges and other compensation];
 - (m) section 14.18 [investment performance report];
 - (n) section 14.19 [content of investment performance report];
 - section 14.20 [delivery of report on charges and other compensation and investment performance report]..

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23. Section 9.4 is amended

- (a) in subsection (2.1) by replacing "(k)" with "(o)", and
- (b) in subsection (4) by replacing "subsection (1)" with "subsection (1), other than paragraph (1)(h),".
- 24. Paragraph 10.1 (1) (a) is replaced with the following:
 - (a) in Alberta, the fees required under section 5 of ASC Rule 13-501 Fees,.
- 25. Subsection 12.1 (5) is amended by replacing "a registered firm" with "an investment dealer".
- 26. Section 12.12 is amended
 - (a) in subsection (2.1) by adding "is a mutual fund dealer that" after "If a registered firm", and
 - (b) by adding the following subsections:
 - (4) Despite paragraph (1)(b), in Québec, a firm registered only in that jurisdiction and only in the category of mutual fund dealer may deliver to the securities regulatory authority, no later than the 90th day after the end of its financial year, the *Monthly Report on Net Free Capital* provided in Appendix I of the *Regulation respecting the trust accounts and financial resources of securities firms*, as that Appendix read on September 27, 2009, that shows the calculation of the firm's net free capital as at the end of its financial year and as at the end of the immediately preceding financial year, if any.
 - (5) Despite paragraph (2)(b), in Québec, a firm registered only in that jurisdiction and only in the category of mutual fund dealer may deliver to the securities regulatory authority, no later than the 30th day after the end of the first, second and third interim period of its financial year, the *Monthly Report on Net Free Capital* provided in Appendix I of the *Regulation respecting the trust accounts and financial resources of securities firms*, as that Appendix read on September 27, 2009, that shows the calculation of the firm's net free capital as at the end of the interim period and as at the end of the immediately preceding interim period, if any..
- 27. Section 12.14 is amended
 - (a) in subsection (4) by adding "is an investment dealer that" after "If a registered firm", and
 - (b) in subsection (5) by adding "is a mutual fund dealer that" after "If a registered firm".
- 28. Subsection 13.17 (1) is amended
 - (a) in paragraph (f) by replacing "[account statements]." with "[account statements];", and
 - (b) by adding the following paragraphs:
 - (g) section 14.14.1 [additional statements];
 - (h) section 14.14.2 [security position cost information];
 - (i) section 14.17 [report on charges and other compensation];
 - (j) section 14.18 [investment performance report]..
- **29. Section 14.1 is amended by replacing** "section 14.1.1, section 14.6," **with** "sections 14.1.1, 14.5.1, 14.5.2, 14.5.3, 14.6, 14.6.1 and 14.6.2,".
- 30. Section 14.1.1 is replaced with the following:

14.1.1 Duty to provide information

A registered investment fund manager of an investment fund must, within a reasonable period of time, provide a registered dealer or a registered adviser that has a client that owns securities of the investment fund with the

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information that is required by the dealer or adviser in order for the dealer or adviser to comply with paragraph 14.12(1)(c), subsections 14.14(4) and (5), 14.14.1(2) and 14.14.2(1) and paragraph 14.17(1)(h)...

31. Subsection 14.2 (2) is amended

- (a) by adding "to a client" after "the information delivered", and
- (b) by adding the following paragraphs:
 - (a.1) in the case of a registered firm that holds the client's assets, or directs or arranges which custodian will hold the client's assets, disclosure of the location where, and a general description of the manner in which, the client's assets are held, and a description of the risks and benefits to the client arising from the assets being held at that location and in that manner;
 - (a.2) in the case of a registered firm that has access to the client's assets
 - (i) disclosure of the location where, and a general description of the manner in which, the client's assets are held, and a description of the risks and benefits to the client arising from the assets being held in that location and in that manner, and
 - (ii) a description of the manner in which the client's assets are accessible by the registered firm, and a description of the risks and benefits to the client arising from having access to the assets in that manner:.
- 32. The title of Division 3 of Part 14 is amended by adding "and investment fund assets" after "Client assets".
- 33. Division 3 of Part 14 is amended by adding the following sections:

14.5.1 Definition of "securities" in Alberta, British Columbia, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia and Saskatchewan

Despite section 1.2, in Alberta, British Columbia, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia and Saskatchewan, a reference to "securities" in this Division excludes "exchange contracts".

14.5.2 Restriction on self-custody and qualified custodian requirement

- (1) A registered firm must not be a custodian or sub-custodian for a client of the firm or for an investment fund in respect of the client's or investment fund's cash or securities unless the registered firm
 - (a) is a Canadian custodian under paragraph (a), (b) or (d) of the definition of "Canadian custodian", and
 - (b) has established and maintains a system of controls and supervision that a reasonable person would conclude is sufficient to manage the risks to the client or investment fund associated with the custody of the client's or investment fund's cash or securities.
- (2) A registered firm must ensure that any custodian for a client of the firm or for an investment fund managed by the firm in respect of the client's or investment fund's cash or securities is a Canadian custodian if the firm
 - (a) directs or arranges which custodian will hold the cash or securities of the client or investment fund, or
 - (b) holds or has access to the cash or securities of the client or investment fund.
- (3) Despite the requirement to use a Canadian custodian in subsection (2), a foreign custodian may be a custodian of the cash or securities of the client or investment fund if a reasonable person would conclude, considering all of the relevant circumstances, including, for greater certainty, the nature of the regulation and the sufficiency of the equity of the foreign custodian, that using the foreign custodian is more beneficial to the client or investment fund than using a Canadian custodian.
- (4) Despite the requirement to use a Canadian custodian in subsection (2), a Canadian financial institution may be a custodian of the cash of the client or investment fund.

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- (5) For the purposes of subsections (2) and (3), the registered firm must ensure that the qualified custodian is functionally independent of the registered firm unless
 - (a) the qualified custodian is a Canadian custodian under paragraph (a), (b) or (d) of the definition of "Canadian custodian", and
 - (b) the registered firm ensures that the qualified custodian has established and maintains a system of controls and supervision that a reasonable person would conclude is sufficient to manage the risks to the client or investment fund associated with the custody of the client's or investment fund's cash or securities
- (6) For the purpose of subsection (4), the registered firm must ensure that the Canadian financial institution is functionally independent of the registered firm.
- (7) This section does not apply to a registered firm in respect of any of the following:
 - (a) an investment fund that is subject to National Instrument 81-102 Investment Funds;
 - (b) an investment fund that is subject to National Instrument 41-101 General Prospectus Requirements;
 - (c) a security that is recorded on the books of the security's issuer, or the transfer agent of the security's issuer, only in the name of the client or investment fund;
 - (d) cash or securities of a permitted client, if the permitted client
 - (i) is not an individual or an investment fund, and
 - (ii) has acknowledged in writing that the permitted client is aware that the requirements in this section that would otherwise apply to the registered firm do not apply;
 - (e) customer collateral subject to custodial requirements under National Instrument 94-102 Derivatives:
 Customer Clearing and Protection of Customer Collateral and Positions;
 - (f) a security that evidences a debt obligation secured by a mortgage registered or published against the title of real estate if
 - (i) the mortgage is registered or published in the name of the client or investment fund as mortgagee, or
 - (ii) in the case of a syndicated mortgage, the mortgage is registered or published in the name of either of the following as mortgagee:
 - (A) a person or company that is registered or licensed under mortgage brokerage, mortgage administrators or mortgage dealer legislation of a jurisdiction of Canada if that mortgage is held in trust for the client or investment fund, as applicable;
 - (B) each investor that is a mortgagee in respect of that mortgage.

14.5.3 Cash and securities held by a qualified custodian

A registered firm that is subject to subsection 14.5.2(2), (3) or (4) must take reasonable steps to ensure that cash and securities of a client or an investment fund,

- (a) except as provided in paragraphs (b) and (c), are held by the qualified custodian or, in respect of cash, the Canadian financial institution using an account number or other designation in the records of the qualified custodian or the Canadian financial institution, as applicable, sufficient to show that the beneficial ownership of the cash or securities of the client or investment fund is vested in that client or investment fund,
- (b) in the case of cash held in an account in the name of the registered firm, is held separate and apart from the registered firm's own property and held by the qualified custodian, or the Canadian financial institution, in a designated trust account in trust for clients or investment funds, or

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(c) in the case of cash or securities held for the purpose of bulk trading, are held in the name of the registered firm in trust for its clients or investment funds if the cash or securities are transferred to the client's or investment fund's account held by that client's or investment fund's qualified custodian or, in respect of cash, Canadian financial institution as soon as possible following a trade..

34. Section 14.6 is replaced with the following:

14.6 Client and investment fund assets held by a registered firm in trust

- (1) If a registered firm holds client assets or investment fund assets other than cash or securities, or if a registered firm holds cash or securities of a client or an investment fund as permitted by section 14.5.2, the registered firm must hold the assets
 - (a) separate and apart from its own property.
 - (b) in trust for the client or investment fund, and
 - (c) in the case of cash, in a designated trust account with a Canadian custodian or Canadian financial institution.
- (2) Despite paragraph (1)(c), a foreign custodian may be a custodian for the cash of the client or investment fund if a reasonable person would conclude, considering all of the relevant circumstances, including, for greater certainty, the nature of the regulation and the sufficiency of the equity of the foreign custodian, that using the foreign custodian is more beneficial to the client or investment fund than using a Canadian custodian or a Canadian financial institution.

14.6.1 Custodial provisions relating to certain margin or security interests

- (1) In this section, "clearing corporation option", "futures exchange", "option on futures", "specified derivative" and "standardized future" have the same meaning as in section 1.1 of National Instrument 81-102 *Investment Funds*.
- (2) Subsection 14.5.2(2) does not apply to a registered firm in respect of cash or securities of a client or investment fund deposited with a dealer as margin for transactions outside of Canada involving clearing corporation options, options on futures or standardized futures if
 - (a) in the case of standardized futures and options on futures, the dealer is a member of a futures exchange or, in the case of clearing corporation options, is a member of a stock exchange, and, as a result in either case, is subject to a regulatory audit,
 - (b) the dealer has a net worth, determined from its most recent audited financial statements, in excess of \$50 million, and
 - (c) a reasonable person would conclude that using the dealer is more beneficial to the client or investment fund than using a Canadian custodian.
- (3) Subsection 14.5.2(2) does not apply to a registered firm in respect of cash or securities of a client or investment fund deposited with the client's or investment fund's counterparty over which the client or investment fund has granted a security interest in connection with a particular specified derivatives transaction.
- (4) The registered firm must take reasonable steps to ensure that any agreement by which cash or securities of a client or investment fund are deposited in accordance with subsection (2) or (3) requires the person or company holding the cash or securities to ensure that its records show that the client or investment fund is the beneficial owner of the cash or securities.

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14.6.2 Custodial provisions relating to short sales

Subsection 14.5.2(2) does not apply to a registered firm in respect of cash or securities of a client or investment fund deposited as security in connection with a short sale of securities with a dealer outside of Canada if

- (a) the dealer is a member of a stock exchange and is subject to a regulatory audit,
- (b) the dealer has a net worth, determined from its most recent audited financial statements, in excess of \$50 million, and
- (c) a reasonable person would conclude that using the dealer is more beneficial to the client or investment fund than using a Canadian custodian.
- 35. Section 14.7 is repealed.
- 36. Section 14.8 is repealed.
- 37. Section 14.9 is repealed.
- **38. Subsection 14.11.1(2) is amended by replacing** "14.14.2 [position cost information]" **with** "14.14.2 [security position cost information]".
- 39. Subsection 14.11.1(3) is replaced with the following:
 - If a registered firm reasonably believes that it cannot determine the market value of a security in accordance with subsection (1), the market value of the security must be reported in a statement delivered under section 14.14 [account statements], 14.14.1 [additional statements], 14.14.2 [security position cost information], 14.15 [security holder statements] or 14.16 [scholarship plan dealer statements] as not determinable, and the market value of the security must be excluded from the total market value referred to in paragraphs 14.14(5)(e), 14.14.1(2)(e) and 14.14.2(5)(c)...
- 40. Section 14.12 is amended by adding the following subsection:
 - (7) In Newfoundland and Labrador, Ontario and Saskatchewan, a registered dealer that complies with the requirements of this section in respect of a purchase or sale of a security is not subject to any of subsections 37(1), (2) or (3) of the Securities Act (Newfoundland and Labrador), subsection 36(1) of the Securities Act (Ontario) and subsection 42(1) of The Securities Act, 1988 (Saskatchewan)..
- 41. Section 14.14 is amended
 - (a) in paragraph (4) (d) by adding "purchased, sold or transferred" after "the number of securities", and
 - (b) in paragraph (5) (f) by replacing "covered" with "eligible for coverage".
- 42. Section 14.14.1 is amended
 - (a) in paragraph (2) (f) by replacing "the name" with "disclosure in respect",
 - (b) in paragraph (2) (g) by replacing "securities are covered" with "securities are, or the account is, eligible for coverage", and by deleting "and, if they are, the name of the fund", and
 - (c) by adding the following subsection:
 - (2.1) Paragraph (2)(g) does not apply if the party referred to in paragraph (2)(f) is required under section 14.14, or under an IIROC provision or MFDA provision, to deliver a statement to the client in respect of the securities or the account referred to in subsection (1) of this section..
- 43. The heading to section 14.14.2 is amended by replacing "Position cost information" with "Security position cost information".

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44. Section 14.14.2 is amended

- (a) by replacing paragraphs (2) (a) and (b) with the following:
 - for each security position, in the statement, opened on or after July 15, 2015, presented on an average cost per unit or share basis or an aggregate basis,
 - (i) the cost of the security position, determined as at the end of the period for which the information referred to in subsection 14.14(5) or 14.14.1(2) is provided, or
 - (ii) if the security position was transferred from another registered firm, the information referred to in subparagraph (i) or the market value of the security position as at the date of the transfer of the security position:
 - (b) for each security position, in the statement, opened before July 15, 2015, presented on an average cost per unit or share basis or an aggregate basis,
 - (i) the cost of the security position, determined as at the end of the period for which the information referred to in subsection 14.14(5) or 14.14.1(2) is provided, or
 - (ii) the market value of the security position on
 - (A) December 31, 2015, or
 - (B) a date that is earlier than December 31, 2015 if the registered firm reasonably believes accurate, recorded historical position cost information is available for the client's account, and it would not be misleading to the client to provide that information as at the earlier date:, and
- (b) by adding the following subsection:
 - (2.1) If a registered firm reports one or more security positions of a client using the market value determined as at the date referred to in subparagraph (2)(a)(ii) or (2)(b)(ii), the firm must disclose in the statement that it is providing the market value of the security position as at the relevant date, instead of the cost of the security position..
- **45.** Paragraph 14.15(c) and section 14.16 are amended by replacing "14.14.2 [position cost information]" with "14.14.2 [security position cost information]".
- 46. Subsection 14.18 (6) is replaced with the following:
 - (6) Despite subsection (1), a registered firm is not required to deliver a report to a client for a 12-month period referred to in that subsection if the firm reasonably believes
 - (a) there are no securities of the client with respect to which information is required to be reported under subsection 14.14(5) [account statements] or subsection 14.14.1(1) [additional statements], or
 - (b) no market value can be determined for any securities of the client in respect to which information is required to be reported under subsection 14.14(5) or 14.14.1(1)..
- 47. Section 14.19 is amended:
 - (a) by replacing paragraph (1) (d) with the following:
 - (d) the market values determined under subsection (1.1);,
 - (b) by repealing paragraph (1)(e),
 - (c) in paragraph (1)(g) by replacing "paragraph (h)" with "subsection (1.2)",
 - (d) by repealing paragraph (1)(h),

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(e) by adding the following subsections:

- (1.1) For the purposes of paragraph (1)(d), the investment performance report must include the following, as applicable:
 - (a) if the client's account was opened on or after July 15, 2015, the market value of all deposits and transfers of cash and securities into the client's account, and the market value of all withdrawals and transfers of cash and securities out of the account, since opening the account;
 - (b) if the client's account was opened before July 15, 2015, and the firm has not delivered an investment performance report for the 12-month period ending December 31, 2016,
 - (i) the market value of all cash and securities in the client's account as at
 - (A) July 15, 2015, or
 - (B) a date that is earlier than July 15, 2015 if the registered firm reasonably believes accurate, recorded historical market value information is available for the client's account, and it would not be misleading to the client to provide that information as at the earlier date, and
 - (ii) the market value of all deposits and transfers of cash and securities into the account, and the market value of all withdrawals and transfers of cash and securities out of the account, since the date referred to in clause (i)(A) or (B), as applicable;
 - (c) if the client's account was opened before July 15, 2015, and the firm delivered an investment performance report for the 12-month period ending December 31, 2016,
 - (i) the market value of all cash and securities in the client's account as at
 - (A) January 1, 2016, or
 - (B) a date that is earlier than January 1, 2016 if the registered firm reasonably believes accurate, recorded historical market value information is available for the client's account, and it would not be misleading to the client to provide that information as at the earlier date, and
 - (ii) the market value of all deposits and transfers of cash and securities into the account, and the market value of all withdrawals and transfers of cash and securities out of the account, since the date referred to in clause (i)(A) or (B), as applicable.
- (1.2) Paragraph (1)(g) does not apply if the client's account was opened before July 15, 2015 and the registered firm includes in the investment performance report the cumulative change in the market value of the account determined using the following formula, instead of the formula in paragraph (g):

where

- A = the market value of all cash and securities in the account as at the end of the 12month period covered by the investment performance report;
- G = the market value of all cash and securities in the account determined as follows:
 - (a) if the firm has not delivered an investment performance report for the 12month period ending December 31, 2016, the market value of all cash and securities in the client's account as at
 - (i) July 15, 2015, or
 - (ii) a date that is earlier than July 15, 2015 if the registered firm reasonably believes accurate, recorded historical market value

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information is available for the client's account, and it would not be misleading to the client to provide that information as at the earlier date,

- (b) if the firm has delivered an investment performance report for the 12month period ending December 31, 2016, the market value of all cash and securities in the client's account as at
 - (i) January 1, 2016, or
 - (ii) a date that is earlier than January 1, 2016 if the registered firm reasonably believes accurate, recorded historical market value information is available for the client's account, and it would not be misleading to the client to provide that information as at the earlier date:
- H = the market value of all deposits and transfers of cash and securities into the account since the date used for the purposes of the definition of "G"; and
- I = the market value of all withdrawals and transfers of cash and securities out of the account since the date used for the purposes of the definition of "G".,

(f) by replacing paragraph (2) (e) with the following:

- (e) subject to subsection (3.1), the period since the client's account was opened if the account has been open for more than one year before the date of the report or, if the account was opened before July 15, 2015, the period since
 - (i) July 15, 2015, or
 - (ii) a date that is earlier than July 15, 2015 if the registered firm reasonably believes accurate, recorded annualized total percentage return information is available for the client's account, and it would not be misleading to the client to provide that information as at the earlier date., and

(g) by adding the following subsection:

- (3.1) Paragraph (2)(e) does not apply to a registered firm that delivered an investment performance report for the 12-month period ending December 31, 2016 if the firm provides, in the report, the annualized total percentage return information referred to in that paragraph for the period since
 - (a) January 1, 2016, or
 - (b) a date that is earlier than January 1, 2016 if the registered firm reasonably believes accurate, recorded annualized total percentage return information is available for the client's account, and it would not be misleading to the client to provide that information as at the earlier date..
- 48. Subsection 15.1 (3) is amended by adding "Alberta and" after "Except in".

49. Form 31-103F1 Calculation of Excess Working Capital is amended

- (a) in the column entitled "Component" in Line 10 of the table by adding "or, in Québec, for a firm registered only in that jurisdiction and solely in the category of mutual fund dealer, less the deductible under the liability insurance required under section 193 of the Québec Securities Regulation" after "National Instrument 31-103 Registration Requirements, Exemptions and Ongoing Registrant Obligations",
- (b) in subparagraph (a)(i) of Schedule 1 by replacing "Aaa or AAA by Moody's Canada Inc. or its DRO affiliate or Standard & Poor's Rating Services (Canada) or its DRO affiliate, respectively" with "Aaa or AAA, or the short-term ratings equivalent of either of those ratings, by a designated rating organization or its DRO affiliate", and
- (c) in paragraph (d) of Schedule 1 by replacing "Investment Companies Act of 1940" with "Investment Company Act of 1940".

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50. Appendix G is replaced with the following:

APPENDIX G - EXEMPTIONS FROM CERTAIN REQUIREMENTS FOR IIROC MEMBERS

(Section 9.3 [exemptions from certain requirements for IIROC members])

NI 31-103 Provision	IIROC Provision
section 12.1 [capital requirements]	 Dealer Member Rule 17.1; and Form 1
section 12.2 [subordination agreement]	 Dealer Member Rule 5.2; and Dealer Member Rule 5.2A
section 12.3 [insurance – dealer]	 Dealer Member Rule 17.5 Dealer Member Rule 400.2 [Financial Institution Bond]; Dealer Member Rule 400.4 [Amounts Required]; and Dealer Member Rule 400.5 [Provisos with respect to Dealer Member Rules 400.2, 400.3 and 400.4]
section 12.6 [global bonding or insurance]	Dealer Member Rule 400.7 [Global Financial Institution Bonds]
section 12.7 [notifying the regulator of a change, claim or cancellation]	 Dealer Member Rule 17.6; Dealer Member Rule 400.3 [Notice of Termination]; and Dealer Member Rule 400.3B [Termination or Cancellation]
section 12.10 [annual financial statements]	Dealer Member Rule 16.2 [Dealer Member Filing Requirements]; and Form 1
section 12.11 [interim financial information]	Dealer Member Rule 16.2 [Dealer Member Filing Requirements]; and Form 1
section 12.12 [delivering financial information – dealer]	Dealer Member Rule 16.2 [Dealer Member Filing Requirements]
subsection 13.2(3) [know your client]	 Dealer Member Rule 1300.1(a)-(n) [Identity and Creditworthiness]; Dealer Member Rule 1300.2; Dealer Member Rule 2500, Part II [Opening New Accounts]; Dealer Member Rule 2700, Part II [New Account Documentation and Approval]; and Form 2 New Client Application Form
section 13.3 [suitability]	 Dealer Member Rule 1300.1(o) [Business Conduct]; Dealer Member Rule 1300.1(p) [Suitability determination required when accepting order]; Dealer Member Rule 1300.1(q) [Suitability determination required when recommendation provided]; Dealer Member Rule 1300.1(r) [Suitability determination required for account positions held when certain events occur]; Dealer Member Rule 1300.1(s) [Suitability of investments in client accounts]; Dealer Member Rule 1300.1(t) – (v) [Exemptions from the suitability assessment requirements] Dealer Member Rule 1300.1(w) [Corporation approval] Dealer Member Rule 2700, Part I [Customer Suitability]; and Dealer Member Rule 3200 [Minimum requirements for Dealer Members seeking approval under Rule 1300.1(t) to offer an order-execution only service]

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NI 31-103 Provision	IIROC Provision
section 13.12 [restriction on lending to clients]	 Dealer Member Rule 17.11; and Dealer Member Rule 100 [Margin Requirements]
section 13.13 [disclosure when recommending the use of borrowed money]	Dealer Member Rule 29.26
section 13.15 [handling complaints]	 Dealer Member Rule 2500, Part VIII [Client Complaints]; and Dealer Member Rule 2500B [Client Complaint Handling]
subsection 14.2(2) [relationship disclosure information]	Dealer Member Rule 3500.5 [Content of relationship disclosure]
subsection 14.2(3) [relationship disclosure information]	Dealer Member Rule 3500.4 [Format of relationship disclosure]
subsection 14.2(4) [relationship disclosure information]	Dealer Member Rule 3500.1 [Objective of relationship disclosure requirements]
subsection 14.2(5.1) [relationship disclosure information]	1. Dealer Member Rule 29.8
subsection 14.2(6) [relationship disclosure information]	Dealer Member Rule 3500.1 [Objective of relationship disclosure requirements]
section 14.2.1 [pre-trade disclosure of charges]	1. Dealer Member Rule 29.9
section 14.6 [holding client assets in trust]	1. Dealer Member Rule 17.3
section 14.8 [securities subject to a safekeeping agreement]	Dealer Member Rule 17.2A Dealer Member Rule 2600 – Internal Control Policy Statement 5 [Safekeeping of Clients' Securities]
section 14.9 [securities not subject to a safekeeping agreement]	 Dealer Member Rule 17.3; Dealer Member Rule 17.3A; and Dealer Member Rule 200.1(c)
section 14.11.1 [determining market value]	 Dealer Member Rule 200.1(c); and Definition (g) of the General Notes and Definitions to Form 1
section 14.12 [content and delivery of trade confirmation]	Dealer Member Rule 200.2(I) [Trade confirmations]
section 14.14 [account statements]	Dealer Member Rule 200.2(d) [Client account statements]; and "Guide to Interpretation of Rule 200.2", Item (d)
section 14.14.1 [additional statements]	 Dealer Member Rule 200.2(e) [Report on client positions held outside of the Dealer Member]; Dealer Member Rule 200.4 [Timing of sending documents to clients]; and "Guide to Interpretation of Rule 200.2", Item (e)
section 14.14.2 [security position cost information]	 Dealer Member Rule 200.1(a); Dealer Member Rule 200.1(b); Dealer Member Rule 200.1(e); Dealer Member Rule 200.2(d)(ii)(F) and (H); and Dealer Member Rule 200.2(e)(ii)(C) and (E)
section 14.17 [report on charges and other compensation]	 Dealer Member Rule 200.2(g) [Fee/ charge report]; and "Guide to Interpretation of Rule 200.2", Item (g)
section 14.18 [investment performance report]	 Dealer Member Rule 200.2(f) [Performance report]; and "Guide to Interpretation of Rule 200.2", Item (f)

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NI 31-103 Provision		IIROC Provision
section 14.19 [content of investment performance report]	1. 2.	Dealer Member Rule 200.2(f) [<i>Performance report</i>]; and "Guide to Interpretation of Rule 200.2", Item (f)
section 14.20 [delivery of report on charges and other compensation and investment performance report]	1.	Dealer Member Rule 200.4 [Timing of the sending of documents to clients]

51. Appendix G, as amended by section 50 of this Instrument, is amended by adding the following rows in the format indicated by the shaded area before the row commencing with "section 14.6 [holding client assets in trust]":

NI 31-103 Provision		IIROC Provision
section 14.5.2 [restriction on self-custody and qualified custodian requirement]	1.	Dealer Member Rule 17.2A;
	2.	Dealer Member Rules 17.3, 17.3A, 17.3B and 2000 [Segregation Requirements];
	3.	Dealer Member Rule 2600 – Internal Control Policy Statement 4 [Segregation of Clients' Securities];
	4.	Dealer Member Rule 2600 - Internal Control Policy Statement 5 [Safekeeping of Clients' Securities];
	5.	Dealer Member Rule 2600 - Internal Control Policy Statement 6 [Safeguarding of Securities and Cash]; and
	6.	Definition of "acceptable securities locations", General Notes and Definitions to Form 1
section 14.5.3 [cash and securities held by a qualified custodian]	1.	Dealer Member Rule 200 [Minimum Records]

- **52.** Appendix G, as amended by section **50** of this Instrument, is amended by replacing "section 14.6 [holding client assets in trust]" with "section 14.6 [client and investment fund assets held by a registered firm in trust]".
- 53. Appendix G, as amended by section 50 of this Instrument, is amended by adding the following rows in the format indicated by the shaded area after the row commencing with "section 14.6 [holding client assets in trust]":

NI 31-103 Provision		IIROC Provision
section 14.6.1 [custodial provisions relating to certain margin or security interests]	1.	Dealer Member Rules 17.2, 17.2A, 17.3, 17.3A, 17.3B, 17.11 and 2000 [Segregation Requirements];
	2.	Dealer Member Rule 100 [Margin Requirements];
	3.	Dealer Member Rule 2200 [Cash and Securities Loan Transactions];
	4.	Dealer Member Rule 2600 – Internal Control Policy Statement 4 [Segregation of Clients' Securities];
	5.	Dealer Member Rule 2600 - Internal Control Policy Statement 5 [Safekeeping of Clients' Securities];
	6.	Dealer Member Rule 2600 - Internal Control Policy Statement 6 [Safeguarding of Securities and Cash]; and
	7.	Definitions of "acceptable counterparties", "acceptable institutions", "acceptable securities locations", "regulated entities", General Notes and Definitions to Form 1
section 14.6.2 [custodial provisions relating to short sales]	1.	Dealer Member Rule 100 [Margin Requirements];
	2.	Dealer Member Rule 2200 [Cash and Securities Loan Transactions];
	3.	Dealer Member Rule 2600 - Internal Control Policy Statement 6 [Safeguarding of Securities and Cash]; and

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NI 31-103 Provision	IIROC Provision
	Definitions of "acceptable counterparties", "acceptable institutions", "acceptable securities locations", "regulated entities", General Notes and Definitions to Form 1

- 54. Appendix G, as amended by section 50 of this Instrument, is amended by repealing the rows commencing with "section 14.8 [securities subject to a safekeeping agreement]" and "section 14.9 [securities not subject to a safekeeping agreement]".
- 55. Appendix H is replaced with the following:

APPENDIX H - EXEMPTIONS FROM CERTAIN REQUIREMENTS FOR MFDA MEMBERS

(Section 9.4 [exemptions from certain requirements for MFDA members])

NI 31-103 Provision	MFDA Provision
section 12.1 [capital requirements]	1. Rule 3.1.1 [Minimum Levels];
	2. Rule 3.1.2 [Notice];
	3. Rule 3.2.2 [Member Capital];
	4. Form 1; and
	 Policy No. 4 [Internal Control Policy Statements – Policy Statement 2: Capital Adequacy]
section 12.2 [subordination agreement]	1. Form 1, Statement F [Statement of Changes in Subordinated Loans]; and
	 Membership Application Package – Schedule I (Subordinated Loan Agreement)
section 12.3 [insurance – dealer]	1. Rule 4.1 [Financial Institution Bond];
	2. Rule 4.4 [Amounts Required];
	3. Rule 4.5 [<i>Provisos</i>];
	4. Rule 4.6 [Qualified Carriers]; and
	 Policy No. 4 [Internal Control Policy Statements – Policy Statement 3: Insurance]
section 12.6 [global bonding or insurance]	1. Rule 4.7 [Global Financial Institution Bonds]
section 12.7 [notifying the regulator of a	Rule 4.2 [Notice of Termination]; and
change, claim or cancellation]	2. Rule 4.3 [Termination or Cancellation]
section 12.10 [annual financial statements]	1. Rule 3.5.1 [Monthly and Annual];
	2. Rule 3.5.2 [Combined Financial Statements]; and
	3. Form 1
section 12.11 [interim financial information]	1. Rule 3.5.1 [Monthly and Annual];
-	2. Rule 3.5.2 [Combined Financial Statements]; and
	3. Form 1
section 12.12 [delivering financial information – dealer]	1. Rule 3.5.1 [Monthly and Annual]
section 13.3 [suitability]	1. Rule 2.2.1 ["Know-Your-Client"]; and
	2. Policy No. 2 [Minimum Standards for Account Supervision]
section 13.12 [restriction on lending to	1. Rule 3.2.1 [Client Lending and Margin]; and

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NI 31-103 Provision	MFDA Provision
clients]	2. Rule 3.2.3 [Advancing Mutual Fund Redemption Proceeds]
section 13.13 [disclosure when recommending the use of borrowed money]	Rule 2.6 [Borrowing for Securities Purchases]
section 13.15 [handling complaints]	 Rule 2.11 [Complaints]; Policy No. 3 [Complaint Handling, Supervisory Investigations and Internal Discipline]; and Policy No. 6 [Information Reporting Requirements]
subsections 14.2(2), (3) and (5.1) [relationship disclosure information]	 Rule 2.2.5 [Relationship Disclosure]; and Rule 2.4.3 [Operating Charges]
section 14.2.1 [pre-trade disclosure of charges]	Rule 2.4.4 [Transaction Fees or Charges]
section 14.6 [holding client assets in trust]	 Rule 3.3.1 [General]; Rule 3.3.2 [Cash]; and Policy No. 4 [Internal Control Policy Statements – Policy Statement 4: Cash and Securities, and Policy Statement 5: Segregation of Clients' Securities]
section 14.8 [securities subject to a safekeeping agreement]	 Rule 3.3.3 [Securities]; and Policy No. 4 [Internal Control Policy Statements – Policy Statement 4: Cash and Securities, and Policy Statement 5: Segregation of Clients' Securities]
section 14.9 [securities not subject to a safekeeping agreement]	1. Rule 3.3.3 [Securities]
section 14.11.1 [determining market value]	 Rule 5.3(1)(f) [definition of "market value"]; and Definitions to Form 1 [definition of "market value of a security"]
section 14.12 [content and delivery of trade confirmation]	 Rule 5.4.1 [Delivery of Confirmations]; Rule 5.4.2 [Automatic Plans]; and Rule 5.4.3 [Content]
section 14.14 [account statements]	1. Rule 5.3.1 [Delivery of Account Statement]; and 2. Rule 5.3.2 [Content of Account Statement]
section 14.14.1 [additional statements]	Rule 5.3.1 [Delivery of Account Statement]; and Rule 5.3.2 [Content of Account Statement]
section 14.14.2 [security position cost information]	 Rule 5.3(1)(a) [definition of "book cost"]; Rule 5.3(1)(c) [definition of "cost"]; and Rule 5.3.2(c) [Content of Account Statement – Market Value and Cost Reporting]
section 14.17 [report on charges and other compensation]	Rule 5.3.3 [Report on Charges and Other Compensation]
section 14.18 [investment performance report]	Rule 5.3.4 [Performance Report]; and Policy No. 7 Performance Reporting
section 14.19 [content of investment performance report]	Rule 5.3.4 [Performance Report]; and Policy No. 7 Performance Reporting

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NI 31-103 Provision	MFDA Provision
section 14.20 [delivery of report on charges and other compensation and investment performance report]	Rule 5.3.5 [Delivery of Report on Charges and Other Compensation and Performance Report]

56. Appendix H, as amended by section 55 of this Instrument, is amended by adding the following rows in the format indicated by the shaded area before the row commencing with "section 14.6 [holding client assets in trust]":

NI 31-103 Provision	MFDA Provision
section 14.5.2 [restriction on self-custody and qualified custodian requirement]	 Rule 3.3.1 [General]; Rule 3.3.2 [Cash]; Rule 3.3.3 [Securities]; and Policy No. 4 [Internal Control Policy Statements – Policy Statement 4: Cash and Securities, and Policy Statement 5: Segregation of Clients' Securities]
section 14.5.3 [cash and securities held by a qualified custodian]	Policy No. 4 [Internal Control Policy Statements – Policy Statement 4: Cash and Securities, and Policy Statement 5: Segregation of Clients' Securities]

57. Appendix H, as amended by section 55 of this Instrument, is amended by replacing the row commencing with "section 14.6 [holding client assets in trust]" with the following row in the format indicated by the shaded area:

NI 31-103 Provision	MFDA Provision
section 14.6 [client and investment fund assets held by a registered firm in trust]	 Rule 3.3.1 [General]; Rule 3.3.2 [Cash]; Rule 3.3.3 [Securities]; and Policy No. 4 [Internal Control Policy Statements – Policy Statement 4: Cash and Securities, and Policy Statement 5: Segregation of Clients' Securities]

58. Appendix H, as amended by section 55 of this Instrument, is amended by adding the following rows in the format indicated by the shaded area after the row commencing with "section 14.6 [holding client assets in trust]":

NI 31-103 Provision	MFDA Provision
section 14.6.1 [custodial provisions relating to certain margin or security interests]	1. Rule 3.2.1 [Client Lending and Margin]
section 14.6.2 [custodial provisions relating to short sales]	1. Rule 3.2.1 [Client Lending and Margin]

- 59. Appendix H, as amended by section 55 of this Instrument, is amended by repealing the rows commencing with "section 14.8 [securities subject to a safekeeping agreement]" and "section 14.9 [securities not subject to a safekeeping agreement]".
- 60. (1) Subject to subsection (2), this Instrument comes into force on December 4, 2017.
 - (2) The following provisions of this Instrument come into force on June 4, 2018:

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- (a) section 2;
- (b) section 4;
- (c) paragraphs 16(d), (e), (f) and (g);
- (d) paragraphs 18(d), (e), (f) and (g);
- (e) paragraphs 20(d), (e), (f) and (g);
- (f) paragraphs 22(d), (e), (f) and (g);
- (g) section 29;
- (h) paragraph 31(b);
- (i) sections 32 to 37, 51 to 54 and 56 to 59.
- (3) In Saskatchewan, despite subsections (1) and (2), if this Instrument is filed with the Registrar of Regulations after December 4, 2017,
 - (a) subject to paragraph (b), this Instrument comes into force on the day on which it is filed with the Registrar of Regulations, and
 - (b) the provisions of this Instrument referenced in subsection (2) come into force six months after that day.

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ANNEX E1

BLACKLINE SHOWING CHANGES TO NI 31-103

This Annex shows, by way of blackline, changes to the Ontario version of the unofficial consolidation of NI 31-103 (as of July 27, 2017) after giving effect to the amendments set out in Annex E - Amendments to NI 31-103.

As set out in Annex E – Amendments to NI 31-103, certain of the amendments have already been adopted in some CSA jurisdictions.

The Custody Amendments identified in this Notice are expected come into force on June 4, 2018. The remaining amendments to NI 31-103 are expected come into force on December 4, 2017.

NATIONAL INSTRUMENT 31-103 REGISTRATION REQUIREMENTS, EXEMPTIONS AND ONGOING REGISTRANT OBLIGATIONS

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Firm

registration

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Transition and Part 16 Transition timing

16.1 [lapsed] 16.2 [lapsed] 16.3 [lapsed] 16.4 [lapsed] 16.5 [lapsed] 16.6 [lapsed] 16.7 [lapsed] 16.8 [lapsed] Registration of chief compliance officers 16.9 Proficiency for dealing and advising representatives 16.10 16.11 [lapsed] 16.12 Continuation of existing discretionary relief 16.13 [lapsed] 16.14 [lapsed] 16.15 [lapsed] 16.16 [lapsed] 16.17 [lapsed] 16.18 [lapsed]

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[lapsed]

[lapsed]

16.19

16.20

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APPENDIX B - SUBORDINATION AGREEMENT

APPENDIX C – [lapsed] APPENDIX D – [lapsed] APPENDIX E – [lapsed] APPENDIX F – [lapsed]

APPENDIX G – EXEMPTIONS FROM CERTAIN REQUIREMENTS FOR IIROC MEMBERS APPENDIX H – EXEMPTIONS FROM CERTAIN REQUIREMENTS FOR MFDA MEMBERS

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NATIONAL INSTRUMENT 31-103 REGISTRATION REQUIREMENTS, EXEMPTIONS AND ONGOING REGISTRANT OBLIGATIONS

Part 1 Interpretation

1.1 Definitions of terms used throughout this Instrument

In this Instrument

"book cost" means the total amount paid to purchase a security, including any transaction charges related to the purchase, adjusted for reinvested distributions, returns of capital and corporate reorganizations;

"Canadian custodian" means any of the following:

- (a) a bank listed in Schedule I, II or III of the Bank Act (Canada);
- (b) a trust company that is incorporated under the laws of Canada or a jurisdiction of Canada and licensed or registered under the laws of Canada or a jurisdiction of Canada, and that has equity, as reported in its most recent audited financial statements, of not less than \$10,000,000;
- (c) a company that is incorporated under the laws of Canada or a jurisdiction of Canada, and that is an affiliate of a bank or trust company referred to in paragraph (a) or (b), if either of the following applies:
 - (i) the company has equity, as reported in its most recent audited financial statements, of not less than \$10,000,000;
 - (ii) the bank or trust company has assumed responsibility for all of the custodial obligations of the company for the cash and securities the company holds for a client or investment fund;
- (d) an investment dealer that is a member of IIROC and that is permitted under the rules of IIROC, as amended from time to time, to hold the cash and securities of a client or investment fund;

"DRO affiliate" means an affiliate of a designated rating organization that issues credit ratings in a foreign jurisdiction and that has been designated as such under the terms of the designated rating organization's designation;

"eligible client" means a client of a person or company if any of the following apply:

- (a) the client is an individual and was a client of the person or company immediately before becoming resident in the local jurisdiction;
- (b) the client is the spouse or a child of a client referred to in paragraph (a);
- (c) except in Ontario, the client is a client of the person or company on September 27, 2009 pursuant to the person or company's reliance on an exemption from the registration requirement under Part 5 of Multilateral Instrument 11-101 *Principal Regulator System* on that date;

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[&]quot;Canadian financial institution" has the same meaning as in section 1.1 of National Instrument 45-106 Prospectus Exemptions;

[&]quot;connected issuer" has the same meaning as in section 1.1 of National Instrument 33-105 Underwriting Conflicts;

[&]quot;debt security" has the same meaning as in section 1.1 of National Instrument 45-106 Prospectus Exemptions;

[&]quot;designated rating" has the same meaning as in National Instrument 81-102 Investment Funds;

[&]quot;designated rating organization" has the same meaning as in National Instrument 81-102 Investment Funds;

[&]quot;exempt market dealer" means a person or company registered in the category of exempt market dealer;

"foreign custodian" means any of the following:

- (a) an entity that
 - is incorporated or organized under the laws of a country, or a political subdivision of a country, other than Canada.
 - (ii) is regulated as a banking institution or trust company by the government, or an agency of the government, of the country under the laws of which it is incorporated or organized, or a political subdivision of that country, and
 - (iii) has equity, as reported in its most recent audited financial statements, of not less than the equivalent of \$100.000.000:
- (b) an affiliate of an entity referred to in paragraph (a), (b) or (c) of the definition of "Canadian custodian", or paragraph (a) of this definition, if either of the following applies:
 - the affiliate has equity, as reported in its most recent audited financial statements, of not less than the equivalent of \$100,000,000;
 - (ii) the entity referred to in paragraph (a), (b) or (c) of the definition of "Canadian custodian", or paragraph (a) of this definition, has assumed responsibility for all of the custodial obligations of the affiliate for the cash and securities the affiliate holds for a client or investment fund:

"IIROC" means the Investment Industry Regulatory Organization of Canada;

"IIROC provision" means a by-law, rule, regulation or policy of IIROC named in Appendix G, as amended from time to time;

"interim period" means a period commencing on the first day of the financial year and ending 9, 6 or 3 months before the end of the financial year;

"investment dealer" means a person or company registered in the category of investment dealer;

"managed account" means an account of a client for which a person or company makes the investment decisions if that person or company has discretion to trade in securities for the account without requiring the client's express consent to a transaction;

"marketplace" has the same meaning as in section 1.1 of National Instrument 21-101 Marketplace Operation;

"MFDA" means the Mutual Fund Dealers Association of Canada:

"MFDA provision" means a by-law, rule, regulation or policy of the MFDA named in Appendix H, as amended from time to time;

"mutual fund dealer" means a person or company registered in the category of mutual fund dealer;

"operating charge" means any amount charged to a client by a registered firm in respect of the operation, transfer or termination of a client's account and includes any federal, provincial or territorial sales taxes paid on that amount;

"original cost" means the total amount paid to purchase a security, including any transaction charges related to the purchase;

"permitted client" means any of the following:

- (a) a Canadian financial institution or a Schedule III bank;
- (b) the Business Development Bank of Canada incorporated under the *Business Development Bank of Canada Act* (Canada);
- (c) a subsidiary of any person or company referred to in paragraph (a) or (b), if the person or company owns all of the voting securities of the subsidiary, except the voting securities required by law to be owned by directors of the subsidiary;
- (d) a person or company registered under the securities legislation of a jurisdiction of Canada as an adviser, investment dealer, mutual fund dealer or exempt market dealer;

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- (e) a pension fund that is regulated by either the federal Office of the Superintendent of Financial Institutions or a
 pension commission or similar regulatory authority of a jurisdiction of Canada or a wholly-owned subsidiary of
 such a pension fund;
- (f) an entity organized in a foreign jurisdiction that is analogous to any of the entities referred to in paragraphs (a) to (e);
- (g) the Government of Canada or a jurisdiction of Canada, or any Crown corporation, agency or wholly-owned entity of the Government of Canada or a jurisdiction of Canada;
- (h) any national, federal, state, provincial, territorial or municipal government of or in any foreign jurisdiction, or any agency of that government;
- (i) a municipality, public board or commission in Canada and a metropolitan community, school board, the Comité de gestion de la taxe scolaire de l'île de Montréal or an intermunicipal management board in Québec;
- (j) a trust company or trust corporation registered or authorized to carry on business under the *Trust and Loan Companies Act* (Canada) or under comparable legislation in a jurisdiction of Canada or a foreign jurisdiction, acting on behalf of a managed account managed by the trust company or trust corporation, as the case may be;
- (k) a person or company acting on behalf of a managed account managed by the person or company, if the person or company is registered or authorized to carry on business as an adviser or the equivalent under the securities legislation of a jurisdiction of Canada or a foreign jurisdiction;
- (I) an investment fund if one or both of the following apply:
 - the fund is managed by a person or company registered as an investment fund manager under the securities legislation of a jurisdiction of Canada;
 - the fund is advised by a person or company authorized to act as an adviser under the securities legislation of a jurisdiction of Canada;
- (m) in respect of a dealer, a registered charity under the *Income Tax Act* (Canada) that obtains advice on the securities to be traded from an eligibility adviser, as defined in section 1.1 of National Instrument 45-106 *Prospectus Exemptions*, or an adviser registered under the securities legislation of the jurisdiction of the registered charity;
- (n) in respect of an adviser, a registered charity under the *Income Tax Act* (Canada) that is advised by an eligibility adviser, as defined in section 1.1 of National Instrument 45-106 *Prospectus Exemptions*, or an adviser registered under the securities legislation of the jurisdiction of the registered charity;
- (o) an individual who beneficially owns financial assets, as defined in section 1.1 of National Instrument 45-106 *Prospectus Exemptions*, having an aggregate realizable value that, before taxes but net of any related liabilities, exceeds \$5 million;
- (p) a person or company that is entirely owned by an individual or individuals referred to in paragraph (o), who holds the beneficial ownership interest in the person or company directly or through a trust, the trustee of which is a trust company or trust corporation registered or authorized to carry on business under the *Trust and Loan Companies Act* (Canada) or under comparable legislation in a jurisdiction of Canada or a foreign jurisdiction;
- (q) a person or company, other than an individual or an investment fund, that has net assets of at least \$25 million as shown on its most recently prepared financial statements;
- (r) a person or company that distributes securities of its own issue in Canada only to persons or companies referred to in paragraphs (a) to (q);

"portfolio manager" means a person or company registered in the category of portfolio manager;

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"principal jurisdiction" means

- (a) for a person or company other than an individual, the jurisdiction of Canada in which the person or company's head office is located, and
- (b) for an individual, the jurisdiction of Canada in which the individual's working office is located;

"principal regulator" has the same meaning as in section 4A.1 of Multilateral Instrument 11-102 Passport System;

"qualified custodian" means a Canadian custodian or a foreign custodian;

"registered firm" means a registered dealer, a registered adviser, or a registered investment fund manager;

"registered individual" means an individual who is registered

- (a) in a category that authorizes the individual to act as a dealer or an adviser on behalf of a registered firm,
- (b) as ultimate designated person, or
- (c) as chief compliance officer;

"related issuer" has the same meaning as in section 1.1 of National Instrument 33-105 Underwriting Conflicts;

"restricted dealer" means a person or company registered in the category of restricted dealer;

"restricted portfolio manager" means a person or company registered in the category of restricted portfolio manager;

"Schedule III bank" means an authorized foreign bank named in Schedule III of the Bank Act (Canada);

"scholarship plan dealer" means a person or company registered in the category of scholarship plan dealer;

"sponsoring firm" means the firm registered in a jurisdiction of Canada on whose behalf an individual acts as a dealer, an underwriter, an adviser, a chief compliance officer or an ultimate designated person;

"sub-adviser" means an adviser to

- (a) a registered adviser, or
- (b) a registered dealer acting as a portfolio manager as permitted by section 8.24 [IIROC members with discretionary authority];

"subsidiary" has the same meaning as in section 1.1 of National Instrument 45-106 Prospectus Exemptions;

"total percentage return" means the cumulative realized and unrealized capital gains and losses of an investment, plus income from the investment, over a specified period of time, expressed as a percentage;

"trailing commission" means any payment related to a client's ownership of a security that is part of a continuing series of payments to a registered firm or registered individual by any party;

"transaction charge" means any amount charged to a client by a registered firm in respect of a purchase or sale of a security and includes any federal, provincial or territorial sales taxes paid on that amount;

"working office" means the office of the sponsoring firm where an individual does most of his or her business.

- 1.2 Interpretation of "securities" in Alberta, British Columbia, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia and Saskatchewan
- (1) In Alberta, Subject to sections 8.2, 8.26 and 14.5.1, in British Columbia, New Brunswick and Saskatchewan, a reference to "securities" in this Instrument includes "exchange contracts", unless the context otherwise requires.
- Subject to sections 8.2, 8.26 and 14.5.1, in Alberta, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia and Saskatchewan, a reference to "securities" in this Instrument includes "derivatives", unless the context otherwise requires.

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1.3 Information may be given to the principal regulator

- (1) [repealed]
- (2) For the purpose of a requirement in this Instrument to notify or to deliver or submit a document to the regulator or the securities regulatory authority, the person or company may notify or deliver or submit the document to the person or company's principal regulator.
- (3) [repealed]
- (4) Despite subsection (2), for the purpose of the notice and delivery requirements in section 11.9 [registrant acquiring a registered firm's securities or assets], if the principal regulator of the registrant and the principal regulator of the firm identified in paragraph 11.9(1)(a) or 11.9(1)(b), if registered in any jurisdiction of Canada, are not the same, the registrant must deliver the written notice to the following:
 - (a) the registrant's principal regulator; and
 - (b) the principal regulator of the firm identified in paragraph 11.9(1)(a) or 11.9(1)(b) as applicable, if registered in any jurisdiction of Canada identified in paragraph 11.9(1)(a) or 11.9(1)(b).
- (5) Subsection (2) does not apply to
 - (a) section 8.18 [international dealer], and
 - (b) section 8.26 [international adviser].

Part 2 Categories of registration for individuals

2.1 Individual categories

- (1) The following are the categories of registration for an individual who is required, under securities legislation, to be registered to act on behalf of a registered firm:
 - (a) dealing representative;
 - (b) advising representative;
 - (c) associate advising representative;
 - (d) ultimate designated person;
 - (e) chief compliance officer.
- (2) An individual registered in the category of
 - (a) dealing representative may act as a dealer or an underwriter in respect of a security that the individual's sponsoring firm is permitted to trade or underwrite,
 - (b) advising representative may act as an adviser in respect of a security that the individual's sponsoring firm is permitted to advise on,
 - (c) associate advising representative may act as an adviser in respect of a security that the individual's sponsoring firm is permitted to advise on if the advice has been approved under subsection 4.2(1) [associate advising representatives pre-approval of advice],
 - (d) ultimate designated person must perform the functions set out in section 5.1 [responsibilities of the ultimate designated person], and
 - (e) chief compliance officer must perform the functions set out in section 5.2 [responsibilities of the chief compliance officer].
- (3) Subsection (1) does not apply in Ontario.

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Note: In Ontario, the same categories of registration for individuals as in subsection 2.1(1) are set out under section 25 of the *Securities Act* (Ontario).

2.2 Client mobility exemption - individuals

- (1) The registration requirement does not apply to an individual if all of the following apply:
 - the individual is registered as a dealing, advising or associate advising representative in the individual's principal jurisdiction;
 - (b) the individual's sponsoring firm is registered in the firm's principal jurisdiction:
 - (c) the individual does not act as a dealer, underwriter or adviser in the local jurisdiction other than as he or she is permitted to in his or her principal jurisdiction according to the individual's registration in that jurisdiction;
 - the individual does not act as a dealer, underwriter or adviser in the local jurisdiction other than for 5 or fewer eligible clients;
 - (e) the individual complies with Part 13 Dealing with clients individuals and firms;
 - (f) the individual deals fairly, honestly and in good faith in the course of his or her dealings with an eligible client;
 - (g) before first acting as a dealer or adviser for an eligible client, the individual's sponsoring firm has disclosed to the client that the individual, and if the firm is relying on section 8.30 *Client mobility exemption firms*, the firm,
 - (i) is exempt from registration in the local jurisdiction, and
 - (ii) is not subject to requirements otherwise applicable under local securities legislation.
- (2) If an individual relies on the exemption in this section, the individual's sponsoring firm must submit a completed Form 31-103F3 *Use of Mobility Exemption* to the securities regulatory authority of the local jurisdiction as soon as possible after the individual first relies on this section.

2.3 Individuals acting for investment fund managers

The investment fund manager registration requirement does not apply to an individual acting on behalf of a registered investment fund manager.

Part 3 Registration requirements – individuals

Division 1 General proficiency requirements

3.1 Definitions

In this Part

"Branch Manager Proficiency Exam" means the examination prepared and administered by the RESP Dealers Association of Canada and so named on the day this Instrument comes into force, and every examination that preceded that examination, or succeeded that examination, that does not have a significantly reduced scope and content when compared to the scope and content of the first-mentioned examination:

"Canadian Investment Funds Course Exam" means the examination prepared and administered by the IFSE Institute and so named on the day this Instrument comes into force, and every examination that preceded that examination, or succeeded that examination, that does not have a significantly reduced scope and content when compared to the scope and content of the first-mentioned examination;

"Canadian Investment Manager designation" means the designation earned through the Canadian investment manager program prepared and administered by CSI Global Education Inc. and so named on the day this Instrument comes into force, and every program that preceded that program, or succeeded that program, that does not have a significantly reduced scope and content when compared to the scope and content of the first-mentioned program;

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"Canadian Securities Course Exam" means the examination prepared and administered by CSI Global Education Inc. and so named on the day this Instrument comes into force, and every examination that preceded that examination, or succeeded that examination, that does not have a significantly reduced scope and content when compared to the scope and content of the first-mentioned examination;

"Chief Compliance Officers Qualifying Exam" means the examination prepared and administered by CSI Global Education Inc. and so named on the day this Instrument comes into force, and every examination that preceded that examination, or succeeded that examination, that does not have a significantly reduced scope and content when compared to the scope and content of the first-mentioned examination:

"CFA Charter" means the charter earned through the Chartered Financial Analyst program prepared and administered by the CFA Institute and so named on the day this Instrument comes into force, and every program that preceded that program, or succeeded that program, that does not have a significantly reduced scope and content when compared to the scope and content of the first-mentioned program;

"Exempt Market Products Exam" means the examination prepared and administered by the IFSE Institute and so named on the day this Instrument comes into force, and every examination that preceded that examination, or succeeded that examination, that does not have a significantly reduced scope and content when compared to the scope and content of the first-mentioned examination:

"Investment Funds in Canada Course Exam" means the examination prepared and administered by CSI Global Education Inc. and so named on the day this Instrument comes into force, and every examination that preceded that examination, or succeeded that examination, that does not have a significantly reduced scope and content when compared to the scope and content of the first-mentioned examination:

"Mutual Fund Dealers Compliance Exam" means the examination prepared and administered by the IFSE Institute and so named on the day this Instrument comes into force, and every examination that preceded that examination, or succeeded that examination, that does not have a significantly reduced scope and content when compared to the scope and content of the first-mentioned examination;

"New Entrants Course Exam" means the examination prepared and administered by CSI Global Education Inc. and so named on the day this Instrument comes into force, and every examination that preceded that examination, or succeeded that examination, that does not have a significantly reduced scope and content when compared to the scope and content of the first-mentioned examination;

"PDO Exam" means

- (a) the Officers', Partners' and Directors' Exam prepared and administered by the IFSE Institute and so named on the day this Instrument comes into force, and every examination that preceded that examination, or succeeded that examination, that does not have a significantly reduced scope and content when compared to the scope and content of the first-mentioned examination, or
- (b) the Partners, Directors and Senior Officers Course Exam prepared and administered by CSI Global Education Inc. and so named on the day this Instrument comes into force, and every examination that preceded that examination, or succeeded that examination, that does not have a significantly reduced scope and content when compared to the scope and content of the first-mentioned examination;

"Sales Representative Proficiency Exam" means the examination prepared and administered by the RESP Dealers Association of Canada and so named on the day this Instrument comes into force, and every examination that preceded that examination, or succeeded that examination, that does not have a significantly reduced scope and content when compared to the scope and content of the first-mentioned examination;

"Series 7 Exam" means the examination prepared and administered by the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority in the United States of America and so named on the day this Instrument comes into force, and every examination that preceded that examination, or succeeded that examination, that does not have a significantly reduced scope and content when compared to the scope and content of the first-mentioned examination.

3.2 U.S. equivalency

In this Part, an individual is not required to have passed the Canadian Securities Course Exam if the individual has passed the Series 7 Exam and the New Entrants Course Exam.

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3.3 Time limits on examination requirements

- (1) For the purpose of this Part, an individual is deemed to have not passed an examination unless the individual passed the examination not more than 36 months before the date of his or her application for registration.
- Subsection (1) does not apply if the individual passed the examination more than 36 months before the date of his or her application and has met one of the following conditions:
 - (a) the individual was registered in the same category in any jurisdiction of Canada at any time during the 36-month period before the date of his or her application;
 - (b) the individual has gained 12 months of relevant securities industry experience during the 36-month period before the date of his or her application.
- For the purpose of paragraph (2)(a), an individual is not considered to have been registered during any period in which the individual's registration was suspended.
- (4) Subsection (1) does not apply to the examination requirements in:
 - (a) section 3.7 [scholarship plan dealer dealing representative] if the individual was registered in a jurisdiction of Canada as a dealing representative of a scholarship plan dealer on and since September 28, 2009; and
 - (b) section 3.9 [exempt market dealer dealing representative] if the individual was registered as a dealing representative of an exempt market dealer in Ontario or Newfoundland and Labrador on and since September 28, 2009.

Division 2 Education and experience requirements

3.4 Proficiency – initial and ongoing

- (1) An individual must not perform an activity that requires registration unless the individual has the education, training and experience that a reasonable person would consider necessary to perform the activity competently, including understanding the structure, features and risks of each security the individual recommends.
- (2) A chief compliance officer must not perform an activity set out in section 5.2 [responsibilities of the chief compliance officer] unless the individual has the education, training and experience that a reasonable person would consider necessary to perform the activity competently.

3.5 Mutual fund dealer – dealing representative

A dealing representative of a mutual fund dealer must not act as a dealer in respect of the securities listed in paragraph 7.1(2)(b) unless any of the following apply:

- (a) the individual has passed the Canadian Investment Funds Course Exam, the Canadian Securities Course Exam or the Investment Funds in Canada Course Exam;
- (b) the individual has met the requirements of section 3.11 [portfolio manager advising representative];
- (c) the individual has earned a CFA Charter and has gained 12 months of relevant securities industry experience in the 36-month period before applying for registration;
- (d) the individual is exempt from section 3.11 [portfolio manager advising representative] because of subsection 16.10(1) [proficiency for dealing and advising representatives].

3.6 Mutual fund dealer – chief compliance officer

A mutual fund dealer must not designate an individual as its chief compliance officer under subsection 11.3(1) [designating a chief compliance officer] unless any of the following apply:

- (a) the individual has:
 - (i) passed the Canadian Investment Funds Course Exam, the Canadian Securities Course Exam or the Investment Funds in Canada Course Exam;

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- (ii) passed the PDO Exam, the Mutual Fund Dealers Compliance Exam or the Chief Compliance Officers Qualifying Exam; and
- gained 12 months of relevant securities industry experience in the 36-month period before applying for registration;
- (b) the individual has met the requirements of section 3.13 [portfolio manager chief compliance officer];
- (c) section 3.13 [portfolio manager chief compliance officer] does not apply in respect of the individual because of subsection 16.9(2) [registration of chief compliance officers].

3.7 Scholarship plan dealer – dealing representative

A dealing representative of a scholarship plan dealer must not act as a dealer in respect of the securities listed in paragraph 7.1(2)(c) unless the individual has passed the Sales Representative Proficiency Exam.

3.8 Scholarship plan dealer - chief compliance officer

A scholarship plan dealer must not designate an individual as its chief compliance officer under subsection 11.3(1) [designating a chief compliance officer] unless the individual has:

- (a) passed the Sales Representative Proficiency Exam;
- (b) passed the Branch Manager Proficiency Exam;
- (c) passed the PDO Exam or the Chief Compliance Officers Qualifying Exam, and
- (d) gained 12 months of relevant securities industry experience in the 36-month period before applying for registration.

3.9 Exempt market dealer – dealing representative

A dealing representative of an exempt market dealer must not perform an activity listed in paragraph 7.1(2)(d) unless any of the following apply:

- (a) the individual has passed the Canadian Securities Course Exam;
- (b) the individual has passed the Exempt Market Products Exam;
- (c) the individual has earned a CFA Charter and has gained 12 months of relevant securities industry experience in the 36-month period before applying for registration;
- (d) the individual satisfies the conditions set out in section 3.11 [portfolio manager advising representative];
- (e) the individual is exempt from section 3.11 [portfolio manager advising representative] because of subsection 16.10(1) [proficiency for dealing and advising representatives].

3.10 Exempt market dealer – chief compliance officer

An exempt market dealer must not designate an individual as its chief compliance officer under subsection 11.3(1) [designating a chief compliance officer] unless any of the following apply:

- (a) the individual has:
 - (i) passed the Exempt Market Products Exam or the Canadian Securities Course Exam;
 - (ii) passed the PDO Exam or the Chief Compliance Officers Qualifying Exam; and
 - (iii) gained 12 months of relevant securities industry experience in the 36-month period before applying for registration;
- (b) the individual has met the requirements of section 3.13 [portfolio manager chief compliance officer];

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(c) section 3.13 [portfolio manager – chief compliance officer] does not apply in respect of the individual because of subsection 16.9(2) [registration of chief compliance officers].

3.11 Portfolio manager – advising representative

An advising representative of a portfolio manager must not act as an adviser on behalf of the portfolio manager unless any of the following apply:

- (a) the individual has earned a CFA Charter and has gained 12 months of relevant investment management experience in the 36-month period before applying for registration;
- (b) the individual has received the Canadian Investment Manager designation and has gained 48 months of relevant investment management experience, 12 months of which was gained in the 36-month period before applying for registration.

3.12 Portfolio manager – associate advising representative

An associate advising representative of a portfolio manager must not act as an adviser on behalf of the portfolio manager unless any of the following apply:

- (a) the individual has completed Level 1 of the Chartered Financial Analyst program and has gained 24 months of relevant investment management experience;
- (b) the individual has received the Canadian Investment Manager designation and has gained 24 months of relevant investment management experience.

3.13 Portfolio manager – chief compliance officer

A portfolio manager must not designate an individual as its chief compliance officer under subsection 11.3(1) [designating a chief compliance officer] unless any of the following apply:

- (a) the individual has
 - (i) earned a CFA Charter or a professional designation as a lawyer, Chartered Accountant, Certified General Accountant or Certified Management Accountant in a jurisdiction of Canada, a notary in Québec, or the equivalent in a foreign jurisdiction,
 - (ii) passed the PDO Exam or the Chief Compliance Officers Qualifying Exam and, unless the individual has earned the CFA Charter, the Canadian Securities Course Exam, and
 - (iii) either
 - gained 36 months of relevant securities experience while working at an investment dealer, a registered adviser or an investment fund manager, or
 - B) provided professional services in the securities industry for 36 months and also worked at a registered dealer, a registered adviser or an investment fund manager for 12 months;
 - (b) the individual has passed the Canadian Securities Course Exam and either the PDO Exam or the Chief Compliance Officers Qualifying Exam and any of the following apply:
 - the individual has worked at an investment dealer or a registered adviser for 5 years, including for 36 months in a compliance capacity;
 - (ii) the individual has worked for 5 years at a Canadian financial institution in a compliance capacity relating to portfolio management and also worked at a registered dealer or a registered adviser for 12 months;
 - (c) the individual has passed either the PDO Exam or the Chief Compliance Officers Qualifying Exam and has met the requirements of section 3.11 [portfolio manager advising representative].

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3.14 Investment fund manager – chief compliance officer

An investment fund manager must not designate an individual as its chief compliance officer under subsection 11.3(1) [designating a chief compliance officer] unless any of the following apply:

- (a) the individual has
 - (i) earned a CFA Charter or a professional designation as a lawyer, Chartered Accountant, Certified General Accountant or Certified Management Accountant in a jurisdiction of Canada, a notary in Québec, or the equivalent in a foreign jurisdiction,
 - (ii) passed the PDO Exam or the Chief Compliance Officers Qualifying Exam and, unless the individual has earned the CFA Charter, the Canadian Securities Course Exam, and
 - (iii) either
 - gained 36 months of relevant securities experience while working at a registered dealer, a registered adviser or an investment fund manager, or
 - B) provided professional services in the securities industry for 36 months and also worked in a relevant capacity at an investment fund manager for 12 months;
- (b) the individual has
 - passed the Canadian Investment Funds Course Exam, the Canadian Securities Course Exam, or the Investment Funds in Canada Course Exam.
 - (ii) passed the PDO Exam or the Chief Compliance Officers Qualifying Exam, and
 - (iii) gained 5 years of relevant securities experience while working at a registered dealer, registered adviser or an investment fund manager, including 36 months in a compliance capacity;
- (c) the individual has met the requirements of section 3.13 [portfolio manager chief compliance officer];
- (d) section 3.13 [portfolio manager chief compliance officer] does not apply in respect of the individual because of subsection 16.9(2) [registration of chief compliance officers].

Division 3 Membership in a self-regulatory organization

3.15 Who must be approved by an SRO before registration

- (1) A dealing representative of an investment dealer that is a member of IIROC must be an "approved person" as defined under the rules of IIROC.
- (2) Except in Québec, a dealing representative of a mutual fund dealer that is a member of the MFDA must be an "approved person" as defined under the rules of the MFDA.

3.16 Exemptions from certain requirements for SRO-approved persons

- The following sections do not apply to a registered individual who is a dealing representative of <u>an investment dealer</u> that is a member of IIROC:
 - (a) subsection 13.2(3) [know your client];
 - (b) section 13.3 [suitability];
 - (c) section 13.13 [disclosure when recommending the use of borrowed money].
- (1.1) Subsection (1) only applies to a registered individual who is a dealing representative of <u>an investment dealer that is</u> a member of IIROC in respect of a requirement specified in any of paragraphs (1)(a) to (c) if the registered individual complies with the corresponding IIROC provisions that are in effect.

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- The following sections do not apply to a registered individual who is a dealing representative of <u>a mutual fund dealer</u> that is a member of the MFDA:
 - (a) section 13.3 [suitability];
 - (b) section 13.13 [disclosure when recommending the use of borrowed money].
- (2.1) Subsection (2) only applies to a registered individual who is a dealing representative of <u>a mutual fund dealer that is</u> a member of the MFDA in respect of a requirement specified in paragraph (2)(a) or (b) if the registered individual complies with the corresponding MFDA provisions that are in effect.
- In Québec, the requirements listed in subsection (2) do not apply to a registered individual who is a dealing representative of a mutual fund dealer to the extent equivalent requirements to those listed in subsection (2) are applicable to the registered individual under the regulations in Québec.

Part 4 Restrictions on registered individuals

4.1 Restriction on acting for another registered firm

- (1) A firm registered in any jurisdiction of Canada must not permit an individual to act as a dealing, advising or associate advising representative of the registered firm if either of the following apply:
 - (a) the individual acts as an officer, partner or director of another firm registered in any jurisdiction of Canada that is not an affiliate of the first-mentioned registered firm;
 - (b) the individual is registered as a dealing, advising or associate advising representative of another firm registered in any jurisdiction of Canada.
- Paragraph (1)(b) does not apply in respect of a representative whose registration as a dealing, advising or associate advising representative of more than one registered firm was granted before July 11, 2011.

4.2 Associate advising representatives – pre-approval of advice

- An associate advising representative of a registered adviser must not advise on securities unless, before giving the advice, the advice has been approved by an individual designated by the registered firm under subsection (2).
- (2) A registered adviser must designate, for an associate advising representative, an advising representative to review the advice of the associate advising representative.
- (3) No later than 7 days following the date of a designation under subsection (2), a registered adviser must provide the regulator or, in Québec, the securities regulatory authority with the names of the advising representative and the associate advising representative who are the subject of the designation.

Part 5 Ultimate designated person and chief compliance officer

5.1 Responsibilities of the ultimate designated person

The ultimate designated person of a registered firm must do all of the following:

- (a) supervise the activities of the firm that are directed towards ensuring compliance with securities legislation by the firm and each individual acting on the firm's behalf;
- (b) promote compliance by the firm, and individuals acting on its behalf, with securities legislation.

5.2 Responsibilities of the chief compliance officer

The chief compliance officer of a registered firm must do all of the following:

- (a) establish and maintain policies and procedures for assessing compliance by the firm, and individuals acting on its behalf, with securities legislation;
- (b) monitor and assess compliance by the firm, and individuals acting on its behalf, with securities legislation;

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- (c) report to the ultimate designated person of the firm as soon as possible if the chief compliance officer becomes aware of any circumstances indicating that the firm, or any individual acting on its behalf, may be in non-compliance with securities legislation and any of the following apply:
 - (i) the non-compliance creates, in the opinion of a reasonable person, a risk of harm to a client;
 - (ii) the non-compliance creates, in the opinion of a reasonable person, a risk of harm to the capital markets;
 - (iii) the non-compliance is part of a pattern of non-compliance;
- (d) submit an annual report to the firm's board of directors, or individuals acting in a similar capacity for the firm, for the purpose of assessing compliance by the firm, and individuals acting on its behalf, with securities legislation.

Part 6 Suspension and revocation of registration – individuals

6.1 If individual ceases to have authority to act for firm

If a registered individual ceases to have authority to act as a registered individual on behalf of his or her sponsoring firm because of the end of, or a change in, the individual's employment, partnership, or agency relationship with the firm, the individual's registration with the firm is suspended until reinstated or revoked under securities legislation.

6.2 If IIROC approval is revoked or suspended

If IIROC revokes or suspends a registered individual's approval in respect of an investment dealer, the individual's registration as a dealing representative of the investment dealer is suspended until reinstated or revoked under securities legislation.

6.3 If MFDA approval is revoked or suspended

Except in Québec, if the MFDA revokes or suspends a registered individual's approval in respect of a mutual fund dealer, the individual's registration as a dealing representative of the mutual fund dealer is suspended until reinstated or revoked under securities legislation.

6.4 If sponsoring firm is suspended

If a registered firm's registration in a category is suspended, the registration of each registered dealing, advising or associate advising representative acting on behalf of the firm in that category is suspended until reinstated or revoked under securities legislation.

6.5 Dealing and advising activities suspended

If an individual's registration in a category is suspended, the individual must not act as a dealer, an underwriter or an adviser, as the case may be, under that category.

6.6 Revocation of a suspended registration – individual

If a registration of an individual has been suspended under this Part and it has not been reinstated, the registration is revoked on the 2^{nd} anniversary of the suspension.

6.7 Exception for individuals involved in a hearing or proceeding

Despite section 6.6, if a hearing or proceeding concerning a suspended individual is commenced under securities legislation or under the rules of an SRO, the individual's registration remains suspended.

6.8 Application of Part 6 in Ontario

Other than section 6.5 [dealing and advising activities suspended], this Part does not apply in Ontario.

Note: In Ontario, measures governing suspension in section 29 of the Securities Act (Ontario) are similar to those in Parts 6 and 10.

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Part 7 Categories of registration for firms

7.1 Dealer categories

- (1) The following are the categories of registration for a person or company that is required, under securities legislation, to be registered as a dealer:
 - (a) investment dealer;
 - (b) mutual fund dealer;
 - (c) scholarship plan dealer;
 - (d) exempt market dealer;
 - (e) restricted dealer.
- (2) A person or company registered in the category of
 - (a) investment dealer may act as a dealer or an underwriter in respect of any security,
 - (b) mutual fund dealer may act as a dealer in respect of any security of
 - (i) a mutual fund, or
 - (ii) an investment fund that is a labour-sponsored investment fund corporation or labour-sponsored venture capital corporation under legislation of a jurisdiction of Canada,
 - (c) scholarship plan dealer may act as a dealer in respect of a security of a scholarship plan, an educational plan or an educational trust,
 - (d) exempt market dealer may
 - (i) act as a dealer by trading a security that is distributed under an exemption from the prospectus requirement, whether or not a prospectus was filed in respect of the distribution,
 - (ii) subject to subsection (5), act as a dealer by trading a security that, if the trade were a distribution, would be exempt from the prospectus requirement, or if all of the following apply:
 - (A) the trade is not a distribution;
 - (B) <u>an exemption from the prospectus requirement would be available to the seller if the trade</u> were a distribution;
 - (C) the class of security is not listed, quoted or traded on a marketplace, or
 - (iii) [repealed]
 - (iv) act as an underwriter in respect of a distribution of securities that is made under an exemption from the prospectus requirement;
 - (e) restricted dealer may act as a dealer or an underwriter in accordance with the terms, conditions, restrictions or requirements applied to its registration.
- (3) [repealed]
- (4) Subsection (1) does not apply in Ontario.
- (5) An exempt market dealer must not trade a security if repealed
 - (a) the security is listed, guoted or traded on a marketplace, and
 - (b) the trade in the security does not require reliance on a further exemption from the prospectus requirement.

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Note: In Ontario, the same categories of registration for firms acting as dealers as in subsection 7.1(1) are set out under subsection 26(2) of the Securities Act (Ontario).

7.2 Adviser categories

- (1) The following are the categories of registration for a person or company that is required, under securities legislation, to be registered as an adviser:
 - (a) portfolio manager;
 - (b) restricted portfolio manager.
- (2) A person or company registered in the category of
 - (a) portfolio manager may act as an adviser in respect of any security, and
 - (b) restricted portfolio manager may act as an adviser in respect of any security in accordance with the terms, conditions, restrictions or requirements applied to its registration.
- (3) Subsection (1) does not apply in Ontario.

Note: In Ontario, the same categories of registration for firms acting as advisers as in subsection 7.2(1) are set out under subsection 26(6) of the Securities Act (Ontario).

7.3 Investment fund manager category

The category of registration for a person or company that is required, under securities legislation, to be registered as an investment fund manager is "investment fund manager".

Part 8 Exemptions from the requirement to register

Division 1 Exemptions from dealer and underwriter registration

8.0.1 General condition to dealer registration requirement exemptions

The exemptions in this Division are not available to a person or company if the person or company is registered in the local jurisdiction and if their category of registration permits the person or company to act as a dealer or trade in a security for which the exemption is provided.

8.1 Interpretation of "trade" in Québec

In this Part, in Québec, "trade" refers to any of the following activities:

- (a) the activities described in the definition of "dealer" in section 5 of the Securities Act (R.S.Q., c. V-1.1), including the following activities:
 - (i) the sale or disposition of a security by onerous title, whether the terms of payment are on margin, installment or otherwise, but does not include a transfer or the giving in guarantee of securities in connection with a debt or the purchase of a security, except as provided in paragraph (b);
 - (ii) participation as a trader in any transaction in a security through the facilities of an exchange or a quotation and trade reporting system;
 - (iii) the receipt by a registrant of an order to buy or sell a security;
- (b) a transfer or the giving in guarantee of securities of an issuer from the holdings of a control person in connection with a debt.

8.2 Definition of "securities" in Alberta, British Columbia, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia and Saskatchewan

Despite section 1.2, in Alberta, British Columbia, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia and Saskatchewan, a reference to "securities" in this Division excludes "exchange contracts".

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8.3 Interpretation – exemption from underwriter registration requirement

In this Division, an exemption from the dealer registration requirement is an exemption from the underwriter registration requirement.

8.4 Person or company not in the business of trading in British Columbia, Manitoba and New Brunswick

- (1) In British Columbia and New Brunswick, a person or company is exempt from the dealer registration requirement if the person or company
 - (a) is not engaged in the business of trading in securities or exchange contracts as a principal or agent, and
 - (b) does not hold himself, herself or itself out as engaging in the business of trading in securities or exchange contracts as a principal or agent.
- (2) In Manitoba, a person or company is exempt from the dealer registration requirement if the person or company
 - (a) is not engaged in the business of trading in securities as a principal or agent, and
 - (b) does not hold himself, herself or itself out as engaging in the business of trading in securities as a principal or agent.

8.5 Trades through or to a registered dealer

The dealer registration requirement does not apply to a person or company in respect of a trade in a security if either of the following applies:

- (a) the trade is made through a registered dealer, if the dealer is registered in a category that permits the trade unless, in furtherance of the trade, the person or company seeking the exemption solicits or contacts directly any purchaser or prospective purchaser in relation to the trade;
- (b) the trade is made to a registered dealer who is purchasing as principal, if the dealer is registered in a category that permits the trade.

8.5.1 Trades through a registered dealer by registered adviser

The dealer registration requirement does not apply to a registered adviser, or an advising representative or associate advising representative acting on behalf of the registered adviser, in respect of trading activities that are incidental to its providing advice to a client, if the trade is made through a dealer registered in a category that permits the trade or a dealer operating under an exemption from the dealer registration requirement.

8.6 Investment fund trades by adviser to managed account

- (1) The dealer registration requirement does not apply to a registered adviser, or an adviser that is exempt from registration under section 8.26 [international adviser], in respect of a trade in a security of an investment fund if bothall of the following apply:
 - (a) the adviser <u>or an affiliate of the adviser</u> acts as the fund's adviser and;
 - (a.1) the adviser or an affiliate of the adviser acts as the fund's investment fund manager;
 - (b) the trade is to a managed account of a client of the adviser.
- The exemption in subsection (1) is not available if the managed account or investment fund was created or is used primarily for the purpose of qualifying for the exemption.
- An adviser that relies on subsection (1) must provide written notice to the regulator or, in Québec, the securities regulatory authority that it is relying on the exemption within 10 days of its first use of the exemption.

8.7 Investment fund reinvestment

(1) Subject to subsections (2), (3), (4) and (5), the dealer registration requirement does not apply to an investment fund, or the investment fund manager of the fund, in respect of a trade in a security with a security holder of the investment fund

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if the trade is permitted by a plan of the investment fund and is in a security of the investment fund's own issue and if any of the following apply:

- a dividend or distribution out of earnings, surplus, capital or other sources payable in respect of the investment fund's securities is applied to the purchase of the security that is of the same class or series as the securities to which the dividends or distributions are attributable;
- (b) the security holder makes an optional cash payment to purchase the security of the investment fund and both of the following apply:
 - the security is of the same class or series of securities described in paragraph (a) that trade on a marketplace;
 - (ii) the aggregate number of securities issued under the optional cash payment does not exceed, in the financial year of the investment fund during which the trade takes place, 2 per cent of the issued and outstanding securities of the class to which the plan relates as at the beginning of the financial year.
- (2) The exemption in subsection (1) is not available unless the plan that permits the trade is available to every security holder in Canada to which the dividend or distribution is available.
- (3) The exemption in subsection (1) is not available if a sales charge is payable on a trade described in the subsection.
- (4) At the time of the trade, if the investment fund is a reporting issuer and in continuous distribution, the investment fund must have set out in the prospectus under which the distribution is made
 - (a) details of any deferred or contingent sales charge or redemption fee that is payable at the time of the redemption of the security, and
 - (b) any right that the security holder has to elect to receive cash instead of securities on the payment of a dividend or making of a distribution by the investment fund and instructions on how the right can be exercised.
- (5) At the time of the trade, if the investment fund is a reporting issuer and is not in continuous distribution, the investment fund must provide the information required by subsection (4) in its prospectus, annual information form or a material change report.

8.8 Additional investment in investment funds

The dealer registration requirement does not apply to an investment fund, or the investment fund manager of the fund, in respect of a trade in a security of the investment fund's own issue with a security holder of the investment fund if all of the following apply:

- (a) the security holder initially acquired securities of the investment fund as principal for an acquisition cost of not less than \$150,000 paid in cash at the time of the acquisition;
- (b) the trade is in respect of a security of the same class or series as the securities initially acquired, as described in paragraph (a);
- (c) the security holder, as at the date of the trade, holds securities of the investment fund and one or both of the following apply:
 - (i) the acquisition cost of the securities being held was not less than \$150,000;
 - (ii) the net asset value of the securities being held is not less than \$150,000.

8.9 Additional investment in investment funds if initial purchase before September 14, 2005

The dealer registration requirement does not apply in respect of a trade by an investment fund in a security of its own issue to a purchaser that initially acquired a security of the same class as principal before September 14, 2005 if all of the following apply:

(a) the security was initially acquired under any of the following provisions:

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- (i) in Alberta, section 86(e) and paragraph 131(1)(d) of the *Securities Act* (Alberta) as they existed prior to their repeal by sections 9(a) and 13 of the *Securities Amendment Act* (Alberta), 2003 SA c.32 and sections 66.2 and 122.2 of the *Alberta Securities Commission Rules* (General);
- (ii) in British Columbia, sections 45(2) (5) and (22), and 74(2) (4) and (19) of the Securities Act (British Columbia);
- (iii) in Manitoba, section 19(3) and paragraph 58(1)(a) of the Securities Act (Manitoba) and section 90 of the Securities Regulation MR 491/88R;
- (iv) in New Brunswick, section 2.8 of Local Rule 45-501 Prospectus and Registration Exemptions;
- (v) in Newfoundland and Labrador, paragraphs 36(1)(e) and 73(1)(d) of the Securities Act (Newfoundland and Labrador);
- (vi) in Nova Scotia, paragraphs 41(1)(e) and 77(1)(d) of the Securities Act (Nova Scotia);
- (vii) in Northwest Territories, sections 3(c) and (z) of Blanket Order No. 1;
- (viii) in Nunavut, sections 3(c) and (z) of Blanket Order No. 1;
- (ix) in Ontario, section 35(1)5 and paragraph 72(1)(d) of the Securities Act (Ontario) as they existed prior to their repeal by sections 5 and 11 of the Securities Act (Ontario) S.O. 2009, c. 18, Sch. 26 and section 2.12 of Ontario Securities Commission Rule 45-501 Exempt Distributions that came into force on January 12, 2004;
- (x) in Prince Edward Island, paragraph 2(3)(d) of the former Securities Act (Prince Edward Island) and Prince Edward Island Local Rule 45-512 Exempt Distributions - Exemption for Purchase of Mutual Fund Securities:
- (xi) in Québec, former section 51 and subsection 155.1(2) of the Securities Act (Québec);
- (xii) in Saskatchewan, paragraphs 39(1)(e) and 81(1)(d) of The Securities Act, 1988 (Saskatchewan);
- (b) the trade is for a security of the same class or series as the initial trade;
- (c) the security holder, as at the date of the trade, holds securities of the investment fund that have one or both of the following characteristics:
 - (i) an acquisition cost of not less than the minimum amount prescribed by securities legislation referred to in paragraph (a) under which the initial trade was conducted:
 - (ii) a net asset value of not less than the minimum amount prescribed by securities legislation referred to in paragraph (a) under which the initial trade was conducted.

8.10 Private investment club

The dealer registration requirement does not apply in respect of a trade in a security of an investment fund if all of the following apply:

- (a) the fund has no more than 50 beneficial security holders;
- (b) the fund does not seek and has never sought to borrow money from the public;
- (c) the fund does not distribute and has never distributed its securities to the public;
- (d) the fund does not pay or give any remuneration for investment management or administration advice in respect of trades in securities, except normal brokerage fees;
- (e) the fund, for the purpose of financing its operations, requires security holders to make contributions in proportion to the value of the securities held by them.

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8.11 Private investment fund – loan and trust pools

- The dealer registration requirement does not apply in respect of a trade in a security of an investment fund if all of the following apply:
 - (a) the fund is administered by a trust company or trust corporation that is registered or authorized by an enactment of Canada or a jurisdiction of Canada to carry on business in Canada or a jurisdiction of Canada;
 - (b) the fund has no promoter or investment fund manager other than the trust company or trust corporation referred to in paragraph (a);
 - (c) the fund commingles the money of different estates and trusts for the purpose of facilitating investment.
- (2) Despite subsection (1), a trust company or trust corporation registered under the laws of Prince Edward Island that is not registered under the *Trust and Loan Companies Act* (Canada) or under comparable legislation in another jurisdiction of Canada is not a trust company or trust corporation for the purpose of paragraph (1)(a).

8.12 Mortgages

- (1) In this section, "syndicated mortgage" means a mortgage in which two or more persons or companies participate, directly or indirectly, as lenders in the debt obligation that is secured by the mortgage.
- Subject to subsection (3), the dealer registration requirement does not apply in respect of a trade in a mortgage on real property in a jurisdiction of Canada by a person or company who is registered or licensed, or exempted from registration or licensing, under mortgage brokerage or mortgage dealer legislation of that jurisdiction.
- (3) In Alberta, British Columbia, Manitoba, New Brunswick, Québec and Saskatchewan, subsection (2) does not apply in respect of a trade in a syndicated mortgage.
- (4) This section does not apply in Ontario.

Note: In Ontario a similar exemption from the dealer registration requirement is provided under subsection 35(4) of the Securities Act (Ontario).

8.13 Personal property security legislation

- (1) The dealer registration requirement does not apply in respect of a trade to a person or company, other than an individual in a security evidencing indebtedness secured by or under a security agreement, secured in accordance with personal property security legislation of a jurisdiction of Canada that provides for the granting of security in personal property.
- (2) This section does not apply in Ontario.

Note: In Ontario a similar exemption from the dealer registration requirement is provided under subsection 35(2) of the Securities Act (Ontario).

8.14 Variable insurance contract

(1) In this section

"contract", "group insurance", "insurance company", "life insurance" and "policy" have the respective meanings assigned to them in the legislation referenced opposite the name of the local jurisdiction in Appendix A of National Instrument 45-106 *Prospectus Exemptions*:

"variable insurance contract" means a contract of life insurance under which the interest of the purchaser is valued for purposes of conversion or surrender by reference to the value of a proportionate interest in a specified portfolio of assets.

- (2) The dealer registration requirement does not apply in respect of a trade in a variable insurance contract by an insurance company if the variable insurance contract is
 - (a) a contract of group insurance,

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- (b) a whole life insurance contract providing for the payment at maturity of an amount not less than 75% of the premium paid up to age 75 years for a benefit payable at maturity,
- (c) an arrangement for the investment of policy dividends and policy proceeds in a separate and distinct fund to which contributions are made only from policy dividends and policy proceeds, or
- (d) a variable life annuity.

8.15 Schedule III banks and cooperative associations - evidence of deposit

- (1) The dealer registration requirement does not apply in respect of a trade in an evidence of deposit issued by a Schedule III bank or an association governed by the *Cooperative Credit Associations Act* (Canada).
- (2) This section does not apply in Ontario or Alberta.

Note: In Ontario, subsection 8.15(1) is not required because the security described in the exemption is excluded from the definition of "security" in subsection 1(1) of the Securities Act (Ontario).

In Alberta, subsection 8.15(1) is not required because the exemption is provided under subsection 1(ggg)(v)(B) of the Securities Act (Alberta).

8.16 Plan administrator

(1) In this section

"consultant" has the same meaning as in section 2.22 of National Instrument 45-106 Prospectus Exemptions;

"executive officer" has the same meaning as in section 1.1 of National Instrument 45-106 Prospectus Exemptions;

"permitted assign" has the same meaning as in section 2.22 of National Instrument 45-106 Prospectus Exemptions;

"plan" means a plan or program established or maintained by an issuer providing for the acquisition of securities of the issuer by employees, executive officers, directors or consultants of the issuer or of a related entity of the issuer;

"plan administrator" means a trustee, custodian, or administrator, acting on behalf of, or for the benefit of, employees, executive officers, directors or consultants of an issuer or of a related entity of an issuer;

"related entity" has the same meaning as in section 2.22 of National Instrument 45-106 Prospectus Exemptions.

- The dealer registration requirement does not apply in respect of a trade made pursuant to a plan of the issuer in a security of an issuer, or an option to acquire a security of the issuer, made by the issuer, a control person of the issuer, a related entity of the issuer, or a plan administrator of the issuer with any of the following:
 - (a) the issuer;
 - (b) a current or former employee, executive officer, director or consultant of the issuer or a related entity of the issuer:
 - (c) a permitted assign of a person or company referred to in paragraph (b).
- The dealer registration requirement does not apply in respect of a trade in a security of an issuer, or an option to acquire a security of the issuer, made by a plan administrator of the issuer if
 - (a) the trade is pursuant to a plan of the issuer, and
 - (b) the conditions in section 2.14 of National Instrument 45-102 Resale of Securities are satisfied.

8.17 Reinvestment plan

(1) Subject to subsections (3), (4) and (5), the dealer registration requirement does not apply in respect of the following trades by an issuer, or by a trustee, custodian or administrator acting for or on behalf of the issuer, to a security holder of the issuer if the trades are permitted by a plan of the issuer:

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- (a) a trade in a security of the issuer's own issue if a dividend or distribution out of earnings, surplus, capital or other sources payable in respect of the issuer's securities is applied to the purchase of the security;
- (b) subject to subsection (2), a trade in a security of the issuer's own issue if the security holder makes an optional cash payment to purchase the security of the issuer that trades on a marketplace.
- The aggregate number of securities issued under the optional cash payment referred to in paragraph (1)(b) must not exceed, in any financial year of the issuer during which the trade takes place, 2% of the issued and outstanding securities of the class to which the plan relates as at the beginning of the financial year.
- A plan that permits the trades described in subsection (1) must be available to every security holder in Canada to which the dividend or distribution out of earnings, surplus, capital or other sources is available.
- (4) This section is not available in respect of a trade in a security of an investment fund.
- Subject to section 8.4 [transition reinvestment plan] of National Instrument 45-106 Prospectus Exemptions, if the security traded under a plan described in subsection (1) is of a different class or series than the class or series of the security to which the dividend or distribution is attributable, the issuer or the trustee, custodian or administrator must have provided to each participant that is eligible to receive a security under the plan either a description of the material attributes and characteristics of the security traded under the plan or notice of a source from which the participant can obtain the information without charge.

8.18 International dealer

(1) In this section

"foreign security" means

- (a) a security issued by an issuer incorporated, formed or created under the laws of a foreign jurisdiction, or
- (b) a security issued by a government of a foreign jurisdiction.
- (2) Subject to subsections (3) and (4), the dealer registration requirement does not apply in respect of any of the following:
 - (a) an activity, other than a sale of a security, that is reasonably necessary to facilitate a distribution of securities that are offered primarily in a foreign jurisdiction;
 - (b) a trade in a debt security with a permitted client during the security's distribution, if the debt security
 - (i) is denominated in a currency other than the Canadian dollar, or
 - (ii) <u>is or was originally</u> offered primarily in a foreign jurisdiction and a prospectus has not been filed with a Canadian securities regulatory authority for the distribution;
 - (c) a trade in a debt security that is a foreign security with a permitted client, other than during the security's distribution;
 - (d) a trade in a foreign security with a permitted client, unless the trade is made during the security's distribution under a prospectus that has been filed with a Canadian securities regulatory authority:
 - (e) a trade in a foreign security with an investment dealer;
 - (f) a trade in any security with an investment dealer that is purchasing as principal.
- (3) The exemption under subsection (2) is not available to a person or company unless all of the following apply:
 - (a) the head office or principal place of business of the person or company is in a foreign jurisdiction;
 - (b) the person or company is registered under the securities legislation of the foreign jurisdiction in which its head office or principal place of business is located in a category of registration that permits it to carry on the activities in that jurisdiction that registration as a dealer would permit it to carry on in the local jurisdiction;

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- (c) the person or company engages in the business of a dealer in the foreign jurisdiction in which its head office or principal place of business is located;
- (d) the person or company is trading as principal or agent for
 - (i) the issuer of the securities,
 - (ii) a permitted client, or
 - (iii) a person or company that is not a resident of Canada;
- (e) the person or company has submitted to the securities regulatory authority a completed Form 31-103F2 Submission to Jurisdiction and Appointment of Agent for Service.
- The exemption under subsection (2) is not available to a person or company in respect of a trade with a permitted client unless one of the following applies:
 - (a) the permitted client is a person or company registered under the securities legislation of a jurisdiction of Canada as an adviser or dealer;
 - (b) the person or company has notified the permitted client of all of the following:
 - (i) the person or company is not registered in the local jurisdiction to make the trade;
 - the foreign jurisdiction in which the head office or principal place of business of the person or company is located;
 - (iii) all or substantially all of the assets of the person or company may be situated outside of Canada;
 - (iv) there may be difficulty enforcing legal rights against the person or company because of the above;
 - (v) the name and address of the agent for service of process of the person or company in the local jurisdiction.
- (5) A person or company that relied on the exemption in subsection (2) during the 12-month period preceding December 1 of a year must notify the regulator or, in Québec, the securities regulatory authority of that fact by December 1 of that year.
- (6) In Ontario, subsection (5) does not apply to a person or company that complies with the filing and fee payment requirements applicable to an unregistered exempt international firm under Ontario Securities Commission Rule 13-502 Fees.
- (7) The adviser registration requirement does not apply to a person or company that is exempt from the dealer registration requirement under this section if the person or company provides advice to a client and the advice is
 - (a) in connection with an activity or trade described under subsection (2), and
 - (b) not in respect of a managed account of the client.

8.19 Self-directed registered education savings plan

(1) In this section

"self-directed RESP" means an educational savings plan registered under the Income Tax Act (Canada)

- (a) that is structured so that contributions by a subscriber to the plan are deposited directly into an account in the name of the subscriber, and
- (b) under which the subscriber maintains control and direction over the plan that enables the subscriber to direct how the assets of the plan are to be held, invested or reinvested subject to compliance with the *Income Tax Act* (Canada).

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- The dealer registration requirement does not apply in respect of a trade in a self-directed RESP to a subscriber if both of the following apply:
 - (a) the trade is made by any of the following:
 - (i) a dealing representative of a mutual fund dealer who is acting on behalf of the mutual fund dealer in respect of securities listed in paragraph 7.1(2)(b);
 - (ii) a Canadian financial institution;
 - (iii) in Ontario, a financial intermediary;
 - (b) the self-directed RESP restricts its investments in securities to securities in which the person or company who trades the self-directed RESP is permitted to trade.

8.20 Exchange contract – Alberta, British Columbia, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia and Saskatchewan

- (1) In Alberta, British Columbia, New Brunswick. Nova Scotia and Saskatchewan, the dealer registration requirement does not apply to a person or company in respect of a trade in an exchange contract by the person or company if one of the following applies:
 - (a) the trade is made through a registered dealer, if the dealer is registered in a category that permits the trade unless, in furtherance of the trade, the person or company seeking the exemption solicits or contacts directly any purchaser or prospective purchaser in relation to the trade;
 - (b) the trade is made to a registered dealer who is purchasing as principal, if the dealer is registered in a category that permits the trade.
- (2) [repealed]
- (3) [repealed]
- 8.20.1 Exchange contract trades through or to a registered dealer Alberta, British Columbia, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia and Saskatchewan

The New In Alberta, British Columbia, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia and Saskatchewan, the dealer registration requirement does not apply to a registered adviser, or an advising representative or associate advising representative acting on behalf of the registered adviser, in respect of trading activities related to exchange contracts that are incidental to its providing advice to a client, if the trade is made through a dealer registered in a category that permits the trade, or a dealer operating under an exemption from the dealer registration requirement.

8.21 Specified debt

(1) In this section

"permitted supranational agency" means any of the following:

- (a) the African Development Bank, established by the Agreement Establishing the African Development Bank which came into force on September 10. 1964, that Canada became a member of on December 30. 1982:
- (b) the Asian Development Bank, established under a resolution adopted by the United Nations Economic and Social Commission for Asia and the Pacific in 1965;
- (c) the Caribbean Development Bank, established by the Agreement Establishing the Caribbean Development Bank which came into force on January 26, 1970, as amended, that Canada is a founding member of;
- (d) the European Bank for Reconstruction and Development, established by the Agreement Establishing the European Bank for Reconstruction and Development and approved by the European Bank for Reconstruction and Development Agreement Act (Canada), that Canada is a founding member of;
- (e) the Inter-American Development Bank, established by the Agreement establishing the Inter-American Development Bank which became effective December 30, 1959, as amended from time to time, that Canada is a member of:

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- (f) the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development, established by the Agreement for an International Bank for Reconstruction and Development approved by the *Bretton Woods and Related Agreements Act* (Canada);
- (g) the International Finance Corporation, established by Articles of Agreement approved by the *Bretton Woods* and *Related Agreements Act* (Canada).
- (2) The dealer registration requirement does not apply in respect of a trade in any of the following:
 - (a) a debt security issued by or guaranteed by the Government of Canada or the government of a jurisdiction of Canada:
 - (b) a debt security issued by or guaranteed by a government of a foreign jurisdiction if the debt security has a designated rating from a designated rating organization or its DRO affiliate;
 - (c) a debt security issued by or guaranteed by a municipal corporation in Canada;
 - (d) a debt security secured by or payable out of rates or taxes levied under the law of a jurisdiction of Canada on property in the jurisdiction and collectible by or through the municipality in which the property is situated;
 - (e) a debt security issued by or guaranteed by a Canadian financial institution or a Schedule III bank, other than debt securities that are subordinate in right of payment to deposits held by the issuer or guarantor of those debt securities;
 - (f) a debt security issued by the Comité de gestion de la taxe scolaire de l'île de Montréal;
 - (g) a debt security issued by or guaranteed by a permitted supranational agency if the debt securities are payable in the currency of Canada or the United States of America.
- (3) Paragraphs (2)(a), (c) and (d) do not apply in Ontario.

Note: In Ontario, exemptions from the dealer registration requirement similar to those in paragraphs 8.21(a), (c) and (d) are provided under paragraph 2 of subsection 35(1) of the Securities Act (Ontario).

8.22 Small security holder selling and purchase arrangements

(1) In this section

"exchange" means

- (a) TSX Inc.,
- (b) TSX Venture Exchange Inc., or
- (c) an exchange that
 - (i) has a policy that is substantially similar to the policy of the TSX Inc., and
 - (ii) is designated by the securities regulatory authority for the purpose of this section;

"policy" means,

- (a) in the case of TSX Inc., sections 638 and 639 [Odd lot selling and purchase arrangements] of the TSX Company Manual, as amended from time to time,
- (b) in the case of the TSX Venture Exchange Inc., Policy 5.7 Small Shareholder Selling and Purchase Arrangements, as amended from time to time, or
- (c) in the case of an exchange referred to in paragraph (c) of the definition of "exchange", the rule, policy or other similar instrument of the exchange on small shareholder selling and purchase arrangements.

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- The dealer registration requirement does not apply in respect of a trade by an issuer or its agent, in securities of the issuer that are listed on an exchange, if all of the following apply:
 - (a) the trade is an act in furtherance of participation by the holders of the securities in an arrangement that is in accordance with the policy of that exchange;
 - (b) the issuer and its agent do not provide advice to a security holder about the security holder's participation in the arrangement referred to in paragraph (a), other than a description of the arrangement's operation, procedures for participation in the arrangement, or both;
 - (c) the trade is made in accordance with the policy of that exchange, without resort to an exemption from, or variation of, the significant subject matter of the policy;
 - (d) at the time of the trade after giving effect to a purchase under the arrangement, the market value of the maximum number of securities that a security holder is permitted to hold in order to be eligible to participate in the arrangement is not more than \$25,000.
- For the purposes of paragraph (2)(c), an exemption from, or variation of, the maximum number of securities that a security holder is permitted to hold under a policy in order to be eligible to participate in the arrangement provided for in the policy is not an exemption from, or variation of, the significant subject matter of the policy.

8.22.1 Short-term debt

- (1) In this section "short-term debt instrument" means a negotiable promissory note or commercial paper maturing not more than one year from the date of issue.
- (2) Except in Ontario, the dealer registration requirement does not apply to any of the following in respect of a trade in a short-term debt instrument with a permitted client:
 - (a) a bank listed in Schedule I, II or III to the Bank Act (Canada);
 - (b) an association to which the *Cooperative Credit Associations Act* (Canada) applies or a central cooperative credit society for which an order has been made under subsection 473 (1) of that Act;
 - (c) a loan corporation, trust company, trust corporation, insurance company, treasury branch, credit union, caisse populaire, financial services cooperative or credit union league or federation that is authorized by a statute of Canada or of a jurisdiction in Canada to carry on business in Canada or in any jurisdiction in Canada, as the case may be:
 - (d) the Business Development Bank of Canada;
- (3) The exemption under subsection (2) is not available to a person or company if the short-term debt instrument is convertible or exchangeable into, or accompanied by a right to purchase, another security other than another shortterm debt instrument.

Note: In Ontario, an exemption from the dealer registration requirement similar to that in section 8.22.1 is provided under section 35.1 of the Securities Act (Ontario).

Division 2 Exemptions from adviser registration

8.22.2 General condition to adviser registration requirement exemptions

The exemptions in this Division are not available to a person or company if the person or company is registered in the local jurisdiction in a category of registration that permits the person or company to act as an adviser in respect of the activities for which the exemption is provided.

8.23 Dealer without discretionary authority

The adviser registration requirement does not apply to a registered dealer, or a dealing representative acting on behalf of the dealer, that provides advice to a client if the advice is

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- (a) in connection with a trade in a security that the dealer and the representative are permitted to make under his, her or its registration,
- (b) provided by the representative, and
- (c) not in respect of a managed account of the client.

8.24 IIROC members with discretionary authority

The adviser registration requirement does not apply to a registered dealer, or a dealing representative acting on behalf of the dealer, that acts as an adviser in respect of a client's managed account if the registered dealer is an investment dealer that is a member of IIROC and the advising activities are conducted in accordance with the rules of IIROC.

8.25 Advising generally

- (1) For the purposes of subsections (3) and (4), "financial or other interest" includes the following:
 - (a) ownership, beneficial or otherwise, in the security or in another security issued by the same issuer;
 - (b) an option in respect of the security or another security issued by the same issuer;
 - (c) a commission or other compensation received, or expected to be received, from any person or company in connection with the trade in the security;
 - (d) a financial arrangement regarding the security with any person or company;
 - (e) a financial arrangement with any underwriter or other person or company who has any interest in the security.
- (2) The adviser registration requirement does not apply to a person or company that acts as an adviser if the advice the person or company provides does not purport to be tailored to the needs of the person or company receiving the advice.
- (3) If a person or company that is exempt under subsection (2) recommends buying, selling or holding a specified security, a class of securities or the securities of a class of issuers in which any of the following has a financial or other interest, the person or company must disclose the interest concurrently with providing the advice:
 - (a) the person or company;
 - (b) any partner, director or officer of the person or company;
 - (c) any other person or company that would be an insider of the first-mentioned person or company if the first-mentioned person or company were a reporting issuer.
- (4) If the financial or other interest of the person or company includes an interest in an option described in paragraph (b) of the definition of "financial or other interest" in subsection (1), the disclosure required by subsection (3) must include a description of the terms of the option.
- (5) This section does not apply in Ontario.

Note: In Ontario, measures similar to those in section 8.25 are in section 34 of the Securities Act (Ontario).

8.26 International adviser

- (1) Despite section 1.2, in Alberta, British Columbia, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia and Saskatchewan, a reference to "securities" in this section excludes "exchange contracts".
- (2) In this section

"aggregate consolidated gross revenue" does not include the gross revenue of an affiliate of the adviser if the affiliate is registered in a jurisdiction of Canada;

"foreign security" means

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- (a) a security issued by an issuer incorporated, formed or created under the laws of a foreign jurisdiction, and
- (b) a security issued by a government of a foreign jurisdiction;
- The adviser registration requirement does not apply to a person or company if either of the following applies:
 - (a) The adviser registration requirement does not apply to a person or company in respect of its acting as an adviser to a permitted client, other thanthe person or company provides advice on a foreign security to a permitted client that is a person or companynot registered under the securities legislation of a jurisdiction of Canada as an adviser or dealer, if the adviser does not advise that client on securities of Canadian issuers, unless providing that;
 - (b) the person or company provides advice on a security that is not a foreign security and the to its providing advice on a foreign security the advice referred to in paragraph (a).
- (4) The exemption under subsection (3) is not available unless all of the following apply:
 - (a) the adviser's head office or principal place of business is in a foreign jurisdiction;
 - (b) the adviser is registered in a category of registration, or operates under an exemption from registration, under the securities legislation of the foreign jurisdiction in which its head office or principal place of business is located, that permits it to carry on the activities in that jurisdiction that registration as an adviser would permit it to carry on in the local jurisdiction;
 - (c) the adviser engages in the business of an adviser in the foreign jurisdiction in which its head office or principal place of business is located;
 - (d) as at the end of its most recently completed financial year, not more than 10% of the aggregate consolidated gross revenue of the adviser, its affiliates and its affiliated partnerships was derived from the portfolio management activities of the adviser, its affiliates and its affiliated partnerships in Canada;
 - (e) before advising a client, the adviser notifies the client of all of the following:
 - the adviser is not registered in the local jurisdiction to provide the advice described under subsection
 (3);
 - (ii) the foreign jurisdiction in which the adviser's head office or principal place of business is located;
 - (iii) all or substantially all of the adviser's assets may be situated outside of Canada;
 - (iv) there may be difficulty enforcing legal rights against the adviser because of the above;
 - (v) the name and address of the adviser's agent for service of process in the local jurisdiction;
 - (f) the adviser has submitted to the securities regulatory authority a completed Form 31-103F2 Submission to jurisdiction and appointment of agent for service.
- (5) A person or company that relied on the exemption in subsection (3) during the 12 month period preceding December 1 of a year must notify the regulator, or, in Québec, the securities regulatory authority of that fact by December 1 of that year.
- (6) In Ontario, subsection (5) does not apply to a person or company that complies with the filing and fee payment requirements applicable to an unregistered exempt international firm under Ontario Securities Commission Rule 13-502 Fees.

8.26.1 International sub-adviser

- (1) The adviser registration requirement does not apply to a sub-adviser if all of the following apply:
 - (a) the obligations and duties of the sub-adviser are set out in a written agreement with the registered adviser or registered dealer;

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- (b) the registered adviser or registered dealer has entered into a written agreement with its clients on whose behalf investment advice is or portfolio management services are to be provided, agreeing to be responsible for any loss that arises out of the failure of the sub-adviser
 - to exercise the powers and discharge the duties of its office honestly, in good faith and in the best interests of the registrant and each client of the registrant for whose benefit the advice is or portfolio management services are to be provided, or
 - (ii) to exercise the degree of care, diligence and skill that a reasonably prudent person would exercise in the circumstances.
- (2) The exemption under subsection (1) is not available unless all of the following apply:
 - (a) the sub-adviser's head office or principal place of business is in a foreign jurisdiction;
 - (b) the sub-adviser is registered in a category of registration, or operates under an exemption from registration, under the securities legislation of the foreign jurisdiction in which its head office or principal place of business is located, that permits it to carry on the activities in that jurisdiction that registration as an adviser would permit it to carry on in the local jurisdiction;
 - (c) the sub-adviser engages in the business of an adviser in the foreign jurisdiction in which its head office or principal place of business is located.

Division 3 Exemptions from investment fund manager registration

8.26.2 General condition to investment fund manager registration requirement exemptions

The exemptions in this Division are not available to a person or company if the person or company is registered in the local jurisdiction as an investment fund manager.

8.27 Private investment club

The investment fund manager registration requirement does not apply to a person or company in respect of its acting as an investment fund manager for an investment fund if all of the following apply:

- (a) the fund has no more than 50 beneficial security holders;
- (b) the fund does not seek and has never sought to borrow money from the public;
- (c) the fund does not distribute and has never distributed its securities to the public;
- (d) the fund does not pay or give any remuneration for investment management or administration advice in respect of trades in securities, except normal brokerage fees;
- (e) the fund, for the purpose of financing its operations, requires security holders to make contributions in proportion to the value of the securities held by them.

8.28 Capital accumulation plan

(1) In this section

"capital accumulation plan" means a tax assisted investment or savings plan, including a defined contribution registered pension plan, a group registered retirement savings plan, a group registered education savings plan, or a deferred profit-sharing plan, that permits a plan member to make investment decisions among two or more investment options offered within the plan, and in Québec and Manitoba, includes a simplified pension plan;

"plan member" means a person that has assets in a capital accumulation plan;

"plan sponsor" means an employer, trustee, trade union or association or a combination of them that establishes a capital accumulation plan, and includes a plan service provider to the extent that the plan sponsor has delegated its responsibilities to the plan service provider; and

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"plan service provider" means a person that provides services to a plan sponsor to design, establish, or operate a capital accumulation plan.

The investment fund manager registration requirement does not apply to a plan sponsor or their plan service provider in respect of activities related to a capital accumulation plan.

8.29 Private investment fund – loan and trust pools

- (1) The investment fund manager registration requirement does not apply to a trust company or trust corporation that administers an investment fund if all of the following apply:
 - (a) the trust company or trust corporation is registered or authorized by an enactment of Canada or a jurisdiction of Canada to carry on business in Canada or a jurisdiction of Canada;
 - (b) the fund has no promoter or investment fund manager other than the trust company or trust corporation;
 - (c) the fund commingles the money of different estates and trusts for the purpose of facilitating investment.
- (2) The exemption in subsection (1) is not available to a trust company or trust corporation registered under the laws of Prince Edward Island unless it is also registered under the *Trust and Loan Companies Act* (Canada) or under comparable legislation in another jurisdiction of Canada.
- (3) This section does not apply in Ontario.

Note: In Ontario, section 35.1 of the Securities Act (Ontario) provides a general exemption from the registration requirement for trust companies, trust corporations and other specified financial institutions.

Division 4 Mobility exemption – firms

8.30 Client mobility exemption - firms

The dealer registration requirement and the adviser registration requirement do not apply to a person or company if all of the following apply:

- (a) the person or company is registered as a dealer or adviser in its principal jurisdiction;
- (b) the person or company does not act as a dealer, underwriter or adviser in the local jurisdiction other than as it is permitted to in its principal jurisdiction according to its registration;
- (c) the person or company does not act as a dealer, underwriter or adviser in the local jurisdiction other than in respect of 10 or fewer eligible clients:
- (d) the person or company complies with Parts 13 Dealing with clients individuals and firms and 14 Handling client accounts firms;
- (e) the person or company deals fairly, honestly and in good faith in the course of its dealings with an eligible client.

Part 9 Membership in a self-regulatory organization

9.1 IIROC membership for investment dealers

An investment dealer must not act as a dealer unless the investment dealer is a "dealer member", as defined under the rules of IIROC.

9.2 MFDA membership for mutual fund dealers

Except in Québec, a mutual fund dealer must not act as a dealer unless the mutual fund dealer is a "member", as defined under the rules of the MFDA.

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9.3 Exemptions from certain requirements for IIROC members

- (1) Unless it is also registered as an investment fund manager, <u>a registered firman investment dealer</u> that is a member of IIROC is exempt from the following requirements:
 - (a) section 12.1 [capital requirements];
 - (b) section 12.2 [subordination agreement];
 - (c) section 12.3 [insurance dealer];
 - (d) section 12.6 [global bonding or insurance];
 - (e) section 12.7 [notifying the regulator of a change, claim or cancellation];
 - (f) section 12.10 [annual financial statements];
 - (g) section 12.11 [interim financial information];
 - (h) section 12.12 [delivering financial information dealer];
 - (i) subsection 13.2(3) [know your client];
 - (j) section 13.3 [suitability];
 - (k) section 13.12 [restriction on lending to clients];
 - (I) section 13.13 [disclosure when recommending the use of borrowed money];
 - (I.1) section 13.15 [handling complaints];
 - (m) <u>subsections 14.2(2) to (6) [relationship disclosure information];</u>
 - (m.1) section 14.2.1 [pre-trade disclosure of charges];
 - (m.2) section 14.5.2 [restriction on self-custody and qualified custodian requirement];
 - (m.3) section 14.5.3 [cash and securities held by a qualified custodian];
 - (n) section 14.6 [holding-client and investment fund assets held by a registered firm in trust];
 - (n.1) section 14.6.1 [custodial provisions relating to certain margin or security interests];
 - (n.2) section 14.6.2 [custodial provisions relating to short sales];
 - (o) section 14.8 [securities subject to a safekeeping agreement]; [repealed]
 - (p) section 14.9 [securities not subject to a safekeeping agreement]; [repealed]
 - (p.1) section 14.11.1 [determining market value];
 - (q) section 14.12 [content and delivery of trade confirmation];
 - (r) section 14.14 [account statements];
 - (s) section 14.14.1 [additional statements];
 - (t) section 14.14.2 [security position cost information];
 - (u) section 14.17 [report on charges and other compensation];
 - (v) section 14.18 [investment performance report];

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- (w) section 14.19 [content of investment performance report];
- (x) section 14.20 [delivery of report on charges and other compensation and investment performance report].
- (1.1) Subsection (1) only applies to a registered firm in respect of a requirement specified in any of paragraphs (1)(a) to (♠∑) if the registered firm complies with the corresponding IIROC provisions that are in effect.
- (2) If a registered firm an investment dealer is a member of IIROC and is registered as an investment fund manager, the firm is exempt from the following requirements:
 - (a) section 12.3 [insurance dealer];
 - (b) section 12.6 [global bonding or insurance];
 - (c) section 12.12 [delivering financial information dealer];
 - (d) subsection 13.2(3) [know your client];
 - (e) section 13.3 [suitability];
 - (f) section 13.12 [restriction on lending to clients];
 - (g) section 13.13 [disclosure when recommending the use of borrowed money];
 - (h) section 13.15 [handling complaints];
 - (i) <u>subsectionsubsections</u> 14.2(2) to (6) [relationship disclosure information];
 - (i.1) section 14.2.1 [pre-trade disclosure of charges];
 - (i.2) section 14.5.2 [restriction on self-custody and qualified custodian requirement];
 - (i.3) section 14.5.3 [cash and securities held by a qualified custodian]:
 - (j) section 14.6 [holding-client and investment fund assets held by a registered firm in trust];
 - (j.1) section 14.6.1 [custodial provisions relating to certain margin or security interests];
 - (j.2) section 14.6.2 [custodial provisions relating to short sales];
 - (k) section 14.8 [securities subject to a safekeeping agreement]; [repealed]
 - (I) section 14.9 [securities not subject to a safekeeping agreement]; [repealed]
 - (I.1) section 14.11.1 [determining market value];
 - (m) section 14.12 [content and delivery of trade confirmation];
 - (n) section 14.17 [report on charges and other compensation];
 - (o) section 14.18 [investment performance report];
 - (p) section 14.19 [content of investment performance report];
 - (q) section 14.20 [delivery of report on charges and other compensation and investment performance report].
- (2.1) Subsection (2) only applies to a registered firm in respect of a requirement specified in any of paragraphs (2)(a) to (mg) if the registered firm complies with the corresponding IIROC provisions that are in effect.
- (3) [repealed]
- (4) [repealed]

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- (5) [repealed]
- (6) [repealed]
- 9.4 Exemptions from certain requirements for MFDA members
- (1) Unless it is also registered as an exempt market dealer, a scholarship plan dealer or an investment fund manager, a registered firm mutual fund dealer that is a member of the MFDA is exempt from the following requirements:
 - (a) section 12.1 [capital requirements];
 - (b) section 12.2 [subordination agreement];
 - (c) section 12.3 [insurance dealer];
 - (d) section 12.6 [global bonding or insurance];
 - (e) section 12.7 [notifying the regulator of a change, claim or cancellation];
 - (f) section 12.10 [annual financial statements];
 - (g) section 12.11 [interim financial information];
 - (h) section 12.12 [delivering financial information dealer];
 - (i) section 13.3 [suitability];
 - (j) section 13.12 [restriction on lending to clients];
 - (k) section 13.13 [disclosure when recommending the use of borrowed money];
 - (I) section 13.15 [handling complaints];
 - (m) subsections 14.2(2), (3) and (5.1) [relationship disclosure information];
 - (m.1) section 14.2.1 [pre-trade disclosure of charges];
 - (m.2) section 14.5.2 [restriction on self-custody and qualified custodian requirement];
 - (m.3) section 14.5.3 [cash and securities held by a qualified custodian];
 - (n) section 14.6 [helding-client and investment fund assets held by a registered firm in trust];
 - (n.1) section 14.6.1 [custodial provisions relating to certain margin or security interests];
 - (n.2) section 14.6.2 [custodial provisions relating to short sales];
 - (o) section 14.8 [securities subject to a safekeeping agreement]; [repealed]
 - (p) section 14.9 [securities not subject to a safekeeping agreement]; [repealed]
 - (p.1) section 14.11.1 [determining market value];
 - (q) section 14.12 [content and delivery of trade confirmation]:
 - (r) section 14.14 [account statements];
 - (s) section 14.14.1 [additional statements];
 - (t) section 14.14.2 [security position cost information];
 - (u) section 14.17 [report on charges and other compensation];

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- (v) section 14.18 [investment performance report];
- (w) section 14.19 [content of investment performance report]:
- (x) section 14.20 [delivery of report on charges and other compensation and investment performance report].
- (1.1) Subsection (1) only applies to a registered firm in respect of a requirement specified in any of paragraphs (1)(a) to (♠∑) if the registered firm complies with the corresponding MFDA provisions that are in effect.
- (2) If a registered firm is a mutual fund dealer that is a member of the MFDA and is registered as an exempt market dealer, scholarship plan dealer or investment fund manager, the firm is exempt from the following requirements:
 - (a) section 12.3 [insurance dealer];
 - (b) section 12.6 [global bonding or insurance];
 - (c) section 13.3 [suitability];
 - (d) section 13.12 [restriction on lending to clients];
 - (e) section 13.13 [disclosure when recommending the use of borrowed money];
 - (f) section 13.15 [handling complaints];
 - (g) <u>subsectionsubsections</u> 14.2(2), (3) and (5.1) [relationship disclosure information];
 - (g.1) section 14.2.1 [pre-trade disclosure of charges];
 - (g.2) section 14.5.2 [restriction on self-custody and qualified custodian requirement];
 - (g.3) section 14.5.3 [cash and securities held by a qualified custodian];
 - (h) section 14.6 [helding-client and investment fund assets held by a registered firm in trust];
 - (h.1) section 14.6.1 [custodial provisions relating to certain margin or security interests];
 - (h.2) section 14.6.2 [custodial provisions relating to short sales];
 - (i) section 14.8 [securities subject to a safekeeping agreement]; [repealed]
 - (i) section 14.9 [securities not subject to a safekeeping agreement]:[repealed]
 - (j.1) section 14.11.1 [determining market value];
 - (k) section 14.12 [content and delivery of trade confirmation];
 - (I) section 14.17 [report on charges and other compensation];
 - (m) section 14.18 [investment performance report];
 - (n) section 14.19 [content of investment performance report];
 - (o) section 14.20 [delivery of report on charges and other compensation and investment performance report].
- (2.1) Subsection (2) only applies to a registered firm in respect of a requirement specified in any of paragraphs (2)(a) to (ko) if the registered firm complies with the corresponding MFDA provisions that are in effect.
- (3) Subsections (1) and (2) do not apply in Québec.
- (4) In Québec, the requirements listed in subsection (1), other than paragraph (1)(h), do not apply to a mutual fund dealer to the extent equivalent requirements to those listed in subsection (1) are applicable to the mutual fund dealer under the regulations in Québec.

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Part 10 Suspension and revocation of registration – firms

Division 1 When a firm's registration is suspended

10.1 Failure to pay fees

- (1) In this section, "annual fees" means
 - in Alberta, the fees required under section 2.15 of the Schedule Fees in Alta. Reg. 115/95 Securities Regulation ASC Rule 13-501 Fees,
 - (b) in British Columbia, the annual fees required under section 22 of the Securities Regulation, B.C. Reg. 196/97,
 - (c) in Manitoba, the fees required under paragraph 1.(2)(a) of the Manitoba Fee Regulation, M.R 491\88R,
 - (d) in New Brunswick, the fees required under section 2.2 (c) of Local Rule 11-501 Fees,
 - (e) in Newfoundland and Labrador, the fees required under section 143 of the Securities Act,
 - (f) in Nova Scotia, the fees required under Part XIV of the Regulations,
 - (g) in Northwest Territories, the fees required under sections 1(c) and 1(e) of the Securities Fee regulations, R-066-2008;
 - (h) in Nunavut, the fees required under section 1(a) of the Schedule to R-003-2003 to the Securities Fee regulation, R.R.N.W.T. 1990, c.20,
 - (i) in Prince Edward Island, the fees required under section 175 of the Securities Act R.S.P.E.I., Cap. S-3.1,
 - (j) in Québec, the fees required under section 271.5 of the Québec Securities Regulation,
 - (k) in Saskatchewan, the annual registration fees required under section 176 of The Securities Regulations (Saskatchewan), and
 - (I) in Yukon, the fees required under O.I.C. 2009\66, pursuant to section 168 of the Securities Act.
- (2) If a registered firm has not paid the annual fees by the 30th day after the date the annual fees were due, the registration of the firm is suspended until reinstated or revoked under securities legislation.

10.2 If IIROC membership is revoked or suspended

If IIROC revokes or suspends a registered firm's membership, the firm's registration in the category of investment dealer is suspended until reinstated or revoked under securities legislation.

10.3 If MFDA membership is revoked or suspended

Except in Québec, if the MFDA revokes or suspends a registered firm's membership, the firm's registration in the category of mutual fund dealer is suspended until reinstated or revoked under securities legislation.

10.4 Activities not permitted while a firm's registration is suspended

If a registered firm's registration in a category is suspended, the firm must not act as a dealer, an underwriter, an adviser, or an investment fund manager, as the case may be, under that category.

Division 2 Revoking a firm's registration

10.5 Revocation of a suspended registration – firm

If a registration has been suspended under this Part and it has not been reinstated, the registration is revoked on the 2nd anniversary of the suspension.

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10.6 Exception for firms involved in a hearing or proceeding

Despite section 10.5, if a hearing or proceeding concerning a suspended registrant is commenced under securities legislation or under the rules of an SRO, the registrant's registration remains suspended.

10.7 Application of Part 10 in Ontario

Other than section 10.4 [activities not permitted while a firm's registration is suspended], this Part does not apply in Ontario.

Note: In Ontario, measures governing suspension in section 29 of the Securities Act (Ontario) are similar to those in Parts 6 and 10.

Part 11 Internal controls and systems

Division 1 Compliance

11.1 Compliance system

A registered firm must establish, maintain and apply policies and procedures that establish a system of controls and supervision sufficient to

- (a) provide reasonable assurance that the firm and each individual acting on its behalf complies with securities legislation, and
- (b) manage the risks associated with its business in accordance with prudent business practices.

11.2 Designating an ultimate designated person

- (1) A registered firm must designate an individual who is registered under securities legislation in the category of ultimate designated person to perform the functions described in section 5.1 [responsibilities of the ultimate designated person].
- (2) A registered firm must designate an individual under subsection (1) who is one of the following:
 - (a) the chief executive officer of the registered firm or, if the firm does not have a chief executive officer, an individual acting in a capacity similar to a chief executive officer;
 - (b) the sole proprietor of the registered firm;
 - (c) the officer in charge of a division of the registered firm, if the activity that requires the firm to register occurs only within the division and the firm has significant other business activities.
- (3) If an individual who is registered as a registered firm's ultimate designated person ceases to meet any of the conditions listed in subsection (2), the registered firm must designate another individual to act as its ultimate designated person.

11.3 Designating a chief compliance officer

- (1) A registered firm must designate an individual who is registered under securities legislation in the category of chief compliance officer to perform the functions described in section 5.2 [responsibilities of the chief compliance officer].
- A registered firm must not designate an individual to act as the firm's chief compliance officer unless the individual has satisfied the applicable conditions in Part 3 Registration requirements individuals and the individual is one of the following:
 - (a) an officer or partner of the registered firm;
 - (b) the sole proprietor of the registered firm.
- (3) If an individual who is registered as a registered firm's chief compliance officer ceases to meet any of the conditions listed in subsection (2), the registered firm must designate another individual to act as its chief compliance officer.

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11.4 Providing access to the board of directors

A registered firm must permit its ultimate designated person and its chief compliance officer to directly access the firm's board of directors, or individuals acting in a similar capacity for the firm, at such times as the ultimate designated person or the chief compliance officer may consider necessary or advisable in view of his or her responsibilities.

Division 2 Books and records

11.5 General requirements for records

- (1) A registered firm must maintain records to
 - (a) accurately record its business activities, financial affairs, and client transactions, and
 - (b) demonstrate the extent of the firm's compliance with applicable requirements of securities legislation.
- (2) The records required under subsection (1) include, but are not limited to, records that do the following:
 - (a) permit timely creation and audit of financial statements and other financial information required to be filed or delivered to the securities regulatory authority;
 - (b) permit determination of the registered firm's capital position;
 - (c) demonstrate compliance with the registered firm's capital and insurance requirements;
 - (d) demonstrate compliance with internal control procedures;
 - (e) demonstrate compliance with the firm's policies and procedures;
 - (f) permit the identification and segregation of client cash, securities, and other property;
 - (g) identify all transactions conducted on behalf of the registered firm and each of its clients, including the parties to the transaction and the terms of the purchase or sale:
 - (h) provide an audit trail for
 - (i) client instructions and orders, and
 - (ii) each trade transmitted or executed for a client or by the registered firm on its own behalf;
 - (i) permit the generation of account activity reports for clients:
 - (j) provide securities pricing as may be required by securities legislation;
 - (k) document the opening of client accounts, including any agreements with clients;
 - (I) demonstrate compliance with sections 13.2 [know your client] and 13.3 [suitability];
 - (m) demonstrate compliance with complaint-handling requirements;
 - (n) document correspondence with clients;
 - (o) document compliance and supervision actions taken by the firm.

11.6 Form, accessibility and retention of records

- (1) A registered firm must keep a record that it is required to keep under securities legislation
 - (a) for 7 years from the date the record is created,
 - (b) in a safe location and in a durable form, and

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- (c) in a manner that permits it to be provided to the regulator or, in Québec, the securities regulatory authority in a reasonable period of time.
- A record required to be provided to the regulator or, in Québec, the securities regulatory authority must be provided in a format that is capable of being read by the regulator or the securities regulatory authority.
- (3) Paragraph (1)(c) does not apply in Ontario.

Note: In Ontario, how quickly a registered firm is required to provide information to the regulator is addressed in subsection 19(3) of the Securities Act (Ontario).

Division 3 Certain business transactions

11.7 Tied settling of securities transactions

A registered firm must not require a person or company to settle that person's or company's transaction with the registered firm through that person's or company's account at a Canadian financial institution as a condition, or on terms that would appear to a reasonable person to be a condition, of supplying a product or service, unless this method of settlement would be, to a reasonable person, necessary to provide the specific product or service that the person or company has requested.

11.8 Tied selling

A dealer, adviser or investment fund manager must not require another person or company

- (a) to buy, sell or hold a security as a condition, or on terms that would appear to a reasonable person to be a condition, of supplying or continuing to supply a product or service, or
- (b) to buy, sell or use a product or service as a condition, or on terms that would appear to a reasonable person to be a condition, of buying or selling a security.

11.9 Registrant acquiring a registered firm's securities or assets

- (1) A registrant must give the regulator or, in Québec, the securities regulatory authority written notice in accordance with subsection (2) if it proposes to acquire any of the following:
 - (a) for the first time, direct or indirect ownership, beneficial or otherwise, of 10% or more of the voting securities or other securities convertible into voting securities of
 - (i) a firm registered in any jurisdiction of Canada or any foreign jurisdiction, or
 - (ii) a person or company of which a firm registered in any jurisdiction of Canada or any foreign jurisdiction is a subsidiary;
 - (b) all or a substantial part of the assets of a firm registered in any jurisdiction of Canada or any foreign jurisdiction.
- The notice required under subsection (1) must be delivered to the regulator or, in Québec, the securities regulatory authority at least 30 days before the proposed acquisition and must include all relevant facts regarding the acquisition sufficient to enable the regulator or the securities regulatory authority to determine if the acquisition is
 - (a) likely to give rise to a conflict of interest,
 - (b) likely to hinder the registered firm in complying with securities legislation,
 - (c) inconsistent with an adequate level of investor protection, or
 - (d) otherwise prejudicial to the public interest.

(3) [repealed]

(4) Except in Ontario and British Columbia, if, within 30 days of the receipt of a notice under subsection (1), the regulator or, in Québec, the securities regulatory authority notifies the registrant making the acquisition that the regulator or, in

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Québec, the securities regulatory authority objects to the acquisition, the acquisition must not occur until the regulator or the securities regulatory authority approves it.

- (5) In Ontario, if, within 30 days of the receipt of a notice under subparagraph (1)(a)(i) or paragraph (1)(b), the regulator notifies the registrant making the acquisition that the regulator objects to the acquisition, the acquisition must not occur until the regulator approves it.
- (6) Following receipt of a notice of objection under subsection (4) or (5), the person or company who submitted the notice under subsection (1) may request an opportunity to be heard on the matter by the regulator or, in Québec, the securities regulatory authority objecting to the acquisition.

11.10 Registered firm whose securities are acquired

- A registered firm must give the regulator or, in Québec, the securities regulatory authority written notice in accordance with subsection (2) if it knows or has reason to believe that any person or company, alone or in combination with any other person or company, is about to acquire, or has acquired, for the first time, direct or indirect ownership, beneficial or otherwise, of 10% or more of the voting securities or other securities convertible into voting securities of any of the following:
 - (a) the registered firm;
 - (b) a person or company of which the registered firm is a subsidiary.
- (2) The notice required under subsection (1) must,
 - (a) be delivered to the regulator or, in Québec, the securities regulatory authority as soon as possible,
 - (b) include the name of each person or company involved in the acquisition, and
 - (c) include all facts that to the best of the registered firm's knowledge after reasonable inquiry regarding the acquisition are sufficient to enable the regulator or the securities regulatory authority to determine if the acquisition is
 - (i) likely to give rise to a conflict of interest,
 - (ii) likely to hinder the registered firm in complying with securities legislation,
 - (iii) inconsistent with an adequate level of investor protection, or
 - (iv) otherwise prejudicial to the public interest.

(3) [repealed]

- (4) This section does not apply if notice of the acquisition was provided under section 11.9 [registrant acquiring a registered firm's securities or assets].
- (5) Except in British Columbia and Ontario, if, within 30 days of the receipt of a notice under subsection (1), the regulator or the securities regulatory authority notifies the person or company making the acquisition that the regulator or, in Québec, the securities regulatory authority objects to the acquisition, the acquisition must not occur until the regulator or the securities regulatory authority approves it.
- (6) In Ontario, if, within 30 days of the receipt of a notice under paragraph (1)(a), the regulator notifies the person or company making the acquisition that the regulator objects to the acquisition, the acquisition must not occur until the regulator approves it.
- (7) Following receipt of a notice of objection under subsection (5) or (6), the person or company proposing to make the acquisition may request an opportunity to be heard on the matter by the regulator or, in Québec, the securities regulatory authority objecting to the acquisition.

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Part 12 Financial condition

Division 1 Working capital

12.1 Capital requirements

- (1) If, at any time, the excess working capital of a registered firm, as calculated in accordance with Form 31-103F1 Calculation of Excess Working Capital, is less than zero, the registered firm must notify the regulator or, in Québec, the securities regulatory authority as soon as possible.
- (2) The excess working capital of a registered firm, as calculated in accordance with Form 31-103F1 *Calculation of Excess Working Capital*, must not be less than zero for 2 consecutive days.
- (3) For the purpose of completing Form 31-103F1 Calculation of Excess Working Capital, the minimum capital is
 - (a) \$25,000, for a registered adviser that is not also a registered dealer or a registered investment fund manager,
 - (b) \$50,000, for a registered dealer that is not also a registered investment fund manager, and
 - (c) \$100,000, for a registered investment fund manager.
- (4) Paragraph (3)(c) does not apply to a registered investment fund manager that is exempt from the dealer registration requirement under section 8.6 [investment fund trades by adviser to managed account] in respect of all investment funds for which it acts as adviser.
- (5) This section does not apply to <u>a registered firman investment dealer</u> that is a member of IIROC and is registered as an investment fund manager if all of the following apply:
 - (a) the firm has a minimum capital of not less than \$100,000 as calculated in accordance with IIROC Form 1 *Joint Regulatory Financial Questionnaire and Report*;
 - (b) the firm notifies the regulator or, in Québec, the securities regulatory authority as soon as possible if, at any time, the firm's risk adjusted capital, as calculated in accordance with IIROC Form 1 *Joint Regulatory Financial Questionnaire and Report* is less than zero;
 - (c) the risk adjusted capital of the firm, as calculated in accordance with IIROC Form 1 *Joint Regulatory Financial Questionnaire and Report*, is not less than zero for 2 consecutive days.
- This section does not apply to a mutual fund dealer that is a member of the MFDA if it is also registered as an exempt market dealer, a scholarship plan dealer or an investment fund manager and if all of the following apply:
 - (a) the firm has a minimum capital, as calculated in accordance with MFDA Form 1 *MFDA Financial Questionnaire and Report*, of not less than
 - (i) \$50,000, if the firm is registered as an exempt market dealer or scholarship plan dealer,
 - (ii) \$100,000, if the firm is registered as an investment fund manager;
 - (b) the firm notifies the regulator or, in Québec, the securities regulatory authority as soon as possible if, at any time, the firm's risk adjusted capital, as calculated in accordance with MFDA Form 1 MFDA Financial Questionnaire and Report is less than zero;
 - (c) the risk adjusted capital of the firm, as calculated in accordance with MFDA Form 1 *MFDA Financial Questionnaire and Report*, is not less than zero for 2 consecutive days.

12.2 Subordination agreement

- (1) If a registered firm has entered into a subordination agreement in the form set out in Appendix B, it may exclude the amount of non-current related party debt subordinated under that agreement from the calculation of its excess working capital on Form 31-103F1 Calculation of Excess Working Capital.
- (2) The registered firm must deliver an executed copy of the subordination agreement referred to subsection (1) to the regulator or, in Québec, the securities regulatory authority on the earliest of the following dates:

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- (a) 10 days after the date on which the subordination agreement is executed;
- (b) the date on which the amount of the subordinated debt is excluded from the registered firm's non-current related party debt as calculated on Form 31-103F1 Calculation of Excess Working Capital.
- (3) The registered firm must notify the regulator or, in Québec, the securities regulatory authority 10 days before it
 - (a) repays the loan or any part of the loan, or
 - (b) terminates the agreement.

Division 2 Insurance

12.3 Insurance – dealer

- (1) A registered dealer must maintain bonding or insurance
 - (a) that contains the clauses set out in Appendix A [bonding and insurance clauses], and
 - (b) that provides for a double aggregate limit or a full reinstatement of coverage.
- A registered dealer must maintain bonding or insurance in respect of each clause set out in Appendix A in the highest of the following amounts for each clause:
 - (a) \$50,000 per employee, agent and dealing representative or \$200,000, whichever is less;
 - (b) one per cent of the total client assets that the dealer holds or has access to, as calculated using the dealer's most recent financial records, or \$25,000,000, whichever is less;
 - (c) one per cent of the dealer's total assets, as calculated using the dealer's most recent financial records, or \$25,000,000, whichever is less;
 - (d) the amount determined to be appropriate by a resolution of the dealer's board of directors, or individuals acting in a similar capacity for the firm.
- (3) In Québec, this section does not apply to a scholarship plan dealer or a mutual fund dealer registered only in Québec.

12.4 Insurance – adviser

- (1) A registered adviser must maintain bonding or insurance
 - (a) that contains the clauses set out in Appendix A [bonding and insurance clauses], and
 - (b) that provides for a double aggregate limit or a full reinstatement of coverage.
- A registered adviser that does not hold or have access to client assets must maintain bonding or insurance in respect of each clause set out in Appendix A in the amount of \$50,000 for each clause.
- A registered adviser that holds or has access to client assets must maintain bonding or insurance in respect of each clause set out in Appendix A in the highest of the following amounts for each clause:
 - (a) one per cent of assets under management that the adviser holds or has access to, as calculated using the adviser's most recent financial records, or \$25,000,000, whichever is less;
 - (b) one per cent of the adviser's total assets, as calculated using the adviser's most recent financial records, or \$25,000,000, whichever is less;
 - (c) \$200,000;
 - (d) the amount determined to be appropriate by a resolution of the adviser's board of directors or individuals acting in a similar capacity for the firm.

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12.5 Insurance – investment fund manager

- (1) A registered investment fund manager must maintain bonding or insurance
 - (a) that contains the clauses set out in Appendix A [bonding and insurance clauses], and
 - (b) that provides for a double aggregate limit or a full reinstatement of coverage.
- A registered investment fund manager must maintain bonding or insurance in respect of each clause set out in Appendix A in the highest of the following amounts for each clause:
 - (a) one per cent of assets under management, as calculated using the investment fund manager's most recent financial records, or \$25,000,000, whichever is less;
 - (b) one per cent of the investment fund manager's total assets, as calculated using the investment fund manager's most recent financial records, or \$25,000,000, whichever is less;
 - (c) \$200,000;
 - (d) the amount determined to be appropriate by a resolution of the investment fund manager's board of directors or individuals acting in a similar capacity for the firm.

12.6 Global bonding or insurance

A registered firm must not maintain bonding or insurance under this Division that benefits, or names as an insured, another person or company unless the bond provides, without regard to the claims, experience or any other factor referable to that other person or company, the following:

- (a) the registered firm has the right to claim directly against the insurer in respect of losses, and any payment or satisfaction of those losses must be made directly to the registered firm;
- (b) the individual or aggregate limits under the policy must only be affected by claims made by or on behalf of
 - (i) the registered firm, or
 - (ii) a subsidiary of the registered firm whose financial results are consolidated with those of the registered firm.

12.7 Notifying the regulator or the securities regulatory authority of a change, claim or cancellation

A registered firm must, as soon as possible, notify the regulator or, in Québec, the securities regulatory authority in writing of any change in, claim made under, or cancellation of any insurance policy required under this Division.

Division 3 Audits

12.8 Direction by the regulator or the securities regulatory authority to conduct an audit or review

A registered firm must direct its auditor in writing to conduct any audit or review required by the regulator or, in Québec, the securities regulatory authority during its registration and must deliver a copy of the direction to the regulator or the securities regulatory authority

- (a) with its application for registration, and
- (b) no later than the 10th day after the registered firm changes its auditor.

12.9 Co-operating with the auditor

A registrant must not withhold, destroy or conceal any information or documents or otherwise fail to cooperate with a reasonable request made by an auditor of the registered firm in the course of an audit.

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Division 4 Financial reporting

12.10 Annual financial statements

- (1) Annual financial statements delivered to the regulator or, in Québec, the securities regulatory authority under this Division for financial years beginning on or after January 1, 2011 must include the following:
 - (a) a statement of comprehensive income, a statement of changes in equity and a statement of cash flows, each prepared for the most recently completed financial year and the financial year immediately preceding the most recently completed financial year, if any;
 - (b) a statement of financial position, signed by at least one director of the registered firm, as at the end of the most recently completed financial year and the financial year immediately preceding the most recently completed financial year, if any;
 - (c) notes to the financial statements.
- (2) The annual financial statements delivered to the regulator or, in Québec, the securities regulatory authority under this Division must be audited.

12.11 Interim financial information

- (1) Interim financial information delivered to the regulator or, in Québec, the securities regulatory authority under this Division for interim periods relating to financial years beginning on or after January 1, 2011 may be limited to the following:
 - (a) a statement of comprehensive income for the 3-month period ending on the last day of the interim period and for the same period of the immediately preceding financial year, if any;
 - (b) a statement of financial position, signed by at least one director of the registered firm, as at the end of the interim period and as at the end of the same interim period of the immediately preceding financial year, if any.
- The interim financial information delivered to the regulator or, in Québec, the securities regulatory authority under this Division must be prepared using the same accounting principles that the registered firm uses to prepare its annual financial statements.

12.12 Delivering financial information – dealer

- A registered dealer must deliver the following to the regulator or, in Québec, the securities regulatory authority no later than the 90th day after the end of its financial year:
 - (a) its annual financial statements for the financial year;
 - (b) a completed Form 31-103F1 Calculation of Excess Working Capital, showing the calculation of the dealer's excess working capital as at the end of the financial year and as at the end of the immediately preceding financial year, if any.
- A registered dealer must deliver the following to the regulator or, in Québec, the securities regulatory authority no later than the 30th day after the end of the first, second and third interim period of its financial year:
 - (a) its interim financial information for the interim period;
 - (b) a completed Form 31-103F1 *Calculation of Excess Working Capital*, showing the calculation of the dealer's excess working capital as at the end of the interim period and as at the end of the immediately preceding interim period, if any.
- (2.1) If a registered firm is a mutual fund dealer that is a member of the MFDA and is registered as an exempt market dealer or scholarship plan dealer, the firm is exempt from paragraphs (1)(b) and (2)(b) if all of the following apply:
 - (a) the firm has a minimum capital of not less than \$50,000 as calculated in accordance with MFDA Form 1 MFDA Financial Questionnaire and Report;
 - (b) the firm delivers to the regulator or, in Québec, the securities regulatory authority a completed MFDA Form 1 *MFDA Financial Questionnaire and Report*, no later than the 90th day after the end of its financial year, that

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- shows the calculation of the firm's risk adjusted capital as at the end of the financial year and as at the end of the immediately preceding financial year, if any;
- (c) the firm delivers to the regulator or, in Québec, the securities regulatory authority a completed MFDA Form 1 *MFDA Financial Questionnaire and Report*, no later than the 30th day after the end of the first, second and third interim period of its financial year, that shows the calculation of the firm's risk adjusted capital as at the end of the interim period and as at the end of the immediately preceding month, if any.
- Subsection (2) does not apply to an exempt market dealer unless it is also registered in another category, other than the portfolio manager or restricted portfolio manager category.
- (4) Despite paragraph (1)(b), in Québec, a firm registered only in that jurisdiction and only in the category of mutual fund dealer may deliver to the securities regulatory authority, no later than the 90th day after the end of its financial year, the Monthly Report on Net Free Capital provided in Appendix I of the Regulation respecting the trust accounts and financial resources of securities firms, as that Appendix read on September 27, 2009, that shows the calculation of the firm's net free capital as at the end of its financial year and as at the end of the immediately preceding financial year, if any.
- Despite paragraph (2)(b), in Québec, a firm registered only in that jurisdiction and only in the category of mutual fund dealer may deliver to the securities regulatory authority, no later than the 30th day after the end of the first, second and third interim period of its financial year, the Monthly Report on Net Free Capital provided in Appendix I of the Regulation respecting the trust accounts and financial resources of securities firms, as that Appendix read on September 27, 2009, that shows the calculation of the firm's net free capital as at the end of the interim period and as at the end of the immediately preceding interim period, if any.

12.13 Delivering financial information - adviser

A registered adviser must deliver the following to the regulator or, in Québec, the securities regulatory authority no later than the 90th day after the end of its financial year:

- (a) its annual financial statements for the financial year;
- (b) a completed Form 31-103F1 Calculation of Excess Working Capital, showing the calculation of the adviser's excess working capital as at the end of the financial year and as at the end of the immediately preceding financial year, if any.

12.14 Delivering financial information – investment fund manager

- (1) A registered investment fund manager must deliver the following to the regulator or, in Québec, the securities regulatory authority no later than the 90th day after the end of its financial year:
 - (a) its annual financial statements for the financial year:
 - (b) a completed Form 31-103F1 Calculation of Excess Working Capital, showing the calculation of the investment fund manager's excess working capital as at the end of the financial year and as at the end of the immediately preceding financial year, if any;
 - (c) a completed Form 31-103F4 *Net Asset Value Adjustments* if any net asset value adjustment has been made in respect of an investment fund managed by the investment fund manager during the financial year.
- A registered investment fund manager must deliver the following to the regulator or, in Québec, the securities regulatory authority no later than the 30th day after the end of the first, second and third interim period of its financial year:
 - (a) its interim financial information for the interim period;
 - (b) a completed Form 31-103F1 Calculation of Excess Working Capital, showing the calculation of the investment fund manager's excess working capital as at the end of the interim period and as at the end of the immediately preceding interim period, if any;
 - (c) a completed Form 31-103F4 *Net Asset Value Adjustments* if any net asset value adjustment has been made in respect of an investment fund managed by the investment fund manager during the interim period.

(3) [repealed]

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- (4) If a registered firm is an investment dealer that is a member of IIROC and is registered as an investment fund manager, the firm is exempt from paragraphs (1)(b) and (2)(b) if
 - (a) the firm has a minimum capital of not less than \$100,000, as calculated in accordance with IIROC Form 1

 Joint Regulatory Financial Questionnaire and Report;
 - (b) the firm delivers to the regulator or, in Québec, the securities regulatory authority a completed IIROC Form 1 Joint Regulatory Financial Questionnaire and Report, no later than the 90th day after the end of its financial year, that shows the calculation of the firm's risk adjusted capital as at the end of the financial year and as at the end of the immediately preceding financial year, if any, and
 - (c) the firm delivers to the regulator or, in Québec, the securities regulatory authority a completed IIROC Form 1 *Joint Regulatory Financial Questionnaire and Report*, no later than the 30th day after the end of the first, second and third interim period of its financial year, that shows the calculation of the firm's risk adjusted capital as at the end of the interim period and as at the end of the immediately preceding month, if any.
- (5) If a registered firm is a mutual fund dealer that is a member of the MFDA and is registered as an investment fund manager, the firm is exempt from paragraphs (1)(b) and (2)(b) if
 - (a) the firm has a minimum capital of not less than \$100,000, as calculated in accordance with MFDA Form 1 MFDA Financial Questionnaire and Report,
 - (b) the firm delivers to the regulator or, in Québec, the securities regulatory authority a completed MFDA Form 1 *MFDA Financial Questionnaire and Report*, no later than the 90th day after the end of its financial year, that shows the calculation of the firm's risk adjusted capital as at the end of the financial year and as at the end of the immediately preceding financial year, if any, and
 - (c) the firm delivers to the regulator or, in Québec, the securities regulatory authority a completed MFDA Form 1 *MFDA Financial Questionnaire and Report*, no later than the 30th day after the end of the first, second and third interim period of its financial year, that shows the calculation of the firm's risk adjusted capital as at the end of the interim period and as at the end of the immediately preceding month, if any.

12.15 [lapsed]

Part 13 Dealing with clients – individuals and firms

Division 1 Know your client and suitability

13.1 Investment fund managers exempt from this Division

This Division does not apply to an investment fund manager in respect of its activities as an investment fund manager.

13.2 Know your client

- (1) For the purpose of paragraph 2(b) in Ontario, Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, "insider" has the meaning ascribed to that term in the *Securities Act* except that "reporting issuer", as it appears in the definition of "insider", is to be read as "reporting issuer or any other issuer whose securities are publicly traded".
- (2) A registrant must take reasonable steps to
 - (a) establish the identity of a client and, if the registrant has cause for concern, make reasonable inquiries as to the reputation of the client,
 - (b) establish whether the client is an insider of a reporting issuer or any other issuer whose securities are publicly traded.
 - (c) ensure that it has sufficient information regarding all of the following to enable it to meet its obligations under section 13.3 [suitability] or, if applicable, the suitability requirement imposed by an SRO:
 - (i) the client's investment needs and objectives;
 - (ii) the client's financial circumstances;

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- (iii) the client's risk tolerance, and
- (d) establish the creditworthiness of the client if the registered firm is financing the client's acquisition of a security.
- For the purpose of establishing the identity of a client that is a corporation, partnership or trust, the registrant must establish the following:
 - (a) the nature of the client's business;
 - (b) the identity of any individual who,
 - in the case of a corporation, is a beneficial owner of, or exercises direct or indirect control or direction over, more than 25% of the voting rights attached to the outstanding voting securities of the corporation, or
 - (ii) in the case of a partnership or trust, exercises control over the affairs of the partnership or trust.
- (4) A registrant must take reasonable steps to keep the information required under this section current.
- (5) This section does not apply if the client is a registered firm, a Canadian financial institution or a Schedule III bank.
- (6) Paragraph (2)(c) does not apply to a registrant in respect of a permitted client if
 - (a) the permitted client has waived, in writing, the requirements under subsections 13.3(1) and (2), and
 - (b) the registrant does not act as an adviser in respect of a managed account of the permitted client.
- (7) Paragraph (2)(b) does not apply to a registrant in respect of a client for which the registrant only trades securities referred to in paragraphs 7.1(2)(b) and (2)(c).

13.3 Suitability

- (1) A registrant must take reasonable steps to ensure that, before it makes a recommendation to or accepts an instruction from a client to buy or sell a security, or makes a purchase or sale of a security for a client's managed account, the purchase or sale is suitable for the client.
- (2) If a client instructs a registrant to buy, sell or hold a security and in the registrant's reasonable opinion following the instruction would not be suitable for the client, the registrant must inform the client of the registrant's opinion and must not buy or sell the security unless the client instructs the registrant to proceed nonetheless.
- (3) This section does not apply if the client is a registered firm, a Canadian financial institution or a Schedule III bank.
- (4) This section does not apply to a registrant in respect of a permitted client if
 - (a) the permitted client has waived, in writing, the requirements under this section, and
 - (b) the registrant does not act as an adviser in respect of a managed account of the permitted client.

Division 2 Conflicts of interest

13.4 Identifying and responding to conflicts of interest

- (1) A registered firm must take reasonable steps to identify existing material conflicts of interest, and material conflicts of interest that the registered firm in its reasonable opinion would expect to arise, between the firm, including each individual acting on the firm's behalf, and a client.
- (2) A registered firm must respond to an existing or potential conflict of interest identified under subsection (1).
- (3) If a reasonable investor would expect to be informed of a conflict of interest identified under subsection (1), the registered firm must disclose, in a timely manner, the nature and extent of the conflict of interest to the client whose interest conflicts with the interest identified.

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(4) This section does not apply to an investment fund manager in respect of an investment fund that is subject to National Instrument 81-107 *Independent Review Committee for Investment Funds*.

13.5 Restrictions on certain managed account transactions

- (1) In this section, "responsible person" means, for a registered adviser,
 - (a) the adviser,
 - (b) a partner, director or officer of the adviser, and
 - (c) each of the following who has access to, or participates in formulating, an investment decision made on behalf of a client of the adviser or advice to be given to a client of the adviser:
 - (i) an employee or agent of the adviser;
 - (ii) an affiliate of the adviser;
 - (iii) partner, director, officer, employee or agent of an affiliate of the adviser.
- (2) A registered adviser must not knowingly cause an investment portfolio managed by it, including an investment fund for which it acts as an adviser, to do any of the following:
 - (a) purchase a security of an issuer in which a responsible person, or an associate of a responsible person is a partner, officer or director unless
 - (i) this fact is disclosed to the client, and
 - (ii) the written consent of the client to the purchase is obtained before the purchase;
 - (b) purchase or sell a security from or to the investment portfolio of any of the following:
 - (i) a responsible person;
 - (ii) an associate of a responsible person;
 - (iii) an investment fund for which a responsible person acts as an adviser;
 - (c) provide a guarantee or loan to a responsible person or an associate of a responsible person.

13.6 Disclosure when recommending related or connected securities

A registered firm must not make a recommendation in any medium of communication to buy, sell or hold a security issued by the registered firm, a security of a related issuer or, during the security's distribution, a security of a connected issuer of the registered firm, unless any of the following apply:

- (a) the firm discloses, in the same medium of communication, the nature and extent of the relationship or connection between the firm and the issuer:
- (b) the recommendation is in respect of a security of a mutual fund, a scholarship plan, an educational plan or an educational trust that is an affiliate of, or is managed by an affiliate of, the registered firm and the names of the registered firm and the fund, plan or trust, as the case may be, are sufficiently similar to indicate that they are affiliated.

Division 3 Referral arrangements

13.7 Definitions – referral arrangements

In this Division

"client" includes a prospective client;

"referral arrangement" means any arrangement in which a registrant agrees to pay or receive a referral fee;

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"referral fee" means any form of compensation, direct or indirect, paid for the referral of a client to or from a registrant.

13.8 Permitted referral arrangements

A registered firm, or a registered individual whose registration is sponsored by the registered firm, must not participate in a referral arrangement with another person or company unless,

- (a) before a client is referred by or to the registrant, the terms of the referral arrangement are set out in a written agreement between the registered firm and the person or company;
- (b) the registered firm records all referral fees, and
- (c) the registrant ensures that the information prescribed by subsection 13.10(1) [disclosing referral arrangements to clients] is provided to the client in writing before the party receiving the referral either opens an account for the client or provides services to the client.

13.9 Verifying the qualifications of the person or company receiving the referral

A registered firm, or a registered individual whose registration is sponsored by the registered firm, must not refer a client to another person or company unless the firm first takes reasonable steps to satisfy itself that the person or company has the appropriate qualifications to provide the services, and if applicable, is registered to provide those services.

13.10 Disclosing referral arrangements to clients

- (1) The written disclosure of the referral arrangement required by paragraph 13.8(c) [permitted referral arrangements] must include the following:
 - (a) the name of each party to the agreement referred to in paragraph 13.8(a);
 - (b) the purpose and material terms of the agreement, including the nature of the services to be provided by each party;
 - (c) any conflicts of interest resulting from the relationship between the parties to the agreement and from any other element of the referral arrangement;
 - (d) the method of calculating the referral fee and, to the extent possible, the amount of the fee;
 - (e) the category of registration of each registrant that is a party to the agreement with a description of the activities that the registrant is authorized to engage in under that category and, giving consideration to the nature of the referral, the activities that the registrant is not permitted to engage in;
 - (f) if a referral is made to a registrant, a statement that all activity requiring registration resulting from the referral arrangement will be provided by the registrant receiving the referral;
 - (g) any other information that a reasonable client would consider important in evaluating the referral arrangement.
- (2) If there is a change to the information set out in subsection (1), the registrant must ensure that written disclosure of that change is provided to each client affected by the change as soon as possible and no later than the 30th day before the date on which a referral fee is next paid or received.

13.11 Referral arrangements before this Instrument came into force

- (1) This Division applies to a referral arrangement entered into before this Instrument came into force if a referral fee is paid under the referral arrangement after this Instrument comes into force.
- (2) Subsection (1) does not apply until 6 months after this Instrument comes into force.

Division 4 Loans and margin

13.12 Restriction on lending to clients

(1) A registrant must not lend money, extend credit or provide margin to a client.

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(2) Notwithstanding subsection (1), an investment fund manager may lend money on a short term basis to an investment fund it manages, if the loan is for the purpose of funding redemptions of its securities or meeting expenses incurred by the investment fund in the normal course of its business.

13.13 Disclosure when recommending the use of borrowed money

(1) If a registrant recommends that a client should use borrowed money to finance any part of a purchase of a security, the registrant must, before the purchase, provide the client with a written statement that is substantially similar to the following:

"Using borrowed money to finance the purchase of securities involves greater risk than a purchase using cash resources only. If you borrow money to purchase securities, your responsibility to repay the loan and pay interest as required by its terms remains the same even if the value of the securities purchased declines."

- (2) Subsection (1) does not apply if one of the following applies:
 - (a) the registrant has provided the client with the statement described under subsection (1) no earlier than the 180th day before the date of the proposed purchase;
 - (b) [repealed]
 - (c) the client is a permitted client.

Division 5 Complaints

13.14 Application of this Division

- (1) This Division does not apply to an investment fund manager in respect of its activities as an investment fund manager.
- (2) In Québec, a registered firm is deemed to comply with this Division if it complies with sections 168.1.1 to 168.1.3 of the Securities Act (Québec).

13.15 Handling complaints

A registered firm must document and, in a manner that a reasonable investor would consider fair and effective, respond to each complaint made to the registered firm about any product or service offered by the firm or a representative of the firm.

13.16 Dispute resolution service

(1) In this section,

"complaint" means a complaint that

- (a) relates to a trading or advising activity of a registered firm or a representative of the firm, and
- (b) is received by the firm within 6 years of the day when the client first knew or reasonably ought to have known of an act or omission that is a cause of or contributed to the complaint:

"OBSI" means the Ombudsman for Banking Services and Investments.

- (2) If a registered firm receives a complaint from a client, the firm must, as soon as possible, provide the client with a written acknowledgement of the complaint that includes the following:
 - (a) a description of the firm's obligations under this section;
 - (b) the steps that the client must take in order for an independent dispute resolution or mediation service to be made available to the client under subsection (4);
 - (c) the name of the independent dispute resolution or mediation service that will be made available to the client under subsection (4) and contact information for the service.
- (3) If a registered firm decides to reject a complaint or to make an offer to resolve a complaint, the firm must, as soon as possible, provide the client with written notice of the decision and include the information referred to in subsection (2).

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- A registered firm must as soon as possible ensure that an independent dispute resolution or mediation service is made available to a client at the firm's expense with respect to a complaint if either of the following apply:
 - (a) after 90 days of the firm's receipt of the complaint, the firm has not given the client written notice of a decision under subsection (3), and the client has notified the independent dispute resolution or mediation service specified under paragraph (2)(c) that the client wishes to have the complaint considered by the service;
 - (b) within 180 days of the client's receipt of written notice of the firm's decision under subsection (3), the client has notified the independent dispute resolution or mediation service specified under paragraph (2)(c) that the client wishes to have the complaint considered by the service.
- (5) Subsection (4) does not apply unless the client agrees that any amount the client will claim for the purpose of the independent dispute resolution or mediation service's consideration of the complaint will be no greater than \$350,000.
- (6) For the purposes of the requirement to make available an independent dispute resolution or mediation service under subsection (4), a registered firm must take reasonable steps to ensure that OBSI will be the service that is made available to the client.
- (7) Subsection (6) does not apply in Québec.
- (8) This section does not apply in respect of a complaint made by a permitted client that is not an individual.

Note: Amendments to Section 13.16 came into force on May 1, 2014. There are transition periods for firms registered before May 1, 2014.

Except in Québec, if a dealer or adviser was registered before September 29, 2009 and a complaint was received by the firm on or before August 1, 2014, section 13.16 does not apply in respect of that complaint.

If a dealer or adviser registered between September 29, 2009 and April 30, 2014 and a complaint was received by the firm on or before August 1, 2014, in respect of that complaint, the dealer or adviser must comply with section 13.16 as it read on April 30, 2014

Division 6 Registered sub-advisers

13.17 Exemption from certain requirements for registered sub-advisers

- (1) A registered sub-adviser is exempt from the following requirements in respect of its activities as a sub-adviser:
 - (a) section 13.4 [identifying and responding to conflicts of interest];
 - (b) division 3 [referral arrangements] of Part 13;
 - (c) division 5 [complaints] of Part 13;
 - (d) section 14.3 [disclosure to clients about the fair allocation of investment opportunities];
 - (e) section 14.5 [notice to clients by non-resident registrants];
 - (f) section 14.14 [account statements]:
 - (g) section 14.14.1 [additional statements];
 - (h) section 14.14.2 [security position cost information];
 - (i) section 14.17 [report on charges and other compensation];
 - (j) section 14.18 [investment performance report].
- (2) The exemption under subsection (1) is not available unless all of the following apply:

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- (a) the obligations and duties of the registered sub-adviser are set out in a written agreement with the sub-adviser's registered adviser or registered dealer;
- (b) the registered adviser or registered dealer has entered into a written agreement with its clients on whose behalf investment advice is or portfolio management services are to be provided agreeing to be responsible for any loss that arises out of the failure of the registered sub-adviser
 - to exercise the powers and discharge the duties of its office honestly, in good faith and in the best interests of the registrant and each client of the registrant for whose benefit the advice is or portfolio management services are to be provided, or
 - (ii) to exercise the degree of care, diligence and skill that a reasonably prudent person would exercise in the circumstances.

Part 14 Handling client accounts – firms

Division 1 Investment fund managers

14.1 Application of this Part to investment fund managers

Other than <u>sectionsections</u> 14.1.1, <u>section14.5.1, 14.5.2, 14.5.3, 14.6, 14.6.1 and 14.6.2, subsection 14.12(5) and section 14.15, this Part does not apply to an investment fund manager in respect of its activities as an investment fund manager.</u>

14.1.1 Duty to provide information

A registered investment fund manager of an investment fund must, within a reasonable period of time, provide a registered dealer, or a registered adviser, who that has a client that owns securities of the investment fund, with the information concerning deferred sales charges and any other charges deducted from the net asset value of securities, and the information concerning trailing commissions paid to the dealer or adviser, that is required by the dealer or adviser in order for the dealer or adviser to comply with paragraphs paragraph 14.12(1)(c) and subsections 14.14(4) and (5), 14.14.1(2) and 14.14.2(1) and paragraph 14.17(1)(h).

Division 2 Disclosure to clients

14.2 Relationship disclosure information

- (1) A registered firm must deliver to a client all information that a reasonable investor would consider important about the client's relationship with the registrant.
- (2) Without limiting subsection (1), the information delivered to a client under that subsection must include the following:
 - (a) a description of the nature or type of the client's account;
 - in the case of a registered firm that holds the client's assets, or directs or arranges which custodian will hold the client's assets, disclosure of the location where, and a general description of the manner in which, the client's assets are held, and a description of the risks and benefits to the client arising from the assets being held at that location and in that manner:
 - (a.2) in the case of a registered firm that has access to the client's assets
 - (i) disclosure of the location where, and a general description of the manner in which, the client's assets are held, and a description of the risks and benefits to the client arising from the assets being held in that location and in that manner, and
 - (ii) a description of the manner in which the client's assets are accessible by the registered firm, and a description of the risks and benefits to the client arising from having access to the assets in that manner:
 - (b) a general description of the products and services the registered firm offers to the client;
 - (c) a general description of the types of risks that a client should consider when making an investment decision;
 - (d) a description of the risks to a client of using borrowed money to finance a purchase of a security;

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- (e) a description of the conflicts of interest that the registered firm is required to disclose to a client under securities legislation;
- (f) disclosure of the operating charges the client might be required to pay related to the client's account;
- (g) a general description of the types of transaction charges the client might be required to pay;
- (h) a general description of any compensation paid to the registered firm by any other party in relation to the different types of products that a client may purchase through the registered firm;
- (i) a description of the content and frequency of reporting for each account or portfolio of a client;
- disclosure of the firm's obligations if a client has a complaint contemplated under section 13.16 [dispute resolution service] and the steps that the client must take in order for an independent dispute resolution or mediation service to be made available to the client at the firm's expense;
- (k) a statement that the registered firm has an obligation to assess whether a purchase or sale of a security is suitable for a client prior to executing the transaction or at any other time;
- (I) the information a registered firm must collect about the client under section 13.2 [know your client];
- (m) a general explanation of how investment performance benchmarks might be used to assess the performance of a client's investments and any options for benchmark information that might be made available to clients by the registered firm;
- (n) if the registered firm is a scholarship plan dealer, an explanation of any terms of the scholarship plan offered to the client by the registered firm that, if those terms are not met by the client or the client's designated beneficiary under the plan, might cause the client or the designated beneficiary to suffer a loss of contributions, earnings or government contributions in the plan.
- A registered firm must deliver the information in subsection (1), if applicable, and subsection (2) to the client in writing, except that the information in paragraph (2)(b) may be provided orally or in writing, before the firm first
 - (a) purchases or sells a security for the client, or
 - (b) advises the client to purchase, sell or hold a security.
- (4) If there is a significant change in respect of the information delivered to a client under subsections (1) or (2), the registered firm must take reasonable steps to notify the client of the change in a timely manner and, if possible, before the firm next
 - (a) purchases or sells a security for the client; or
 - (b) advises the client to purchase, sell or hold a security.

(5) [repealed]

- (5.1) A registered firm must not impose any new operating charge in respect of an account of a client, or increase the amount of any operating charge in respect of an account of a client, unless written notice of the new or increased operating charge is provided to the client at least 60 days before the date on which the imposition or increase becomes effective.
- (6) This section does not apply to a registered firm in respect of a permitted client that is not an individual.
- (7) Except for subsections (5.1), (6) and (8), this section does not apply to a registered dealer in respect of a client for whom the dealer purchases or sells securities only as directed by a registered adviser acting for the client.
- (8) A registered dealer referred to in subsection (7) must deliver the information required under paragraphs (2)(a) and (e) to (j) to the client in writing, and the information in paragraph (2)(b) orally or in writing, before the dealer first purchases or sells a security for the client.

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14.2.1 Pre-trade disclosure of charges

- (1) Before a registered firm accepts an instruction from a client to purchase or sell a security in an account other than a managed account, the firm must disclose to the client
 - (a) the charges the client will be required to pay in respect of the purchase or sale, or a reasonable estimate if the actual amount of the charges is not known to the firm at the time of disclosure,
 - (b) in the case of a purchase to which deferred charges apply, that the client might be required to pay a deferred sales charge on the subsequent sale of the security and the fee schedule that will apply, and
 - (c) whether the firm will receive trailing commissions in respect of the security.
- (2) This section does not apply to a registered firm in respect of a permitted client that is not an individual.
- This section does not apply to a dealer in respect of a client for whom the dealer purchases or sells securities only as directed by a registered adviser acting for the client

14.3 Disclosure to clients about the fair allocation of investment opportunities

A registered adviser must deliver to a client a summary of the policies required under section 11.1 [compliance system] that provide reasonable assurance that the firm and each individual acting on its behalf complies with section 14.10 [allocating investment opportunities fairly] and that summary must be delivered

- (a) when the adviser opens an account for the client, and
- (b) if there is a significant change to the summary last delivered to the client, in a timely manner and, if possible, before the firm next
 - (i) purchases or sells a security for the client, or
 - (ii) advises the client to purchase, sell or hold a security.

14.4 When the firm has a relationship with a financial institution

- (1) If a registered firm opens a client account to trade in securities, in an office or branch of a Canadian financial institution or a Schedule III bank, the registered firm must give the client a written notice stating that it is a separate legal entity from the Canadian financial institution or Schedule III bank and, unless otherwise advised by the registrant, securities purchased from or through the registrant
 - (a) are not insured by a government deposit insurer.
 - (b) are not guaranteed by the Canadian financial institution or Schedule III bank, and
 - (c) may fluctuate in value.
- (2) A registered firm that is subject to subsection (1) must receive a written confirmation from the client that the client has read and understood the notice before the registered firm
 - (a) purchases or sells a security for the client, or
 - (b) advises the client to purchase, sell or hold a security.
- (3) This section does not apply to a registered firm if the client is a permitted client.

14.5 Notice to clients by non-resident registrants

- A registered firm whose head office is not located in the local jurisdiction must provide a client in the local jurisdiction with a statement in writing disclosing the following:
 - (a) the firm is not resident in the local jurisdiction;

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- (b) the jurisdiction in Canada or the foreign jurisdiction in which the head office or the principal place of business of the firm is located:
- (c) all or substantially all of the assets of the firm may be situated outside the local jurisdiction;
- (d) there may be difficulty enforcing legal rights against the firm because of the above;
- (e) the name and address of the agent for service of process of the firm in the local jurisdiction.
- (2) This section does not apply to a registered firm whose head office is in Canada if the firm is registered in the local jurisdiction.

Division 3 Client assets and investment fund assets

14.5.1 Definition of "securities" in Alberta, British Columbia, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia and Saskatchewan

<u>Despite section 1.2, in Alberta, British Columbia, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia and Saskatchewan, a reference to "securities" in this Division excludes "exchange contracts".</u>

14.5.2 Restriction on self-custody and qualified custodian requirement

- (1) A registered firm must not be a custodian or sub-custodian for a client of the firm or for an investment fund in respect of the client's or investment fund's cash or securities unless the registered firm
 - (a) is a Canadian custodian under paragraph (a), (b) or (d) of the definition of "Canadian custodian", and
 - (b) has established and maintains a system of controls and supervision that a reasonable person would conclude is sufficient to manage the risks to the client or investment fund associated with the custody of the client's or investment fund's cash or securities.
- (2) A registered firm must ensure that any custodian for a client of the firm or for an investment fund managed by the firm in respect of the client's or investment fund's cash or securities is a Canadian custodian if the firm
 - (a) directs or arranges which custodian will hold the cash or securities of the client or investment fund, or
 - (b) holds or has access to the cash or securities of the client or investment fund.
- Despite the requirement to use a Canadian custodian in subsection (2), a foreign custodian may be a custodian of the cash or securities of the client or investment fund if a reasonable person would conclude, considering all of the relevant circumstances, including, for greater certainty, the nature of the regulation and the sufficiency of the equity of the foreign custodian, that using the foreign custodian is more beneficial to the client or investment fund than using a Canadian custodian.
- (4) Despite the requirement to use a Canadian custodian in subsection (2), a Canadian financial institution may be a custodian of the cash of the client or investment fund.
- For the purposes of subsections (2) and (3), the registered firm must ensure that the qualified custodian is functionally independent of the registered firm unless
 - (a) the qualified custodian is a Canadian custodian under paragraph (a), (b) or (d) of the definition of "Canadian custodian", and
 - (b) the registered firm ensures that the qualified custodian has established and maintains a system of controls and supervision that a reasonable person would conclude is sufficient to manage the risks to the client or investment fund associated with the custody of the client's or investment fund's cash or securities.
- For the purpose of subsection (4), the registered firm must ensure that the Canadian financial institution is functionally independent of the registered firm.
- (7) This section does not apply to a registered firm in respect of any of the following:
 - (a) an investment fund that is subject to National Instrument 81-102 Investment Funds;

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- (b) an investment fund that is subject to National Instrument 41-101 General Prospectus Requirements;
- (c) a security that is recorded on the books of the security's issuer, or the transfer agent of the security's issuer, only in the name of the client or investment fund;
- (d) cash or securities of a permitted client, if the permitted client
 - (i) is not an individual or an investment fund, and
 - (ii) has acknowledged in writing that the permitted client is aware that the requirements in this section that would otherwise apply to the registered firm do not apply;
- (e) customer collateral subject to custodial requirements under National Instrument 94-102 Derivatives: Customer Clearing and Protection of Customer Collateral and Positions;
- (f) a security that evidences a debt obligation secured by a mortgage registered or published against the title of real estate if
 - (i) the mortgage is registered or published in the name of the client or investment fund as mortgagee, or
 - (ii) in the case of a syndicated mortgage, the mortgage is registered or published in the name of either of the following as mortgagee:
 - (A) a person or company that is registered or licensed under mortgage brokerage, mortgage administrators or mortgage dealer legislation of a jurisdiction of Canada if that mortgage is held in trust for the client or investment fund, as applicable;
 - (B) each investor that is a mortgagee in respect of that mortgage.

14.5.3 Cash and Securities held by a qualified custodian

A registered firm that is subject to subsection 14.5.2(2), (3) or (4) must take reasonable steps to ensure that cash and securities of a client or an investment fund,

- (a) except as provided in paragraphs (b) and (c), are held by the qualified custodian or, in respect of cash, the Canadian financial institution using an account number or other designation in the records of the qualified custodian or the Canadian financial institution, as applicable, sufficient to show that the beneficial ownership of the cash or securities of the client or investment fund is vested in that client or investment fund.
- (b) in the case of cash held in an account in the name of the registered firm, is held separate and apart from the registered firm's own property and held by the qualified custodian, or the Canadian financial institution, in a designated trust account in trust for clients or investment funds, or
- (c) in the case of cash or securities held for the purpose of bulk trading, are held in the name of the registered firm in trust for its clients or investment funds if the cash or securities are transferred to the client's or investment fund's account held by that client's or investment fund's qualified custodian or, in respect of cash, Canadian financial institution as soon as possible following a trade.

14.6 Holding client Client and investment fund assets held by a registered firm in trust

- (1) Alf a registered firm that holds client assets or investment fund assets other than cash or securities, or if a registered firm holds cash or securities of a client or an investment fund as permitted by section 14.5.2, the registered firm must hold the assets
 - (a) separate and apart from its own property,
 - (b) in trust for the client or investment fund, and
 - (c) in the case of cash, in a designated trust account at a with a Canadian custodian or Canadian financial institution, a Schedule III bank, or a member of IIROC.

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(2) Despite paragraph (1)(c), a foreign custodian may be a custodian for the cash of the client or investment fund if a reasonable person would conclude, considering all of the relevant circumstances, including, for greater certainty, the nature of the regulation and the sufficiency of the equity of the foreign custodian, that using the foreign custodian is more beneficial to the client or investment fund than using a Canadian custodian or a Canadian financial institution.

14.6.1 Custodial provisions relating to certain margin or security interests

- (1) In this section, "clearing corporation option", "futures exchange", "option on futures", "specified derivative" and "standardized future" have the same meaning as in section 1.1 of National Instrument 81-102 Investment Funds.
- (2) Subsection 14.5.2(2) does not apply to a registered firm in respect of cash or securities of a client or investment fund deposited with a dealer as margin for transactions outside of Canada involving clearing corporation options, options on futures or standardized futures if
 - (a) in the case of standardized futures and options on futures, the dealer is a member of a futures exchange or, in the case of clearing corporation options, is a member of a stock exchange, and, as a result in either case, is subject to a regulatory audit,
 - (b) the dealer has a net worth, determined from its most recent audited financial statements, in excess of \$50 million, and
 - (c) a reasonable person would conclude that using the dealer is more beneficial to the client or investment fund than using a Canadian custodian.
- (3) Subsection 14.5.2(2) does not apply to a registered firm in respect of cash or securities of a client or investment fund deposited with the client's or investment fund's counterparty over which the client or investment fund has granted a security interest in connection with a particular specified derivatives transaction.
- (4) The registered firm must take reasonable steps to ensure that any agreement by which cash or securities of a client or investment fund are deposited in accordance with subsection (2) or (3) requires the person or company holding the cash or securities to ensure that its records show that the client or investment fund is the beneficial owner of the cash or securities.

14.6.2 Custodial provisions relating to short sales

Subsection 14.5.2(2) does not apply to a registered firm in respect of cash or securities of a client or investment fund deposited as security in connection with a short sale of securities with a dealer outside of Canada if

- (a) the dealer is a member of a stock exchange and is subject to a regulatory audit,
- (b) the dealer has a net worth, determined from its most recent audited financial statements, in excess of \$50 million, and
- (c) a reasonable person would conclude that using the dealer is more beneficial to the client or investment fund than using a Canadian custodian.

14.7 Holding client assets - non-resident registrants

- (1) A registered firm whose head office is not located in a jurisdiction of Canada must ensure that all client assets are held
 - (a) in the client's name,
 - (b) on behalf of the client by a custodian or sub-custodian that
 - (i) meets the guidelines prescribed for acting as a sub custodian of the portfolio securities of a mutual fund in Part 6 of National Instrument 81-102 Investment Funds, and
 - (ii) is subject to the Bank for International Settlements' framework for international convergence of capital measurement and capital standards, or
 - (c) on behalf of the client by a registered dealer that is a member of an SRO and that is a member of the Canadian Investor Protection Fund or other comparable compensation fund or contingency trust fund.

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(2) Section 14.6 [holding client assets in trust] does not apply to a registered firm that is subject to subsection (1).

14.7 [repealed]

14.8 Securities subject to a safekeeping agreement repealed

A registered firm that holds unencumbered securities for a client under a written safekeeping agreement must

- (a) segregate the securities from all other securities.
- (b) identify the securities as being held in safekeeping for the client in
 - (i) the registrant's security position record.
 - (ii) the client's ledger, and
 - (iii) the client's statement of account, and
- (c) release the securities only on an instruction from the client.

14.9 Securities not subject to a safekeeping agreement [repealed]

- (1) A registered firm that holds unencumbered securities for a client other than under a written safekeeping agreement must
 - (a) segregate and identify the securities as being held in trust for the client, and
 - (b) describe the securities as being held in segregation on
 - (i) the registrant's security position record,
 - (ii) the client's ledger, and
 - (iii) the client's statement of account.
- (2) Securities described in subsection (1) may be segregated in bulk.

Division 4 Client accounts

14.10 Allocating investment opportunities fairly

A registered adviser must ensure fairness in allocating investment opportunities among its clients.

14.11 Selling or assigning client accounts

If a registered firm proposes to sell or assign a client's account in whole or in part to another registrant, the registered firm must, prior to the sale or assignment, give a written explanation of the proposal to the client and inform the client of the client's right to close the client's account.

Division 5 Reporting to clients

14.11.1 Determining market value

- (1) For the purposes of this Division, the market value of a security
 - (a) that is issued by an investment fund which is not listed on an exchange must be determined by reference to the net asset value provided by the investment fund manager of the fund on the relevant date,
 - (b) in any other case, is the amount that the registered firm reasonably believes to be the market value of the security
 - (i) after referring to a price quotation on a marketplace, if one is published for the security, using the last bid price in the case of a long security and the last ask price in the case of a short security, as shown on a consolidated pricing list or exchange quotation sheet as of the close of business on the relevant

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date or the last trading day before the relevant date, and after making any adjustments considered by the registered firm to be necessary to accurately reflect the market value,

- (ii) if no reliable price for the security is quoted on a marketplace, after referring to a published market report or inter-dealer quotation sheet, on the relevant date or the last trading day before the relevant date, and after making any adjustments considered by the registered firm to be necessary to accurately reflect the market value,
- (iii) if the market value for the security cannot be reasonably determined in accordance with subparagraph (i) or (ii), after applying the policy of the registered firm for determining market value, which must include procedures to assess the reliability of valuation inputs and assumptions and provide for
 - (A) the use of inputs that are observable, and
 - (B) the use of unobservable inputs and assumptions, if observable inputs are not reasonably available.
- (2) If a registered firm determines the market value of a security in accordance with subparagraph (1)(b)(iii), when it refers to the market value in a statement under section 14.14 [account statements], 14.14.1 [additional statements], 14.14.2 [security position cost information], 14.15 [security holder statements] or 14.16 [scholarship plan dealer statements], the registered firm must include the following notification or a notification that is substantially similar:

"There is no active market for this security so we have estimated its market value."

If a registered firm reasonably believes that it cannot determine the market value of a security in accordance with subsection (1), the market value of the security must be reported in a statement delivered under section 14.14 [account statements], 14.14.1 [additional statements], 14.14.2 [security position cost information], 14.15 [security holder statements] or 14.16 [scholarship plan dealer statements] and in an investment performance report delivered under section 14.18 [investment performance report] as not determinable, and the market value of the security must be excluded from the calculations total market value referred to in paragraphs 14.14(5)(be), 14.14.1(2)(be) and 14.14.2(5)(a) and subsection 14.19(1) [content of investment performance report]c).

14.12 Content and delivery of trade confirmation

- (1) A registered dealer that has acted on behalf of a client in connection with a purchase or sale of a security must promptly deliver to the client or, if the client consents in writing, to a registered adviser acting for the client, a written confirmation of the transaction, setting out the following:
 - (a) the quantity and description of the security purchased or sold;
 - (b) the price per security paid or received by the client;
 - (b.1) in the case of a purchase of a debt security, the security's annual yield;
 - (c) the amount of each transaction charge, deferred sales charge or other charge in respect of the transaction, and the total amount of all charges in respect of the transaction;
 - (c.1) in the case of a purchase or sale of a debt security, either of the following:
 - the total amount of any mark-up or mark-down, commission or other service charges the registered dealer applied to the transaction;
 - (ii) the total amount of any commission charged to the client by the registered dealer and, if the dealer applied a mark-up or mark-down or any service charge other than a commission, the following notification or a notification that is substantially similar:
 - "Dealer firm remuneration has been added to the price of this security (in the case of a purchase) or deducted from the price of this security (in the case of a sale). This amount was in addition to any commission this trade confirmation shows was charged to you.";
 - (d) whether the registered dealer acted as principal or agent;

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- (e) the date and the name of the marketplace, if any, on which the transaction took place, or if applicable, a statement that the transaction took place on more than one marketplace or over more than one day:
- (f) the name of the dealing representative, if any, involved in the transaction;
- (g) the settlement date of the transaction;
- (h) if applicable, that the security is a security issued by the registered dealer, a security issued by a related issuer of the registered dealer or, if the transaction occurred during the security's distribution, a security issued by a connected issuer of the registered dealer.
- (2) If a transaction under subsection (1) involved more than one transaction or if the transaction took place on more than one marketplace the information referred to in subsection (1) may be set out in the aggregate if the confirmation also contains a statement that additional details concerning the transaction will be provided to the client upon request and without additional charge.
- (3) Paragraph (1)(h) does not apply if all of the following apply:
 - (a) the security is a security of a mutual fund that is established and managed by the registered dealer or by an affiliate of the registered dealer, in its capacity as investment fund manager of the mutual fund;
 - (b) the names of the dealer and the mutual fund are sufficiently similar to indicate that they are affiliated or related.
- (4) For the purpose of paragraph (1)(f), a dealing representative may be identified by means of a code or symbol if the confirmation also contains a statement that the name of the dealing representative will be provided to the client on request of the client.
- A registered investment fund manager that has executed a redemption order received directly from a security holder must promptly deliver to the security holder a written confirmation of the redemption, setting out the following:
 - (a) the quantity and description of the security redeemed;
 - (b) the price per security received by the client;
 - (c) the commission, sales charge, service charge and any other amount charged in respect of the redemption;
 - (d) the settlement date of the redemption.
- Subsection 14.12 (5) does not apply to trades in a security of an investment fund made in reliance on section 8.6 [investment fund trades by adviser to managed account].
- (7) In Newfoundland and Labrador, Ontario and Saskatchewan, a registered dealer that complies with the requirements of this section in respect of a purchase or sale of a security is not subject to any of subsections 37(1), (2) or (3) of the Securities Act (Newfoundland and Labrador), subsection 36(1) of the Securities Act (Ontario) and subsection 42(1) of The Securities Act, 1988 (Saskatchewan).

14.13 Confirmations for certain automatic plans

The requirement under section 14.12 [content and delivery of trade confirmation] to deliver a confirmation promptly does not apply to a registered dealer in respect of a transaction if all of the following apply:

- (a) the client gave the dealer prior written notice that the transaction is made pursuant to the client's participation in an automatic payment plan, including a dividend reinvestment plan, or an automatic withdrawal plan in which a transaction is made at least monthly;
- (b) the registered dealer delivered a confirmation as required under section 14.12 [content and delivery of trade confirmation] for the first transaction made under the plan after receiving the notice referred to in paragraph (a);
- (c) the transaction is in a security of a mutual fund, scholarship plan, educational plan or educational trust.
- (d) [repealed]

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14.14 Account statements

- (1) A registered dealer must deliver to a client a statement that includes the information referred to in subsections (4) and (5)
 - (a) at least once every 3 months, or
 - (b) if the client has requested to receive statements on a monthly basis, for each one-month period.
- A registered dealer must deliver to a client a statement that includes the information referred to in subsections (4) and (5) after the end of any month in which a transaction was effected in securities held by the dealer in the client's account, other than a transaction made under an automatic withdrawal plan or an automatic payment plan, including a dividend reinvestment plan.
- (2.1) Paragraph 1(b) and subsection (2) do not apply to a mutual fund dealer in connection with its activities as a dealer in respect of the securities listed in paragraph 7.1(2)(b) [dealer categories].
- A registered adviser must deliver to a client a statement that includes the information referred to in subsections (4) and (5) at least once every 3 months, except that if the client has requested to receive statements on a monthly basis, the adviser must deliver a statement to the client for each one-month period.

(3.1) [repealed]

- (4) If a registered dealer or registered adviser made a transaction for a client during the period covered by a statement delivered under subsection (1), (2) or (3), the statement must include the following:
 - (a) the date of the transaction;
 - (b) whether the transaction was a purchase, sale or transfer;
 - (c) the name of the security;
 - (d) the number of securities <u>purchased</u>, sold or transferred;
 - (e) the price per security if the transaction was a purchase or sale;
 - (f) the total value of the transaction if it was a purchase or sale.
- (5) If a registered dealer or registered adviser holds securities owned by a client in an account of the client, a statement delivered under subsection (1), (2) or (3) must indicate that the securities are held for the client by the registered firm and must include the following information about the client's account determined as at the end of the period for which the statement is made:
 - (a) the name and quantity of each security in the account;
 - (b) the market value of each security in the account and, if applicable, the notification in subsection 14.11.1(2) [determining market value];
 - (c) the total market value of each security position in the account;
 - (d) any cash balance in the account;
 - (e) the total market value of all cash and securities in the account;
 - (f) whether the account is <u>coveredeligible for coverage</u> under an investor protection fund approved or recognized by the securities regulatory authority and, if it is, the name of the investor protection fund;
 - (g) which securities in the account might be subject to a deferred sales charge if they are sold.

(6) [repealed]

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- (7) For the purposes of this section, a security is considered to be held by a registered firm for a client if
 - (a) the firm is the registered owner of the security as nominee on behalf of the client, or
 - (b) the firm has physical possession of a certificate evidencing ownership of the security.

14.14.1 Additional statements

- (1) A registered dealer or registered adviser must deliver a statement that includes the information referred to in subsection (2) to a client if any of the following apply in respect of a security owned by the client that is held or controlled by a party other than the dealer or adviser:
 - (a) the dealer or adviser has trading authority over the security or the client's account in which the security is held or was transacted:
 - (b) the dealer or adviser receives continuing payments related to the client's ownership of the security from the issuer of the security, the investment fund manager of the issuer or any other party;
 - (c) the security is issued by a scholarship plan, a mutual fund or an investment fund that is a labour-sponsored investment fund corporation, or labour-sponsored venture capital corporation, under legislation of a jurisdiction of Canada and the dealer or adviser is the dealer or adviser of record for the client on the records of the issuer of the security or the records of the issuer's investment fund manager.
- A statement delivered under subsection (1) must include the following in respect of the securities or the account referred to in subsection (1), determined as at the end of the period for which the statement is made:
 - (a) the name and quantity of each security;
 - (b) the market value of each security and, if applicable, the notification in subsection 14.11.1(2) [determining market value];
 - (c) the total market value of each security position;
 - (d) any cash balance in the account;
 - (e) the total market value of all of the cash and securities;
 - (f) the name disclosure in respect of the party that holds or controls each security and a description of the way it is held;
 - (g) whether the securities are <u>covered</u>, or the account is, eligible for coverage under an investor protection fund approved or recognized by the securities regulatory authority and, if they are, the name of the fund;
 - (h) which of the securities might be subject to a deferred sales charge if they are sold.
- (2.1) Paragraph (2)(g) does not apply if the party referred to in paragraph (2)(f) is required under section 14.14, or under an IIROC provision or MFDA provision, to deliver a statement to the client in respect of the securities or the account referred to in subsection (1) of this section.
- If subsection (1) applies to a registered dealer or a registered adviser, the dealer or adviser must deliver a statement that includes the information in subsection (2) to a client at least once every 3 months, except that if a client has requested to receive statements on a monthly basis, the adviser must deliver a statement to the client every month.
- (4) If subsection (1) applies to a registered dealer or a registered adviser that is also required to deliver a statement to a client under subsection 14.14(1) or (3), a statement delivered under subsection (1) must be delivered to the client in one of the following ways:
 - (a) combined with a statement delivered to the client under subsection 14.14(1) or (3) for the period ending on the same date;
 - (b) as a separate document accompanying a statement delivered to the client under subsection 14.14(1) or (3) for the period ending on the same date;

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- (c) as a separate document delivered within 10 days after the statement delivered to the client under subsection 14.14(1) or (3) for the period ending on the same date.
- (5) For the purposes of this section, a security is considered to be held for a client by a party other than the registered firm if any of the following apply:
 - (a) the other party is the registered owner of the security as nominee on behalf of the client;
 - (b) ownership of the security is recorded on the books of its issuer in the client's name;
 - (c) the other party has physical possession of a certificate evidencing ownership of the security;
 - (d) the client has physical possession of a certificate evidencing ownership of the security.
- (6) This section does not apply to a registered firm in respect of a permitted client that is not an individual.

14.14.2 Position Security position cost information

- (1) If a registered dealer or registered adviser is required to deliver a statement to a client that includes information required under subsection 14.14(5) [account statements] or 14.14.1(2) [additional statements], the dealer or adviser must deliver the information referred to in subsection (2) to a client at least once every 3 months.
- (2) The information delivered under subsection (1) must disclose the following:
 - (a) for each security position, in the statement, opened on or after July 15, 2015, presented on an average cost per unit or share basis or an aggregate basis,
 - (i) the cost of the <u>security</u> position, determined as at the end of the period for which the information <u>underreferred to in</u> subsection 14.14(5) or 14.14.1(2) is provided, <u>presented on an average cost per unit or share basis or on an aggregate basis</u>, or
 - (ii) if the security position was transferred from another registered firm, the information referred to in subparagraph (i) or the market value of the security position as at the date of the position's transfer if it is also disclosed in the statement that it is the market value as of the transfer date, not the cost of the security position, that is being disclosed; transfer of the security position;
 - (b) for each security position, in the statement, opened before July 15, 2015, presented on an average cost per unit or share basis or an aggregate basis,
 - (i) the cost of the security position, determined as at the end of the period for which the information referred to in subsection 14.14(5) or 14.14.1(2) is provided, or
 - (ii) the market value of the security position on
 - (i) the cost of the position, determined as at the end of the period for which the information under subsection 14.14(5) or 14.14.1(2) is provided, presented on an average cost per unit or share basis or on an aggregate basis, or
 - (A) December 31, 2015, or
 - (ii) the market value of the security position as at July 15, 2015 or an earlier date, if the same date and value are used for all clients of the firm holding that security and it is also disclosed in the statement that it is the market value as of that date, not the cost of the security position, that is being disclosed; a date that is earlier than December 31, 2015 if the registered firm reasonably believes accurate, recorded historical position cost information is available for the client's account, and it would not be misleading to the client to provide that information as at the earlier date;
 - (c) the total cost of all of the security positions in the statement, determined in accordance with paragraphs (a) and (b);
 - (d) for each security position for which the registered firm reasonably believes it cannot determine the cost in accordance with paragraphs (a) and (b), disclosure of that fact in the statement.

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- (2.1) If a registered firm reports one or more security positions of a client using the market value determined as at the date referred to in subparagraph (2)(a)(ii) or (2)(b)(ii), the firm must disclose in the statement that it is providing the market value of the security position as at the relevant date, instead of the cost of the security position.
- The cost of security positions required to be disclosed under subsection (2) must be either the book cost or the original cost and must be accompanied by the definition of "book cost" in section 1.1 [definitions of terms used throughout this Instrument] or the definition of "original cost" in section 1.1, as applicable.
- (4) The information delivered under subsection (1) must be delivered to the client in one of the following ways:
 - (a) combined with a statement delivered to the client that includes the information required under subsection 14.14(5) or 14.14.1(2) for the period ending on the same date;
 - (b) in a separate document accompanying a statement delivered to the client that includes information required under subsection 14.14(5) or 14.14.1(2) for the period ending on the same date;
 - (c) in a separate document delivered within 10 days after a statement delivered to the client that includes information required under subsection 14.14(5) or 14.14.1(2) for the period ending on the same date.
- (5) If the information under subsection (1) is delivered to the client in a separate document in accordance with paragraph (4)(c), the separate document must also include the following:
 - the market value of each security in the statement and, if applicable, the notification in subsection 14.11.1(2) [determining market value];
 - (b) the total market value of each security position in the statement;
 - (c) the total market value of all cash and securities in the statement.
- (6) This section does not apply to a registered firm in respect of a permitted client that is not an individual.

14.15 Security holder statements

If there is no dealer or adviser of record for a security holder on the records of a registered investment fund manager, the investment fund manager must deliver to the security holder at least once every 12 months a statement that includes the following:

- (a) the information required under subsection 14.14(4) [account statements] for each transaction that the registered investment fund manager made for the security holder during the period;
- (b) the information required under subsection 14.14.1(2) [additional statements] for the securities of the security holder that are on the records of the registered investment fund manager;
- (c) the information required under section 14.14.2 [security position cost information].

14.16 Scholarship plan dealer statements

Sections 14.14 [account statements], 14.14.1 [additional statements] and 14.14.2 [security position cost information] do not apply to a scholarship plan dealer if both of the following apply:

- (a) the scholarship plan dealer is not registered in another dealer or adviser category;
- (b) the scholarship plan dealer delivers to a client a statement at least once every 12 months that provides the information required under subsections 14.14(4) and 14.14.1(2).

14.17 Report on charges and other compensation

- (1) For each 12-month period, a registered firm must deliver to a client a report on charges and other compensation containing the following information, except that the first report delivered after a client has opened an account may cover a period of less than 12 months:
 - (a) the registered firm's current operating charges which might be applicable to the client's account;

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- (b) the total amount of each type of operating charge related to the client's account paid by the client during the period covered by the report, and the total amount of those charges;
- (c) the total amount of each type of transaction charge related to the purchase or sale of securities paid by the client during the period covered by the report, and the total amount of those charges;
- (d) the total amount of the operating charges reported under paragraph (b) and the transaction charges reported under paragraph (c);
- (e) if the registered firm purchased or sold debt securities for the client during the period covered by the report, either of the following:
 - (i) the total amount of any mark-ups, mark-downs, commissions or other service charges the firm applied on the purchases or sales of debt securities;
 - (ii) the total amount of any commissions charged to the client by the firm on the purchases or sales of debt securities and, if the firm applied mark-ups, mark-downs or any service charges other than commissions on the purchases or sales of debt securities, the following notification or a notification that is substantially similar:

"For debt securities purchased or sold for you during the period covered by this report, dealer firm remuneration was added to the price you paid (in the case of a purchase) or deducted from the price you received (in the case of a sale). This amount was in addition to any commissions you were charged.";

- (f) if the registered firm is a scholarship plan dealer, the unpaid amount of any enrolment fee or other charge that is payable by the client;
- (g) the total amount of each type of payment, other than a trailing commission, that is made to the registered firm or any of its registered individuals by a securities issuer or another registrant in relation to registerable services to the client during the period covered by the report, accompanied by an explanation of each type of payment;
- (h) if the registered firm received trailing commissions related to securities owned by the client during the period covered by the report, the following notification or a notification that is substantially similar:
 - "We received \$[amount] in trailing commissions in respect of securities you owned during the 12-month period covered by this report.

Investment funds pay investment fund managers a fee for managing their funds. The managers pay us ongoing trailing commissions for the services and advice we provide you. The amount of the trailing commission depends on the sales charge option you chose when you purchased the fund. You are not directly charged the trailing commission or the management fee. But, these fees affect you because they reduce the amount of the fund's return to you. Information about management fees and other charges to your investment funds is included in the prospectus or fund facts document for each fund."

- (2) For the purposes of this section, the information in respect of securities of a client required to be reported under subsection 14.14(5) [account statements] must be delivered in a separate report on charges and other compensation for each of the client's accounts.
- (3) For the purposes of this section, the information in respect of securities of a client required to be reported under subsection 14.14.1(1) [additional statements] must be delivered in a report on charges and other compensation for the client's account through which the securities were transacted.
- (4) Subsections (2) and (3) do not apply if the registered firm provides a report on charges and other compensation that consolidates, into a single report, the required information for more than one of a client's accounts and any securities of the client required to be reported under subsection 14.14(5) or 14.14.1(1) and if the following apply:
 - (a) the client has consented in writing to the form of disclosure referred to in this subsection;
 - (b) the consolidated report specifies the accounts and securities with respect to which information is required to be reported under subsection 14.14.1(1) [additional statements].

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(5) This section does not apply to a registered firm in respect of a permitted client that is not an individual.

14.18 Investment performance report

- (1) A registered firm must deliver an investment performance report to a client every 12 months, except that the first report delivered after a registered firm first makes a trade for a client may be sent within 24 months after that trade.
- For the purposes of this section, the information in respect of securities of a client required to be reported under subsection 14.14(5) [account statements] must be delivered in a separate report for each of the client's accounts.
- (3) For the purposes of this section, the information in respect of securities of a client required to be reported under subsection 14.14.1(1) [additional statements] must be delivered in the report for each of the client's accounts through which the securities were transacted.
- Subsections (2) and (3) do not apply if the registered firm provides a report that consolidates, into a single report, the required information for more than one of a client's accounts and any securities of the client required to be reported under subsection 14.14(5) or 14.14.1(1) and if the following apply:
 - (a) the client has consented in writing to the form of disclosure referred to in this subsection;
 - (b) the consolidated report specifies the accounts and securities with respect to which information is required to be reported under subsection 14.14.1(1) [additional statements].
- (5) This section does not apply to
 - (a) a client's account that has existed for less than a 12-month period;
 - (b) a registered dealer in respect of a client's account in which the dealer executes trades only as directed by a registered adviser acting for the client; and
 - (c) a registered firm in respect of a permitted client that is not an individual.
- (6) #Despite subsection (1), a registered firm is not required to deliver a report to a client for a 12-month period referred to in that subsection if the firm reasonably believes
 - there are no securities of <u>athe</u> client with respect to which information is required to be reported under subsection 14.14(5) [account statements] or subsection 14.14.1(1) [additional statements] and for which a or
 - (b) no market value can be determined, the firm is not required to deliver a report to the client for the period for any securities of the client in respect to which information is required to be reported under subsection 14.14(5) or 14.14.1(1).

14.19 Content of investment performance report

- An investment performance report required to be delivered under section 14.18 by a registered firm must include all of the following in respect of the securities referred to in a statement in respect of which subsection 14.14(1), (2) or (3) [account statements] or 14.14.1(1) [additional statements] apply:
 - (a) the market value of all cash and securities in the client's account as at the beginning of the 12-month period covered by the investment performance report;
 - (b) the market value of all cash and securities in the client's account as at the end of the 12-month period covered by the investment performance report;
 - (c) the market value of all deposits and transfers of cash and securities into the client's account, and the market value of all withdrawals and transfers of cash and securities out of the account, in the 12-month period covered by the investment performance report;
 - (d) subject to paragraph (e), the market value of all deposits and transfers of cash and securities into the client's account, and the market value of all withdrawals and transfers of cash and securities out of the account, since opening the account; the market values determined under subsection (1.1);

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- (e) if the client's account was opened before July 15, 2015 and the registered firm reasonably believes market values are not available for all deposits, withdrawals and transfers since the account was opened, the following:
 - the market value of all cash and securities in the client's account as at July 15, 2015;
 - (i) the market value of all deposits and transfers of cash and securities into the account, and the market value of all withdrawals and transfers of cash and securities out of the account, since July 15, 2015;[repealed]
- (f) the annual change in the market value of the client's account for the 12-month period covered by the investment performance report, determined using the following formula

$$A - B - C + D$$

where

- A = the market value of all cash and securities in the account as at the end of the 12-month period covered by the investment performance report;
- B = the market value of all cash and securities in the account at the beginning of that 12-month period;
- C = the market value of all deposits and transfers of cash and securities into the account in that 12month period; and
- D = the market value of all withdrawals and transfers of cash and securities out of the account in that 12-month period;
- (g) subject to paragraph_subsection (h1.2), the cumulative change in the market value of the account since the account was opened, determined using the following formula

$$A - E + F$$

where

- A = the market value of all cash and securities in the account as at the end of the 12-month period covered by the investment performance report;
- E = the market value of all deposits and transfers of cash and securities into the account since account opening; and
- F = the market value of all withdrawals and transfers of cash and securities out of the account since account opening;
- (h) if the registered firm reasonably believes the market value of all deposits and transfers of cash and securities into the account since the account was opened or the market value of all withdrawals and transfers of cash and securities out of the account since the account was opened required in paragraph (g) is not available to the registered firm, the cumulative change in the market value of the account determined using the following formula [repealed]

where

- A = the market value of all cash and securities in the account as at the end of the 12 month period covered by the investment performance report:
- G = the market value of all cash and securities in the account as at July 15, 2015;
- H = the market value of all deposits and transfers of cash and securities into the account since July 15, 2015; and

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- I = the market value of all withdrawals and transfers of cash and securities out of the account since July 15, 2015:
- (i) the amount of the annualized total percentage return for the client's account calculated net of charges, using a money-weighted rate of return calculation method generally accepted in the securities industry;
- (i) the definition of "total percentage return" in section 1.1 and a notification indicating the following:
 - (i) that the total percentage return in the investment performance report was calculated net of charges;
 - (ii) the calculation method used;
 - (iii) a general explanation in plain language of what the calculation method takes into account.
- (1.1) For the purposes of paragraph (1)(d), the investment performance report must include the following, as applicable:
 - (a) if the client's account was opened on or after July 15, 2015, the market value of all deposits and transfers of cash and securities into the client's account, and the market value of all withdrawals and transfers of cash and securities out of the account, since opening the account;
 - (b) if the client's account was opened before July 15, 2015, and the firm has not delivered an investment performance report for the 12-month period ending December 31, 2016,
 - (i) the market value of all cash and securities in the client's account as at
 - (A) July 15, 2015, or
 - (B) a date that is earlier than July 15, 2015 if the registered firm reasonably believes accurate, recorded historical market value information is available for the client's account, and it would not be misleading to the client to provide that information as at the earlier date, and
 - (ii) the market value of all deposits and transfers of cash and securities into the account, and the market value of all withdrawals and transfers of cash and securities out of the account, since the date referred to in clause (i)(A) or (B), as applicable;
 - (c) if the client's account was opened before July 15, 2015, and the firm delivered an investment performance report for the 12-month period ending December 31, 2016,
 - (i) the market value of all cash and securities in the client's account as at
 - (A) January 1, 2016, or
 - (B) a date that is earlier than January 1, 2016 if the registered firm reasonably believes accurate, recorded historical market value information is available for the client's account, and it would not be misleading to the client to provide that information as at the earlier date, and
 - (ii) the market value of all deposits and transfers of cash and securities into the account, and the market value of all withdrawals and transfers of cash and securities out of the account, since the date referred to in clause (i)(A)or (B), as applicable.
- (1.2) Paragraph (1)(g) does not apply if the client's account was opened before July 15, 2015 and the registered firm includes in the investment performance report the cumulative change in the market value of the account determined using the following formula, instead of the formula in paragraph (g):

where

- <u>A</u> = the market value of all cash and securities in the account as at the end of the 12-month period covered by the investment performance report;
- <u>G</u> <u>≡</u> the market value of all cash and securities in the account determined as follows:

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- (a) if the firm has not delivered an investment performance report for the 12-month period ending December 31, 2016, the market value of all cash and securities in the client's account as at
 - (i) July 15, 2015, or
 - (ii) a date that is earlier than July 15, 2015 if the registered firm reasonably believes accurate, recorded historical market value information is available for the client's account, and it would not be misleading to the client to provide that information as at the earlier date.
- (b) if the firm has delivered an investment performance report for the 12-month period ending

 December 31, 2016, the market value of all cash and securities in the client's account as at
 - (i) January 1, 2016, or
 - (ii) a date that is earlier than January 1, 2016 if the registered firm reasonably believes accurate, recorded historical market value information is available for the client's account, and it would not be misleading to the client to provide that information as at the earlier date;
- <u>H</u> = the market value of all deposits and transfers of cash and securities into the account since the date used for the purposes of the definition of "G"; and
- <u>the market value of all withdrawals and transfers of cash and securities out of the account since</u> the date used for the purposes of the definition of "G".,
- (2) The information delivered for the purposes of paragraph (1)(i) must be provided for each of the following periods:
 - (a) the 12-month period covered by the investment performance report;
 - (b) the 3-year period preceding the end of the 12-month period covered by the report;
 - (c) the 5-year period preceding the end of the 12-month period covered by the report;
 - (d) the 10-year period preceding the end of the 12-month period covered by the report;
 - (e) <u>subject to subsection (3.1)</u>, the period since the client's account was opened if the account has been open for more than one year before the date of the report or, if the account was opened before July 15, 2015, and the registered firm reasonably believes the annualized total percentage return for the period before July 15, 2015 is not available, 2015, the period since July 15, 2015.
 - (i) July 15, 2015, or
 - (ii) a date that is earlier than July 15, 2015 if the registered firm reasonably believes accurate, recorded annualized total percentage return information is available for the client's account, and it would not be misleading to the client to provide that information as at the earlier date.
- Despite subsection (2), if any portion of a period referred to in paragraph (2)(b), (c) or (d) was before July 15, 2015, the registered firm is not required to report the annualized total percentage return for that period.
- (3.1) Paragraph (2)(e) does not apply to a registered firm that delivered an investment performance report for the 12-month period ending December 31, 2016 if the firm provides, in the report, the annualized total percentage return information referred to in that paragraph for the period since
 - (a) January 1, 2016, or
 - (b) a date that is earlier than January 1, 2016 if the registered firm reasonably believes accurate, recorded annualized total percentage return information is available for the client's account, and it would not be misleading to the client to provide that information as at the earlier date.

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- (4) Despite subsection (1), the information a scholarship plan dealer is required to deliver under section 14.18 [investment performance report] in respect of each scholarship plan in which a client has invested through the scholarship plan dealer is the following:
 - (a) the total amount that the client has invested in the plan as at the date of the investment performance report;
 - (b) the total amount that would be returned to the client if, as at the date of the investment performance report, the client ceased to make prescribed payments into the plan;
 - (c) a reasonable projection of future payments that the plan might pay to the client's designated beneficiary under the plan, or to the client, at the maturity of the client's investment in the plan;
 - (d) a summary of any terms of the plan that, if not met by the client or the client's designated beneficiary under the plan, might cause the client or the designated beneficiary to suffer a loss of contributions, earnings or government contributions in the plan.
- (5) The information delivered under section 14.18 [investment performance report] must be presented using text, tables and charts, and must be accompanied by notes in the investment performance report explaining
 - (a) the content of the report and how a client can use the information to assess the performance of the client's investments; and
 - (b) the changing value of the client's investments as reflected in the information in the report.
- (6) If a registered firm delivers information required under this section in a report to a client for a period of less than one year, the firm must not calculate the disclosed information on an annualized basis.
- (7) If the registered firm reasonably believes the market value cannot be determined for a security position, the market value must be assigned a value of zero in the calculation of the information delivered under subsection 14.18(1) and the fact that its market value could not be determined must be disclosed to the client.

14.20 Delivery of report on charges and other compensation and investment performance report

- (1) A report under section 14.17 [report on charges and other compensation] and a report under section 14.18 [investment performance report] must include information for the same 12-month period and the reports must be delivered together in one of the following ways:
 - (a) combined with a statement delivered to the client that includes information required under subsection 14.14(1), (2) or (3) [account statements], subsection 14.14.1(2) [additional statements] or section 14.16 [scholarship plan dealer statements];
 - (b) accompanying a statement delivered to the client that includes information required under subsection 14.14(1), (2) or (3) [account statements], subsection 14.14.1(2) [additional statements] or section 14.16 [scholarship plan dealer statements];
 - (c) within 10 days after a statement delivered to the client that includes information required under subsection 14.14(1),(2) or (3) [account statements], subsection 14.14.1(2) [additional statements] or section 14.16 [scholarship plan dealer statements].
- (2) Subsection (1) does not apply in respect of the first report under section 14.17 [report on charges and other compensation] and the first report under section 14.18 [investment performance report] for a client.

Part 15 Granting an exemption

15.1 Who can grant an exemption

- (1) The regulator or the securities regulatory authority may grant an exemption from this Instrument, in whole or in part, subject to such conditions or restrictions as may be imposed in the exemption.
- (2) Despite subsection (1), in Ontario only the regulator may grant such an exemption.
- Except in Alberta and Ontario, an exemption referred to in subsection (1) is granted under the statute referred to in Appendix B of National Instrument 14-101 *Definitions* opposite the name of the local jurisdiction.

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Part 16 Transition

- 16.1 [lapsed]
- 16.2 [lapsed]
- 16.3 [lapsed]
- 16.4 [lapsed]
- 16.5 [lapsed]
- 16.6 [lapsed]
- 16.7 [lapsed]
- 16.8 [*lapsed*]

16.9 Registration of chief compliance officers

- (1) [lapsed]
- (2) If an individual applies to be registered as the chief compliance officer of a registered firm within 3 months after this Instrument comes into force and the individual was identified on the National Registration Database as the firm's compliance officer in a jurisdiction of Canada on the date this Instrument came into force, the following sections do not apply in respect of the individual so long as he or she remains registered as the firm's chief compliance officer:
 - (a) section 3.6 [mutual fund dealer chief compliance officer], if the registered firm is a mutual fund dealer;
 - (b) section 3.8 [scholarship plan dealer chief compliance officer], if the registered firm is a scholarship plan dealer:
 - (c) section 3.10 [exempt market dealer chief compliance officer], if the registered firm is an exempt market dealer;
 - (d) section 3.13 [portfolio manager chief compliance officer], if the registered firm is a portfolio manager.
- (3) [*lapsed*]
- (4) [*lapsed*]

16.10 Proficiency for dealing and advising representatives

If an individual is registered in a jurisdiction of Canada as a dealing or advising representative in a category referred to in a section of Division 2 [education and experience requirements] of Part 3 on the day this Instrument comes into force, that section does not apply to the individual so long as the individual remains registered in the category.

16.11 [lapsed]

16.12 Continuation of existing discretionary relief

A person or company that was entitled to rely on an exemption, waiver or approval granted to it by a regulator or securities regulatory authority relating to a requirement under securities legislation or securities directions existing immediately before this Instrument came into force is exempt from any substantially similar provision of this Instrument to the same extent and on the same conditions, if any, as contained in the exemption, waiver or approval.

- 16.13 [lapsed]
- 16.14 [lapsed]
- 16.15 [lapsed]
- 16.16 [lapsed]

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- 16.17 [lapsed]
- 16.18 [lapsed]
- 16.19 [lapsed]
- 16.20 [lapsed]

Part 17 When this Instrument comes into force

17.1 Effective date

- (1) Except in Ontario, this Instrument comes into force on September 28, 2009.
- (2) In Ontario, this Instrument comes into force on the later of the following:
 - (a) September 28, 2009;
 - (b) the day on which sections 4, 5 and subsections 20(1) to (11) of Schedule 26 of the *Budget Measures Act*, 2009 are proclaimed in force.

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FORM 31-103F1 CALCULATION OF EXCESS WORKING CAPITAL

_		
	Firm Name	
	Capital Calculation	
(as at	with comparative figures as at)

	Component	Current period	Prior period
1.	Current assets		
2.	Less current assets not readily convertible into cash (e.g., prepaid expenses)		
3.	Adjusted current assets Line 1 minus line 2 =		
4.	Current liabilities		
5.	Add 100% of non-current related party debt unless the firm and the lender have executed a subordination agreement in the form set out in Appendix B of National Instrument 31-103 Registration Requirements, Exemptions and Ongoing Registrant Obligations and the firm has delivered a copy of the agreement to the regulator or, in Québec, the securities regulatory authority. See section 12.2 of National Instrument 31-103 Registration Requirements, Exemptions and Ongoing Registrant Obligations.		
6.	Adjusted current liabilities Line 4 plus line 5 =		
7.	Adjusted working capital Line 3 minus line 6 =		
8.	Less minimum capital		
9.	Less market risk		
10.	Less any deductible under the bonding or insurance policy required under Part 12 of National Instrument 31-103 Registration Requirements, Exemptions and Ongoing Registrant Obligations or, in Québec, for a firm registered only in that jurisdiction and solely in the category of mutual fund dealer, less the deductible under the liability insurance required under section 193 of the Québec Securities Regulation		

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	Component	Current period	Prior period
11.	Less Guarantees		
12.	Less unresolved differences		
13.	Excess working capital		

Notes:

Form 31-103F1 Calculation of Excess Working Capital must be prepared using the accounting principles that you use to prepare your financial statements in accordance with National Instrument 52-107 Acceptable Accounting Principles and Auditing Standards. Section 12.1 of Companion Policy 31-103CP Registration Requirements, Exemptions and Ongoing Registrant Obligations provides further guidance in respect of these accounting principles.

Line 5. Related-party debt – Refer to the CICA Handbook for the definition of "related party" for publicly accountable enterprises. The firm is required to deliver a copy of the executed subordination agreement to the regulator or, in Québec, the securities regulatory authority on the earlier of a) 10 days after the date the agreement is executed or b) the date an amount subordinated by the agreement is excluded from its calculation of excess working capital on Form 31-103F1 *Calculation of Excess Working Capital*. **The firm must notify the regulator or, in Québec, the securities regulatory authority, 10 days before it repays the loan (in whole or in part), or terminates the subordination agreement. See section 12.2 of National Instrument 31-103** *Registration Requirements Exemptions and Ongoing Registrant Obligations***.**

Line 8. Minimum Capital – The amount on this line must be not less than (a) \$25,000 for an adviser and (b) \$50,000 for a dealer. For an investment fund manager, the amount must be not less than \$100,000 unless subsection 12.1(4) of National Instrument 31-103 *Registration Requirements Exemptions and Ongoing Registrant Obligations* applies.

Line 9. Market Risk – The amount on this line must be calculated according to the instructions set out in Schedule 1 to Form 31-103F1 *Calculation of Excess Working Capital*. A schedule supporting the calculation of any amounts included in Line 9 as market risk should be provided to the regulator or, in Québec, the securities regulatory authority in conjunction with the submission of Form 31-103F1 *Calculation of Excess Working Capital*.

Line 11. Guarantees – If the registered firm is guaranteeing the liability of another party, the total amount of the guarantee must be included in the capital calculation. If the amount of a guarantee is included in the firm's statement of financial position as a current liability and is reflected in line 4, do not include the amount of the guarantee on line 11.

Line 12. Unresolved differences – Any unresolved differences that could result in a loss from either firm or client assets must be included in the capital calculation. The examples below provide guidance as to how to calculate unresolved differences:

- (i) If there is an unresolved difference relating to client securities, the amount to be reported on Line 12 will be equal to the fair value of the client securities that are short, plus the applicable margin rate for those securities.
- (ii) If there is an unresolved difference relating to the registrant's investments, the amount to be reported on Line 12 will be equal to the fair value of the investments (securities) that are short.
- (iii) If there is an unresolved difference relating to cash, the amount to be reported on Line 12 will be equal to the amount of the shortfall in cash.

Please refer to section 12.1 of Companion Policy 31-103CP Registration Requirements, Exemptions and Ongoing Registrant Obligations for further guidance on how to prepare and file Form 31-103F1 Calculation of Excess Working Capital.

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Management Certification					
Registered Firm Name:					
We have examined the attache	d capital calculation and cert	fy that the firm is in compliance with the capital requirements as at			
Name and Title	Signature	Date			

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Schedule 1 of Form 31-103F1 Calculation of Excess Working Capital

(calculating line 9 [market risk])

For purposes of completing this form:

- (1) "Fair value" means the value of a security determined in accordance with Canadian GAAP applicable to publicly accountable enterprises.
- (2) For each security whose value is included in line 1, Current Assets, multiply the fair value of the security by the margin rate for that security set out below. Add up the resulting amounts for all of the securities you hold. The total is the "market risk" to be entered on line 9.
- (a) Bonds, Debentures, Treasury Bills and Notes
- (i) Bonds, debentures, treasury bills and other securities of or guaranteed by the Government of Canada, of the United Kingdom, of the United States of America and of any other national foreign government (provided such foreign government securities are currently rated Aaa or AAA by Moody's Canada Inc., or the short-term ratings equivalent of either of those ratings, by a designated rating organization or its DRO affiliate or Standard & Poor's Rating Services (Canada) or its DRO affiliate, respectively), maturing (or called for redemption):

within 1 year: 1% of fair value multiplied by the fraction determined by dividing

the number of days to maturity by 365

over 1 year to 3 years:

over 3 years to 7 years:

over 7 years to 11 years:

over 11 years:

1 % of fair value

2% of fair value

4% of fair value

4% of fair value

(ii) Bonds, debentures, treasury bills and other securities of or guaranteed by any jurisdiction of Canada and obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development, maturing (or called for redemption):

within 1 year: 2% of fair value multiplied by the fraction determined by dividing

the number of days to maturity by 365

over 1 year to 3 years:

over 3 years to 7 years:

over 7 years to 11 years:

5% of fair value

over 11 years:

5% of fair value

(iii) Bonds, debentures or notes (not in default) of or guaranteed by any municipal corporation in Canada or the United Kingdom maturing:

within 1 year: 3% of fair value multiplied by the fraction determined by dividing

the number of days to maturity by 365

over 1 year to 3 years: 5 % of fair value over 3 years to 7 years: 5% of fair value over 7 years to 11 years: 5% of fair value over 11 years: 5% of fair value

- (iv) Other non-commercial bonds and debentures, (not in default): 10% of fair value
- (v) Commercial and corporate bonds, debentures and notes (not in default) and non-negotiable and non-transferable trust company and mortgage loan company obligations registered in the registered firm's name maturing:

within 1 year: 3% of fair value over 1 year to 3 years: 6 % of fair value over 3 years to 7 years: 7% of fair value over 7 years to 11 years: 10% of fair value over 11 years: 10% of fair value

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(b) Bank Paper

Deposit certificates, promissory notes or debentures issued by a Canadian chartered bank (and of Canadian chartered bank acceptances) maturing:

within 1 year: 2% of fair value multiplied by the fraction determined by dividing the

number of days to maturity by 365

over 1 year: apply rates for commercial and corporate bonds, debentures and notes

(c) Acceptable foreign bank paper

Deposit certificates, promissory notes or debentures issued by a foreign bank, readily negotiable and transferable and maturing:

within 1 year: 2% of fair value multiplied by the fraction determined by dividing the

number of days to maturity by 365

over 1 year: apply rates for commercial and corporate bonds, debentures and notes

(d) Mutual Funds

Securities of mutual funds qualified by prospectus for sale in any jurisdiction of Canada:

- (i) 5% of the net asset value per security as determined in accordance with National Instrument 81-106 Investment Fund Continuous Disclosure, where the fund is a money market mutual fund as defined in National Instrument 81-102 Investment Funds; or
- (ii) the margin rate determined on the same basis as for listed stocks multiplied by the net asset value per security of the fund as determined in accordance with National Instrument 81-106 *Investment Fund Continuous Disclosure*.

Securities of mutual funds qualified by prospectus for sale in the United States of America: 5% of the net asset value per security if the fund is registered as an investment company under the *Investment Companies Company Act of 1940*, as amended from time to time, and complies with Rule 2a-7 thereof.

(e) Stocks

In this paragraph, "securities" includes rights and warrants and does not include bonds and debentures.

(i) On securities including investment fund securities, rights and warrants, listed on any exchange in Canada or the United States of America:

Long Positions - Margin Required

Securities selling at \$2.00 or more – 50% of fair value

Securities selling at \$1.75 to \$1.99 - 60% of fair value

Securities selling at \$1.50 to \$1.74 - 80% of fair value

Securities selling under \$1.50 – 100% of fair value

Short Positions - Credit Required

Securities selling at \$2.00 or more - 150% of fair value

Securities selling at \$1.50 to \$1.99 – \$3.00 per share

Securities selling at \$0.25 to \$1.49 – 200% of fair value

Securities selling at less than \$0.25 - fair value plus \$0.25 per share

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[&]quot;Acceptable Foreign Bank Paper" consists of deposit certificates or promissory notes issued by a bank other than a Canadian chartered bank with a net worth (i.e., capital plus reserves) of not less than \$200,000,000.

- (ii) For positions in securities that are constituent securities on a major broadly-based index of one of the following exchanges, 50% of the fair value:
 - (a) Australian Stock Exchange Limited
 - (b) Bolsa de Madrid
 - (c) Borsa Italiana
 - (d) Copenhagen Stock Exchange
 - (e) Euronext Amsterdam
 - (f) Euronext Brussels
 - (g) Euronext Paris S.A.
 - (h) Frankfurt Stock Exchange
 - (i) London Stock Exchange
 - (j) New Zealand Exchange Limited
 - (k) Stockholm Stock Exchange
 - (I) SIX Swiss Exchange
 - (m) The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited
 - (n) Tokyo Stock Exchange

(f) Mortgages

- (i) For a firm registered in any jurisdiction of Canada except Ontario:
 - (a) Insured mortgages (not in default): 6% of fair value
 - (b) Mortgages which are not insured (not in default): 12% of fair value.
- (ii) For a firm registered in Ontario:
 - (a) Mortgages insured under the National Housing Act (Canada) (not in default): 6% of fair value
 - (b) Conventional first mortgages (not in default): 12% of fair value.

If you are registered in Ontario regardless of whether you are also registered in another jurisdiction of Canada, you will need to apply the margin rates set forth in (ii) above.

(g) For all other securities – 100% of fair value.

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(Name and Title of authorized signatory)

FORM 31-103F2 SUBMISSION TO JURISDICTION AND APPOINTMENT OF AGENT FOR SERVICE

(sections 8.18 [international dealer] and 8.26 [international adviser])

1.	Name of person or company ("International Firm"):
2.	If the International Firm was previously assigned an NRD number as a registered firm or an unregistered exempt international firm, provide the NRD number of the firm.
3.	Jurisdiction of incorporation of the International Firm:
4.	Head office address of the International Firm:
5.	The name, e-mail address, phone number and fax number of the International Firm's chief compliance officer.
	Name:
	E-mail address:
	Phone:
	Fax:
6.	Section of National Instrument 31-103 Registration Requirements, Exemptions and Ongoing Registrant Obligations the International Firm is relying on:
	Section 8.18 [international dealer]
	Section 8.26 [international adviser]
	☐ Other [Specify]
7.	Name of agent for service of process (the "Agent for Service"):
8.	Address for service of process on the Agent for Service:
9.	The International Firm designates and appoints the Agent for Service at the address stated above as its agent upon whom may be served a notice, pleading, subpoena, summons or other process in any action, investigation or administrative, criminal, quasi-criminal or other proceeding (a "Proceeding") arising out of or relating to or concerning the International Firm's activities in the local jurisdiction and irrevocably waives any right to raise as a defence in any such proceeding any alleged lack of jurisdiction to bring such Proceeding.
10.	The International Firm irrevocably and unconditionally submits to the non-exclusive jurisdiction of the judicial, quasi-judicial and administrative tribunals of the local jurisdiction in any Proceeding arising out of or related to or concerning the International Firm's activities in the local jurisdiction.
11.	Until 6 years after the International Firm ceases to rely on section 8.18 [international dealer] or section 8.26 [international adviser], the International Firm must submit to the securities regulatory authority
	a. a new Submission to Jurisdiction and Appointment of Agent for Service in this form no later than the 30th day before the date this Submission to Jurisdiction and Appointment of Agent for Service is terminated; and
	b. an amended Submission to Jurisdiction and Appointment of Agent for Service no later than the 30th day before any change in the name or above address of the Agent for Service.
12.	This Submission to Jurisdiction and Appointment of Agent for Service is governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the local jurisdiction.
Dated:	
	ure of the International Firm or authorized signatory)

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Acceptance

conditions of the foregoing Submission to Jurisdiction at		Firm) under	the terms and
Dated:			
(Signature of Agent for Service or authorized signatory)			
(Name and Title of authorized signatory)			

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FORM 31-103F3 USE OF MOBILITY EXEMPTION

(section 2.2 [client mobility exemption – individuals])

This is to notify the securities regulatory authority that the individual named in paragraph 1 is relying on the exemption in section 2.2 [client mobility exemption – individuals] of National Instrument 31-103 Registration Requirements, Exemptions and Ongoing Registrant Obligations.

1.	Individual information				
Name o	Name of individual:				
	NRD number of individual:				
	The individual is relying on the client mobility exemption in each of the following jurisdictions of Canada:				
2.	Firm information				
Name o	of the individual's sponsoring firm:				
NRD nu	umber of firm:				
Dated: _					
(Signati	ure of an authorized signatory of the individual's sponsoring firm)				
(Name	and title of authorized signatory)				

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FORM 31-103F4 NET ASSET VALUE ADJUSTMENTS

(Section 12.14 [delivering financial information – investment fund manager])

This is to notify the regulator or, in Québec, the securities regulatory authority, of a net asset value (NAV) adjustment made in respect of an investment fund managed by the investment fund manager in accordance with paragraph 12.14(1)(c) or paragraph 12.14(2)(c). All of the information requested should be provided on a fund by fund basis. Please attach a schedule if necessary.

1.	Name of the investment fund manager:
2.	Name of each of the investment funds for which a NAV adjustment occurred:
3.	Date(s) the NAV error occurred:
4.	Date the NAV error was discovered:
5.	Date of the NAV adjustment:
6.	Original total NAV on the date the NAV error first occurred:
7.	Original NAV per unit on each date(s) the NAV error occurred:
8.	Revised NAV per unit on each date(s) the NAV error occurred:
9.	NAV error as percentage (%) of the original NAV on each date(s) the NAV error occurred:
10.	Total dollar amount of the NAV adjustment:
11.	Effect (if any) of the NAV adjustment per unit or share:
12.	Total amount reimbursed to security holders, or any corrections made to purchase and redemption transactions affecting the security holders of each investment fund affected, if any:
13.	Date of the NAV reimbursement or correction to security holder transactions, if any:
14.	Total amount reimbursed to investment fund, if any:
15.	Date of the reimbursement to investment fund, if any:
16.	Description of the cause of the NAV error:
17.	Was the NAV error discovered by the investment fund manager?
	Yes
18.	If No, who discovered the NAV error?
19.	Was the NAV adjustment a result of a material error under the investment fund manager's policies and procedures?:
	Yes No No
20.	Have the investment fund manager's policies and procedures been changed following the NAV adjustment?
	Yes
21.	If Yes, describe the changes:
22.	If No, explain why not:
23.	Has the NAV adjustment been communicated to security holders of each of the investment funds affected?
	Yes No No
24.	If Yes, describe the communications:

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Notes:

- Line 2. NAV adjustment Refers to the correction made to make the investment fund's NAV accurate.
- **Line 3. NAV error** Refers to the error discovered on the Original NAV. Please refer to Section 12.14 of *Companion Policy 31-103CP Registration Requirements, Exemptions and Ongoing Registrant Obligations* for guidance on NAV error and causes of NAV errors.
- Line 3. Date(s) the NAV error occurred Means the date of the NAV error first occurred and the subsequent dates of the NAV error.
- Line 8. Revised NAV per unit Refers to the NAV per unit calculated after taking into account the NAV error.
- Line 9. NAV error as a percentage (%) of the original NAV Refers to the following calculation:

(Revised NAV / Original NAV) - 1 x 100

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APPENDIX A - BONDING AND INSURANCE CLAUSES

(section 12.3 [insurance – dealer], section 12.4 [insurance – adviser] and section 12.5 [insurance – investment fund manager])

Clause	Name of Clause	Details
А	Fidelity	This clause insures against any loss through dishonest or fraudulent act of employees.
В	On Premises	This clause insures against any loss of money and securities or other property through robbery, burglary, theft, hold-up, or other fraudulent means, mysterious disappearance, damage or destruction while within any of the insured's offices, the offices of any banking institution or clearing house or within any recognized place of safe-deposit.
С	In Transit	This clause insures against any loss of money and securities or other property through robbery, burglary, theft, hold-up, misplacement, mysterious disappearance, damage or destruction, while in transit in the custody of any employee or any person acting as messenger except while in the mail or with a carrier for hire other than an armoured motor vehicle company.
D	Forgery or Alterations	This clause insures against any loss through forgery or alteration of any cheques, drafts, promissory notes or other written orders or directions to pay sums in money, excluding securities.
Е	Securities	This clause insures against any loss through having purchased or acquired, sold or delivered, or extended any credit or acted upon securities or other written instruments which prove to have been forged, counterfeited, raised or altered, or lost or stolen, or through having guaranteed in writing or witnessed any signatures upon any transfers, assignments or other documents or written instruments.

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APPENDIX B - SUBORDINATION AGREEMENT

(Line 5 of Form 31-103F1 Calculation of excess working capital)

SUBORDINATION AGREEMENT

THIS AGREEMENT is made as of the day of, 20
BETWEEN:
[insert name]
(the "Lender")
AND
[insert name]
(the "Registered Firm", which term shall include all successors and assigns of the Registered Firm)
(collectively, the "Parties")
This Agreement is entered into by the Parties under National Instrument 31-103 <i>Registration Requirements, Exemptions and Ongoing Registrant Obligations</i> (" NI 31-103 ") in connection with a loan made on theday of, 20 by the Lender to the Registered Firm in the amount of \$(the "Loan") for the purpose of allowing the Registered Firm to carry on its business.

1. Subordination

The repayment of the loan and all amounts owed thereunder are subordinate to the claims of the other creditors of the Registered Firm.

2. Dissolution, winding-up, liquidation, insolvency or bankruptcy of the Registered Firm

For good and valuable consideration, the Parties agree as follows:

In the event of the dissolution, winding-up, liquidation, insolvency or bankruptcy of the Registered Firm:

- (a) the creditors of the Registered Firm shall be paid their existing claims in full in priority to the claims of the Lender:
- (b) the Lender shall not be entitled to make any claim upon any property belonging or having belonged to the Registered Firm, including asserting the right to receive any payment in respect to the Loan, before the existing claims of the other creditors of the Registered Firm have been settled.

3. Terms and conditions of the Loan

During the term of this Agreement:

- (a) interest can be paid at the agreed upon rate and time, provided that the payment of such interest does not result in a capital deficiency under NI 31-103;
- (b) any loan or advance or posting of security for a loan or advance by the Registered Firm to the Lender, shall be deemed to be a payment on account of the Loan.

4. Notice to the Securities Regulatory Authority

The Registered Firm must notify the Securities Regulatory Authority 10 days before the full or partial repayment of the loan. Further documentation may be requested by the Securities Regulatory Authority after receiving the notice from the Registered Firm.

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5. Termination of this Agreement

This Agreement may only be terminated by the Lender once the notice required pursuant to Section 4 of this Agreement is received by the Securities Regulatory Authority.

The Parties have executed and delivered this Agreement as of the date set out above.

[Registered Firm]				
Authorized signatory				
Authorized signatory				
[Lender]				
Authorized signatory				
Authorized signatory				

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APPENDIX C

[lapsed]

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APPENDIX D

[lapsed]

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APPENDIX E

[lapsed]

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APPENDIX F

[lapsed]

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APPENDIX G - EXEMPTIONS FROM CERTAIN REQUIREMENTS FOR IIROC MEMBERS

(Section 9.3 [exemptions from certain requirements for IIROC members])

NI 31-103 Provision	IIROC Provision
section 12.1 [capital requirements]	Dealer Member Rule 17.1; and Form 1 Joint Regulatory Financial Questionnaire and Report Part I, Statement B, "Notes and Instructions"
section 12.2 [subordination agreement]	Dealer Member Rule 5.2; and Dealer Member Rule 5.2A
section 12.3 [insurance – dealer]	Dealer Member Rule 17.5 Dealer Member Rule 400.2 [Financial Institution Bond]; Dealer Member Rule 400.4 [Amounts Required]; and Dealer Member Rule 400.5 [Provisos with respect to Dealer Member Rules 400.2, 400.3 and 400.4]
section 12.6 [global bonding or insurance]	Dealer Member Rule 400.7 [Global Financial Institution Bonds]
section 12.7 [notifying the regulator of a change, claim or cancellation]	 Dealer Member Rule 17.6; Dealer Member Rule 400.3 [Notice of Termination]; and Dealer Member Rule 400.3B [Termination or Cancellation]
section 12.10 [annual financial statements]	Dealer Member Rule 16.2 [Dealer Member Filing Requirements]; and Form 1 Joint Regulatory Financial Questionnaire and Report
section 12.11 [interim financial information]	Dealer Member Rule 16.2 [Dealer Member Filing Requirements]; and Form 1 Joint Regulatory Financial Questionnaire and Report
section 12.12 [delivering financial information – dealer]	Dealer Member Rule 16.2 [Dealer Member Filing Requirements]
subsection 13.2(3) [know your client]	 1,1. Dealer Member Rule 1300.1(a)-(n) [Identity and Creditworthiness]; 2,2. Dealer Member Rule 1300.2; Dealer Member Rule 2500, Section Part II [Opening New Accounts]; and Dealer Member Rule 2700, Part II [New Account Documentation and Approval]; and Form 2 New Client Application Form
section 13.3 [suitability]	 Dealer Member Rule 1300.1(o) [Business Conduct]; Dealer Member Rule 1300.1(p) [Suitability Generally determination required when accepting order]; Dealer Member Rule 1300.1(q) [Suitability Determination Required When Recommendation Provided determination required when recommendation provided]; Dealer Member Rule 1300.1(r) and Dealer Member Rule 1300.1(s) [Suitability Determination Not Required determination required for account positions held when certain events occur]; Dealer Member Rule 1300.1(t) [Corporation Approvals) [Suitability of investments in client accounts]; Dealer Member Rule 1300.1(t) – (v) [Exemptions from the suitability assessment requirements] Dealer Member Rule 1300.1(w) [Corporation approval] Bealer Member Rule 2700, Section Part I [Customer Suitability]; and

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NI 31-103 Provision	IIROC Provision
	7.9. Dealer Member Rule 3200 [Minimum Requirements requirements for Dealer Members Seeking Approval Underseeking approval under Rule 1300.1(t) for Suitability Relief for Trades not Recommended by the Memberto offer an order-execution only service]
section 13.12 [restriction on lending to clients]	Dealer Member Rule 17.11; and Dealer Member Rule 100 [Margin Requirements]
section 13.13 [disclosure when recommending the use of borrowed money]	Dealer Member Rule 29.26
section 13.15 [handling complaints]	Dealer Member Rule 2500, Part VIII [Client Complaints]; and Dealer Member Rule 2500B [Client Complaint Handling]; and Dealer Member Rule 2500, Section VIII [Client Complaints]
subsection 14.2(2) [relationship disclosure information]	 Dealer Member Rules of IIROC that set out the requirements for Rule 3500.5 [Content of relationship disclosure information similar to those contained in IIROC's Client Relationship Model proposal, published for comment on January 7, 2011; Dealer Member Rule 29.8; Dealer Member Rule 200.1(c); Dealer Member Rule 1300.1(p) [Suitability Generally]; Dealer Member Rule 1300.1(q) [Suitability Determination Required When Recommendation Provided]; Dealer Member Rule 1300.2; and Dealer Member Rule 2500B, Part 4 [Complaint procedures / standards] Dealer Member Rule 3500 [Relationship Disclosure]]
subsection 14.2(3) [relationship disclosure information]	1. Dealer Member Rule 3500.4 [Format of relationship disclosure]
subsection 14.2(4) [relationship disclosure information]	1. Dealer Member Rule 3500.1 [Objective of relationship disclosure requirements]
subsection 14.2(5.1) [relationship disclosure information]	1. Dealer Member Rule 29.8
subsection 14.2(6) [relationship disclosure information]	1. Dealer Member Rule 3500.1 [Objective of relationship disclosure requirements]
section 14.2.1 [pre-trade disclosure of charges]	1. Dealer Member Rule 29.9
section 14.5.2 [restriction on self-custody and qualified custodian requirement]	 Dealer Member Rule 17.2A [Establishment and maintenance of adequate internal controls in accordance with Dealer Member Rule 2600]; Dealer Member Rules 17.3, 17.3A, 17.3B and 2000 [Segregation Requirements]; Dealer Member Rule 2600 – Internal Control Policy Statement 4 [Segregation of Clients' Securities]; Dealer Member Rule 2600 - Internal Control Policy Statement 5 [Safekeeping of Clients' Securities]; Dealer Member Rule 2600 - Internal Control Policy Statement 6 [Safeguarding of Securities and Cash]; and Definition of "acceptable securities locations", General Notes and Definitions to Form 1

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NI 31-103 Provision	IIROC Provision
section 14.5.3 [cash and securities held by a qualified custodian]	1. Dealer Member Rule 200 [Minimum Records]
section 14.6 [holding-client and investment fund assets held by a registered firm in trust]	1. Dealer Member Rule 17.3
section 14.6.1 [custodial provisions relating to certain margin or security interests]	 Dealer Member Rules 17.2, 17.2A, 17.3, 17.3A, 17.3B, 17.11 and 2000 [Segregation Requirements]; Dealer Member Rule 100 [Margin Requirements]; Dealer Member Rule 2200 [Cash and Securities Loan Transactions]; Dealer Member Rule 2600 – Internal Control Policy Statement 4 [Segregation of Clients' Securities]; Dealer Member Rule 2600 - Internal Control Policy Statement 5 [Safekeeping of Clients' Securities]; Dealer Member Rule 2600 - Internal Control Policy Statement 6 [Safeguarding of Securities and Cash]; and Definitions of "acceptable counterparties", "acceptable institutions", "acceptable securities locations", "regulated entities", General Notes and Definitions to Form 1
section 14.6.2 [custodial provisions relating to short sales]	Dealer Member Rule 100 [Margin Requirements]; Dealer Member Rule 2200 [Cash and Securities Loan Transactions]; Dealer Member Rule 2600 – Internal Control Policy Statement 6 [Safeguarding of Securities and Cash]; and Definitions of "acceptable counterparties", "acceptable institutions", "acceptable securities locations", "regulated entities", General Notes and Definitions to Form 1
section 14.8 [securities subject to a safekeeping agreement] <u>[repealed]</u>	Dealer Member Rule 17.2A Dealer Member Rule 2600 Internal Control Policy Statement 5 [Safekeeping of Clients' Securities]
section 14.9 [securities not subject to a safekeeping agreement] <u>- [repealed]</u>	1. Dealer Member Rule 17.3; 2. Dealer Member Rule 17.3A; and 3. Dealer Member Rule 200.1(c)
section 14.11.1 [determining market value]	 Dealer Member Rule 200.1(c); and Definition (g) of the General Notes and Definitions to Form 1
section 14.12 [content and delivery of trade confirmation]	1. Dealer Member Rule 200.12(hl) [Trade confirmations]
section 14.14 [account statements]	Dealer Member Rule 200.2(d) [Client account statements]; and "Guide to Interpretation of Rule 200.2", Item (d)
section 14.14.1 [additional statements]	Dealer Member Rule 200.2(e) [Report on client positions held outside of the Dealer Member]; Dealer Member Rule 200.4 [Timing of sending documents to clients]; and Guide to Interpretation of Rule 200.2", Item (e)
section 14.14.2 [security position cost information]	 Dealer Member Rule 200.1(a); Dealer Member Rule 200.1(b); Dealer Member Rule 200.1(e);

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NI 31-103 Provision	IIROC Provision
	4. Dealer Member Rule 200.2(d)(ii)(F) and (H); and 5. Dealer Member Rule 200.2(e)(ii)(C) and (E)
section 14.17 [report on charges and other compensation]	 Dealer Member Rule 200.2(g) [Fee/ charge report]; and "Guide to Interpretation of Rule 200.2", Item (g)
section 14.18 [investment performance report]	 Dealer Member Rule 200.2(f) [Performance report]; and "Guide to Interpretation of Rule 200.2", Item (f)
section 14.19 [content of investment performance report]	 Dealer Member Rule 200.2(f) [Performance report]; and "Guide to Interpretation of Rule 200.2", Item (f)
section 14.20 [delivery of report on charges and other compensation and investment performance report]	1. Dealer Member Rule 200.4 [Timing of the sending of documents to clients]

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APPENDIX H - EXEMPTIONS FROM CERTAIN REQUIREMENTS FOR MFDA MEMBERS

(Section 9.4 [exemptions from certain requirements for MFDA members])

NI 31-103 Provision	MFDA Provision
section 12.1 [capital requirements]	 Rule 3.1.1 [Minimum Levels]; Rule 3.1.2 [Notice]; Rule 3.2.2 [Member Capital]; Form 1 MFDA Financial Questionnaire and Report; and Policy No. 4 [Internal Control Policy Statements – Policy Statement 2: Capital Adequacy]
section 12.2 [subordination agreement]	Form 1 MFDA Financial Questionnaire and Report,1. Statement F [Statement of Changes in Subordinated Loans]; and Membership Application Package – Schedule I (Subordinated Loan Agreement)
section 12.3 [insurance – dealer]	 Rule 4.1 [Financial Institution Bond]; Rule 4.4 [Amounts Required]; Rule 4.5 [Provisos]; Rule 4.6 [Qualified Carriers]; and Policy No. 4 [Internal Control Policy Statements – Policy Statement 3: Insurance]
section 12.6 [global bonding or insurance]	1. Rule 4.7 [Global Financial Institution Bonds]
section 12.7 [notifying the regulator of a change, claim or cancellation]	1. Rule 4.2 [Notice of Termination]; and 2. Rule 4.3 [Termination or Cancellation]
section 12.10 [annual financial statements]	 Rule 3.5.1 [Monthly and Annual]; Rule 3.5.2 [Combined Financial Statements]; and Form 1 MFDA Financial Questionnaire and Report
section 12.11 [interim financial information]	1. Rule 3.5.1 [Monthly and Annual]; 2. Rule 3.5.2 [Combined Financial Statements]; and 3. Form 1 MFDA Financial Questionnaire and Report
section 12.12 [delivering financial information – dealer]	1. Rule 3.5.1 [Monthly and Annual]
section 13.3 [suitability]	Rule 2.2.1 ["Know-Your-Client"]; and Policy No. 2 [Minimum Standards for Account Supervision]
section 13.12 [restriction on lending to clients]	 Rule 3.2.1 [Client Lending and Margin]; and Rule 3.2.3 [Advancing Mutual Fund Redemption Proceeds]
section 13.13 [disclosure when recommending the use of borrowed money]	Rule 2.6 [Borrowing for Securities Purchases]
section 13.15 [handling complaints]	 Rule 2.11 [Complaints]: Policy No. 3 [Complaint Handling, Supervisory Investigations and Internal Discipline]; and Policy No. 6 [Information Reporting Requirements]
subsectionsubsections 14.2(2), (3) and (5.1) [relationship disclosure information]	Rule 2.2.5 [Relationship Disclosure]: and Rule 2.4.3 [Operating Charges]

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NI 31-103 Provision	MFDA Provision
section 14.2.1 [pre-trade disclosure of charges] section 14.5.2 [restriction on self-custody and qualified custodian requirement]	1. Rule 2.4.4 [Transaction Fees or Charges] 1. Rule 3.3.1 [General]; 2. Rule 3.3.2 [Cash]; 3. Rule 3.3.3 [Securities]; and 4. Policy No. 4 [Internal Control Policy Statements – Policy Statement 4: Cash and Securities, and Policy Statement 5: Segregation of Clients' Securities]
section 14.5.3 [cash and securities held by a qualified custodian]	1. Policy No. 4 [Internal Control Policy Statements – Policy Statement 4: Cash and Securities, and Policy Statement 5: Segregation of Clients' Securities]
section 14.6 [holding-client and investment fund assets held by a registered firm in trust]	1. Rule 3.3.1 [General]; 2. Rule 3.3.2 [Cash]; 3. Rule 3.3.3 [Securities]; and 3.4. Policy No. 4 [Internal Control Policy Statements – Policy Statement 4: Cash and Securities, and Policy Statement 5: Segregation of Clients' Securities]
section 14.6.1 [custodial provisions relating to certain margin or security interests]	1. Rule 3.2.1 [Client Lending and Margin]
section 14.6.2 [custodial provisions relating to short sales]	1. Rule 3.2.1 [Client Lending and Margin]
section 14.8 [securities subject to a safekeeping agreement] - [repealed]	Rule 3.3.3 [Securities]; and Policy No. 4 [Internal Control Policy Statements Policy Statement 4: Cash and Securities, and Policy Statement 5: Segregation of Clients' Securities]
section 14.9 [securities not subject to a safekeeping agreement] <u>- [repealed]</u>	1. Rule 3.3.3 [Securities]
section 14.11.1 [determining market value]	Rule 5.3(1)(f) [definition of "market value"]; and Definitions to Form 1 [definition of "market value of a security"]
section 14.12 [content and delivery of trade confirmation]	 Rule 5.4.1 [Delivery of Confirmations]; Rule 5.4.2 [Automatic Payment Plans]; and Rule 5.4.3 [Content]
section 14.14 [account statements]	1. Rule 5.3.1 [Delivery of Account Statement]; and 2. Rule 5.3.2 [Content of Account Statement]
section 14.14.1 [additional statements]	Rule 5.3.1 [Delivery of Account Statement]; and Rule 5.3.2 [Content of Account Statement]
section 14.14.2 [security position cost information]	Rule 5.3(1)(a) [definition of "book cost"]; Rule 5.3(1)(c) [definition of "cost"]; and Rule 5.3.2(c) [Content of Account Statement – Market Value and Cost Reporting]
section 14.17 [report on charges and other compensation]	1. Rule 5.3.3 [Report on Charges and Other Compensation]
section 14.18 [investment performance	1. Rule 5.3.4 [Performance Report]; and

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NI 31-103 Provision	MFDA Provision
<u>report]</u>	2. Policy No. 7 Performance Reporting
section 14.19 [content of investment performance report]	Rule 5.3.4 [Performance Report]; and Policy No. 7 Performance Reporting
section 14.20 [delivery of report on charges and other compensation and investment performance report]	1. Rule 5.3.5 [Delivery of Report on Charges and Other Compensation and Performance Report]

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ANNEX E2

CHANGES TO 31-103CP

This Annex shows, by way of blackline, changes to the Companion Policy that will take effect upon the coming into force of the corresponding amendments to NI 31-103.

COMPANION POLICY 31-103 CP REGISTRATION REQUIREMENTS, EXEMPTIONS AND ONGOING REGISTRANT OBLIGATIONS

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registration	2.1 2.2	Individual categories Client mobility exemption – individuals
	Part 3	Registration requirements – individuals
	Division 3.3 Division 3.4 3.11 3.12 Division 3.16	Time limits on examination requirements 2 Education and experience requirements Proficiency – initial and ongoing Portfolio manager – advising representative Portfolio manager – associate advising representative
	Part 4	Restrictions on registered individuals
	4.1 4.2	Restriction on acting for another registered firm Associate advising representatives – pre-approval of advice
	Part 5	Ultimate designated person and chief compliance officer
	5.1 5.2	Responsibilities of the ultimate designated person Responsibilities of the chief compliance officer
	Part 6	Suspension and revocation of registration – individuals
	6.1 6.2 6.3 6.6	If individual ceases to have authority to act for firm If IIROC approval is revoked or suspended If MFDA approval is revoked or suspended Revocation of a suspended registration – individual
Firm registration	Part 7	Categories of registration for firms
9 100.	7.1 7.2 7.3	Dealer categories Adviser categories

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Part 8 Exemptions from the requirement to register

1 Everations from dealer and underwriter registration
1 Exemptions from dealer and underwriter registration
Trades through or to a registered dealer
Trades through a registered dealer by registered adviser
Investment fund trades by adviser to managed account
International dealer
Self-directed registered education savings plan
2 Exemptions from adviser registration
Short-term debt
IIROC members with discretionary authority
Advising generally
International adviser
International sub-adviser
3 Exemptions from investment fund manager registration
Capital accumulation plan
4 Mobility exemption – firms
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Part 9 Membership in a self-regulatory organization

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COMPANION POLICY 31-103 CP REGISTRATION REQUIREMENTS, EXEMPTIONS AND ONGOING REGISTRANT OBLIGATIONS

Part 1 Definitions and fundamental concepts

1.1 Introduction

Purpose of this Companion Policy

This Companion Policy sets out how the Canadian Securities Administrators (the CSA or we) interpret or apply the provisions of National Instrument 31-103 *Registration Requirements, Exemptions and Ongoing Registrant Obligations* (NI 31-103) and related securities legislation.

Numbering system

Except for Part 1, the numbering of Parts, Divisions and sections in this Companion Policy corresponds to the numbering in NI 31-103. Any general guidance for a Part or a Division appears immediately after the Part or Division name. Any specific guidance on sections in NI 31-103 follows any general guidance. If there is no guidance for a Part, Division or section, the numbering in this Companion Policy will skip to the next provision that does have guidance.

All references in this Companion Policy to sections, Parts and Divisions are to NI 31-103, unless otherwise noted.

Additional requirements applicable to registrants

For additional requirements that may apply to them, registrants should refer to:

- National Instrument 31-102 National Registration Database (NI 31-102) and the Companion Policy to NI 31-102
- National Instrument 33-109 Registration Information (NI 33-109) and the Companion Policy to NI 33-109
- National Policy 11-204 Process for Registration in Multiple Jurisdictions (NP 11-204), and
- securities and derivatives legislation in their jurisdiction

Registrants that are members of a self-regulatory organization (SRO) must also comply with their SRO's requirements.

Disclosure and notices

Delivering disclosure and notices to the principal regulator

Under section 1.3, registrants must deliver all disclosure and notices required under NI 31-103 to the registrant's principal regulator. This does not apply to notices under sections 8.18 [international dealer] and 8.26 [international adviser]. Registrants must deliver these notices to the regulator in each jurisdiction where they are registered or relying on an exemption from registration.

Electronic delivery of documents

These documents may be delivered electronically. Registrants should refer to National Policy 11-201 *Electronic Delivery of Documents* (NP 11-102).

See Appendix A for contact information for each regulator.

Clear and meaningful disclosure to clients

We expect registrants to present disclosure information to clients in a clear and meaningful manner in order to ensure clients understand the information presented. Registrants should ensure that investors can readily understand the information. These requirements are consistent with the obligation to deal fairly, honestly and in good faith with clients.

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1.2 Definitions

Unless defined in NI 31-103, terms used in NI 31-103 and in this Companion Policy have the meaning given to them in the securities legislation of each jurisdiction or in National Instrument 14-101 *Definitions*. See Appendix B for a list of some terms that are not defined in NI 31-103 or this Companion Policy but are defined in other securities legislation.

In this Companion Policy "regulator" means the regulator or securities regulatory authority in a jurisdiction.

Permitted client

The following discussion provides guidance on the term "permitted client", which is defined in section 1.1.

"Permitted client" is used in the following sections:

- 8.18 [international dealer]
- 8.22.1 [short-term debt]
- 8.26 [international adviser]
- 13.2 [know your client]
- 13.3 [suitability]
- 13.13 [disclosure when recommending the use of borrowed money]
- 14.2 [relationship disclosure information]
- 14.2.1 [pre-trade disclosure of charges]
- 14.4 [when the firm has a relationship with a financial institution]
- 14.5.2 [restriction on self-custody and qualified custodian requirement]
- 14.14.1 [additional statements]
- 14.14.2 [security position cost information]
- 14.17 [report on charges and other compensation]
- 14.18 [investment performance report]

Exemptions from registration when dealing with permitted clients

Sections 8.18 and 8.26 exempt international dealers and international advisers from the registration requirement if they deal with certain permitted clients and meet certain other conditions.

Section 8.22.1 exempts certain financial institutions from the dealer registration requirement when dealing in a short-term debt instrument with permitted clients.

Exemptions from other requirements when dealing with permitted clients

Under section 13.3, permitted clients may waive their right to have a registrant determine that a trade is suitable. In order to rely on this exemption, the registrant must determine that a client is a permitted client at the time the client waives their right to suitability.

Under sections 13.13 and 14.4, registrants do not have to provide certain disclosures to permitted clients. In order to rely on these exemptions, registrants must determine that a client is a permitted client at the time the client opens an account.

Under sections 14.2, 14.2.1, 14.14.1, 14.14.2, 14.17 and 14.18, registrants do not have to provide certain disclosures or reports to a permitted client that is not an individual.

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Under paragraph 14.5.2(7)(d), registered firms are not required to ensure that cash or securities of permitted clients, that are not individuals or investment funds, are held with a qualified custodian if the permitted client has acknowledged in writing that the permitted client is aware that this qualified custodian requirement will not apply to the firm. In order to rely on this exemption, we expect registered firms to determine that the client is a permitted client that is not an individual or investment fund at the time the client acknowledges that its right to a qualified custodian will not apply.

Determining assets

The definition of permitted client includes monetary thresholds based on the value of the client's assets. The monetary thresholds in paragraphs (o) and (q) of the definition are intended to create "bright-line" standards. Investors who do not satisfy these thresholds do not qualify as permitted clients under the applicable paragraph.

Paragraph (o) of the definition

Paragraph (o) refers to an individual who beneficially owns financial assets with an aggregate realizable value that exceeds \$5 million, before taxes but net of any related liabilities.

In general, determining whether financial assets are beneficially owned by an individual should be straightforward. However, this determination may be more difficult if financial assets are held in a trust or in other types of investment vehicles for the benefit of an individual.

Factors indicating beneficial ownership of financial assets include:

- possession of evidence of ownership of the financial asset
- entitlement to receive any income generated by the financial asset
- risk of loss of the value of the financial asset, and
- the ability to dispose of the financial asset or otherwise deal with it as the individual sees fit

For example, securities held in a self-directed RRSP for the sole benefit of an individual are beneficially owned by that individual. Securities held in a group RRSP are not beneficially owned if the individual cannot acquire and deal with the securities directly.

"Financial assets" is defined in section 1.1 of National Instrument 45-106 Prospectus Exemptions (NI 45-106).

Realizable value is typically the amount that would be received by selling an asset.

Paragraph (q) of the definition

Paragraph (q) refers to a person or company that has net assets of at least \$25 million, as shown on its last financial statements. "Net assets" under this paragraph is total assets minus total liabilities.

1.3 Fundamental concepts

This section describes the fundamental concepts that form the basis of the registration regime:

- requirement to register
- business trigger for trading and advising, and
- fitness for registration

A registered firm is responsible for the conduct of the individuals whose registration it sponsors. A registered firm

- must undertake due diligence before sponsoring an individual to be registered to act on its behalf (see further guidance in Part 4 Due diligence by firms of the Companion Policy to NI 33-109)
- has an ongoing obligation to monitor and supervise its registered individuals in an effective manner (see further guidance in section 11.1 of this Companion Policy)

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Failure of a registered firm to take reasonable steps to discharge these responsibilities may be relevant to the firm's own continued fitness for registration.

Requirement to register

The requirement to register is found in securities legislation. Firms must register if they are:

- in the business of trading
- in the business of advising
- holding themselves out as being in the business of trading or advising
- acting as an underwriter, or
- acting as an investment fund manager

Individuals must register if they trade, underwrite or advise on behalf of a registered dealer or adviser, or act as the ultimate designated person (UDP) or chief compliance officer (CCO) of a registered firm. Except for the UDP and the CCO, individuals who act on behalf of a registered investment fund manager do not have to register.

However, all permitted individuals of any registrant must file Form 33-109F4 Registration of Individuals and Review of Permitted Individuals (Form 33-109F4).

There is no renewal requirement for registration, but fees must be paid every year to maintain registration.

Multiple categories

Registration in more than one category may be necessary. For example, an adviser that also manages an investment fund may have to register as a portfolio manager and an investment fund manager. An adviser that manages a portfolio and distributes units of an investment fund may have to register as a portfolio manager and as a dealer.

Registration exemptions

NI 31-103 provides exemptions from the registration requirement. There may be additional exemptions in securities legislation. Some exemptions do not need to be applied for if the conditions of the exemption are met. In other cases, on receipt of an application, the regulator has discretion to grant exemptions for specified dealers, advisers or investment fund managers, or activities carried out by them if registration is required but specific circumstances indicate that it is not otherwise necessary for investor protection or market integrity.

Business trigger for trading and advising

We refer to trading or advising in securities for a business purpose as the "business trigger" for registration.

We look at the type of activity and whether it is carried out for a business purpose to determine if an individual or firm must register. We consider the factors set out below, among others, to determine if the activity is for a business purpose. For the most part, these factors are from case law and regulatory decisions that have interpreted the business purpose test for securities matters.

Factors in determining business purpose

This section describes factors that we consider relevant in determining whether an individual or firm is trading or advising in securities for a business purpose and, therefore, subject to the dealer or adviser registration requirement.

This is not a complete list. We do not automatically assume that any one of these factors on its own will determine whether an individual or firm is in the business of trading or advising in securities.

(a) Engaging in activities similar to a registrant

We usually consider an individual or firm engaging in activities similar to those of a registrant to be trading or advising for a business purpose. Examples include promoting securities or stating in any way that the individual or firm will buy or sell securities. If an individual or firm sets up a business to carry out any of these activities, we may consider them to be trading or advising for a business purpose.

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(b) Intermediating trades or acting as a market maker

In general, we consider intermediating a trade between a seller and a buyer of securities to be trading for a business purpose. This typically takes the form of the business commonly referred to as a broker. Making a market in securities is also generally considered to be trading for a business purpose.

(c) Directly or indirectly carrying on the activity with repetition, regularity or continuity

Frequent or regular transactions are a common indicator that an individual or firm may be engaged in trading or advising for a business purpose. The activity does not have to be their sole or even primary endeavour for them to be in the business.

We consider regularly trading or advising in any way that produces, or is intended to produce, profits to be for a business purpose. We also consider any other sources of income and how much time an individual or firm spends on all activities associated with the trading or advising.

(d) Being, or expecting to be, remunerated or compensated

Receiving, or expecting to receive, any form of compensation for carrying on the activity, including whether the compensation is transaction or value based, indicates a business purpose. It does not matter if the individual or firm actually receives compensation or in what form. Having the capacity or the ability to carry on the activity to produce profit is also a relevant factor.

(e) Directly or indirectly soliciting

Contacting anyone to solicit securities transactions or to offer advice may reflect a business purpose. Solicitation includes contacting someone by any means, including advertising that proposes buying or selling securities or participating in a securities transaction, or that offers services or advice for these purposes.

Business trigger examples

This section explains how the business trigger might apply to some common situations.

(a) Securities issuers

A securities issuer is an entity that issues or trades in its own securities. In general, securities issuers with an active non-securities business do not have to register as a dealer if they:

- do not hold themselves out as being in the business of trading in securities
- trade in securities infrequently
- are not, or do not expect to be, compensated for trading in securities
- do not act as intermediaries, and
- do not produce, or intend to produce, a profit from trading in securities

During the start-up stage, securities issuers may not yet be actively carrying on their intended business. We consider a start-up securities issuer to have an "active non-securities business" if the entity is raising capital to start a non-securities business. Although the entity does not need to be producing a product or delivering a service, we would expect it to have a bona fide business plan to do so, containing milestones and the time anticipated to reach those milestones. For example, technology companies may raise money with only a business plan for many years before they start producing a product or delivering a service. Similarly, junior exploration companies may raise money with only a business plan long before they find or extract any resources.

However, securities issuers may have to register as dealers if they are in the business of trading. Conduct that would indicate that security issuers are in the business includes frequently trading in securities. While frequent trading is a common indicator of being in the business of trading, we recognize that trading may be more frequent during the start-up stage, as an issuer needs to raise capital to launch and advance the business. If the trading is primarily for the purpose of advancing the issuer's business plan, then the frequency of the activities alone should not result in the issuer being in the business of trading in securities. If the capital raising and use of that capital are not advancing the business, the issuer may need to register as a dealer.

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Securities issuers may also have to register as a dealer if they

- employ or contract individuals to perform activities on their behalf that are similar to those performed by a registrant (other than underwriting in the normal course of a distribution or trading for their own account)
- actively solicit investors, subject to the discussion below, or
- act as an intermediary by investing client money in securities

For example, an investment fund manager that carries on the activities described above may have to register as a dealer.

Many issuers actively solicit through officers, directors or other employees. If these individuals' activities are incidental to their primary roles with an issuer, they would likely not be in the business of trading. Factors that would suggest that the issuer and these individuals are in the business of trading are:

- the principal purpose of the individual's employment is raising capital through distributions of the issuer's securities;
- the individuals spend the majority of their time raising capital in this manner;
- the individuals' compensation or remuneration is based solely or primarily on the amount of capital they raise for the issuer.

Securities issuers that are distributing securities are subject to the prospectus requirements unless an exemption is available. Regulators have the discretionary authority to require an underwriter for a prospectus distribution.

(b) Venture capital and private equity

This guidance does not apply to labour sponsored or venture capital funds as defined in National Instrument 81-106 *Investment Fund Continuous Disclosure* (NI 81-106).

Venture capital and private equity investing are distinguished from other forms of investing by the role played by venture capital and private equity management companies (collectively, VCs). This type of investing includes a range of activities that may require registration.

VCs typically raise money under one of the prospectus exemptions in NI 45-106, including for trades to "accredited investors". The investors typically agree that their money will remain invested for a period of time. The VC uses this money to invest in securities of companies that are usually not publicly traded. The VC usually becomes actively involved in the management of the company, often over several years.

Examples of active management in a company include the VC having:

- representation on the board of directors
- direct involvement in the appointment of managers
- a say in material management decisions

The VC looks to realize on the investment either through a public offering of the company's securities, or a sale of the business. At this point, the investors' money can be returned to them, along with any profit.

Investors rely on the VC's expertise in selecting and managing the companies it invests in. In return, the VC receives a management fee or "carried interest" in the profits generated from these investments. They do not receive compensation for raising capital or trading in securities.

Applying the business trigger factors to the VC activities as described above, there would be no requirement for the VC to register as:

• a portfolio manager, if the advice provided in connection with the purchase and sale of companies is incidental to the VC's active management of these companies, or

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 a dealer, if both the raising of money from investors and the investing of that money by the VC (in securities of companies that are usually not publicly traded) are occasional and uncompensated activities

If the VC is actively involved in the management of the companies it invests in, the investment portfolio would generally not be considered an investment fund. As a result, the VC would not need to register as an investment fund manager.

The business trigger factors and investment fund manager analysis may apply differently if the VC engages in activities other than those described above.

(c) One-time activities

In general, we do not require registration for one-time trading or advising activities. This includes trading or advising that:

- is carried out by an individual or firm acting as a trustee, executor, administrator, personal or other legal representative, or
- relates to the sale of a business

(d) Incidental activities

If trading or advising activity is incidental to a firm's primary business, we may not consider it to be for a business purpose.

For example, merger and acquisition specialists that advise the parties to a transaction between companies are not normally required to register as dealers or advisers in connection with that activity, even though the transaction may result in trades in securities and they will be compensated for the advice. If the transaction results in trades in the securities of the company to an acquirer, this is considered incidental to the acquisition transaction. However, if the merger and acquisition specialists also engage in capital raising from prospective investors (including private placements), they will need to consider whether such activity would be in the business of trading and require registration.

Another example is professionals, such as lawyers, accountants, engineers, geologists and teachers, who may provide advice on securities in the normal course of their professional activities. We do not consider them to be advising on securities for a business purpose. For the most part, any advice on securities will be incidental to their professional activities. This is because they:

- do not regularly advise on securities
- are not compensated separately for advising on securities
- do not solicit clients on the basis of their securities advice, and
- do not hold themselves out as being in the business of advising on securities

Registration trigger for investment fund managers

Investment fund managers are subject to a registration trigger. This means that if a firm carries on the activities of an investment fund manager, it must register. However, investment fund managers are not subject to the business trigger.

Fitness for registration

The regulator will only register an applicant if they appear to be fit for registration. Following registration, individuals and firms must maintain their fitness in order to remain registered. If the regulator determines that a registrant has become unfit for registration, the regulator may suspend or revoke the registration. See Part 6 of this Companion Policy for guidance on suspension and revocation of individual registration. See Part 10 of this Companion Policy for guidance on suspension and revocation of firm registration.

Terms and conditions

The regulator may impose terms and conditions on a registration at the time of registration or at any time after registration. Terms and conditions imposed at the time of registration are generally permanent, for example, in the case of a restricted dealer who is limited to specific activities. Terms and conditions imposed after registration are generally temporary. For example, if a registrant does not maintain the required capital, it may have to file monthly financial statements and capital calculations until the regulator's concerns are addressed.

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Opportunity to be heard

Applicants and registrants have an opportunity to be heard by the regulator before their application for registration is denied. They also have an opportunity to be heard before the regulator imposes terms and conditions on their registration if they disagree with the terms and conditions.

Assessing fitness for registration - firms

We assess whether a firm is or remains fit for registration through the information it is required to provide on registration application forms and as a registrant, and through compliance reviews. Based on this information, we consider whether the firm is able to carry out its obligations under securities legislation. For example, registered firms must be financially viable. A firm that is insolvent or has a history of bankruptcy may not be fit for registration.

In addition, when determining whether a firm whose head office is outside Canada is, and remains, fit for registration, we will consider whether the firm maintains registration or regulatory organization membership in the foreign jurisdiction that is appropriate for the securities business it carries out there.

Assessing fitness for registration - individuals

We use three fundamental criteria to assess whether an individual is or remains fit for registration:

- proficiency
- integrity, and
- solvency

(a) Proficiency

Individual applicants must meet the applicable education, training and experience requirements prescribed by securities legislation and demonstrate knowledge of securities legislation and the securities they recommend.

Registered individuals should continually update their knowledge and training to keep pace with new securities, services and developments in the industry that are relevant to their business. See Part 3 of this Companion Policy for more specific guidance on proficiency.

(b) Integrity

Registered individuals must conduct themselves with integrity and have an honest character. The regulator will assess the integrity of individuals through the information they are required to provide on registration application forms and as registrants, and through compliance reviews. For example, applicants are required to disclose information about conflicts of interest, such as other employment or partnerships, service as a member of a board of directors, or relationships with affiliates, and about any regulatory or legal actions against them.

(c) Solvency

The regulator will assess the overall financial condition of an individual applicant or registrant. An individual that is insolvent or has a history of bankruptcy may not be fit for registration. Depending on the circumstances, the regulator may consider the individual's contingent liabilities. The regulator may take into account an individual's bankruptcy or insolvency when assessing their continuing fitness for registration.

Part 2 Categories of registration for individuals

2.1 Individual categories

Multiple individual categories

Individuals who carry on more than one activity requiring registration on behalf of a registered firm must:

- register in all applicable categories, and
- meet the proficiency requirements of each category

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For example, an advising representative of a portfolio manager who is also the firm's CCO must register in the categories of advising representative and CCO. They must meet the proficiency requirements of both of these categories.

Individual registered in a firm category

An individual can be registered in both a firm and individual category. For example, a sole proprietor who is registered in the firm category of portfolio manager must also be registered in the individual category of advising representative.

2.2 Client mobility exemption - individuals

Conditions of the exemption

The mobility exemption in section 2.2 allows registered individuals to continue dealing with and advising clients who move to another jurisdiction, without registering in that other jurisdiction. Section 8.30 [client mobility exemption – firms] contains a similar exemption for registered firms.

The exemption becomes available when the client (not the registrant) moves to another jurisdiction. An individual may deal with up to five "eligible" clients in each other jurisdiction. Each of the client, their spouse and any children are an eligible client.

An individual may only rely on the exemption if:

- they and their sponsoring firm are registered in their principal jurisdiction
- they and their sponsoring firm only act as a dealer, underwriter or adviser in the other jurisdiction as permitted under their registration in their principal jurisdiction
- they comply with Part 13 Dealing with clients individuals and firms
- they act fairly, honestly and in good faith in their dealings with the eligible client, and
- their sponsoring firm has disclosed to the eligible client that the individual and if applicable, their sponsoring
 firm, are exempt from registration in the other jurisdiction and are not subject to the requirements of securities
 legislation in that jurisdiction

As soon as possible after an individual first relies on this exemption, their sponsoring firm must complete and file Form 31-103F3 *Use of mobility exemption* (Form 31-103F3) with the other jurisdiction.

Limits on the number of clients

Sections 2.2 and 8.30 are independent of each other: individuals may rely on the exemption from registration in section 2.2 even though their sponsoring firm is registered in the local jurisdiction (and is not relying on the exemption from registration in section 8.30). The limits in sections 2.2 and 8.30 are per jurisdiction.

For example a firm using the exemption in section 8.30 could have 10 clients in each of several local jurisdictions where it is not registered. An individual may also use the exemption in section 2.2 to have 5 clients in each of several jurisdictions where the individual is not registered.

The individual limits are per individual. For example several individuals working for the same firm could each have 5 clients in the same local jurisdiction and each individual could still rely on the exemption in section 2.2. However, the firm may not exceed its 10 client limit if it wants to rely on the exemption in section 8.30. If the firm exceeds the 10 client limit, the firm must be registered in the local jurisdiction.

Part 3 Registration requirements - individuals

Division 1 General proficiency requirements

Application of proficiency requirements

Part 3 sets out the initial and ongoing proficiency requirements for

 dealing representatives and chief compliance officers of mutual fund dealers, scholarship plan dealers and exempt-market dealers respectively

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- advising representatives, associate advising representatives and chief compliance officers of portfolio managers
- chief compliance officers of investment fund managers

The regulator is required to determine the individual's fitness for registration and may exercise discretion in doing so.

Section 3.3 does not provide proficiency requirements for dealing representatives of investment dealers since the IIROC Rules provide those requirements for the individuals who are approved persons of IIROC member firms.

Exam based requirements

Individuals must pass exams – not courses – to meet the education requirements in Part 3. For example, an individual must pass the Canadian Securities Course Exam, but does not have to complete the Canadian Securities Course. Individuals are responsible for completing the necessary preparation to pass an exam and for proficiency in all areas covered by the exam.

3.3 Time limits on examination requirements

Under section 3.3, there is a time limit on the validity of exams prescribed in Part 3. Individuals must pass an exam within 36 months before they apply for registration. However, this time limit does not apply if the individual:

- was registered in an active capacity (i.e., not suspended), in the same category in a jurisdiction of Canada at any time during the 36-month period before the date of their application; or
- has gained relevant securities industry experience for a total of 12 months during the 36-month period before
 the date of their application: these months do not have to be consecutive, or with the same firm or
 organization

These time limits do not apply to the CFA Charter or the CIM designation, since we do not expect the holders of these designations to have to retake the courses forming part of the requirements applicable to these designations. However, if the individual no longer has the right to use the CFA Charter or the CIM designation, by reason of revocation of the designation or otherwise, we may consider the reasons for such a revocation to be relevant in determining an individual's fitness for registration. Registered individuals are required to notify the regulator of any change in the status of their CFA Charter or the CIM designation within 10 days of the change, by submitting Form 33-109F5 Change of Registration Information in accordance with NI 31-102

When assessing an individual's fitness for registration, the regulator may consider

- the date on which the relevant examination was passed, and
- the length of time between any suspension and reinstatement of registration during the 36-month period

See Part 6 of this Companion Policy for guidance on the meaning of "suspension" and "reinstatement".

Relevant securities industry experience

The securities industry experience under paragraph 3.3(2)(b) should be relevant to the category applied for. It may include experience acquired:

- during employment at a registered dealer, a registered adviser or an investment fund manager
- in related investment fields, such as investment banking, securities trading on behalf of a financial institution, securities research, portfolio management, investment advisory services or supervision of those activities
- in legal, accounting or consulting practices related to the securities industry
- in other professional service fields that relate to the securities industry, or
- in a securities-related business in a foreign jurisdiction

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Division 2 Education and experience requirements

See Appendix C for a chart that sets out the proficiency requirements for each individual category of registration.

Granting exemptions

The regulator may grant an exemption from any of the education and experience requirements in Division 2 if it is satisfied that an individual has qualifications or relevant experience that is equivalent to, or more appropriate in the circumstances than, the prescribed requirements.

Proficiency for representatives of restricted dealers and restricted portfolio managers

The regulator will decide on a case-by-case basis what education and experience are required for registration as:

- a dealing representative or CCO of a restricted dealer, and
- an advising representative or CCO of a restricted portfolio manager

The regulator will determine these requirements when it assesses the individual's fitness for registration.

3.4 Proficiency – initial and ongoing

Proficiency principle

Under section 3.4, registered individuals must not perform an activity that requires registration unless they have the education, training and experience that a reasonable person would consider necessary to perform the activity competently, including understanding the structure, features and risks of each security they recommend to a client (also referred to as know-your-product or KYP).

The requirement to understand the structure, features and risks of each security recommended to a client is a proficiency requirement. This requirement is in addition to the suitability obligation in section 13.3 and applies even where there is an exemption from the suitability obligation such as, for example, the exemption in subsection 13.3(4) in respect of permitted clients.

CCOs must also not perform an activity that requires registration unless they have the education, training and experience that a reasonable person would consider necessary to perform the activity competently. CCOs must have a good understanding of the regulatory requirements applicable to the firm and individuals acting on its behalf. CCOs must also have the knowledge and ability to design and implement an effective compliance system.

Responsibility of the firm

The responsibility of registered firms to oversee the compliance of registered individuals acting on their behalf extends to ensuring that they are proficient at all times. A registered firm must not permit an individual they sponsor to perform an activity if the proficiency requirements are not met.

Firms should perform their own analysis of all securities they recommend to clients and provide product training to ensure their registered representatives have a sufficient understanding of the securities and their risks to meet their suitability obligations under section 13.3. Similarly, registered individuals should have a thorough understanding of a security before they recommend it to a client (also referred to as know-your-product or KYP).

3.11 Portfolio manager – advising representative

3.12 Portfolio manager – associate advising representative

The 12 months of relevant investment management experience referred to in section 3.11 and 24 months of relevant investment management experience referred to in section 3.12 do not have to be consecutive, or with the same firm or organization.

For individuals with a CFA charter, the regulator will decide on a case-by-case basis whether the experience they gained to earn the charter qualifies as relevant investment management experience.

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Relevant investment management experience

The relevant investment management experience requirement is in addition to the specific course or designation requirements for each category of registration. We will assess whether an individual has acquired relevant investment management experience on a case-by-case basis. This section describes factors we may consider in assessing certain types of experience.

Relevant investment management experience under sections 3.11 and 3.12 may vary according to the level of specialization of the individual. It may include:

- securities research and analysis experience, demonstrating an ability in, and understanding of, portfolio analysis or portfolio security selection, or
- management of investment portfolios on a discretionary basis, including investment decision making, rebalancing and evaluating performance

Advising representatives

An advising representative may have discretionary authority over investments of others. Accordingly, this category of registration involves the most onerous proficiency requirements. We expect an individual who seeks registration as an advising representative to demonstrate a high quality of experience that is clearly relevant to discretionary portfolio management. This section sets out specific examples of experience that may satisfy the relevant investment management experience requirement for advising representatives.

(a) Discretionary portfolio management

We may consider experience performing discretionary portfolio management in a professional capacity to be sufficient to meet the relevant investment management experience requirement for registration as an advising representative. Such experience may include working at:

- an adviser registered or operating under an exemption from registration in a foreign jurisdiction
- an insurance company
- a pension fund
- a government, corporate, bank or trust company treasury
- an IIROC member firm

(b) Assistant or associate portfolio management

We may consider experience supporting registered portfolio managers or other professional discretionary asset managers to be sufficient to meet the relevant investment management experience requirement for registration as an advising representative. This may include:

- working with portfolio managers to formulate, draft and implement written investment policy statements for clients, and
- researching and analysing individual securities for potential inclusion in investment portfolios

(c) Research analyst with an IIROC member firm or registered adviser

We may consider experience performing research and analysis of individual securities with recommendations for the purpose of determining their suitability for inclusion in client investment portfolios to be sufficient to meet the relevant investment management experience requirement for registration as an advising representative.

Associate advising representatives

This category may be appropriate for individuals who meet the minimum education and experience requirements in section 3.12 but do not meet the more onerous requirements for registration as an advising representative under section 3.11. In evaluating the experience required to obtain registration as an associate advising representative, we take into account that the advice provided by an associate advising representative must be approved by an advising representative in accordance with section 4.2. Experience gained as an associate advising representative does not automatically qualify an individual to be registered as an advising representative.

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We will assess on a case-by-case basis whether such experience meets the more stringent quality of experience required for registration as an advising representative. This section sets out specific examples of experience that may satisfy the relevant investment management experience requirement for associate advising representatives.

(a) Client relationship management

We may consider client relationship management experience with a registered portfolio manager firm to be sufficient to meet the relevant investment management experience requirement for registration as an associate advising representative where the applicant has assisted portfolio managers in tailoring strategies for specific clients. This may include experience assisting the portfolio managers in assessing suitability, creating investment policy statements, determining asset allocation, monitoring client portfolios and performing research and analysis on the economy or asset classes generally.

We recognize that many individuals who perform client relationship management services may not provide specific advice and therefore may not trigger the registration requirement. For example, some client services representatives conduct activities such as marketing the services of the firm by providing general information about the registrant firm and its services that do not include a strategy tailored to any specific client. While some client service representatives may accompany advising representatives or associate advising representatives to meetings with clients and provide assistance with marketing and client development activities, without registration they may not themselves develop an investment policy statement for the client, provide specific information such as recommending a particular model portfolio for the client or explain the implications of discretionary portfolio decisions that were made by the client's advising representative.

(b) Corporate finance

We may consider corporate finance experience involving valuing and analysing securities for initial public offerings, debt and equity financings, takeover bids and mergers to be sufficient to meet the relevant investment management experience requirement for registration as an associate advising representative where this experience demonstrates an ability in, and understanding of, portfolio analysis or portfolio securities selection.

Some types of experience remain highly case-specific

While the quality and nature of the experience discussed above may differ from individual to individual and we assess experience on a case-by-case basis, there are some types of experience that are even more highly case-specific. This section sets out specific examples of case specific experience that may satisfy the relevant investment management experience requirement for advising representatives and associate advising representatives.

(a) IIROC registered representatives

Some registered representatives may offer a broad range of products involving security-specific research and analysis of their own, in addition to meeting with clients to review and discuss know-your-client and investment suitability. We may consider this to be sufficient experience to meet the relevant investment management experience requirement for registration as an advising representative. Other registered representatives may sell mostly or exclusively a limited number of model portfolios or "portfolio solutions" to clients based on their investment objectives, risk profile or other factors unique to the individual client. We may consider this sufficient experience to meet the relevant investment management experience requirement for registration as an associate advising representative.

However, where an individual is restricted to the sale of mutual funds, we may not consider such experience to be sufficient to meet the relevant investment management experience requirement for registration as an advising representative or associate advising representative.

(b) Consultants

Consulting services relating to portfolio manager selection and monitoring may be highly specific to the individual or firm providing the services and may vary greatly among consultants in the sophistication of research and analysis and specificity of advice. Some may be responsible for hiring and ongoing monitoring of advisers or sub-advisers, while others may simply provide a desired asset allocation and list of recommended advisers based on the investment objectives of the client. We would generally expect to see a very high degree of sophistication and specificity in the analysis provided by the consultant and a high degree of investor reliance on the consultant in order for the individual to meet the relevant investment management experience requirement for registration as an advising representative.

Research and analysis to review and monitor the performance of registered portfolio managers, and referring clients for discretionary money management based on that review and monitoring, may meet the relevant investment management experience requirement for registration as an associate advising representative. We would not expect that general financial planning advice and referrals to portfolio managers alone would meet the threshold for relevant investment management experience required for registration as an advising representative or associate advising representative.

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In some situations, the activities submitted as relevant investment management experience involve or may involve providing specific advice to clients and therefore may require registration. We also recognize that many individuals who provide portfolio manager selection and monitoring do not provide specific advice and therefore may not trigger the registration requirement. We may consider the following factors in determining whether a consultant is required to register:

- the client contracts directly with the consultant, rather than with the portfolio managers
- the consultant manages the hiring and evaluation of the portfolio managers
- there is reliance by the client on the consultant
- there are client expectations about the services to be provided by the consultant

Division 3 Membership in a self-regulatory organization

3.16 Exemptions from certain requirements for SRO-approved persons

Section 3.16 exempts registered individuals who are dealing representatives of IIROC or MFDA members from the requirements in NI 31-103 for suitability and disclosure when recommending the use of borrowed money. This is because IIROC and the MFDA have their own rules for these matters.

In Québec, these requirements do not apply to dealing representatives of a mutual fund dealer to the extent that equivalent requirements are applicable to those dealing representatives under regulations in Québec.

This section also exempts registered individuals who are dealing representatives of IIROC from the know your client obligations in section 13.2.

We expect registered individuals who are dealing representatives of IIROC or MFDA members to comply with the by-laws, rules, regulations and policies of IIROC or the MFDA, as applicable (SRO provisions). These individuals cannot rely on the exemptions in section 3.16 unless they are complying with the corresponding SRO provisions specified in NI 31-103. We regard compliance with IIROC or MFDA procedures, interpretations, notices, bulletins and practices as relevant to compliance with the applicable SRO provisions.

For these purposes, an individual that has an exemption from an SRO provision and complies with the terms of that exemption would be considered to have complied with that SRO provision.

Part 4 Restrictions on registered individuals

4.1 Restriction on acting for another registered firm

We will consider exemption applications on a case-by-case basis. When reviewing a registered firm's application for relief from this restriction, we will consider if:

- there are valid business reasons for the individual to be registered with both firms
- the individual will have sufficient time to adequately serve both firms
- the applicant's sponsoring firms have demonstrated that they have policies and procedures addressing any
 conflicts of interest that may arise as a result of the dual registration, and
- the sponsoring firms will be able to deal with these conflicts, including supervising how the individual will deal with these conflicts.

In the case of paragraph 4.1(1)(b), namely a dealing, advising or associate advising representative acting for another registered firm, affiliation of the firms may be one of the factors that we would consider in respect of an exemption application.

We note that the prohibitions in section 4.1 are in addition to the conflicts of interest provisions set out in section 13.4 [identifying and responding to conflicts of interest]. See section 13.4 for further guidance on individuals who serve on boards of directors.

4.2 Associate advising representatives – pre-approval of advice

The associate advising representative category allows an individual to work at a registered adviser while completing the proficiency requirements for an advising representative. For example, a previously registered advising representative could work in an advising capacity while acquiring the relevant work experience required for an advising representative under section 3.11.

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Associate advising representatives are not required to subsequently register as a full advising representative since this category also accommodates individuals who provide specific advice to clients, but do not manage client portfolios without supervision.

As required by section 4.2, registered firms must designate an advising representative to approve the advice provided by an associate advising representative. The designated advising representative must approve the advice before the associate advising representative gives the advice. The appropriate processes for approving the advice will depend on the circumstances, including the associate advising representative's level of experience.

Registered firms that have associate advising representatives must:

- document their policies and procedures for meeting the supervision and approval obligations as required under section 11.1
- implement controls as required under section 11.1
- maintain records as required under section 11.5, and
- notify the regulator of the names of the advising representative and the associate advising representative whose advice they are approving no later than the seventh day after the advising representative is designated

Part 5 Ultimate designated person and chief compliance officer

Sections 11.2 and 11.3 require registered firms to designate a UDP and a CCO. The UDP and CCO must be registered and perform the compliance functions set out in sections 5.1 and 5.2. While the UDP and CCO have specific compliance functions, they are not solely responsible for compliance – it is the responsibility of the firm as a whole.

The same person as UDP and CCO

The UDP and the CCO can be the same person if they meet the requirements for both registration categories. We prefer firms to separate these functions, but we recognize that it might not be practical for some registered firms.

UDP or CCO as advising or dealing representative

The UDP or CCO may also be registered in trading or advising categories. For example, a small registered firm might conclude that one individual can adequately function as UDP and CCO, while also carrying on advising and trading activities. We may have concerns about the ability of a UDP or CCO of a large firm to conduct these additional activities and carry out their UDP, CCO and advising responsibilities at the same time.

5.1 Responsibilities of the ultimate designated person

The UDP is responsible for promoting a culture of compliance and overseeing the effectiveness of the firm's compliance system. They do not have to be involved in the day to day management of the compliance group. There are no specific education or experience requirements for the UDP. However, they are subject to the proficiency principle in section 3.4.

5.2 Responsibilities of the chief compliance officer

The CCO is an operating officer who is responsible for the monitoring and oversight of the firm's compliance system. This includes:

- establishing or updating policies and procedures for the firm's compliance system, and
- managing the firm's compliance monitoring and reporting according to the policies and procedures

At the firm's discretion, the CCO may also have authority to take supervisory or other action to resolve compliance issues.

The CCO must meet the proficiency requirements set out in Part 3. No other compliance staff have to be registered unless they are also advising or trading. The CCO may set the knowledge and skills necessary or desirable for individuals who report to them.

If a firm is registered in multiple categories, the CCO must meet the most stringent of the proficiency requirements of the firm's categories of registration.

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Firms must designate one CCO. However, in large firms, the scale and kind of activities carried out by different operating divisions may warrant the designation of more than one CCO. We will consider applications, on a case-by-case basis, for different individuals to act as the CCO of a firm's operating divisions.

We will not usually register the same person as CCO of more than one firm unless the firms are affiliated, and the scale and kind of activities carried out make it reasonable for the same person to act as CCO of more than one firm. We will consider applications, on a case-by-case basis, for the CCO of one registered firm to act as the CCO of another registered firm.

Paragraph 5.2(c) requires the CCO to report to the UDP any instances of non-compliance with securities legislation that:

- create a reasonable risk of harm to a client or to the market, or
- are part of a pattern of non-compliance

The CCO should report non-compliance to the UDP even if it has been corrected.

Paragraph 5.2(d) requires the CCO to submit an annual report to the board of directors.

Part 6 Suspension and revocation of registration - individuals

The requirements for surrendering registration and additional requirements for suspending and revoking registration are found in the securities legislation of each jurisdiction. The guidance for Part 6 relates to requirements under both securities legislation and NI 31-103.

There is no renewal requirement for registration. A registered individual may carry on the activities for which they are registered until their registration is:

- suspended automatically under NI 31-103
- suspended by the regulator under certain circumstances, or
- surrendered by the individual

6.1 If individual ceases to have authority to act for firm

Under section 6.1, if a registered individual ceases to have authority to act on behalf of their sponsoring firm because their working relationship with the firm ends or changes, the individual's registration with the registered firm is suspended until reinstated or revoked under securities legislation. This applies whether the individual or the firm ends the relationship.

If a registered firm terminates its working relationship with a registered individual for any reason, the firm must complete and file a notice of termination on Form 33-109F1 *Notice of Termination of Registered Individuals and Permitted Individuals* (Form 33-109F1) no later than ten days after the effective date of the individual's termination. This includes when an individual resigns, is dismissed or retires.

The firm must file additional information about the individual's termination prescribed in Part 5 of Form 33-109F1 (except where the individual is deceased), no later than 30 days after the date of termination. The regulator uses this information to determine if there are any concerns about the individual's conduct that may be relevant to their ongoing fitness for registration. Under NI 33-109, the firm must provide this information to the individual on request.

Suspension

An individual whose registration is suspended must not carry on the activity they are registered for. The individual otherwise remains a registrant and is subject to the jurisdiction of the regulator. A suspension remains in effect until the regulator reinstates or revokes the individual's registration.

If an individual who is registered in more than one category is suspended in one of the categories, the regulator will consider whether to suspend the individual's registration in other categories or to impose terms and conditions, subject to an opportunity to be heard.

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Automatic suspension

An individual's registration will automatically be suspended if:

- they cease to have a working relationship with their sponsoring firm
- the registration of their sponsoring firm is suspended or revoked, or
- they cease to be an approved person of an SRO.

An individual must have a sponsoring firm to be registered. If an individual leaves their sponsoring firm for any reason, their registration is automatically suspended. Automatic suspension is effective on the day that an individual no longer has authority to act on behalf of their sponsoring firm.

Individuals do not have an opportunity to be heard by the regulator in the case of any automatic suspension.

Suspension in the public interest

An individual's registration may be suspended if the regulator exercises its power under securities legislation and determines that it is no longer in the public interest for the individual to be registered. The regulator may do this if it has serious concerns about the ongoing fitness of the individual. For example, this may be the case if an individual is charged with a crime, in particular fraud or theft.

Reinstatement

"Reinstatement" means that a suspension on a registration has been lifted. Once reinstated, an individual may resume carrying on the activity they are registered for. If a suspended individual joins a new sponsoring firm, they will have to apply for reinstatement under the process set out in NI 33-109. In certain cases, the reinstatement or transfer to the new firm will be automatic.

Automatic transfers

Subject to certain conditions set out in NI 33-109, an individual's registration may be automatically reinstated if they:

- transfer directly from one sponsoring firm to another registered firm in the same jurisdiction
- join the new sponsoring firm within 90 days of leaving their former sponsoring firm
- seek registration in the same category as the one previously held, and
- complete and file Form 33-109F7 Reinstatement of Registered Individuals and Permitted Individuals (Form 33-109F7)

This allows individuals to engage in activities requiring registration from their first day with the new sponsoring firm.

Individuals are not eligible for an automatic reinstatement if they:

- have new information to disclose regarding regulatory, criminal, civil or financial matters as described in Item 9 of Form 33-109F7, or
- as a result of allegations of criminal activity, breach of securities legislation or breach of SRO rules:
 - o were dismissed by their former sponsoring firm, or
 - were asked by their former sponsoring firm to resign

In these cases, the individual must apply to have their registration reinstated under NI 33-109 using Form 33-109F4.

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6.2 If IIROC approval is revoked or suspended

6.3 If MFDA approval is revoked or suspended

Registered individuals acting on behalf of member firms of an SRO are required to be an approved person of the SRO.

If an SRO suspends or revokes its approval of an individual, the individual's registration in the category requiring SRO approval will be automatically suspended. This automatic suspension of individuals does not apply to mutual fund dealers registered only in Québec.

If an SRO suspends an individual for reasons that do not involve significant regulatory concerns and subsequently reinstates the individual's approval, the individual's registration will usually be reinstated by the regulator as soon as possible.

Revocation

6.6 Revocation of a suspended registration – individual

If an individual's registration has been suspended under Part 6 but not reinstated, it will be automatically revoked on the second anniversary of the suspension.

"Revocation" means that the regulator has terminated the individual's registration. An individual whose registration has been revoked must submit a new application if they want to be registered again.

Surrender or termination of registration

If an individual wants to terminate their registration in one or more of the non-principal jurisdictions where the individual is registered, the individual may apply to surrender their registration at any time by completing Form 33-109F2 *Change or Surrender of Individual Categories* (Form 33-109F2) and having their sponsoring firm file it.

If an individual wants to terminate their registration in their principal jurisdiction, Form 33-109F1 must be filed by the individual's sponsoring firm. Once Form 33-109F1 is filed, the individual's termination of registration will be reflected in all jurisdictions.

Part 7 Categories of registration for firms

The categories of registration for firms have two main purposes:

- to specify the type of business that the firm may conduct, and
- to provide a framework for the requirements the registrant must meet

Firms registered in more than one category

A firm may be required to register in more than one category. For example, a portfolio manager that manages an investment fund must register both as a portfolio manager and as an investment fund manager.

Individual registered in a firm category

An individual can be registered in both a firm and individual category. For example, a sole proprietor who is registered in the firm category of portfolio manager must also be registered in the individual category of advising representative.

7.1 Dealer categories

Section 7.1 of NI 31-103 sets out the dealer registration categories and permitted activities for each category. For example, investment dealers may act as a dealer or an underwriter in respect of any security or transaction. All other dealer categories are limited:

- a mutual fund dealer may only act as a dealer in respect of mutual funds and certain other investment funds
- <u>a scholarship plan dealer may only act as a dealer in respect of scholarship plans, educational plans and educational trusts</u>

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Underwriting is a subset of dealing activity for specified categories. Investment dealers may underwrite any securities. Exempt market dealers may underwrite securities in limited circumstances. For example, exempt market dealers may participate in a private placement of securities. Exempt market dealers may not act as an underwriter in a prospectus offering without exemptive relief.

 a restricted dealer may only act as a dealer or an underwriter in accordance with the terms and conditions of its registration.

Exempt market dealer

Under paragraph 7.1(2)(d), <u>an</u> exempt market <u>dealers dealer</u> may only act as a dealer <u>or an underwriter</u> in the "exempt market". The permitted activities of an exempt market dealer are determined <u>with by</u> reference to the prospectus exemptions in NI 45-106 and include trades to "accredited investors" and purchasers of at least \$150,000 of a security and trades to anyone under the <u>offering memorandum exemption.securities legislation (e.g., the accredited investor, minimum amount investment and offering memorandum exemptions in NI 45-106).</u>

In short, an exempt market dealer may act as a dealer or underwriter in a distribution by an issuer, including a reporting issuer, if the distribution is being made under an exemption from the prospectus requirement. An exempt market dealer may not act as a dealer or underwriter in a distribution that is being made under a prospectus (a prospectus distribution). The investment dealer category or, in the case of a mutual fund prospectus distribution, the mutual fund dealer category, are the appropriate dealer registration categories for prospectus distributions.

This distinction is explained further below.

Trades that are distributions

Under subparagraph 7.1(2)(d)(i), exempt market dealers are permitted to trade in securities if the trade is a distribution made under a prospectus exemption. This includes trading in securities of investment funds and reporting issuers provided the securities are distributed under an exemption from the prospectus requirement. For example, where a reporting issuer is making a prospectus offering through an investment dealer, an exempt market dealer may participate in a private placement of securities of the same class, if those securities are actually distributed by the reporting issuer under a prospectus exemption. Certain form and fee requirements may apply to the private placement of securities under exemptions from the prospectus requirement.

Permitted activities under subparagraph 7.1(2)(d)(i) also include participating in a resale of securities, where the resale is deemed to be a distribution under National Instrument 45-102 Resale of Securities (NI 45-102). For example, if a reporting issuer makes a private placement of common shares to an accredited investor in reliance on the accredited investor exemption in NI 45-106, the shares will generally be subject to a four-month restricted period. If the accredited investor wishes to resell the shares to another accredited investor within the four-month restricted period, the resale will be deemed to be a distribution under NI 45-102. An exempt market dealer may participate in this resale if made in reliance on a prospectus exemption. However, once the four-month restricted period has expired, and the shares become freely trading, an exempt market dealer may not participate in the resale if common shares of the issuer are listed, quoted or traded on a marketplace, whether the transaction is on-exchange or off-exchange, due to the restriction in subparagraph 7.1(2)(d)(ii). Secondary trading in listed securities should be conducted through an investment dealer in accordance with the rules and requirements applicable to investment dealers.

Trades that are not distributions

Exempt market dealers are permitted to participate in a resale of securities, if all the conditions in subparagraph 7.1(2)(d)(ii) are met. These include that a prospectus exemption would have been available to the seller if the trade were a distribution and the class of securities is not listed, quoted or traded on a domestic or foreign marketplace. In determining whether a prospectus exemption is available for the purposes of subparagraph 7.1(2)(d)(ii), it is necessary to consider the terms of the prospectus exemption. For example, if the terms of the exemption provide that the exemption is only available to an issuer, it is not available for the resale of securities (e.g., offering memorandum exemption).

Exempt market dealers are permitted to participate in In short, exempt market dealers are permitted to:

- trade or underwrite securities if the trade is a distribution of securities, including securities of investment funds or reporting issuers, made under an exemption from thea prospectus requirementexemption
- aparticipate in the resale of securities that are subject to resale restrictions
- aparticipate in the resale of securities that are freely tradeable, if the securities are not, if a prospectus exemption would be available to the seller if the trade were a distribution and the class of securities is not

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<u>listed, quoted or traded on a marketplace.</u> For example, the securities are traded on an over-the-counter basisThese activities may be conducted with accredited investors or other investors who are eligible to purchase the securities on a prospectus exempt basis.

Exempt market dealers are not permitted to

- establish an omnibus account with an investment dealer and trade listed securities through the investment dealer on behalf of their clients, since this activity is trading in listed securities contrary to subparagraph 7.1(2)(d)(ii)
- participate—as an underwriter in a distribution of securities offered under a prospectus_in any capacity, including as a dealer (agent, finder, selling group member) or underwriter. This includes participating in the sale of special warrants convertible into prospectus qualified securities, since this activity is an "act in furtherance" of the trade of a prospectus qualified security contrary to subparagraph 7.1(2)(d)(i).
- directly or indirectly, participate in a resale of securities traded on a domestic or foreign marketplace whether
 the transaction is on-exchange or off-exchange, unless the transaction requires reliance on a further
 exemption from the prospectus requirement. This includes establishing an omnibus account with an
 investment dealer and trading securities for clients through that account.

These activities should be conducted by investment dealers.

Restricted dealer

The restricted dealer category in paragraph 7.1(2)(e) permits specialized dealers that may not qualify under another dealer category, to carry on a limited trading business. It is intended to be used only if there is a compelling case for the proposed trading to take place outside the other registration categories.

The regulator will impose terms and conditions that restrict the dealer's activities. The CSA will co-ordinate terms and conditions for restricted dealers.

7.2 Adviser categories

The registration requirement in section 7.2 applies to advisers who give "specific advice". Advice is specific when it is tailored to the needs and circumstances of a client or potential client. For example, an adviser who recommends a security to a client is giving specific advice.

Restricted portfolio manager

The restricted portfolio manager category in paragraph 7.2(2)(b) permits individuals or firms to advise in specific securities, classes of securities or securities of a class of issuers.

The regulator will impose terms and conditions on a restricted portfolio manager's registration that limit the manager's activities. For example, a restricted portfolio manager might be limited to advising in respect of a specific sector, such as securities of oil and gas issuers.

7.3 Investment fund manager category

Investment fund managers direct the business, operations or affairs of an investment fund. They organize the fund and are responsible for its management and administration. If an entity is uncertain about whether it must register as an investment fund manager, it should consider whether the fund is an "investment fund" for the purposes of securities legislation. See section 1.2 of the Companion Policy to NI 81-106 for guidance on the general nature of investment funds.

For additional guidance on the investment fund manager registration requirement in Alberta, British Columbia, Manitoba, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, Northwest Territories, Nunavut, Prince Edward Island, Saskatchewan and Yukon see Multilateral Policy 31-202 Registration Requirement for Investment Fund Manager. Newfoundland and Labrador, Ontario and Québec have adopted Multilateral Instrument 32-102 Registration Exemptions for Non-Resident Investment Fund Managers and Companion Policy 32-102CP Registration Exemptions for Non-Resident Investment Fund Managers, which provide limited exemptions from, and guidance on, the investment fund manager registration requirement for non-resident investment fund managers.

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An investment fund manager may:

- advertise to the general public a fund it manages without being registered as an adviser, and
- promote the fund to registered dealers without being registered as a dealer

If an investment fund manager acts as portfolio manager for a fund it manages, it should consider whether it may have to be registered as an adviser. If it distributes units of the fund directly to investors, it should consider whether it may have to be registered as a dealer.

In most fund structures, the investment fund manager is a separate legal entity from the fund itself. However, in situations where the board of directors or the trustee(s) of an investment fund direct the business, operations or affairs of the investment fund, the fund itself may be required to register in the investment fund manager category. To address the investor protection concerns that may arise from the investment fund manager and the fund being the same legal entity, and the practical issues of applying the ongoing requirements of a registrant on the fund, terms and conditions may be imposed.

An investment fund manager may delegate or outsource certain functions to service providers. However, the investment fund manager is responsible for these functions and must supervise the service provider. See Part 11 of this Companion Policy for more guidance on outsourcing.

Investment fund complexes or groups with more than one investment fund manager

Determining whether investment fund registration is necessary involves applying a functional test that examines the activities being carried out to determine whether an entity is directing the business, operations or affairs of an investment fund. Typically an investment fund has only one investment fund manager. However, there may be limited circumstances where investment fund complexes or groups may have more than one entity within the fund complex that is acting as an investment fund manager. Although the investment fund manager functions are often delegated to one entity within the fund complex, there may be more than one entity in the group subject to investment fund manager registration, absent an exemption from registration. We will consider exemption applications on a case-by-case basis to allow only one investment fund manager within the fund complex to be registered in appropriate circumstances.

Part 8 Exemptions from the requirement to register

NI 31-103 provides several exemptions from the registration requirement. There may be additional exemptions in securities legislation. If a firm is exempt from registration, the individuals acting on its behalf are also exempt from registration. A person or company cannot rely on the exemptions in Divisions 1, 2 and 3 of this Part in a local jurisdiction if the person or company is registered to conduct the activities covered by the exemption in that jurisdiction. We expect registrants to conduct activities within a jurisdiction under their category of registration, in full compliance with securities legislation, including the requirements of NI 31-103.

Division 1 Exemptions from dealer and underwriter registration

We provide no specific guidance for the following exemptions because there is guidance on them in the Companion Policy to NI 45-106:

- 8.12 [mortgages]
- 8.17 [reinvestment plan]

8.5 Trades through or to a registered dealer

No solicitation or contact

Section 8.5 provides an exemption from the dealer registration requirement for trades made

- through an appropriately registered dealer, or
- to an appropriately registered dealer that is purchasing for that dealer's account.

The exemption in paragraph 8.5(1)(a) for trades made through a registered dealer is not available if the person relying on it solicits or contacts purchasers of the securities directly. For example, if an individual acts in furtherance of a trade by soliciting or contacting potential purchasers of securities (sometimes referred to as a finder) and then the sale to the purchaser is executed through a registered dealer, the individual would not qualify for this exemption.

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A person may utilize the exemption for acts in furtherance of a trade in relation to working with issuers or appropriately registered dealers, provided they do not directly solicit or contact purchasers.

Cross-border trades (jitneys)

Section 8.5 provides an exemption from the dealer registration requirement if the trade is made through a registered dealer, provided the person relying on the exemption has no direct contact with the purchaser of the security. On that basis, the execution of a trade through or to an appropriately registered dealer by a dealer located in another jurisdiction would qualify under this exemption.

However, if for example a dealer in the United States that is not registered in Alberta contacts a potential purchaser in Alberta to solicit the purchase of securities, this trade does not qualify for this exemption. The dealer in the United States must instead contact a dealer registered in Alberta, and have that dealer contact potential purchasers in Alberta.

Plan administrators

A plan administrator can rely on this exemption to place sell orders with dealers in respect of shares of issuers held by plan participants. Section 8.16 [plan administrator] covers the activity of the plan administrator receiving sell orders from plan participants.

8.5.1 Trades through a registered dealer by registered adviser

Section 8.5.1 provides that the dealer registration requirement does not apply to a registered adviser for incidental trading activities. The exemption is only available if the trade is made through a registered dealer or a dealer exempt from registration. For example, a portfolio manager may not use the exemption to trade units of a pooled fund it manages, without involving a registered dealer or having another exemption available, including the exemption in section 8.6.

8.6 Investment fund trades by adviser to managed account

Registered advisers often ereate and use investment funds which they or their affiliates have created as a way to efficiently invest their clients' money. In issuing units of those funds to managed account clients, they are in the business of trading in securities. Under the exemption in section 8.6, a registered adviser does not have to register as a dealer does for a trade in a security of an investment fund if they:

- the adviser or an affiliate of the adviser acts as the fund's adviser,
- act the adviser or an affiliate of the adviser acts as the fund's-adviser and investment fund manager, and
- distribute the distribution of units of the fund is made only into their the adviser's clients' managed accounts.

The exemption is also available to those who qualify for the international adviser exemption under section 8.26.

Subsection 8.6(2) limits the availability of this exemption to legitimate managed accounts. We do not intend for the exemption to be used to distribute the adviser's The exemption is not available in respect of accounts that are in substance non-discretionary accounts and that have been created primarily for the purpose of distributing investment funds on a retail basis. of the adviser to an investor without the involvement of a registered dealer.

An adviser relying on this exemption is required to provide written notice of its reliance on the exemption.

The exemption in section 8.6 is also available to those who qualify for the international adviser exemption under section 8.26.

8.18 International dealer

General principle

This exemption allows international dealers to provide limited services to permitted clients without having to register in Canada. The term "permitted client" is defined in section 1.1. International dealers that seek wider access to Canadian investors must register in an appropriate category.

Notice requirement

If a firm is relying on the exemption in more than one jurisdiction, it must provide an initial notice by filing a Form 31-103F2 Submission to Jurisdiction and Appointment of Agent for Service (Form 31-103F2) with the regulator in each jurisdiction where it

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relies on the exemption. If there is any change to the information in the firm's Form 31-103F2, it must update it by filing a replacement Form 31-103F2 with them.

So long as the firm continues to rely on the exemption, it must file an annual notice with each regulator. Subsection 8.18(5) does not prescribe a form of annual notice. An email or letter will therefore be acceptable.

In Ontario, compliance with the filing and fee payment requirements applicable to an unregistered exempt international dealer under Ontario Securities Commission Rule 13-502 Fees satisfies the annual notification requirement in subsection (5).

8.19 Self-directed registered education savings plan

We consider the creation of a self-directed registered education savings plan, as defined in section 8.19, to be a trade in a security, whether or not the assets held in the plan are securities. This is because the definition of "security" in securities legislation of most jurisdictions includes "any document constituting evidence of an interest in a scholarship or educational plan or trust".

Section 8.19 provides an exemption from the dealer registration requirement for the trade when the plan is created but only under the conditions described in subsection 8.19(2).

8.22.1 Short-term debt

This exemption allows specified financial institutions to trade short-term debt instruments with permitted clients, without having to register. The exemption is available in all jurisdictions of Canada, except Ontario. In Ontario, there are alternate exemptions that may be available for trading in short-term debt instruments, including the exemptions in section 35.1 of the Securities Act (Ontario) and section 4.1 of the Ontario Securities Commission Rule 45-501 Ontario Prospectus and Registration Exemptions.

Division 2 Exemptions from adviser registration

8.24 IIROC members with discretionary authority

Section 8.24 contains an exemption from the requirement to register as an adviser for registered dealers that are members of IIROC and their dealing representatives. The exemption is available when they act as an adviser in respect of a client's managed account. The term "managed account" is defined in section 1.1 of NI 31-103. This exemption is available for all managed accounts, including where the client is a pooled fund or investment fund.

8.25 Advising generally

Section 8.25 contains an exemption from the requirement to register as an adviser if the advice is not tailored to the needs of the recipient.

In general, we would not consider advice about specific securities to be tailored to the needs of the recipient if it:

- is a general discussion of the merits and risks of the security
- is delivered through investment newsletters, articles in general circulation newspapers or magazines, websites, e-mail, Internet chat rooms, bulletin boards, television or radio, and
- does not claim to be tailored to the needs and circumstances of any recipient

This type of general advice can also be given at conferences. However, if a purpose of the conference is to solicit the audience and generate specific trades in specific securities, we may consider the advice to be tailored or we may consider the individual or firm giving the advice to be engaged in trading activity.

Under subsection 8.25(3), if an individual or firm relying on the exemption has a financial or other interest in the securities they recommend, they must disclose the interest to the recipient when they make the recommendation.

8.26 International adviser

This exemption allows international advisers to provide limited services to certain permitted clients without having to register in Canada. The term "permitted client" is defined in section 1.1 and, for the purposes of section 8.26, excludes registered dealers and advisers. International advisers that seek wider access to Canadian investors must register in an appropriate category.

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Incidental advice on Canadian securities

An international adviser relying on the exemption in section 8.26 may advise in Canada on foreign securities without having to register. It may also advise in Canada on securities of Canadian issuers, but only to the extent that the advice is incidental to its acting as an adviser for foreign securities.

However, this is not an exception or a "carve-out" that allows some portion of a permitted client's portfolio to be made up of Canadian securities chosen by the international adviser without restriction. Any advice with respect to Canadian securities must be directly related to the activity of advising on foreign securities. Permissible incidental advice would include, for example:

- an international adviser, when advising on a portfolio with a particular investment objective, such as gold mining companies, could advise on securities of a Canadian gold mining company within that portfolio, provided that the portfolio is otherwise made up of foreign securities
- an international adviser, having a mandate to advise on equities traded on European exchanges could advise
 with respect to the securities of a Canadian corporation traded on a European exchange, to the extent the
 Canadian corporation forms part of the mandate

Revenue derived in Canada

An international adviser is only permitted to undertake a prescribed amount of business in Canada. In making the calculation required under paragraph 8.26(4)(d), it is necessary to include all revenues derived from portfolio management activities in Canada, which would include any sub-adviser arrangements. However, the calculation of aggregate consolidated gross revenue derived in Canada does not include the gross revenue of affiliates that are registered in a jurisdiction of Canada.

An international adviser is not required to monitor Canadian revenue on an ongoing basis. Eligibility for the exemption is assessed with reference to revenues as of the end of the adviser's last financial year. The 10% threshold in paragraph 8.26(4)(d) is determined by looking back at the revenue of the firm and its affiliates "during its most recently completed financial year".

Notice requirement

If a firm is relying on the exemption in more than one jurisdiction, it must provide an initial notice by filing a Form 31-103F2 with the regulator in each jurisdiction where it relies on the exemption. If there is any change to the information in the firm's Form 31-103F2, it must update it by filing a replacement Form 31-103F2 with them.

So long as the firm continues to rely on the exemption, it must file an annual notice with each regulator. Subsection 8.26(5) does not prescribe a form of annual notice. An email or letter will therefore be acceptable.

In Ontario, compliance with the filing and fee payment requirements applicable to an unregistered exempt international firm under Ontario Securities Commission Rule 13-502 Fees satisfies the annual notification requirement in subsection (5).

8.26.1 International sub-adviser

This exemption permits a foreign sub-adviser to provide advice to certain registrants, without having to register as an adviser in Canada. In these arrangements, the registrant is the foreign sub-adviser's client, and it receives the advice, either for its own benefit or for the benefit of its clients. One of the conditions of this exemption is that the registrant has entered into an agreement with its client that it is responsible for losses that arise out of certain failures by the sub-adviser.

We expect that a registrant taking on this liability will conduct appropriate initial and ongoing due diligence on the sub-adviser and ensure the investments are suitable for the registrant's client. We also expect that the registrant will maintain records of the due diligence conducted. See Part 11 of this Companion Policy for more guidance.

Division 4 Mobility exemption - firms

8.30 Client mobility exemption – firms

The mobility exemption in section 8.30 allows registered firms to continue dealing with and advising clients who move to another jurisdiction, without registering in that other jurisdiction. Section 2.2 [client mobility exemption – individuals] contains a similar exemption for registered individuals.

The exemption becomes available when the client (not the registrant) moves to another jurisdiction. A registered firm may deal with up to 10 "eligible" clients in each other jurisdiction. Each of the client, their spouse and any children are an eligible client.

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A firm may only rely on the exemption if:

- it is registered in its principal jurisdiction
- it only acts as a dealer, underwriter or adviser in the other jurisdiction as permitted under its registration in its principal jurisdiction
- the individual acting on its behalf is eligible for the exemption in section 2.2
- it complies with Parts 13 Dealing with clients individuals and firms and 14 Handling client accounts firms, and
- it acts fairly, honestly and in good faith in its dealings with the eligible client

Firm's responsibilities for individuals relying on the exemption

In order for a registered individual to rely on the exemption in section 2.2, their sponsoring firm must disclose to the eligible client that the individual and if applicable, the firm, are exempt from registration in the other jurisdiction and are not subject to the requirements of securities legislation in that jurisdiction.

As soon as possible after an individual first relies on the exemption in section 2.2, their sponsoring firm must complete and file Form 31-103F3 in the other jurisdiction.

The registered firm must have appropriate policies and procedures for supervising individuals who rely on a mobility exemption. Registered firms must also keep appropriate records to demonstrate they are complying with the conditions of the mobility exemption.

See the guidance in section 2.2 of this Companion Policy on the client mobility exemption available to individuals.

Part 9 Membership in a self-regulatory organization

9.3 Exemptions from certain requirements for IIROC members

9.4 Exemptions from certain requirements for MFDA members

NI 31-103 has two distinct sections, sections 9.3 and 9.4, which distinguish the exemptions which are available on the basis of whether or not the member of IIROC or the MFDA is registered in another category. This clarifies our intent with respect to the exemptions for SRO members and recognizes that IIROC and the MFDA have rules in these areas.

Sections 9.3 and 9.4 contain exemptions from certain requirements for investment dealers that are IIROC members, for mutual fund dealers that are MFDA members and in Québec, for mutual fund dealers to the extent equivalent requirements are applicable under the regulations in Québec.

However, if an SRO member is registered in another category, these sections do not exempt them from their obligations as a registrant in that category. For example, if a firm is registered as an investment fund manager and as an investment dealer with IIROC, section 9.3 does not exempt them from their obligations as an investment fund manager under NI 31-103.

However SRO members that are registered in multiple categories may use the forms prescribed by the SROs, on certain conditions. See sections 12.1, 12.12 and 12.14 for requirements on calculating working capital and the delivery of working capital calculations for SRO members that are registered in multiple categories.

We expect registered firms that are members of IIROC or the MFDA to comply with the by-laws, rules, regulations and policies of IIROC or the MFDA, as applicable (SRO provisions). These firms cannot rely on the exemptions in Part 9 unless they are complying with the corresponding SRO provisions specified in NI 31-103. We regard compliance with IIROC or MFDA procedures, interpretations, notices, bulletins and practices as relevant to compliance with the applicable SRO provisions.

For these purposes, a firm that has an exemption from an SRO provision and complies with the terms of that exemption would be considered to have complied with that SRO provision.

Part 10 Suspension and revocation of registration - firms

The requirements for surrendering registration and additional requirements for suspending and revoking registration are found in the securities legislation of each jurisdiction. The guidance for Part 10 relates to requirements under both securities legislation and NI 31-103.

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There is no renewal requirement for registration but firms must pay fees every year to maintain their registration and the registration of individuals acting on their behalf. A registered firm may carry on the activities for which it is registered until its registration is:

- suspended automatically under NI 31-103
- suspended by the regulator under certain circumstances, or
- surrendered by the firm

Division 1 When a firm's registration is suspended

Suspension

A firm whose registration has been suspended must not carry on the activity it is registered for. The firm otherwise remains a registrant and is subject to the jurisdiction of the regulator. A suspension remains in effect until the regulator reinstates or revokes the firm's registration.

If a firm that is registered in more than one category is suspended in one of the categories, the regulator will consider whether to suspend the firm's registration in other categories or to impose terms and conditions, subject to an opportunity to be heard.

Automatic suspension

A firm's registration will automatically be suspended if:

- it fails to pay its annual fees within 30 days of the due date
- it ceases to be a member of IIROC, or
- except in Québec, it ceases to be a member of the MFDA

Firms do not have an opportunity to be heard by the regulator in the case of any automatic suspension.

10.1 Failure to pay fees

Under section 10.1, a firm's registration will be automatically suspended if it has not paid its annual fees within 30 days of the due date.

10.2 If IIROC membership is revoked or suspended

Under section 10.2, if IIROC suspends or revokes a firm's membership, the firm's registration as an investment dealer is suspended until reinstated or revoked.

10.3 If MFDA membership is revoked or suspended

Under section 10.3, if the MFDA suspends or revokes a firm's membership, the firm's registration as a mutual fund dealer is suspended until reinstated or revoked. Section 10.3 does not apply in Québec.

Suspension in the public interest

A firm's registration may be suspended if the regulator exercises its power under securities legislation and determines that it is no longer in the public interest for the firm to be registered. The regulator may do this if it has serious concerns about the ongoing fitness of the firm or any of its registered individuals. For example, this may be the case if a firm or one or more of its registered or permitted individuals is charged with a crime, in particular fraud or theft.

Reinstatement

"Reinstatement" means that a suspension on a registration has been lifted. Once reinstated, a firm may resume carrying on the activity it is registered for.

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Division 2 Revoking a firm's registration

Revocation

10.5 Revocation of a suspended registration – firm

10.6 Exception for firms involved in a hearing or proceeding

Under sections 10.5 and 10.6, if a firm's registration has been suspended under Part 10 and has not been reinstated, it is revoked on the second anniversary of the suspension, except if a hearing or proceeding concerning the suspended registrant has commenced. In this case the registration remains suspended.

"Revocation" means that the regulator has terminated the firm's registration. A firm whose registration has been revoked must submit a new application if it wants to be registered again.

Surrender

A firm may apply to surrender its registration in one or more categories at any time. There is no prescribed form for an application to surrender. A firm should file an application to surrender registration with its principal regulator. If Ontario is a non-principal jurisdiction, it should also file the application with the regulator in Ontario. See the Companion Policy to Multilateral Instrument 11-102 *Passport System* for more details on filing an application to surrender.

Before the regulator accepts a firm's application to surrender registration, the firm must provide the regulator with evidence that the firm's clients have been dealt with appropriately. This evidence does not have to be provided when a registered individual applies to surrender registration. This is because the sponsoring firm will continue to be responsible for meeting obligations to clients who may have been served by the individual.

The regulator does not have to accept a firm's application to surrender its registration. Instead, the regulator can act in the public interest by suspending, or imposing terms and conditions on, the firm's registration.

When considering a registered firm's application to surrender its registration, the regulator typically considers the firm's actions, the completeness of the application and the supporting documentation.

The firm's actions

The regulator may consider whether the firm:

- has stopped carrying on activity requiring registration
- proposes an effective date to stop carrying on activity requiring registration that is within six months of the date of the application to surrender, and
- has paid any outstanding fees and submitted any outstanding filings at the time of filing the application to surrender

Completeness of the application

Among other things, the regulator may look for:

- the firm's reasons for ceasing to carry on activity requiring registration
- satisfactory evidence that the firm has given all of its clients reasonable notice of its intention to stop carrying
 on activity requiring registration, including an explanation of how it will affect them in practical terms, and
- satisfactory evidence that the firm has given appropriate notice to the SRO, if applicable

Supporting documentation

The regulator may look for:

 evidence that the firm has resolved all outstanding client complaints, settled all litigation, satisfied all judgments or made reasonable arrangements to deal with and fund any payments relating to them, and any subsequent client complaints, settlements or liabilities

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- confirmation that all money or securities owed to clients has been returned or transferred to another registrant, where possible, according to client instructions
- up-to-date audited financial statements with an auditor's comfort letter
- evidence that the firm has satisfied any SRO requirements for withdrawing membership, and
- an officer's or partner's certificate supporting these documents

Part 11 Internal controls and systems

General business practices - outsourcing

Registered firms are responsible and accountable for all functions that they outsource to a service provider. Firms should have a written, legally binding contract that includes the expectations of the parties to the outsourcing arrangement.

Registered firms should follow prudent business practices and conduct a due diligence analysis of prospective third-party service providers. This includes third-party service providers that are affiliates of the firm. Due diligence should include an assessment of the service provider's reputation, financial stability, relevant internal controls and ability to deliver the services.

Firms should also:

- ensure that third-party service providers have adequate safeguards for keeping information confidential and, where appropriate, disaster recovery capabilities
- conduct ongoing reviews of the quality of outsourced services
- develop and test a business continuity plan to minimize disruption to the firm's business and its clients if the third-party service provider does not deliver its services satisfactorily, and
- note that other legal requirements, such as privacy laws, may apply when entering into outsourcing arrangements

The regulator, the registered firm and the firm's auditors should have the same access to the work product of a third-party service provider as they would if the firm itself performed the activities. Firms should ensure this access is provided and include a provision requiring it in the contract with the service provider, if necessary.

Division 1 Compliance

11.1 Compliance system

General principles

Section 11.1 requires registered firms to establish, maintain and apply policies and procedures that establish a system of controls and supervision (a compliance system) that:

- provides assurance that the firm and individuals acting on its behalf comply with securities legislation, and
- manages the risks associated with the firm's business in accordance with prudent business practices

Operating an effective compliance system is essential to a registered firm's continuing fitness for registration. It provides reasonable assurance that the firm is meeting, and will continue to meet, all requirements of applicable securities laws and SRO rules and is managing risk in accordance with prudent business practices. A compliance system should include internal controls and monitoring systems that are reasonably likely to identify non-compliance at an early stage and supervisory systems that allow the firm to correct non-compliant conduct in a timely manner.

The responsibilities of the UDP are set out in section 5.1 and those of the CCO in section 5.2. However, compliance is not only a responsibility of a specific individual or a compliance department of the firm, but rather is a firm-wide responsibility and an integral part of the firm's activities. Everyone in the firm should understand the standards of conduct for their role. This includes the board of directors, partners, management, employees and agents, whether or not they are registered.

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Having a UDP and CCO, and in larger firms, a compliance group and other supervisory staff, does not relieve anyone else in the firm of the obligation to report and act on compliance issues. A compliance system should identify those who will act as alternates in the absence of the UDP or CCO.

Elements of an effective compliance system

While policies and procedures are essential, they do not make an acceptable compliance system on their own. An effective compliance system also includes internal controls, day to day and systemic monitoring, and supervision elements.

Internal controls

Internal controls are an important part of a firm's compliance system. They should mitigate risk and protect firm and client assets. They should be designed to assist firms in monitoring compliance with securities legislation and managing the risks that affect their business, including risks that may relate to:

- safeguarding of client and firm assets
- accuracy of books and records
- trading, including personal and proprietary trading
- conflicts of interest
- money laundering
- business interruption
- hedging strategies
- marketing and sales practices, and
- the firm's overall financial viability

Monitoring and supervision

Monitoring and supervision are essential elements of a firm's compliance system. They consist of day to day monitoring and supervision, and overall systemic monitoring.

(a) Day to day monitoring and supervision

In our view, an effective monitoring and supervision system includes:

- monitoring to identify specific cases of non-compliance or internal control weaknesses that might lead to non-compliance
- referring non-compliance or internal control weaknesses to management or other individuals with authority to take supervisory action to correct them
- taking supervisory action to correct them, and
- minimizing the compliance risk in key areas of a firm's operations

In our view, effective day to day monitoring should include, among other things

- approving new account documents
- reviewing and, in some cases, approving transactions
- approving marketing materials, and
- preventing inappropriate use or disclosure of non-public information.

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Firms can use a risk-based approach to monitoring, such as reviewing an appropriate sample of transactions.

The firm's management is responsible for the supervisory element of correcting non-compliance or internal control weaknesses. However, at a firm's discretion, its CCO may be given supervisory authority, but this is not a necessary component of the CCO's role.

Anyone who supervises registered individuals has a responsibility on behalf of the firm to take all reasonable measures to ensure that each of these individuals:

- deals fairly, honestly and in good faith with their clients
- complies with securities legislation
- complies with the firm's policies and procedures, and
- maintains an appropriate level of proficiency

(b) Systemic monitoring

Systemic monitoring involves assessing, and advising and reporting on the effectiveness of the firm's compliance system. This includes ensuring that:

- the firm's day to day supervision is reasonably effective in identifying and promptly correcting cases of noncompliance and internal control weaknesses
- policies and procedures are enforced and kept up to date, and
- everyone at the firm generally understands and complies with the policies and procedures, and with securities legislation

Specific elements

More specific elements of an effective compliance system include:

(a) Visible commitment

Senior management and the board of directors or partners should demonstrate a visible commitment to compliance.

(b) Sufficient resources and training

The firm should have sufficient resources to operate an effective compliance system. Qualified individuals (including anyone acting as an alternate during absences) should have the responsibility and authority to monitor the firm's compliance, identify any instances of non-compliance and take supervisory action to correct them.

The firm should provide training to ensure that everyone at the firm understands the standards of conduct and their role in the compliance system, including ongoing communication and training on changes in regulatory requirements or the firm's policies and procedures.

(c) Detailed policies and procedures

The firm should have detailed written policies and procedures that:

- identify the internal controls the firm will use to ensure compliance with legislation and manage risk
- set out the firm's standards of conduct for compliance with securities and other applicable legislation and the systems for monitoring and enforcing compliance with those standards
- clearly outline who is expected to do what, when and how
- are readily accessible by everyone who is expected to know and follow them
- are updated when regulatory requirements and the firm's business practices change, and

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 take into consideration the firm's obligation under securities legislation to deal fairly, honestly and in good faith with its clients

(d) Detailed records

The firm should keep records of activities conducted to identify compliance deficiencies and the action taken to correct them.

Setting up a compliance system

It is up to each registered firm to determine the most appropriate compliance system for its operations. Registered firms should consider the size and scope of their operations, including products, types of clients or counterparties, risks and compensating controls, and any other relevant factors.

For example, a large registered firm with diverse operations may require a large team of compliance professionals with several divisional heads of compliance reporting to a CCO dedicated entirely to a compliance role.

All firms must have policies, procedures and systems to demonstrate compliance. However, some of the elements noted above may be unnecessary or impractical for smaller registered firms.

We encourage firms to meet or exceed industry best practices in complying with regulatory requirements.

11.2 Designating an ultimate designated person

Under subsection 11.2(1), registered firms must designate an individual to be the UDP. Firms should ensure that the individual understands and is able to perform the obligations of a UDP under section 5.1. The UDP must be:

- the chief executive officer (CEO) of the registered firm or the individual acting in a similar capacity, if the firm
 does not have a CEO. The person acting in a similar capacity to a CEO is the most senior decision maker in
 the firm, who might have the title of managing partner or president, for example
- the sole proprietor of the registered firm, or
- the officer in charge of a division of the firm that carries on all of the registerable activity if the firm also has significant other business activities, such as insurance, conducted in different divisions. This is not an option if the core business of the firm is trading or advising in securities and it only has some other minor operations conducted in other divisions. In this case, the UDP must be the CEO or equivalent.

To designate someone else as the UDP requires an exemptive relief order. Given that the intention of section 11.2 is to ensure that responsibility for its compliance system rests at the very top of a firm, we will only grant relief in rare cases.

We note that in larger organizations, the UDP is sometimes supported by an officer who has a compliance oversight role and title within the organization and who is more senior than the CCO. We have no objection to such arrangements, but it must be understood that they can in no way diminish the UDP's regulatory responsibilities.

If the person designated as the UDP no longer meets these requirements, and the registered firm is unable to designate another UDP, the firm should promptly advise the regulator of the actions it is taking to designate a new UDP who meets these requirements.

11.3 Designating a chief compliance officer

Under subsection 11.3(1), registered firms must designate an individual to be the CCO. Firms should ensure that the individual understands and is able to perform the obligations of a CCO under section 5.2.

The CCO must meet the applicable proficiency requirements in Part 3 and be:

- an officer or partner of the registered firm, or
- the sole proprietor of the registered firm

If the CCO no longer meets any of the above conditions and the registered firm is unable to designate another CCO, the firm should promptly advise the regulator of the actions it is taking to designate an appropriate CCO.

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Division 2 Books and records

Under securities legislation, the regulator may access, examine and take copies of a registered firm's records. The regulator may also conduct regular and unscheduled compliance reviews of registered firms.

11.5 General requirements for records

Under subsection 11.5(1), registered firms must maintain records to accurately record their business activities, financial affairs and client transactions, and demonstrate compliance with securities legislation.

The following discussion provides guidance for the various elements of the records described in subsection 11.5(2).

Financial affairs

The records required under paragraphs 11.5(2)(a), (b) and (c) are records firms must maintain to help ensure they are able to prepare and file financial information, determine their capital position, including the calculation of excess working capital, and generally demonstrate compliance with the capital and insurance requirements.

Client transactions

The records required under paragraphs 11.5(2)(g), (h), (i), (l) and (n) are records firms must maintain to accurately and fully document transactions entered into on behalf of a client. We expect firms to maintain notes of communications that could have an impact on the client's account or the client's relationship with the firm. These communications include

- oral communications
- all e-mail, regular mail, fax and other written communications

While we do not expect registered firms to save every voicemail or e-mail, or to record all telephone conversations with clients, we do expect that registered firms maintain records of all communications relating to orders received from their clients.

The records required under paragraph 11.5(2)(g) should document buy and sell transactions, referrals, margin transactions and any other activities relating to a client's account. They include records of all actions leading to trade execution, settlement and clearance, such as trades on exchanges, alternative trading systems, over-the-counter markets, debt markets, and distributions and trades in the prospectus-exempt market.

Examples of these records are:

- trade confirmation statements
- summary information about account activity
- communications between a registrant and its client about particular transactions, and
- records of transactions resulting from securities a client holds, such as dividends or interest paid, or dividend reinvestment program activity

Paragraph 11.5(2)(I) requires firms to maintain records that demonstrate compliance with the know your client obligations in section 13.2 and the suitability obligations in section 13.3. This includes records for unsuitable trades in subsection 13.3(2).

Client relationship

The records required under paragraphs 11.5(2)(k) and (m) should document information about a registered firm's relationship with its client and relationships that any representatives have with that client.

These records include:

- communication between the firm and its clients, such as disclosure provided to clients and agreements between the registrant and its clients
- account opening information
- change of status information provided by the client

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- disclosure and other relationship information provided by the firm
- margin account agreements
- communications regarding a complaint made by the client
- actions taken by the firm regarding a complaint
- communications that do not relate to a particular transaction, and
- conflicts records

Each record required under paragraph 11.5(2)(k) should clearly indicate the name of the accountholder and the account the record refers to. A record should include information only about the accounts of the same accountholder or group. For example, registrants should have separate records for an individual's personal accounts and for accounts of a legal entity that the individual owns or jointly holds with another party.

Where applicable, the financial details should note whether the information is for an individual or a family. This includes spousal income and net worth. The financial details for accounts of a legal entity should note whether the information refers to the entity or to the owner(s) of the entity.

If the registered firm permits clients to complete new account forms themselves, the forms should use language that is clear and avoids terminology that may be unfamiliar to unsophisticated clients.

Internal controls

The records required under paragraphs 11.5(2)(d), (e), (f), (j) and (o) are records firms must maintain to support the internal controls and supervision components of their compliance system.

11.6 Form, accessibility and retention of records

Third party access to records

Paragraph 11.6(1)(b) requires registered firms to keep their records in a safe location. This includes ensuring that no one has unauthorized access to information, particularly confidential client information. Registered firms should be particularly vigilant if they maintain books and records in a location that may be accessible by a third party. In this case, the firm should have a confidentiality agreement with the third party.

Division 3 Certain business transactions

11.8 Tied selling

Section 11.8 prohibits an individual or firm from engaging in abusive sales practices such as selling a security on the condition that the client purchase another product or service from the registrant or one of its affiliates. These types of practices are known as "tied selling". In our view, this section would be contravened if, for example, a financial institution agreed to lend money to a client only if the client acquired securities of mutual funds sponsored by the financial institution.

However, section 11.8 is not intended to prohibit relationship pricing or other beneficial selling arrangements similar to relationship pricing. Relationship pricing refers to the practice of industry participants offering financial incentives or advantages to certain clients.

11.9 Registrant acquiring a registered firm's securities or assets

Notice requirement

Under section 11.9, registrants must give the regulator notice if they propose to acquire an ownership interest in voting securities (or securities convertible into voting securities) or assets of another registered firm or the parent of another registered firm. This notice must be delivered to the principal regulator of the registrant proposing to make the acquisition and to the principal regulator of the registered firm they propose to acquire, if that firm is registered in Canada. If the principal regulator of both firms is the same, only one notice is required.

Registrants acquiring securities or assets of another registered firm for a client in nominee name do not need to provide notice under section 11.9. For purposes of this section, a substantial part of the assets of the registered firm would include a registered

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firm's book of business, a business line or a division of the firm, among other things. This notice gives the regulator an opportunity to consider ownership issues that may affect a firm's fitness for registration.

Filing of the notice with the principal regulator

It is intended that the notice filed with the principal regulator(s) will be shared with other regulators with an interest in the proposed acquisition. Therefore, although only the principal regulator(s) will receive a notice, other jurisdictions may object to the proposed acquisition under subsections 11.9(4) and 11.9(5). The registrant will have an opportunity to be heard in any jurisdiction that has objected to the proposed acquisition. It is our intent, however, to coordinate the review of these notices and any decisions to object to these proposed acquisitions.

Subsection 11.9(4) does not apply in British Columbia. However, the regulator in British Columbia may exercise discretion under section 36 or 161 of the BC *Securities Act* (BCSA) to impose conditions, restrictions or requirements on the registrant's registration or to suspend or revoke the registration if it decides that an acquisition would affect the registrant's fitness for registration or be prejudicial to the public interest. In these circumstances, the registrant would be entitled to an opportunity to be heard, except if the regulator issues a temporary order under section 161 of the BCSA.

Content of the notice

When preparing the notice under section 11.9, registrants should consider including the following information to help the regulator assess the proposed transaction:

- the proposed closing date for the transaction
- the business reasons for the transaction
- the corporate structure, both before and after the closing of the proposed transaction, including all affiliated companies and subsidiaries of the acquirer and any registered firm involved in the proposed transaction whether interests in a company, partnership or trust are held directly or through a holding company, trust or other entity
- information on the operations and business plans of the acquirer and any registered firm involved in the proposed transaction, including any changes to Item 3.1 of Form 33-109F6 Firm Registration such as primary business activities, target market, and the products and services provided to clients of any registered firm involved in the proposed transaction
- any significant changes to the business operations of any registered firm involved in the proposed transaction, including changes to the CCO, the UDP, key management, directors, officers, permitted individuals or registered individuals
- whether the registered firms involved in the proposed transaction have written policies and procedures to address conflicts of interest that may arise following the transaction and information on how such conflicts of interest have been or will be addressed.
- whether the registered firms involved in the proposed transaction have adequate resources to ensure compliance with all applicable conditions of registration
- a confirmation that any registered firm involved in the proposed transaction will comply with section 4.1 following the transaction
- details of any client communications in connection with the transaction that have been made or are planned or an explanation of why no communications to clients are anticipated
- whether a press release will be issued in relation to the proposed transaction

11.10 Registered firm whose securities are acquired

Notice requirement

Under section 11.10, registered firms must notify their principal regulator if they know or have reason to believe that any individual or firm is about to acquire 10% or more of the voting securities (or securities convertible into voting securities) of the firm or the firm's parent. This notice gives the regulator an opportunity to consider ownership issues that may affect a firm's fitness for registration. We expect this notice to be sent as soon as the registered firm knows or has reason to believe such an acquisition is going to take place.

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Filing of the notice with the principal regulator

It is intended that the notice filed with the principal regulator(s) will be shared with other regulators with an interest in the proposed acquisition. Therefore, although only the principal regulator(s) will receive a notice, other jurisdictions may object to the proposed acquisition under subsections 11.10(5) and 11.10(6). The registered firm will have an opportunity to be heard in any jurisdiction that has objected to the proposed acquisition. It is our intent, however, to coordinate the review of these notices and any decisions to object to these proposed acquisitions.

Application for registration

We expect any individual or firm that acquires assets of a registered firm and is not already a registrant will have to apply for registration. We will assess their fitness for registration when they apply.

Subsection 11.10(5) does not apply in British Columbia. However, the regulator in British Columbia may exercise discretion under section 36 or 161 of the BCSA to impose conditions, restrictions or requirements on the registrant's registration or to suspend or revoke the registration if it decides that an acquisition would affect the registrant's fitness for registration or be prejudicial to the public interest. In these circumstances, the registrant would be entitled to an opportunity to be heard, except if the regulator issues a temporary order under section 161 of the BCSA.

Content of the notice

Refer to the guidance in section 11.9.

Part 12 Financial condition

Division 1 Working capital

12.1 Capital requirements

Frequency of working capital calculations

Section 12.1 requires registered firms to notify the regulator as soon as possible if their excess working capital is less than zero.

Registered firms should know their working capital position at all times. This may require a firm to calculate its working capital every day. The frequency of working capital calculations depends on many factors, including the size of the firm, the nature of its business and the stability of the components of its working capital. For example, it may be sufficient for a sole proprietor firm with a dedicated and stable source of working capital to do the calculation on a monthly basis.

Form 31-103F1 Calculation of excess working capital

Application of NI 52-107 Acceptable Accounting Principles and Auditing Standards

Form 31-103F1 Calculation of Excess Working Capital (Form 31-103F1) must be prepared using the accounting principles used to prepare financial statements in accordance with National Instrument 52-107 Acceptable Accounting Principles and Auditing Standards (NI 52-107). Refer to section 12.10 of this Companion Policy and Companion Policy 52-107 Acceptable Accounting Principles and Auditing Standards (52-107CP) for further guidance on audited financial statements.

IIROC and MFDA member firms that are also registered in another category

IIROC and MFDA member firms that are also registered in a category that does not require SRO membership must still comply with the financial filing requirements in Part 12 *Financial condition*, even if they are relying on the exemptions in sections 9.3 and 9.4. Provided certain conditions are met, SRO members that are registered in other categories may be permitted to calculate their working capital in accordance with the SRO forms and file the SRO forms instead of Form 31-103F1.

For example, if the SRO firm is also an investment fund manager, it will need to report any net asset value (NAV) adjustments quarterly in order to comply with the investment fund manager requirements, notwithstanding that its SRO has no such requirements. However, they may be permitted to calculate their working capital in accordance with the SRO forms and file the SRO forms instead of Form 31-103F1. See sections 12.1, 12.12 and 12.14 for the requirements on delivery of working capital calculations for SRO members that are registered in multiple categories.

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Working capital requirements are not cumulative

The working capital requirements for registered firms set out in section 12.1 are not cumulative. If a firm is registered in more than one category, it must meet the highest capital requirement of its categories of registration, except for those investment fund managers who are also registered as portfolio managers and meet the requirements of the exemption in section 8.6. These investment fund managers need only meet the lower capital requirement for portfolio managers.

If a registrant becomes insolvent or declares bankruptcy

The regulator will review the circumstances of a registrant's insolvency or bankruptcy on a case-by-case basis. If the regulator has concerns, it may impose terms and conditions on the registrant's registration, such as close supervision and delivering progress reports to the regulator, or it may suspend the registrant's registration.

12.2 Subordination agreement

Non-current related party debt must be deducted from a firm's working capital on Form 31-103F1, unless the firm and the lender have executed a subordination agreement in the form set out in Appendix B of NI 31-103 and delivered a copy of that agreement to the regulator. A portion of the non-current loan becoming current would not impact the original subordination agreement; the firm would have to notify the regulator if the firm repays the loan or any part of the non-current portion of the loan. However, the current portion of the originally-intended non-current subordinated loan would have to be included in Line 4 of Form 31-103F1, and could not be included in Line 5 of Form 31-103F1. This may not be the total amount of the original loan as set out in the subordination agreement, and as such the amount in the subordination agreement would not agree to Line 5 of Form 31-103F1.

Related party debt due on demand or repayable by the firm at any time, including pursuant to a revolving line of credit, is an example of a current liability. These types of liabilities are not eligible to be subordinated for the purposes of calculating excess working capital. The amount of current related party debt must be included in line 4 – *Current liabilities* of Form 31-103F1.

Firms must deliver subordination agreements to the regulator on the earlier of 10 days after the execution of the agreement or the date on which the firm excludes the amount of the related party debt from its excess working capital calculation. A firm may not exclude the amount until the subordination agreement is executed and delivered to the regulator.

The firm's obligations under section 12.2 to notify the regulator 10 days before it repays the loan or terminates the subordination agreement apply regardless of the terms of any loan agreement. Firms should ensure the terms of their loan agreements do not conflict with their regulatory requirements.

If a subordinated related party debt is being increased and the incremental increase is to be subordinated, the subordination agreement submitted to the regulator should only report the incremental increase. Firms should not report the full balance of the related party debt, as noted on the statement of financial position, on the new subordination agreement unless the previous subordination agreement is terminated and notification of this termination is made in accordance with section 12.2.

In conjunction with the submission of a new subordination agreement, the regulator may request that the firm provide a schedule detailing the total outstanding subordinated debt.

The regulator may request that additional documentation be provided in conjunction with the firm's notice of repayment of a subordinated debt in order to assess whether the firm will have sufficient excess working capital following the repayment. This may include updated interim financial information and a completed Form 31-103F1.

At the time the firm submits a notice of repayment, the firm should provide an updated schedule to the regulator, detailing the total outstanding subordinated debt following the repayment.

Division 2 Insurance

Insurance coverage limits

Registrants must maintain bonding or insurance that provides for a "double aggregate limit" or a "full reinstatement of coverage" (also known as "no aggregate limit"). The insurance provisions state that the registered firm must "maintain" bonding or insurance in the amounts specified. We do not expect that the calculation would differ materially from day to day. If there is a material change in a firm's circumstances, it should consider the potential impact on its ability to meet its insurance requirements.

Most insurers offer aggregate limit policies that contain limits based on a single loss and on the number or value of losses that occur during the coverage period.

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Double aggregate limit policies have a specified limit for each claim. The total amount that may be claimed during the coverage period is twice that limit. For example, if an adviser maintains a financial institution bond of \$50,000 for each clause with a double aggregate limit, the adviser's coverage is \$50,000 for any one claim and \$100,000 for all claims during the coverage period.

Full reinstatement of coverage policies and no aggregate limit policies have a specified limit for each claim but no limit on the number of claims or losses during the coverage period. For example, if an adviser maintains a financial institution bond of \$50,000 for each clause with a full reinstatement of coverage provision, the adviser's maximum coverage is \$50,000 for any one claim, but there is no limit on the total amount that can be claimed under the bond during the coverage period.

Insurance requirements are not cumulative

Insurance requirements are not cumulative. For example, a firm registered in the categories of portfolio manager and investment fund manager need only maintain insurance coverage for the higher of the amounts required for each registration category. Despite being registered as both a portfolio manager and an investment fund manager, when calculating the investment fund manager insurance requirement under subsection 12.5(2), an investment fund manager should only include the total assets under management of its own investment funds. It is only with respect to its own funds that the registrant is acting as an investment fund manager.

12.4 Insurance - adviser

The insurance requirements for advisers depend in part on whether the adviser holds or has access to client assets.

An adviser will be considered to hold or have access to client assets if they do any of the following:

- hold client securities or cash for any period
- accept funds from clients, for example, a cheque made payable to the registrant
- accept client money from a custodian, for example, client money that is deposited in the registrant's bank or trust accounts before the registrant issues a cheque to the client
- have the ability to gain access to client assets
- have, in any capacity, legal ownership of, or access to, client funds or securities
- have the authority, such as under a power of attorney, to withdraw funds or securities from client accounts
- have authority to debit client accounts to pay bills other than investment management fees
- act as a trustee for clients, or
- act as fund manager or general partner for investment funds, or
- use a custodian that is not functionally independent of the adviser and that, if used, allows the registered firm to access client assets

A registered firm will generally be considered to have access to client assets through the use of a custodian that is not functionally independent of the firm when any of the following apply:

- the registered firm and the custodian share the same mind and management such that the registered firm and the custodian would not reasonably be considered to be operating independently
- the custodial activities are performed by personnel that are not separate from, or are unable to act independently from, personnel of the registered firm
- there is a lack of systems and controls to ensure the functional independence of personnel performing the custodial function

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12.6 Global bonding or insurance

Registered firms may be covered under a global insurance policy. Under this type of policy, the firm is insured under a parent company's policy that covers the parent and its subsidiaries or affiliates. Firms should ensure that the claims of other entities covered under a global insurance policy do not affect the limits or coverage applicable to the firm.

Division 4 Financial reporting

12.10 Annual financial statements 12.11 Interim financial information

Accounting Principles

Registrants are required to deliver annual financial statements and interim financial information that comply with NI 52-107. Depending on the financial year, a registrant will look to different parts of NI 52-107 to determine which accounting principles and auditing standards apply:

- Part 3 of NI 52-107 applies for financial years beginning on or after January 1, 2011;
- Part 4 of NI 52-107 applies to financial years beginning before January 1, 2011.

Part 3 of NI 52-107 refers to Canadian GAAP applicable to publicly accountable enterprises, which is IFRS as incorporated into the Handbook. Under Part 3 of NI 52-107, annual financial statements and interim financial information delivered by a registrant must be prepared in accordance with Canadian GAAP applicable to publicly accountable enterprises except that any investments in subsidiaries, jointly controlled entities and associates must be accounted for as specified for separate financial statements in International Accounting Standard 27 Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements. Separate financial statements are sometimes referred to as non-consolidated financial statements.

Subsection 3.2(3) of NI 52-107 requires annual financial statements to include a statement and description about this required financial reporting framework. Section 2.7 of 52-107CP provides guidance on subsection 3.2(3). We remind registrants to refer to these provisions in NI 52-107 and 52-107CP in preparing their annual financial statements and interim financial information.

Part 4 of NI 52-107 refers to Canadian GAAP for public enterprises, which is Canadian GAAP as it existed before the mandatory effective date for the adoption of IFRS, included in the Handbook as Part V. Under Part 4 of NI 52-107, annual financial statements and interim financial information delivered by a registrant must be prepared in accordance with Canadian GAAP for public enterprises except that the financial statements and interim financial information must be prepared on a non-consolidated basis.

12.14 Delivering financial information – investment fund manager

NAV errors and adjustments

Section 12.14 requires investment fund managers to periodically deliver to the regulator, among other things, a completed Form 31-103F4 *Net Asset Value Adjustments* if any NAV adjustment has been made. A NAV adjustment is necessary when there has been a material error and the NAV per unit does not accurately reflect the actual NAV per unit at the time of computation.

Some examples of the causes of NAV errors are:

- mispricing of a security
- corporate action recorded incorrectly
- incorrect numbers used for issued and outstanding units
- incorrect expenses and income used or accrued
- incorrect foreign exchange rates used in the valuation, and
- human error, such as inputting an incorrect value

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We expect investment fund managers to have policies that clearly define what constitutes a material error that requires an adjustment, including threshold levels, and how to correct material errors. If an investment fund manager does not have a threshold in place, it may wish to consider the threshold in IFIC Bulletin Number 22 Correcting Portfolio NAV Errors or adopt a more stringent policy.

Part 13 Dealing with clients - individuals and firms

Division 1 Know your client and suitability

13.2 Know your client

General principles

Registrants act as gatekeepers of the integrity of the capital markets. They should not, by act or omission, facilitate conduct that brings the market into disrepute. As part of their gatekeeper role, registrants are required to establish the identity of, and conduct due diligence on, their clients under the know your client (KYC) obligation in section 13.2. Complying with the KYC obligation can help ensure that trades are completed in accordance with securities laws.

KYC information forms the basis for determining whether trades in securities are suitable for investors. This helps protect the client, the registrant and the integrity of the capital markets. The KYC obligation requires registrants to take reasonable steps to obtain and periodically update information about their clients.

Verifying a client's reputation

Paragraph 13.2(2)(a) requires registrants to make inquiries if they have cause for concern about a client's reputation. The registrant must make all reasonable inquiries necessary to resolve the concern. This includes making a reasonable effort to determine, for example, the nature of the client's business or the identity of beneficial owners where the client is a corporation, partnership or trust. See subsection 13.2(3) for additional guidance on identifying clients that are corporations, partnerships or trusts.

Identifying insiders

Under paragraph 13.2(2)(b), a registrant must take reasonable steps to establish whether the client is an insider of a reporting issuer or any other issuer whose securities are publicly traded.

We consider "reasonable steps" to include explaining to the client what an insider is and what it means for securities to be publicly traded.

For purposes of this paragraph, "reporting issuer" has the meaning given to it in securities legislation and "other issuer" means any issuer whose securities are traded in any public market. This includes domestic, foreign, exchange-listed and over-the-counter markets. This definition does not include issuers whose securities have been distributed through a private placement and are not freely tradeable.

A registrant need not ascertain whether the client is an insider if the only securities traded for the client are mutual fund securities and scholarship plan securities referred to in paragraphs 7.1(2)(b) and 7.1(2)(c). However, we encourage firms, when selling highly concentrated pooled funds, to enquire as to whether a client is an insider of the issuer of any securities held by the fund, notwithstanding the exemption provided in subsection 13.2(7). In addition, we remind registrants that they remain subject to the requirement in paragraph 13.2(2)(b) when they trade any other securities than those listed in paragraphs 7.1(2)(b) and 7.1(2)(c).

This exemption does not change an insider's reporting and conduct responsibilities.

Clients that are corporations, partnerships or trusts

Subsection 13.2(3) requires registrants to establish the identity of any person who owns or controls 25% or more of the shares of a client that is a corporation or exercises control over the affairs of a client that is a partnership or trust. We remind registrants that this is in addition to the requirement in paragraph 13.2(2)(a) which requires registrants to make inquiries if they have cause for concern about a client's reputation. If a registrant has cause for concern about a particular client that is a corporation, partnership or trust, they may need to identify all beneficial owners of such entity.

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Keeping KYC information current

Under subsection 13.2(4), registrants are required to make reasonable efforts to keep their clients' KYC information current.

We consider information to be current if it is sufficiently up-to-date to support a suitability determination. For example, a portfolio manager with discretionary authority should update its clients' KYC information frequently. A dealer that only occasionally recommends trades to a client should ensure that the client's KYC information is up-to-date at the time a proposed trade or recommendation is made.

13.3 Suitability

Suitability obligation

Subsection 13.3(1) requires registrants to take reasonable steps to ensure that a proposed trade is suitable for a client before making a recommendation or accepting instructions from the client. To meet this suitability obligation, registrants should have indepth knowledge of all securities that they buy and sell for, or recommend to, their clients. This is often referred to as the "know your product" or KYP obligation.

Registrants should know each security well enough to understand and explain to their clients the security's risks, key features, and initial and ongoing costs and fees. Having the registered firm's approval for representatives to sell a product does not mean that the product will be suitable for all clients. Individual registrants must still determine the suitability of each transaction for every client.

Registrants should also be aware of, and act in compliance with, the terms of any exemption being relied on for the trade or distribution of the security.

In all cases, we expect registrants to be able to demonstrate a process for making suitability determinations that are appropriate in the circumstances.

Suitability obligations cannot be delegated

Registrants may not:

- delegate their suitability obligations to anyone else, or
- satisfy the suitability obligation by simply disclosing the risks involved with a trade

Only permitted clients may waive their right to a suitability determination. Registrants must make a suitability determination for all other clients. If a client instructs a registrant to make a trade that is unsuitable, the registrant may not allow the trade to be completed until they warn the client as required under subsection 13.3(2).

KYC information for suitability depends on circumstances

The extent of KYC information a registrant needs to determine suitability of a trade will depend on the:

- client's circumstances
- type of security
- client's relationship to the registrant, and
- registrant's business model

In some cases, the registrant will need extensive KYC information, for example, if the registrant is a portfolio manager with discretionary authority. In these cases, the registrant should have a comprehensive understanding of the client's:

- investment needs and objectives, including the client's time horizon for their investments
- overall financial circumstances, including net worth, income, current investment holdings and employment status, and
- risk tolerance for various types of securities and investment portfolios, taking into account the client's investment knowledge

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In other cases, the registrant may need less KYC information, for example, if the registrant only occasionally deals with a client who makes small investments relative to their overall financial position.

If the registrant recommends securities traded under the prospectus exemption for accredited investors in NI 45-106, the registrant should determine whether the client qualifies as an accredited investor.

If a client is opening more than one account, the registrant should indicate whether the client's investment objectives and risk tolerance apply to a particular account or to the client's whole portfolio of accounts.

Registered firm and financial institution clients

Under subsection 13.3(3), there is no obligation to make a suitability determination for a client that is a registered firm, a Canadian financial institution or a Schedule III bank.

Permitted clients

Under subsection 13.3(4), registrants do not have to make a suitability determination for a permitted client if:

- the permitted client has waived their right to suitability in writing, and
- the registrant does not act as an adviser for a managed account of the permitted client

A permitted client may waive their right to suitability for all trades under a blanket waiver.

SRO exemptions

SRO rules may also provide conditional exemptions from the suitability obligation, for example, for dealers who offer order execution only services.

Division 2 Conflicts of interest

13.4 Identifying and responding to conflicts of interest

Section 13.4 covers a broad range of conflicts of interest. It requires registered firms to take reasonable steps to identify existing material conflicts of interest and material conflicts that the firm reasonably expects to arise between the firm and a client. As part of identifying these conflicts, a firm should collect information from the individuals acting on its behalf regarding the conflicts they expect to arise with their clients.

We consider a conflict of interest to be any circumstance where the interests of different parties, such as the interests of a client and those of a registrant, are inconsistent or divergent.

Responding to conflicts of interest

A registered firm's policies and procedures for managing conflicts should allow the firm and its staff to:

- identify conflicts of interest that should be avoided
- determine the level of risk that a conflict of interest raises, and
- respond appropriately to conflicts of interest

When responding to any conflict of interest, registrants should consider their standard of care for dealing with clients and apply consistent criteria to similar types of conflicts of interest.

In general, three methods are used to respond to conflicts of interest:

- avoidance
- control, and
- disclosure

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If a registrant allows a serious conflict of interest to continue, there is a high risk of harm to clients or to the market. If the risk of harming a client or the integrity of the markets is too high, the conflict needs to be avoided. If a registered firm does not avoid a conflict of interest, it should take steps to control or disclose the conflict, or both. The firm should also consider what internal structures or policies and procedures it should use or have to reasonably respond to the conflict of interest.

Avoiding conflicts of interest

Registrants must avoid all conflicts of interest that are prohibited by law. If a conflict of interest is not prohibited by law, registrants should avoid the conflict if it is sufficiently contrary to the interests of a client that there can be no other reasonable response.

For example, some conflicts of interest are so contrary to another person's or company's interest that a registrant cannot use controls or disclosure to respond to them. In these cases, the registrant should avoid the conflict, stop providing the service or stop dealing with the client.

Controlling conflicts of interest

Registered firms should design their organizational structures, lines of reporting and physical locations to control conflicts of interest effectively. For example, the following situations would likely raise a conflict of interest:

- advisory staff reporting to marketing staff
- compliance or internal audit staff reporting to a business unit, and
- registered representatives and investment banking staff in the same physical location

Depending on the conflict of interest, registered firms may control the conflict by:

- assigning a different representative to provide a service to the particular client
- creating a group or committee to review, develop or approve responses
- monitoring trading activity, or
- using information barriers for certain internal communication

Disclosing conflicts of interest

(a) When disclosure is appropriate

Registered firms should ensure that their clients are adequately informed about any conflicts of interest that may affect the services the firm provides to them. This is in addition to any other methods the registered firm may use to manage the conflict.

(b) Timing of disclosure

Under subsection 13.4(3), if a reasonable investor would expect to be informed of a conflict, a registered firm must disclose the conflict in a timely manner. Registered firms and their representatives should disclose conflicts of interest to their clients before or at the time they recommend the transaction or provide the service that gives rise to the conflict. This is to give clients a reasonable amount of time to assess the conflict.

We note that where this disclosure is provided to a client before the transaction takes place, we expect the disclosure to be provided shortly before the transaction takes place. For example, if it was initially provided with the client's account opening documentation months or years previously we expect that a registered representative would also disclose this conflict to the client shortly before the transaction or at the time the transaction is recommended.

For example, if a registered individual recommends a security that they own, this may constitute a material conflict which should be disclosed to the client before or at the time of the recommendation.

(c) When disclosure is not appropriate

Disclosure may not be appropriate if a conflict of interest involves confidential or commercially sensitive information, or the information amounts to "inside information" under insider trading provisions in securities legislation.

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In these situations, registered firms will need to assess whether there are other methods to adequately respond to the conflict of interest. If not, the firm may have to decline to provide the service to avoid the conflict of interest.

Registered firms should also have specific procedures for responding to conflicts of interest that involve inside information and for complying with insider trading provisions.

(d) How to disclose a conflict of interest

Registered firms should provide disclosure about material conflicts of interest to their clients if a reasonable investor would expect to be informed about them. When a registered firm provides this disclosure, it should:

- be prominent, specific, clear and meaningful to the client, and
- explain the conflict of interest and how it could affect the service the client is being offered

Registered firms should not:

- provide generic disclosure
- give partial disclosure that could mislead their clients, or
- obscure conflicts of interest in overly detailed disclosure

Examples of conflicts of interest

This section describes specific situations where a registrant could be in a conflict of interest and how to manage the conflict.

Relationships with related or connected issuers

When a registered firm trades in, or recommends securities of, a related or connected issuer, it should respond to the resulting conflict of interest by disclosing it to the client.

To provide disclosure about conflicts with related issuers, a registered firm may maintain a list of the related issuers for which it acts as a dealer or adviser. It may make the list available to clients by:

- posting the list on its website and keeping it updated
- providing the list to the client at the time of account opening, or
- explaining to the client at the time of account opening how to contact the firm to request a copy of the list free of charge

The list may include examples of the types of issuers that are related or connected and the nature of the firm's relationship with those issuers. For example, a firm could generally describe the nature of its relationship with an investment fund within a family of investment funds. This would mean that the firm may not have to update the list when a new fund is added to that fund family.

However, this type of disclosure may not meet the expectations of a reasonable investor when a specific conflict with a related or connected issuer arises, for example, when a registered individual recommends a trade in the securities of a related issuer. In these circumstances, a registered firm should provide the client with disclosure about the specific conflict with that issuer. This disclosure should include a description of the nature of the firm's relationship with the issuer.

Like all disclosure, information regarding a conflict with a related or connected issuer should be made available to clients before or at the time of the advice or trade giving rise to the conflict, so that clients have a reasonable amount of time to assess it. Registrants should use their judgment for the best way and time to inform clients about these conflicts. Previous disclosure may no longer be relevant to, or remembered by, a client, while disclosure of the same conflict more than once in a short time may be unnecessary and confusing.

Firms do not have to disclose to clients their relationship with a related or connected issuer that is a mutual fund managed by an affiliate of the firm if the names of the firm and the fund are similar enough that a reasonable person would conclude they are affiliated.

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Relationships with other issuers

Firms should assess whether conflicts of interest may arise in relationships with issuers that do not fall within the definitions of related or connected issuers. Examples include non-corporate issuers such as a trust, partnership or special purpose entity or conduit issuing asset-backed commercial paper. This is especially important if a registered firm or its affiliates are involved in sponsoring, manufacturing, underwriting or distributing these securities.

The registered firm should disclose the relationship with these types of issuers if it may give rise to a conflict of interest that a reasonable client would expect to be informed about.

Competing interests of clients

If clients of a registered firm have competing interests, the firm should make reasonable efforts to be fair to all clients. Firms should have internal systems to evaluate the balance of these interests.

For example, a conflict of interest can arise between investment banking clients, who want the highest price, lowest interest rate or best terms in general for their issuances of securities, and retail clients who will buy the product. The firm should consider whether the product meets the needs of retail clients and is competitive with alternatives available in the market.

Individuals who serve on a board of directors

(a) Board of directors of another registered firm

Under section 4.1, a registered individual must not act as a director of another registered firm that is not an affiliate of the individual's sponsoring firm.

(b) Board of directors of non registered persons or companies

Section 4.1 does not apply to registered individuals who act as directors of unregistered firms. However, significant conflicts of interest can arise when a registered individual serves on a board of directors. Examples include conflicting fiduciary duties owed to the company and to a registered firm or client, possible receipt of inside information and conflicting demands on the representative's time.

Registered firms should consider controlling the conflict by:

- requiring their representatives to seek permission from the firm to serve on the board of directors of an issuer, and
- having policies for board participation that identify the circumstances where the activity would not be in the best interests of the firm or its clients

The regulator will take into account the potential conflicts of interest that may arise when an individual serves on a board of directors when assessing that individual's application for registration or continuing fitness for registration.

(c) Board of directors of reporting issuers

A representative of a registrant acting as a director of or adviser to a reporting issuer raises concerns with respect to conflicts of interest, particularly in relation to issues of insider information, trading and timely disclosure. All registrants should be conscious of their responsibilities in these situations and weigh the burden of dealing in an ethical manner with the conflicts of interest against the advantages of acting as a director of a reporting issuer, many shareholders of which may be clients of the registrant.

Directors of a reporting issuer have an obligation not to reveal any confidential information about the issuer until there is full public disclosure of the information, particularly when the information might have a bearing on the market price or value of the securities of the issuer.

Any director of a reporting issuer who is a partner, director, officer, employee or agent of a registrant should recognize that the director's first responsibility with respect to confidential information is to the reporting issuer. A director should meticulously avoid any disclosure of inside information to partners, directors, officers, employees or agents of the registrant or to its clients.

If a partner, director, officer, employee or agent of a registrant is not a director but is acting in an advisory capacity to a reporting issuer and discussing confidential matters, the same care should be taken as if that person were a director. Should the matter require consultation with other personnel of the registrant, adequate measures should be taken to guard the confidential nature.

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Individuals who have outside business activities

Conflicts can arise when registered individuals are involved in outside business activities, for example, because of the compensation they receive for these activities or because of the nature of the relationship between the individual and the outside entity. Before approving any of these activities, registered firms should consider potential conflicts of interest. If the firm cannot properly control a potential conflict of interest, it should not permit the outside activity.

Registrants must disclose all outside business activities in Form 33-109F4 (or Form 33-109F5 for changes in outside business activities after registration). Required disclosure includes the following, whether the registrant receives compensation or not:

- any employment and business activities outside the registrant's sponsoring firm
- all officer or director positions, and
- any other equivalent positions held, as well as positions of influence.

The following are examples of outside business activities that we would expect to be disclosed:

- paid or unpaid roles with charitable, social or religious organizations where the individual is in a position of power or influence and where the activity places the registered individual in contact with clients or potential clients, including positions where the registrant handles investments or monies of the organization
- being an owner of a holding company

The regulator will take into account the potential conflicts of interest that may arise as a result of an individual's outside business activities when assessing that individual's application for registration or continuing fitness for registration, including the following:

- whether the individual will have sufficient time to properly carry out their registerable activities, including remaining current on securities law and product knowledge
- whether the individual will be able to properly service clients
- what is the risk of client confusion and are there effective controls and supervision in place to manage the risk
- whether the outside business activity presents a conflict of interest for the individual, and whether that conflict of interest should be avoided or can be appropriately managed
- whether the outside business activity places the individual in a position of power or influence over clients or potential clients, in particular clients or potential clients that may be vulnerable
- whether the outside business activity provides the individual with access to privileged, confidential or insider information relevant to their registerable activities

A registered firm is responsible for monitoring and supervising the individuals whose registration it sponsors. In relation to outside business activities, this includes:

- having appropriate policies and procedures to deal with outside business activities, including ensuring outside business activities do not:
 - involve activities that are inconsistent with securities legislation, IIROC requirements or MFDA requirements; and
 - interfere with the individual's ability to remain current on securities law and product knowledge
- requiring individual registrants to disclose to their firm, and requiring the firm to review and approve, all outside business activities prior to the activities commencing
- ensuring the firm's chief compliance officer is able to properly supervise and monitor the outside business activities
- maintaining records documenting its supervision of outside business activities and ensuring these records are available for review by regulators

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- ensuring that potential conflicts of interest are identified and appropriate steps are taken to manage such conflicts
- ensuring outside business activities do not impair the ability to provide adequate client service, including, where necessary, having an alternate representative available for the client
- ensuring the outside business activity is consistent with the registrant's duty to deal fairly, honestly and in good faith with its clients
- implementing risk management, including proper separation of the outside business activity and registerable activity
- preventing exposure of the firm to complaints and litigation
- assessing whether the firm's knowledge of the individual's lifestyle is commensurate with its knowledge of the
 individual's business activities and staying alert to other indicators of possible fraudulent activity. For example,
 if information comes to the firm's knowledge (including through a client complaint) that a registered individual's
 lifestyle is not commensurate with the individual's compensation by the firm, we would expect the registered
 firm to make further inquiries to assess the situation.

Failure to discharge these responsibilities may be relevant to the firm's continued fitness for registration.

Compensation practices

Registered firms should consider whether any particular benefits, compensation or remuneration practices are inconsistent with their obligations to clients, especially if the firm relies heavily on commission-based remuneration. For example, if there is a complex product that carries a high commission, the firm may decide that it is not appropriate to offer that product.

13.5 Restrictions on certain managed account transactions

Section 13.5 prohibits a registered adviser from engaging in certain transactions in investment portfolios it manages for clients on a discretionary basis where the relationship may give rise to a conflict of interest or a perceived conflict of interest. The prohibited transactions include trades in securities in which a responsible person or an associate of a responsible person may have an interest or over which they may have influence or control.

Disclosure when responsible person is partner, director or officer of issuer

Paragraph 13.5(2)(a) prohibits a registered adviser from purchasing securities of an issuer in which a responsible person or an associate of a responsible person is a partner, officer or director for a client's managed account. The prohibition applies unless the conflict is disclosed to the client and the client's written consent is obtained prior to the purchase.

If the client is an investment fund, the disclosure should be provided to, and the consent obtained from, each security holder of the investment fund in order for it to be meaningful. This disclosure may be provided in the offering memorandum that is provided to security holders. Like all disclosure about conflicts, it should be prominent, specific, clear and meaningful to the client. Consent may be obtained in the investment management agreement signed by the clients of the adviser that are also security holders of the investment fund.

This approach may not be practical for prospectus qualified mutual funds. Investment fund managers and advisers of these funds should also consider the specific exemption from the prohibition under section 6.2 of National Instrument 81-107 Independent Review Committee for Investment Funds (NI 81-107) for prospectus-qualified investment funds.

Restrictions on trades with certain investment portfolios

Paragraph 13.5(2)(b) prohibits certain trades, including, for example, those between the managed account of a client and the managed account of:

- a spouse of the adviser
- a trust for which a responsible person is the trustee, or
- a corporation in which a responsible person beneficially owns 10% or more of the voting securities

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It also prohibits inter-fund trades. An inter-fund trade occurs when the adviser for an investment fund knowingly directs a trade in portfolio securities to another investment fund that it acts for or instructs the dealer to execute the trade with the other investment fund. Investment fund managers and their advisers should also consider the exemption from the prohibition that exists for inter-fund trades by public investment funds under section 6.1 of NI 81-107.

Paragraph 13.5(2)(b) is not intended to prohibit a responsible person from purchasing units in the investment fund itself, nor is it intended to prohibit one investment fund from purchasing units of another fund in situations where they have the same adviser.

In instances where an IIROC dealer, who is also an adviser to a managed account, trades between its inventory account and the managed account, the dealer is expected to have policies and procedures that sufficiently mitigate the conflicts of interest inherent in such transactions. Generally, we expect these policies and procedures to ensure that:

- the trades achieve best execution as referenced in National Instrument 23-101 Trading Rules, while ensuring that the trades are consistent with the objectives of the managed account
- reasonable steps are taken to access information, including marketplace quotations or quotes provided by arms-length parties, to ensure that the trade is executed at a fair price
- there is appropriate oversight and a compliance mechanism to monitor this trading activity in order to ensure that it complies with applicable regulatory requirements, including the requirements referred to above.

13.6 Disclosure when recommending related or connected securities

Section 13.6 restricts the ability of a registered firm to recommend a trade in a security of a related or connected issuer. The restrictions apply to recommendations made in any medium of communication. This includes recommendations in newsletters, articles in general circulation, newspapers or magazines, websites, e-mail, Internet chat rooms, bulletin boards, television and radio.

It does not apply to oral recommendations made by registered individuals to their clients. These recommendations are subject to the requirements of section 13.4.

Division 3 Referral arrangements

Division 3 sets out the requirements for permitted referral arrangements. Regulators want to ensure that under any referral arrangements:

- individuals and firms that engage in registerable activities are appropriately registered
- the roles and responsibilities of the parties to the written agreement are clear, including responsibility for compliance with securities legislation, and
- clients are provided with disclosure about the referral arrangement to help them evaluate the referral arrangement and the extent of any conflicts of interest

Registered firms have a responsibility to monitor and supervise all of their referral arrangements to ensure that they comply with the requirements of NI 31-103 and other applicable securities laws and continue to comply for so long as the arrangement remains in place.

Obligations to clients

A client who is referred to an individual or firm becomes the client of that individual or firm for the purposes of the services provided under the referral arrangement.

The registrant receiving a referral must meet all of its obligations as a registrant toward its referred clients, including know your client and suitability determinations.

Registrants involved in referral arrangements should manage any related conflicts of interest in accordance with the applicable provisions of Part 13 *Dealing with clients – individuals and firms*. For example, if the registered firm is not satisfied that the referral fee is reasonable, it should assess whether an unreasonably high fee may create a conflict that could motivate its representatives to act contrary to their duties toward their clients.

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13.7 Definitions – referral arrangements

Section 13.7 defines "referral arrangement" in broad terms. Referral arrangement means an arrangement in which a registrant agrees to pay or receive a referral fee. The definition is not limited to referrals for providing investment products, financial services or services requiring registration. It also includes receiving a referral fee for providing a client name and contact information to an individual or firm. "Referral fee" is also broadly defined. It includes sharing or splitting any commission resulting from the purchase or sale of a security.

In situations where there is no expectation of reward or compensation, we would not consider the receipt of an unexpected gift of appreciation to fall within the scope of a referral arrangement. One of the key elements of the referral arrangement is that the registrant agrees to pay or receive a referral fee for the referral of a client. This agreement or understanding is absent in the case of unexpected gifts.

13.8 Permitted referral arrangements

Under section 13.8, parties to a referral arrangement are required to set out the terms of the arrangement in a written agreement. This is intended to ensure that each party's roles and responsibilities are made clear. This includes obligations for registered firms involved in referral arrangements to keep records of referral fees. Payments do not necessarily have to go through a registered firm, but a record of all payments related to a referral arrangement must be kept.

We expect referral agreements to include:

- the roles and responsibilities of each party
- limitations on any party that is not a registrant (to ensure that it is not engaging in any activities requiring registration)
- the disclosure to be provided to referred clients, and
- who provides the disclosure to referred clients

If the individual or firm receiving the referral is a registrant, they are responsible for:

- carrying out all activity requiring registration that results from the referral arrangement, and
- communicating with referred clients

Registered firms are required to be parties to referral agreements. This ensures that they are aware of these arrangements so they can adequately supervise their representatives and monitor compliance with the agreements. This does not preclude the individual registrant from also being a party to the agreement.

A party to a referral arrangement may need to be registered depending on the activities that the party carries out. Registrants cannot use a referral arrangement to assign, contract out of or otherwise avoid their regulatory obligations.

Registrants may wish to refer their clients to other registrants for services that they are not authorized to perform under their category of registration. In making referrals, registrants should ensure that the referral does not itself constitute an activity that the registrant is not authorized to engage in under its category of registration.

We would generally not consider the referral by a registrant of a client to a registered dealer to constitute trading by the referring registrant if, in the referral:

- the referring registrant does not make any statement to the client about the merits of a specific security or trade,
- the referring registrant does not make any recommendation or otherwise represent to the client that a specific trade is suitable for that client or another person or company, and
- the referring registrant does not accept any instructions from the client in respect of trades to be made by the registered dealer.

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13.9 Verifying the qualifications of the person or company receiving the referral

Section 13.9 requires the registrant making a referral to satisfy itself that the party receiving the referral is appropriately qualified to perform the services, and if applicable, is appropriately registered. The registrant is responsible for determining the steps that are appropriate in the particular circumstances. For example, this may include an assessment of the types of clients that the referred services would be appropriate for.

13.10 Disclosing referral arrangements to clients

The disclosure of information to clients required under section 13.10 is intended to help clients make an informed decision about the referral arrangement and to assess any conflicts of interest. The disclosure should be provided to clients before or at the time the referred services are provided. A registered firm, and any registered individuals who are directly participating in the referral arrangement, should take reasonable steps to ensure that clients understand:

- which entity they are dealing with
- what they can expect that entity to provide to them
- the registrant's key responsibilities to them
- the limitations of the registrant's registration category
- any relevant terms and conditions imposed on the registrant's registration
- the extent of the referrer's financial interest in the referral arrangement, and
- the nature of any potential or actual conflict of interest that may arise from the referral arrangement

Division 4 Loans and margin

13.12 Restriction on lending to clients

The purpose of section 13.12 is intended to limit the financial exposure of a registered firm. To the extent that products sold to clients are structured in a way that would result in the registrant becoming a lender to the clients, including the registrant extending margin to the client, we would consider the registrant to not be in compliance with section 13.12.

Section 13.12 prohibits registrants from lending money, extending credit or providing margin to clients as we consider that this activity creates a conflict of interest which cannot be easily managed.

We note that SROs are exempt from section 13.12 as they have their own rules or prohibitions on lending, extending credit and providing margin to clients. Direct lending to clients (margin) is reserved for IIROC members. The MFDA has its own rules prohibiting margining and, except in specific limited circumstances, lending.

Division 5 Complaints

13.14 Application of this Division

Investment fund managers are only subject to Division 5 if they also operate under a dealer or adviser registration, in which case the requirements in this Division apply in respect of the activities conducted under their dealer or adviser registration.

In Québec, a registered firm is deemed to comply with this Division if it complies must comply with sections 168.1.1 to 168.1.3 of the Québec Securities Act, which provides a substantially similar regime for complaint handling.

The guidance in Division 5 of this Companion Policy applies to firms registered in any jurisdiction including Québec.

However, section 168.1.3 of the Québec *Securities Act*, includes requirements with respect to dispute resolution or mediation services that are different than those set out in section 13.16 of NI 31-103. In Québec, registrants must inform each complainant, in writing and without delay, that if the complainant is dissatisfied with how the complaint is handled or with the outcome, they may request the registrant to forward a copy of the complaint file to the Autorité des marchés financiers. The registrant must forward a copy of the complaint file to the Autorité des marchés financiers, which will examine the complaint. The Autorité des marchés financiers may act as a mediator if it considers it appropriate to do so and the parties agree.

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13.15 Handling complaints

General duty to document and respond to complaints

Section 13.15 requires registered firms to document complaints, and to effectively and fairly respond to them. We are of the view that registered firms should document and respond to all complaints received from a client, a former client or a prospective client who has dealt with the registered firm (complainant).

Firms are reminded that they are required to maintain records which demonstrate compliance with complaint handling requirements under paragraph 11.5(2)(m).

Complaint handling policies

An effective complaint system should deal with all formal and informal complaints or disputes in a timely and fair manner. To achieve the objective of handling complaints fairly, the firm's complaint system should include standards allowing for objective factual investigation and analysis of the matters specific to the complaint.

We take the view that registered firms should take a balanced approach to the gathering of facts that objectively considers the interests of

- the complainant
- the registered representative, and
- the firm

Registered firms should not limit their consideration and handling of complaints to those relating to possible violations of securities legislation.

Complaint monitoring

The firm's complaint handling policy should provide for specific procedures for reporting the complaints to superiors, in order to allow the detection of frequent and repetitive complaints made with respect to the same matter which may, on a cumulative basis, indicate a serious problem. Firms should take appropriate measures to deal with such problems as they arise.

Responding to complaints

Types of complaints

All complaints relating to one of the following matters should be responded to by the firm by providing an initial and substantive response, both in writing and within a reasonable time:

- a trading or advising activity
- a breach of client confidentiality
- theft, fraud, misappropriation or forgery
- misrepresentation
- an undisclosed or prohibited conflict of interest, or
- personal financial dealings with a client

Firms may determine that a complaint relating to matters other than the matters listed above is nevertheless of a sufficiently serious nature to be responded to in the manner described below. This determination should be made, in all cases, by considering if an investor, acting reasonably, would expect a written response to their complaint.

When complaints are not made in writing

We would not expect that complaints relating to matters other than those listed above, when made verbally and when not otherwise considered serious based on an investor's reasonable expectation, would need to be responded to in writing.

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However, we do expect that verbal complaints be given as much attention as written complaints. If a complaint is made verbally and is not clearly expressed, the firm may request the complainant to put the complaint in writing and we expect firms to offer reasonable assistance to do so.

Firms are entitled to expect the complainant to put unclear verbal issues into written format in order to try to resolve confusion about the nature of the issue. If the verbal complaint is clearly frivolous, we do not expect firms to offer assistance to put the complaint in writing. The firm may nonetheless ask the complainant to put the complaint in writing on his or her own.

Timeline for responding to complaints

Firms should

- promptly send an initial written response to a complainant: we consider that an initial response should be provided to the complainant within five business days of receipt of the complaint
- provide a substantive response to all complaints relating to the matters listed under "Types of complaints" above, indicating the firm's decision on the complaint

A firm may also wish to use its initial response to seek clarification or additional information from the client. Requirements for providing information about the availability of dispute resolution or mediation services paid for by the firm are discussed below.

We encourage firms to resolve complaints relating to the matters listed above within 90 days.

13.16 Dispute resolution service

Section 13.15 requires a registered firm to document and respond to each complaint made to it about any product or service that is offered by the firm or one of its representatives. Section 13.16 provides for recourse to an independent dispute resolution or mediation service at a registered firm's expense for specified complaints where the firm's internal complaint handling process has not produced a timely decision that is satisfactory to the client.

Registered firms may be required to make an independent dispute resolution or mediation service paid for by the firm available to a client in respect of a complaint that

- relates to a trading or advising activity of the firm or its representatives, and
- is raised within six years of the date when the client knew or reasonably ought to have known of the act or omission that is a cause of or contributed to the complaint

As soon as possible after a client makes a complaint (for example, when sending its acknowledgment or initial response to the complaint), and again when the firm informs the client of its decision in respect of the complaint, a registered firm must provide a client with information about

- the firm's obligations under section 13.16,
- the steps the client must take for an independent dispute resolution or mediation service to be made available to the client at the firm's expense, and
- the name of the independent service that will be made available to the client (outside of Québec, this will normally be the Ombudsman for Banking Services and Investments (OBSI), as discussed below) and how to contact it

A client may escalate an eligible complaint to the independent dispute resolution or mediation service made available by the registered firm in two circumstances:

- If the firm fails to give the client notice of its decision within 90 days of receiving the complaint (telling the client that the firm plans to take more than 90 days to make its decision does not 'stop the clock'). The client is then entitled to escalate the complaint to the independent service immediately or at any later date until the firm has notified the client of its decision.
- If the firm has given the client notice of its decision about the complaint (whether it does so within 90 days or after a longer period) and the client is not satisfied with the decision, the client then has 180 days in which escalate the complaint to the independent service.

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In either instance, the client may escalate the complaint by directly contacting the independent service.

We think that it may sometimes be appropriate for the independent service, the firm and the client involved in a complaint to agree to longer notice periods than the prescribed 90 and 180 day periods as a matter of fairness. We recognize that where a client does not cooperate with reasonable requests for information relating to a complaint, a firm may have difficulty making a timely decision in respect of the complaint. We expect that this would be relevant to any subsequent determination or recommendation made by an independent service about that complaint.

The client must agree that the amount of any recommendation by the independent service for monetary compensation will not exceed \$350,000. This limit applies only to the amount that can be recommended. Until it is escalated to the independent service, a complaint made to a registered firm may include a claim for a larger amount.

Except in Québec, a registered firm must take reasonable steps to ensure that the dispute resolution and mediation service that is made available to its clients for these purposes will be OBSI. The reasonable steps we expect a firm to take include maintaining ongoing membership in OBSI as a "Participating Firm" and, with respect to each complaint, participating in the dispute resolution process in a manner consistent with the firm's obligation to deal fairly, honestly and in good faith with its client. This would include entering into consent agreements with clients contemplated under OBSI's procedures.

Since section 13.16 does not apply in respect of a complaint made by a permitted client that is not an individual, we would not expect a firm that only has clients of that kind to maintain membership in OBSI.

A registered firm should not make an alternative independent dispute resolution or mediation service available to a client at the same time as it makes OBSI available. Such a parallel offering would not be consistent with the requirement to take reasonable steps to ensure that OBSI will be the independent service that is made available to the client. Except in Québec, we expect that alternative service providers will only be used for purposes of section 13.16 in exceptional circumstances.

We would regard it as a serious compliance issue if a firm misrepresented OBSI's services or exerted pressure on a client to refuse OBSI's services.

If a client declines to make use of OBSI in respect of a complaint, or if a client abandons a complaint that is under consideration by OBSI, the registered firm is not obligated to provide another service at the firm's expense. A firm is only required to make one dispute resolution or mediation service available at its expense for each complaint.

Nothing in section 13.16 affects a client's right to choose to seek other recourse, including through the courts.

Registrants that are members of an SRO, including those that are registered in Québec, must also comply with their SRO's requirements with respect to the provision of independent dispute resolution or mediation services.

Registrants who do business in other sectors

Some registrants are also registered or licensed to do business in other sectors, such as insurance. These registrants should inform their clients of the complaint mechanisms for each sector in which they do business and how to use them.

Division 6 Registered sub-advisers

13.17 Exemption from certain requirements for registered sub-advisers

Section 13.17 contains an exemption from certain client related requirements for registered sub-advisers. These requirements are not necessary because in a sub-adviser arrangement the sub-adviser's client is another registrant. We remind registrants that these exemptions do not apply if the client is not a registrant. One of the conditions of this exemption is that the other registrant has entered into an agreement with its client that it is responsible for losses that arise out of certain failures by the sub-adviser. We expect that a registrant taking on this liability will conduct appropriate initial and ongoing due diligence on the sub-adviser and before making recommendations or investment decisions based on the sub-adviser's advice, ensure the investment is suitable for the registrant's client.

We also expect that the other registrant and the sub-adviser will maintain records of their transactions and that the other registrant will maintain records of the due diligence conducted on the sub-adviser. See Part 11 of this Companion Policy for more guidance.

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Part 14 Handling client accounts - firms

If a client consents, documents required in this Part can be delivered in electronic form. For further guidance, see NP 11-201.

Division 1 Investment fund managers

Section 14.1 sets out the limited application of Part 14 to investment fund managers that are not also registered in other categories, including. The sections of Part 14 that apply to investment fund managers when performing their investment fund manager activities include section 14.1.1 [duty to provide information], section 14.5.2 [restriction on self-custody and qualified custodian requirement], section 14.5.3 [cash and securities held by a qualified custodian], section 14.6 [helding-client and investment fund assets in trustheld by a registered firm in trust], section 14.6.1 [custodial provisions relating to certain margin or security interests], section 14.6.2 [custodial provisions relating to short sales], subsection 14.12(5) [content and delivery of trade confirmation] and section 14.15 [security holder statements]. An investment fund manager that is also registered as a dealer or adviser (or both) is subject to all relevant sections of Part 14 in respect of that firm's dealer or adviser activities.

Section 14.1.1 requires investment fund managers to provide, within a reasonable period of time, information that is known to them concerning position cost, deferred sales charges and any other charges deducted from the net asset value of the securities, and trailing commissions to dealers and advisers in order that theywho have clients that own the investment fund manager's funds. This information must be provided within a reasonable period of time in order that the dealers and advisers may comply with their client reporting obligations under paragraphs 14.12(1)(c) [content and delivery of trade confirmation] and 14.17(1)(h) [report on charges and other compensation]. This is a principles-based requirement. An investment fund manager must work with the dealers and advisers who distribute fund products to determine what information they need from the investment fund manager in order to satisfy their client reporting obligations. The information and arrangements for its delivery may vary, reflecting different operating models and information systems.

Division 2 Disclosure to clients

14.2 Relationship disclosure information

Registrants should ensure that clients understand who they are dealing with. They should carry on all registerable activities in their full legal or registered trade name. Contracts, confirmation and account statements, among other documents, should contain the registrant's full legal name.

Content of relationship disclosure information

There is no prescribed form for the relationship disclosure information required under section 14.2. A registered firm may provide this information in a single document, or in separate documents, which together give the client the prescribed information.

Relationship disclosure information should be communicated in a manner consistent with the guidance on client communications under section 1.1 of this Companion Policy. We encourage registrants to avoid the use of technical terms and acronyms when communicating with clients. To satisfy their obligations under section 14.2, registered individuals must spend sufficient time with clients as part of an in-person or telephone meeting, or other method that is consistent with their operations, to adequately explain the information that is delivered to them. We expect a firm to have policies and procedures requiring its registered individuals to demonstrate they have done so. What is considered "sufficient" will depend on the circumstances, including a client's understanding of the delivered documents.

Evidence of compliance with client disclosure requirements at account opening, prior to trades and at other times, can include detailed notes of meetings or discussions with clients, signed client acknowledgements and tape-recorded phone conversations.

Promoting client participation

Registered firms should help their clients understand the registrant-client relationship. They should encourage clients to actively participate in the relationship and provide them with clear, relevant and timely information and communications.

In particular, registered firms should help and encourage clients to:

- Keep the firm up to date. Clients should be encouraged to
 - o provide full and accurate information to the firm and the registered individuals acting for the firm
 - o promptly inform the firm of any change to their information that could result in a change to the types of investments appropriate for them, such as a change to their income, investment objectives, risk tolerance, time horizon or net worth

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- Be informed. Clients should be
 - o helped to understand the potential risks and returns on investments
 - encouraged to carefully review sales literature provided by the firm
 - encouraged to consult professionals, such as a lawyer or an accountant, for legal or tax advice where appropriate
- Ask questions. Clients should be encouraged to
 - o request information from the firm to resolve concerns about their account, transactions or investments, or their relationship with the firm or a registered individual acting for the firm
- Stay on top of their investments. Clients should be encouraged to
 - o review all account documentation provided by the firm
 - o regularly review portfolio holdings and performance

<u>Disclosure of where and the manner in which client's assets are held or accessed, including the relevant associated</u> risks and benefits

<u>Under paragraphs 14.2(2)(a.1) and 14.2(2)(a.2), registered firms must disclose to clients the location where, and the manner in which, client assets are held or accessed, including the relevant associated risks and benefits to the client. The risks to a client will vary depending on the type of custodial arrangement that is in place. At a minimum, we would generally expect the disclosure to include the following:</u>

- the way(s) that the registered firm holds client's assets, and the associated risks
- the way(s) that the registered firm has access to the client's assets, and the associated risks
- whether a qualified custodian holds any or all of the client's assets
- <u>if a custodian uses any sub-custodians to hold the client's assets in cases where the registered firm directs or</u> arranges which custodian to use to hold client cash and securities
- <u>if the registered firm uses a custodian that is not independent of the registered firm, and whether the</u> registered firm has access to the client's assets through this relationship
- if a foreign custodian or a foreign dealer holds the client's cash and securities in accordance with subsection 14.5.2(3) or 14.6(2) or section 14.6.1 or 14.6.2, the rationale for using the foreign custodian or dealer and a description of the risks of using that foreign custodian or dealer, including the potential difficulty associated with the client's ability to enforce their legal rights and the potential difficulty that the client may face in respect of repatriating their assets on the bankruptcy or insolvency of the foreign custodian or dealer

Description of products and services

Under paragraph 14.2(2)(b), a firm must provide a general description of the products and services it offers to the client. We expect this disclosure to include a general description of all amounts a client might pay during the course of holding a type of investment, including management fees associated with mutual funds. If a registered firm exclusively or primarily invests its clients' money in securities issued by the firm itself or a related party, that information should be disclosed.

Disclosure of charges and other compensation

Under paragraphs 14.2(2)(f), (g) and (h), registered firms must provide clients with information on the operating and transaction charges they might pay in making, holding and selling investments, and a general description of any compensation paid to the firm by any other party. We expect this disclosure to include all charges a client might pay during the course of holding a particular investment Examples of compensation paid by other parties would include such things as commissions paid by issuers and bonuses from affiliated companies relating to the client's investments.

A registered firm's charges to a client and the compensation it may receive from third parties in respect of the client will vary depending on the type of relationship with the client and the nature of the services and investment products offered. At account

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opening, registered firms must provide clients with general information on the operating charges and transaction charges that the clients may be required to pay, as well as other compensation the firms may receive as a result of their business relationship. A firm is not expected to provide information on all the types of accounts that it offers and the fees related to these accounts if it is not relevant to the client's situation.

"Operating charge" is defined broadly in section 1.1 and examples include (but are not exclusive to) service charges, administration fees, safekeeping fees, management fees, transfer fees, account closing fees, annual registered plan fees and any other charges associated with maintaining and using an account that are paid to the registrant. For registered firms that charge an all-in fee for the operation of the account, such as a percentage of assets under management, that fee is the operating charge. We do not expect firms with an all-in operating charge to provide a breakdown of the items covered by the fee.

"Transaction charges" is also defined broadly in section 1.1 and examples include (but are not exclusive to) commissions, transaction fees, switch or change fees, performance fees, short-term trading fees, and sales charges or redemption fees that are paid to the registrant. Although we do not consider "foreign exchange spreads" to be a transaction charge, we encourage firms to include a general notification in trade confirmations and reports on charges and other compensation that the firm may have incurred a gain or loss from a foreign exchange transaction as a best practice.

Operating charges and transaction charges include only charges paid to the registered firm by the client. Third-party charges, such as custodian fees that are not paid to the registered firm, are not included in operating charges or transaction charges. Operating and transaction charges include any sales taxes that are paid on the amounts charged to the client. Registrants may wish to inform clients where a charge includes sales tax, or separately disclose the components of the charge. Withholding taxes would not be considered a charge.

Providing general information on charges is appropriate at the time of account opening. However, section 14.2.1 [pre trade disclosure of charges] requires that, before a registered firm accepts an instruction from a client to purchase or sell a security, the firm must provide more specific information as to the nature and amount of the actual charges that will apply. Registrants are encouraged to explain charges to their clients.

For example, if a client will be investing in a mutual fund security, the description should briefly explain each of the following and how they may affect the investment:

- the management fee
- the sales charge or deferred sales charge option available to the client and an explanation as to how such charges work. This means registered firms should advise clients that mutual funds sold on a deferred sales charge basis are subject to charges upon redemption that are applied on a declining rate scale over a specified period of years, until such time as the charges decrease to zero. Any other redemption fees or short-term trading fees that may apply should also be discussed
- any trailing commission, or other embedded fees
- any options regarding front end loads
- any fees related to the client changing or switching investments ("switch or change fees")

Registrants may also wish to explain to clients that trailing commissions are included in the management fees that are charged to their investment funds and are not additional charges paid by the client to the registrant. "Trailing commission" is defined for purposes of NI 31 103 in section 1.1 in broad terms designed to ensure that payments similar to what are generally known as trailing commissions will be subject to similar reporting requirements under this instrument.

Registrants should advise clients with managed accounts whether the registrant will receive compensation from third parties, such as trailing commissions, on any securities purchased for the client and, if so, whether the fee paid by the client to the registrant will be affected by this. For example, the management fee paid by a client on the portion of a managed account related to mutual fund holdings may be lower than the overall fee on the rest of the portfolio.

Description of content and frequency of client reporting

Under paragraph 14.2(2)(i), a registered firm is required to provide a description of the content and frequency of reporting to the client. Reporting to clients includes, as applicable:

• trade confirmations under section 14.12

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- account statements under section 14.14
- additional statements under section 14.14.1
- security position cost information under section 14.14.2
- annual report on charges and other compensation under section 14.17
- investment performance reports under section 14.18

Guidance about registered firm's client reporting obligations is provided in Division 5 of this Part.

KYC information

Paragraph 14.2(2)(I) requires registrants to provide their clients with a copy of their KYC information at the time of account opening. We would expect registered firms to also provide a description to the client of the various terms which make up the KYC information, and explain how this information will be used in assessing the client's financial situation, investment objectives, investment knowledge and risk tolerance in determining investment suitability.

Benchmarks

Paragraph 14.2(2)(m) requires registered firms to provide clients with a general explanation of how investment performance benchmarks might be used to assess the performance of a client's investments and any options available to the client to obtain information about benchmarks from the registered firm. Other than this general discussion, there is no requirement for registered firms to provide benchmark information to clients. Nonetheless, we encourage firms to do so as a best practice. Guidance on the provision of benchmarks is set out in this Companion Policy at the end of the discussion of the content of investment performance reports under section 14.19.

Scholarship plan dealers

Paragraph 14.2(2)(n) requires an explanation of the important aspects of the scholarship plan that, if not fulfilled, would cause loss to the client. To be complete, this prescribed disclosure could include any options that would allow the investor to retain notional earnings in the event that they do not maintain prescribed payments under the plan and any fees associated with those options.

Order execution trading

Subsections 14.2(7) and (8) provide that only limited relationship disclosure information must be delivered by a dealer whose relationship with a client is limited to executing trades as directed by a registered adviser acting for the client. In a relationship of this kind, each registrant must explain to the client its role and responsibility to the client, and what services and reporting the client can expect of it.

14.2.1 Pre-trade disclosure of charges

For non-managed accounts, section 14.2.1 requires disclosure to a client of charges specific to a transaction prior to the acceptance of a client's instruction. This disclosure is not required to be in writing. Oral disclosure of charges is sufficient for the purposes of disclosing charges at the time of a transaction. In the case of a client who is a frequent trader, if the firm has good reason to believe applicable "standard" charges are well understood, a brief confirmation that the usual charges will apply would be an acceptable alternative to specifying the actual amount of the charges. Specific charges must be reported in writing on the trade confirmation as required in section 14.12.

For a purchase of a security on a deferred sales charge basis, disclosure that a deferred sales charge might be triggered upon the redemption of the security, and the schedule that would apply if it is sold within the time period that a deferred sales charge would be applicable, must be presented. The actual amount of the deferred sales charge, if any, would need to be disclosed once the security is redeemed. For the purposes of disclosing trailing commissions, the dealing representative may draw attention to the information in the prospectus or the fund facts document if that document is provided at the point of sale.

With respect to a transaction involving a debt security, pre-trade disclosure should include a discussion of any commission the registered firm will receive on the trade. This discussion should include both the number of basis points that the charge represents as well as the corresponding dollar amount, or a reasonable estimate of the amount if the actual amount of the charges is not known to the firm at the time.

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If a client will be investing in a mutual fund security, the firm's representative should briefly explain each of the following and how they may affect the investment:

- the management fee
- the sales charge or deferred sales charge option available to the client and an explanation as to how such charges work. This means registered firms should advise clients that mutual funds sold on a deferred sales charge basis are subject to charges upon redemption that are applied on a declining rate scale over a specified period of years, until such time as the charges decrease to zero. Any other redemption fees or short-term trading fees that may apply should also be discussed
- any trailing commission, or other embedded fees
- any options regarding front end loads
- any fees related to the client changing or switching investments ("switch or change fees")

Registrants may also wish to explain to clients that trailing commissions are included in the management fees that are charged to their investment funds and are not additional charges paid by the client to the registrant. "Trailing commission" is defined for the purposes of NI 31-103 in section 1.1 in broad terms designed to ensure that payments similar to what are generally known as trailing commissions will be subject to similar reporting requirements under this instrument.

Switch or change transactions

Processing a switch or change transaction without client knowledge is contrary to a registrant's duty to act fairly, honestly and in good faith. In our view, compliance with this duty requires that clients are informed, before any switch or change transaction is processed, of charges associated with the transaction, dealers' incentives for such a transaction (including increased trailing commissions), and any tax or other implications of such a transaction. In each case, we expect dealers to explain why a proposed switch or change transaction is appropriate for the client. We consider that providing clients with clear and complete disclosure of the charges at the time of a transaction will help clients to be aware of the implications of proposed transactions and deter registrants from transacting for the purpose of generating commissions. Registrants are also reminded that their obligations in connection with suitability and conflicts of interest apply to such transactions, as well as their obligations under any applicable SRO requirements or guidance.

We expect all changes or switches to a client's investments to be accurately reported in trade confirmations by reporting each of the purchase and sale transactions making up the change or switch, as required in section 14.12, with a description of the associated charges.

14.4 When the firm has a relationship with a financial institution

As part of their duty to clients, registrants who have a relationship with a financial institution should ensure that their clients understand which legal entity they are dealing with. In particular, clients may be confused if more than one financial services firm is carrying on business in the same location. Registrants may differentiate themselves through various methods, including signage and disclosure.

Division 3 Client assets and investment fund assets

14.5.2 Restriction on self-custody and qualified custodian requirement

Section 14.5.2 specifies situations where registered firms must ensure that any custodian used to hold the cash or securities of a client or an investment fund is a Canadian custodian. If a registered firm has physical possession of the cash or securities of a client or an investment fund then we expect the registered firm to transfer those cash and securities to a Canadian custodian. If a registered firm has access to the cash or securities of a client or an investment fund then we expect the registered firm to confirm that those cash and securities are being held at a Canadian custodian. If a registered firm directs or arranges which custodian a client or an investment fund will use to hold their cash or securities then we expect the registered firm to direct that client or investment fund to, or arrange a custodial relationship with, a Canadian custodian.

For the purposes of section 14.5.2, we expect "cash and securities of an investment fund" to include the cash and securities that comprise the portfolio of an investment fund, as well as cash that may be held by an investment fund manager for investment in, or on the redemption of, securities of the investment fund.

Subsection 14.14(7) sets out when a security is considered to be held by a registered firm for a client. We consider the terms "hold" or "held" in this Division to include the situations identified in subsection 14.14(7). Section 12.4 of this Companion Policy

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provides examples of when holding or having access to client assets may occur. For the purposes of this Division, we expect all registered firms to consider the examples listed in section 12.4 in determining whether they hold or have access to client assets. For the purposes of section 14.5.2, we interpret the phrase "hold or have access" as not including the handling in transit of a client's cheque made payable to a third party.

We recognize that there may be good reasons for a foreign custodian to be used to hold client or investment fund cash or securities, including where:

- foreign securities comprise all or substantially all of the client's or investment fund's portfolio
- the registered firm's client or the investment fund is resident in a foreign jurisdiction
- a foreign custodian is required to facilitate portfolio transactions in a foreign jurisdiction, or
- <u>using a foreign custodian is more beneficial to the client or investment fund than using a Canadian custodian</u> for tax reasons

In such circumstances, we expect registered firms to assess the risks and benefits of using a foreign custodian compared to the risks and benefits of using a Canadian custodian and determine which custodian is more beneficial for the client. Considerations may include:

- the protections offered by an investor protection fund approved or recognized by the regulator in Canada compared to the comparable investor compensation scheme available in the foreign jurisdiction
- the robustness of the custodial regime in the foreign jurisdiction
- the potential difficulty a client or an investment fund may have enforcing its legal rights in the foreign jurisdiction
- <u>the potential difficulty a client or an investment fund may have repatriating its assets if the foreign custodian declares bankruptcy or becomes insolvent</u>
- the nature of the regulation of the foreign custodian, and
- the sufficiency of the equity of the foreign custodian in the circumstances

A registered firm has a duty to act fairly, honestly and in good faith with its client, or in the best interests of an investment fund that it manages, as applicable. In addition, in compliance with subsection 11.1(b), registered firms are expected to manage any risks associated with the use of a foreign custodian in accordance with prudent business practices. Accordingly, we expect registered firms to consider alternatives in their assessment of the use of a foreign custodian which, among other considerations, might include whether their client, or an investment fund that they manage, may be better served by:

- using a Canadian custodian who can appoint a foreign custodian to act as a sub-custodian, or
- limiting the client's or investment fund's exposure to a particular foreign custodian, which may include using a more diverse range of foreign custodians

Where a foreign custodian is used, we will assess this practice on a case-by-case basis.

<u>Certain investment instruments may be both securities and derivatives. Accordingly, the custodial requirements in this Division apply to these instruments, subject to:</u>

- the definition provision under section 14.5.1, and
- <u>the exemption provided for customer collateral subject to the custodial requirements under National Instrument 94-102 Derivatives: Customer Clearing and Protection of Customer Collateral and Positions</u>

Exemptions from restriction on self-custody and qualified custodian requirement

Investment fund managers are deemed to have access to the portfolio assets of the investment funds managed by them, and must ensure that the portfolio cash and securities of the investment fund are held at a qualified custodian under section 14.5.2.

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The exemption under paragraph 14.5.2(7)(d) is not available to investment fund managers with respect to the investment funds managed by them.

Registered advisers often create and use investment funds as a way to invest their clients' money. Registered advisers who also act as the investment fund manager of an investment fund should ensure that the portfolio cash and securities of the investment fund managed by them are held at a qualified custodian. Paragraph 14.5.2(7) (c) provides an exemption for registered firms from the requirement to use a qualified custodian for securities issued by investment funds so long as the securities issued by the investment funds are recorded on the books of the investment fund, or the fund' transfer agent, only in the name of the registered advisers' clients.

Mortgages

We recognize that mortgages may have unique custodial practices which may differ from the custodial practices of other types of securities. Mortgages are exempt from the qualified custodian requirement and restriction on self-custody in all jurisdictions of Canada provided that they meet the conditions as set out under paragraph 14.5.2(7)(f).

Prohibition on self-custody and the use of a custodian that is not functionally independent

Under subsection 14.5.2(1), the registered firm itself cannot be the custodian or sub-custodian for a client or investment fund, except in certain circumstances. Under subsections 14.5.2(5) and 14.5.2(6), the qualified custodian, or the Canadian financial institution with respect to cash, must be functionally independent of the registered firm, except in certain circumstances. For the purposes of paragraphs 14.5.2(1)(b) and 14.5.2(5)(b), we would consider a system of controls and supervision to manage the risks to the client or investment fund associated with the custody of the client's or investment fund's cash or securities to include:

- <u>segregation of duties between the custodial function and other functions</u>
- client asset verification examination performed by a third party

Even when a registered firm is not required to use a qualified custodian under subsections 14.5.2(2) or (3) or a Canadian financial institution under subsection 14.5.2(4), we consider it prudent for the registered firm to use a custodian that is functionally independent of the registered firm. Refer to section 12.4 of this Companion Policy for examples of having access to client assets through the use of a custodian that is not functionally independent of the registered firm. The relationship between a registered firm and a non-independent custodian can give rise to serious conflicts of interest. We remind registered firms of their obligations under section 13.4 to identify and respond to conflicts of interest. If the conflicts of interest cannot be managed fairly and effectively, the registered firm should consider using an independent custodian to hold client assets instead.

General prudent custodial practices

Assets other than cash and securities

Section 14.6 sets out the requirement that if a registered firm holds client assets or investment fund assets, which includes securities, cash and other types of assets, then that registered firm must hold the assets separate and apart from its own property, and in trust for the client or investment fund. In accordance with this Division, where a registered firm holds client assets or investment fund assets directly (for example, the assets held are not cash or securities, or the registered firm is relying on an exemption from the requirement to use a qualified custodian), we will assess those circumstances on a case-by-case basis.

We recognize that in limited cases, it may not be feasible to hold certain asset types at a qualified custodian. For example, bullion requires a custodian that is experienced in providing bullion storage and custodial services, and is familiar with the requirements relating to the physical handling and storage of bullion. Such a custodian may not meet the definition of a "qualified custodian". In those cases, we expect a registered firm that would otherwise be subject to subsection 14.5.2(2), (3) or (4), had the client assets or investment fund assets been cash or securities, to exercise due skill, care and diligence in the selection and appointment (where applicable) of the custodian. This can involve the registered firm reviewing the facilities, procedures, records, insurance coverage, and creditworthiness of the selected custodian. We would also expect registered firms to conduct a periodic review of custodial arrangements for client assets or investment fund assets.

Delivery of custodial statements

We expect registered firms to encourage clients or investment funds, as applicable, to confirm that they are receiving account statements from their custodian and, as applicable, to compare the custodial statements to the statements sent by the registered firms.

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Reconciliation with custodians

Registered firms are expected to reconcile, on a regular basis, their internal records of client assets or investment fund assets and the records of the custodian where client or investment fund assets are held.

Custodial arrangements

For investment fund managers

Investment fund managers should exercise due skill, care and diligence in the selection and appointment of the custodian for the investment funds managed by them. We expect investment fund managers to conduct a periodic review of custodial arrangements for their investment funds. We also expect investment fund managers to consider whether the custodian it appoints uses all reasonable diligence, care and skill in the selection and monitoring of its sub-custodians, whether the subcustodians would meet the definition of a "qualified custodian" and whether the appropriate segregation arrangements are observed throughout the custody chain of the portfolio assets of the investment fund.

We expect investment fund managers to put in place a written custodial agreement with the custodian on behalf of investment funds managed by them. Written custodial agreements are expected to provide for key matters such as the location of portfolio assets, any appointment of a sub-custodian, the method of holding portfolio assets, the standard of care of the custodian and the responsibility for loss. Prospectus-qualified investment funds are subject to further custodial requirements under National Instrument 81-102 Investment Funds and National Instrument 41-101 General Prospectus Requirements.

For registered firms other than investment fund managers

Where registered firms, other than investment fund managers, have influence over a client's selection of a custodian, we consider it a prudent business practice for these registered firms to conduct similar due diligence to that of investment fund managers as outlined in the section above. Registered firms, other than investment fund managers, often direct or arrange the custodial arrangement for their clients; however, the registered firms are not typically a party to the custodial agreement between the client and the custodian used to hold client assets. Nevertheless, we expect registered firms that direct or arrange the custodial arrangement for their clients to understand the material terms of the written custodial agreement and to explain to the clients the main purpose of the agreement. If a custodial agreement allows a custodian to use a sub-custodian, the registered firm should alert the client to that fact and encourage the client to contact the custodian if they have any concerns with the custodial agreement.

14.5.3 Cash and securities held by a qualified custodian

Section 14.5.3 sets out requirements as to how cash and securities should be held by a qualified custodian or a Canadian financial institution. A registered firm can comply with the requirement under subsection 14.5.3(a) by verifying that cash and securities of a client or an investment fund are reported on the custodial account statement of that client or investment fund as issued by the qualified custodian or the Canadian financial institution.

A qualified custodian may arrange for the deposit of securities with a depository, or clearing agency, that operates a book-based system. Such depositories or clearing agencies include The Canadian Depository For Securities Limited, the Depository Trust Company or any other domestic or foreign depository or clearing agency that is incorporated or organized under the laws of a country or a political subdivision of a country and operates a book-based system in that country or political subdivision or operates a transnational book-based system.

14.6 Holding client Client and investment fund assets held by a registered firm in trust

Section 14.6 requires a registered firm to segregate client assets and <u>investment fund assets and</u> hold them in trust. We<u>When a registered firm is not required to use a qualified custodian, or a Canadian financial institution for cash, under subsections 14.5.2(2), (3) or (4), we consider it prudent for <u>registrants</u>registered firms who are not members of an SRO to <u>only</u> hold client assets in client name <u>only</u>, or <u>portfolio assets of the investment fund in the name of the investment fund</u>. This is because the capital requirements for non-SRO members are not designed to reflect the added risk of holding client assets in nominee name.</u>

Investment fund managers may hold cash for investment in, or on the redemption of, securities of the investment fund. For the purposes of section 14.6, such cash-in-transit is considered to be cash and securities of an investment fund of the investment fund manager, and is subject to the requirements under section 14.6. Some investment fund managers choose to outsource certain fund administrative functions to a service provider, including the trust accounting function. Under some outsourcing arrangements, a service provider may be holding cash for investment in, or on the redemption of, securities of the investment fund. Under these arrangements, investment fund managers should ensure that, at a minimum, the cash is held in a designated trust account at a Canadian custodian, a Canadian financial institution, or a foreign custodian (if it is more beneficial to the

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investment fund to use the foreign custodian than a Canadian custodian or a Canadian financial institution), and ensure that the cash is held separate and apart from the property of the service provider.

Under other outsourcing arrangements, a service provider may be provided with access to cash for investment in, or on the redemption of, securities of the investment fund, or access to the portfolio assets of the investment fund. Investment fund managers are reminded that they are responsible and accountable for all functions that they outsource to a service provider. Delegating access to investors' cash-in-transit or portfolio assets of an investment fund can increase the risk of loss. Investment fund managers are expected to exercise heightened due diligence and oversight to ensure that the service provider has adequate controls in place and that investors' assets are adequately protected.

14.6.1 Custodial provisions relating to certain margin or security interests

Section 14.6.1 sets out acceptable custodial practices relating to margin posted with, and security interests held by, a foreign dealer or counterparty in respect of certain derivatives transactions. We expect that the assessment of the use of a foreign custodian in section 14.5.2 of this Companion Policy will apply equally to the foreign dealer referenced in this section.

In addition to these custodial practices relating to certain derivatives, a registered firm may also ensure that cash or securities of a client or investment fund are delivered to a person or company in satisfaction of its obligations under a securities lending, repurchase or reverse repurchase agreement if the collateral, cash proceeds or purchased securities that are delivered to the client or investment fund in connection with the transaction are held under the custodianship of a qualified custodian or a subcustodian of the client or investment fund in compliance with Division 3 of Part 14.

14.6.2 Custodial provisions relating to short sales

Section 14.6.2 sets out acceptable custodial practices relating to cash or securities of a client or investment fund that are deposited with a foreign dealer as security in connection with a short sale of securities. We expect that the assessment of the use of a foreign custodian in section 14.5.2 of this Companion Policy will apply equally to the foreign dealer referenced in this section.

Division 4 Client accounts

14.10 Allocating investment opportunities fairly

If the adviser allocates investment opportunities among its clients, the firm's fairness policy should, at a minimum, indicate the method used to allocate the following:

- price and commission among client orders when trades are bunched or blocked
- block trades and initial public offerings among client accounts
- block trades and initial public offerings among client orders that are partially filled, such as on a pro-rata basis

The fairness policy should also address any other situation where investment opportunities must be allocated.

Division 5 Reporting to clients

Reporting to clients is on an account basis, except that

- securities that are not held in an account (i.e., securities reported under an additional statement) must be included in a report for the account through which they were traded, and
- subsection 14.18(4) permits performance reports for more than one account of a client and also securities not held in an account to be combined with the client's written consent.

Registered firms may choose how they meet their client reporting obligations within the framework set out in the Instrument. We encourage firms to combine client statements, position cost information and client reports into comprehensive documents or send them together. For example, an account statement and an additional statement for securities traded through (but not held) in an account might be combined, perhaps along with position cost information, each quarter. Once a year, an integrated statement such as this could be further combined with the report on charges and other compensation and the performance report, or delivered along with a separate document that combines the two reports.

We believe that integrating client reporting as much as possible within the limitations of firms' systems capabilities will better enable clients to make use of the information and that it is in the interests of registrants to have clients that are well informed

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about the services they provide. When client reporting information is combined or delivered together, we expect registered firms will give each element sufficient prominence among the others that a reasonable investor can readily locate it.

Consistent with the guidance on clear and meaningful disclosure to clients in section 1.1 of this Companion Policy, we expect registrants to present client statements and reports in an understandable manner and to explain, if applicable, what securities are included in different statements. Registered firms should encourage clients to contact their dealing or advising representative or the firm directly with questions about their statements and reports. We expect registered firms to ensure that clients know how their investments will be held (for example, by the firm or at an issuing fund company) and understand the different implications that this will have for them in such matters as client reporting, investor protection fund coverage and custody of their assets. If a registered firm trades in exempt market securities for a client, the firm should also explain the reasons why it is not always possible for the firm to determine a market value for products sold in the exempt market or whether the client still owns the security, and the implications that this may have for reporting on exempt-market securities.

It is the responsibility of the registered firm to produce these client statements and reports, not that of individual representatives. Registered firms should have policies and procedures in place to ensure that they are adequately supervising their registered representatives' communications with clients about the prescribed information.

The requirement to produce and deliver a trade confirmation under section 14.12, an account statement under section 14.14, an additional statement under section 14.14.1, position cost information under section 14.14.2, a security holder statement under section 14.15, a scholarship plan dealer statement under section 14.16 or client reports under sections 14.17 and 14.18 may be outsourced by a registered firm to a third-party service provider that acts as its agent. Third-party pricing providers may also be used to value securities for these purposes. Like all outsourcing arrangements, the registrant is ultimately responsible for the function and must supervise the service provider. See Part 11 of this Companion Policy for more guidance on outsourcing.

For the most part, the client reporting requirements in Part 14 do not differentiate between categories of registrant. Except for certain provisions which expressly apply only to a specific registration category (such as those tailored to scholarship plan dealers), differences in the application of these requirements between different registered dealers or registered advisers will be the result of their different operating models. In particular, exempt market dealers that are not also registered as advisers or in another category of dealer may find that not all of the client reporting requirements will apply to their operating model. Appendix F discusses how these requirements may apply in the case of some of these "sole EMDs".

14.11.1 Determining market value

Section 14.11.1 sets out the basis on which market value must be determined for client reporting purposes.

Paragraph 14.11.1(1)(a) requires the market value of a security that is issued by an investment fund not listed on an exchange to be determined by reference to the net asset value provided by the investment fund manager of the fund on the relevant date.

For other securities, a hierarchy of valuation methods that depend on the availability of relevant information is prescribed in paragraph 14.11.1(1)(b). Registrants are required to act reasonably in applying these methodologies and we understand that this process will often require a registrant to exercise professional judgment. Judgment. A registered firm may not simply take valuation information from an issuer and pass it on to clients as the market value for purposes of meeting the firm's market value reporting obligations. We expect a firm to use its professional judgment as to the reliability of information provided by an issuer as an input to the firm's determination of market value in accordance with the applicable methodology prescribed in section 14.11.1.

Where possible, market value should be determined by reference to a quoted value on a marketplace. The quoted value will be the last bid or ask price on the relevant date or the last trading day prior to the relevant date. In the case of a liquid security for which a reliable price is quoted on a market place, if it can be demonstrated through use of a periodic assessment that a "last traded price" valuation approach results in security market values that are materially the same as under the "last bid and ask prices" valuation approach, it may be acceptable to use this current "last traded price" valuation approach. Registered firms should ensure that any quoted values used to determine market value do not represent stale or old prices that are not reflective of current values. If no current value for a security is quoted on a marketplace, market value should be determined by reference to published market reports or inter-dealer quotes.

We recognize that it is not always possible to obtain a market value by these methods. In such cases, we will accept a valuation policy that is consistently applied and includes procedures that assess the reliability of any valuation inputs and assumptions. If available, valuation inputs and assumptions should be based on observable market data or inputs, such as market prices or yield rates for comparable securities and quoted interest rates. If observable inputs are not available, valuation can be based on unobservable inputs and assumptions. In some cases, it may be reasonable and appropriate to value at cost, where there has been no material subsequent event affecting value (e.g. a market event or new capital raising by the issuer). "Observable" and "unobservable" inputs are concepts under International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), and we expect them to be applied consistent with IFRS.

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If, having applied the prescribed methodology, a registered firm reasonably believes it cannot determine the market value of a security, the firm must then report its value as "not determinable" and exclude it from the calculations in client statements as prescribed in subsection 14.11.1(3).

This is not the same as determining that the market value of a security *is* zero. However, we would expect that if the market value of a security cannot be determined for a prolonged period of time, that fact may be an indication that the market value of the security should now be determined to be zero.

The following considerations can be used in determining when the market value for a security is not determinable:

- the position is illiquid
- there is little or no issuer and issuer-related financial data available, or the data is stale
- there is little or no financial data available for comparable issuers or for the issuer's business sector
- there is not enough data to use the valuation methodology prescribed in paragraph 14.11.1(1)(b) and/or the results of the various IFRS methodologies used have been determined to be unreliable because of the use of unreliable data or the results indicate a wide range in possible values
- the acquisition cost of the security is no longer a good estimate of the security's market value as the cost is
 outside the range of possible values for the security

Subsection 14.11.1(3) provides that where the registered firm reasonably believes that it cannot determine the market value of a security, the firm must report that no value can be determined and the security must not be included in the calculation of the total market value of cash and securities in the client's account or in calculations for the investment performance report (see also subsection 14.19(7)).

Important to applying these considerations is establishing and maintaining a firm policy as to how many days beyond which the last data available is considered to be stale.

If the market value for a security subsequently becomes determinable, a registered firm must begin to report it in client statements and add that value to the opening market values or deposits included in the calculations in subsection 14.19(1). This would be expected if the firm had previously assigned the security a value of zero in the calculation of opening market values or deposits because it could not determine the security's market value, as required by subsection 14.19(7). This would reduce the risk of presenting a misleading improvement in the performance of the investment by only adding the value of the security to the other calculations required under section 14.19. If the deposits used to purchase the security were already included in the calculation of opening market values or deposits, the registered firm would not need to adjust these figures.

We encourage firms to disclose the foreign exchange rate used in calculating the market value of non-Canadian dollar denominated securities as a best practice.

14.12 Content and delivery of trade confirmation

Section 14.12 requires registered dealers to deliver trade confirmations.

Under paragraph 14.12(1)(b.1), registered dealers must provide the yield on a purchase of a debt security in a trade confirmation. For non-callable debt securities, the yield to maturity would be appropriate. For callable securities, the yield to call may be more useful.

Under paragraph 14.12(1)(c.1), registrants may disclose the total dollar amount of compensation (which may consist of any mark-up or mark-down, commission or other service charge) or, alternatively, the total dollar amount of commission, if any, and if the registrant applied a mark-up or mark-down or any service charge other than a commission, a prescribed general notification. The notification is a minimum requirement and a firm may elect to provide more information in its trade confirmations.

Each trade should be reported in the currency in which it was executed. If a trade is executed in a foreign currency through a Canadian dollar account, the exchange rate should be reported to the client.

Under subsection 14.12(7), a registered dealer that complies with the requirements of section 14.12 in respect of a purchase or sale of a security is not subject to the corresponding written confirmation requirements contained in any of subsections 37(1), (2) or (3) of the Securities Act (Newfoundland and Labrador), subsection 36(1) of the Securities Act (Ontario) and subsection 42(1) of The Securities Act, 1988 (Saskatchewan). For these purposes, a firm that has an exemption from section 14.12 and complies with the terms of that exemption would be considered to have complied with the requirements of that section.

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14.14 Account statements

Section 14.14 requires registered dealers and advisers to deliver statements to clients at least once every three months. There is no prescribed form for these statements but they must contain the information referred to in subsections 14.14(4) and (5). The types of transactions that must be disclosed in an account statement include any purchase, sale or transfer of securities, dividend or interest payment received or reinvested, any fee or charge, and any other account activity. A firm must deliver an account statement with the information referred to in subsection (4) if any transaction was made for the client in the reporting period. Effective July 15, 2015, a firm is only required to provide the account balanceposition information referred to in subsection (5) if it holds securities owned by a client in an account of the client.

There is no provision for consolidated statements in section 14.14 (or 14.14.1), so a registered firm must provide every client with an applicable statement for each of their accounts. Firms may provide supplementary reporting that they think a client might find useful. For example, a firm might provide a consolidated year-end statement where a client has requested a consolidated performance report under subsection 14.18(4).

14.14.1 Additional statements

A firm is required to deliver additional statements if the circumstances described in subsection 14.14.1(1) apply. The additional statements must be delivered once every three months, except that an adviser must deliver the statements on a monthly basis if requested by the client as provided in subsection 14.14.1(3). The requirements set out for the frequency of delivering account statements and additional statements are minimum standards. Firms may choose to provide the statements more frequently.

Paragraph 14.14.1(2)(g) requires disclosure about applicable investor protection funds. However, subsection 14.14.1(2.1) exempts a firm from this requirement where a client's securities are held or controlled by an IIROC or MFDA member. SRO rules require members to be participants in specified investor protection funds and prescribe client disclosures about them. To avoid the potential that clients may be confused or misinformed, registrants that are not participants in an investor protection fund should refrain from discussing its terms and conditions with clients.

Firms may choose to include securities that must be reported under the additional statement requirement in a document that it refers to as an account statement, consistent with their clients' expectations that their accounts are not limited to securities held by the firm, provided it satisfies the requirements for content of statements set out in sections 14.14 and 14.14.1.

14.14.2 PositionSecurity position cost information

Section 14.14.2 requires the delivery on a quarterly basis of position cost information for securities reported in account statements and additional statements. Position cost may be either the book cost or the original cost, as defined in section 1.1. For purposes of section 14.14.2, a security position is "opened" when the registered firm that is providing a statement to a client first acquires or holds securities for that client or when it first obtains trading authority over securities (as in the case of securities transferred into a discretionary account of a portfolio manager).

Position cost information is an investment performance measurement tool that provides investors with a comparison to the market value of each security position they have open. Position cost may be either the book cost or the original cost of the securities, determined in accordance with their respective definitions in section 1.1.

Position cost is not tax information and a registered firm may not depart from the defined meaning of "original cost" or "book cost" in order to align position cost with tax cost for a security position. Registered firms may provide clients with tax cost as supplementary information if they wish to do so, provided the difference is made clear to clients. If the tax treatment of a security is an important part of its marketing to investors, we would expect a registered firm to provide tax information as well as position cost information, consistent with the duty to deal fairly, honestly and in good faith with clients.

Registered firms must include the definition of book cost or original cost, depending on which method the firm is using, in the statement or document where the position cost information appears as contemplated under subsection 14.14.2(4). Firms can comply with this requirement in a footnote.

In determining position cost for transferred securities, a registered firm may rely on position cost information provided by the transferring firm, if

- the transferring-out firm is also subject to the requirement to provide individual position cost information to clients, and
- the transferring-in firm has no reason to believe the information is not reliable.

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Where securities were transferred from another registrant firm and the information required to calculate position cost is unavailable, a registrant may also elect to use market value information as at the date of the transfer as the position cost going forward. Firms must include the definition of book cost or original cost in client statements. Firms can comply with that requirement by making reference to the definition in a footnote specify each security position where market value has been used rather than book or original cost. A footnote could be used for this purpose, with disclosure such as "because book cost information for this security position was unavailable, we have used market value information as of the transfer date as the position cost".

If a security position was opened before July 15, 2015, a registered firm can choose to report (a) the cost of the security position, (b) the market value of the security position as at December 31, 2015, or (c) the market value of the security position as at a date earlier than December 31, 2015, if the firm reasonably believes accurate recorded historical market value information is available for the client's account, and it would not be misleading to the client to provide that information as at the earlier date. Examples of circumstances under which we would consider it to be reasonable and not misleading for a firm to use a date earlier than December 31, 2015 for some but not all of its clients' security positions opened before July 15, 2015 include when a firm that uses the same earlier date for:

- all client accounts or security positions that were transferred to the firm at the same time, or
- <u>all clients that are on the same reporting system of the registered firm, if the firm has more than one reporting system.</u>

If a security position is built up over time with successive transactions (purchases or transfers), an average can be used to determine the cost of the position. The average may include both book or original cost information used for some of the transactions and market value used for others. In such cases, the disclosure applicable where market value has been used should be modified as necessary. For example: "The cost of this security position has been determined using an average of market value as of the date on which some securities were transferred into your account when it was opened, and the book cost of securities that we subsequently purchased for your account." It is also permissible to differentiate between positions in the same security that were opened in separate transactions by reporting positions valued at book cost or original cost separately from those where market value was used, instead of averaging them into a single number. However, this alternative approach has the potential to confuse clients, so clear explanatory notes should be provided if it is used.

Position cost information must be delivered at least quarterly, within 10 days after an account statement or additional statement. A firm may combine position cost information with the statement(s) an account statement or additional statement for the period, or it may send it separately. If it chooses to send position cost information separately, the firm must deliver it within 10 days after the statement(s) have been delivered and must also include the market value information from the statement(s) for the period in order that the client will be able to readily compare the information. Although a firm may deliver statements under section 14.14 or section 14.14.1 more frequently than quarterly, it is not required to provide position cost information except on a quarterly basis.

14.15 Security holder statements

Section 14.15 sets out the client reporting requirements applicable to a registered investment fund manager where there is no dealer or adviser of record for a security holder on the records of the investment fund manager.

14.16 Scholarship plan dealer statements

Section 14.16 provides that sections 14.14 [account statements], 14.14.1 [additional statements] and 14.14.2 [security position cost information] do not apply to a scholarship plan dealer that delivers prescribed information to a client at least once every 12 months. Subsection 14.19(4) sets out performance reporting requirements for scholarship plans.

14.17 Report on charges and other compensation

Registered firms must provide clients with an annual report on the firm's charges and other compensation received by the firm in connection with their investments. Examples of operating charges and transaction charges are provided in the discussion of the disclosure of charges and other compensation in section 14.2 of this Companion Policy. The annual report must include information about all of the firm's current operating charges that might be applicable to a client's account. A firm is only required to include the charges for those of its services that it would reasonably expect the particular client to utilize in the coming 12 months.

The discussion of debt security disclosure requirements in section 14.12 of this Companion Policy is also relevant with respect to paragraph 14.17(1)(e).

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Scholarship plans often have enrolment fees payable in instalments in the first few years of a client's investment in the plan. Paragraph 14.17(1)(f) requires that scholarship plan dealers include a reminder of the unpaid amount of any such fees in their annual reports on charges and other compensation.

Payments that a registered firm or its registered representatives receive from issuers of securities or other registrants in relation to registerable services to a client must be reported under paragraph 14.17(1)(g). This disclosure requirement includes any form of payment to the firm or a representative of the firm linked to sales or other registerable services to the client receiving the report. Examples of payments that would be included in this part of the report on charges and other compensation include some referral fees, success fees on the completion of a transaction, or finder's fees. This part of the report does not include trailing commissions, as they are specifically addressed in paragraph 14.17(1)(h).

Registered firms must disclose the amount of trailing commissions they received related to a client's holdings. The disclosure of trailing commissions received in respect of a client's investments must be included with a notification prescribed in paragraph 14.17(1)(h). The notification must be in substantially the form prescribed, so a registered firm may modify it to be consistent with the actual arrangements. For example, a firm that receives a payment that falls within the definition of "trailing commission" in section 1.1 in respect of securities that are not investment funds can modify the notification accordingly. The notification set out is the required minimum and firms can provide further explanation if they believe it will be helpful to their clients.

Registered firms may want to organize the annual report on charges and other compensation with separate sections showing the charges paid by the client to the firm, and the other compensation received by the firm in respect of the client's account.

Appendix D of this Companion Policy includes a sample Report on Charges and Other Compensation, which registered firms are encouraged to use as guidance.

14.18 Investment performance report

Where more than one registrant provides services pertaining to a client's account, responsibility for performance reporting rests with the registered firm with the client-facing relationship. For example, if a registered adviser has trading authority over a client's account at a registered dealer, the adviser must provide the client with an annual investment performance report; this is not an obligation of the dealer that only executes adviser-directed trades or provides custodial services in respect of the client's account.

Performance reporting to clients is required to be provided separately for each account. Securities of a client required to be reported in an additional statement under section 14.14.1, if any, must be covered in a performance report that also includes any other securities in the account through which they were transacted. However, subsection 14.18(4) provides that with client consent, a registrant may provide consolidated performance reporting for that client. A registrant may also provide a consolidated performance report for multiple clients, such as a family group, but only as a supplemental report, in addition to reports required under section 14.18.

14.19 Content of investment performance report

Subsection 14.19(5) requires the use of each of text, tables and charts in the presentation of investment performance reports. Explanatory notes and the definition of "total percentage return" must also be included. The purpose of these requirements is to make the information as understandable to investors as possible.

To help investors get the most out of their investment performance reports and encourage informed discussion with their registered dealing representative or advising representative, we encourage registered firms to consider including:

- additional definitions of the various performance measures used by the registrant
- additional disclosure that enhances the performance presentation
- a discussion with clients about what the information means to them

Registrants should not mislead a client by presenting a return of the client's capital in a manner that suggests it forms part of the client's return on an investment.

Registered representatives are also encouraged to meet with clients, as part of an in-person or telephone meeting, to help ensure they understand their investment performance reports and how the information relates to the client's investment objectives and risk tolerance.

Appendix E of this Companion Policy includes a sample Investment Performance Report which registered firms are encouraged to use as guidance.

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Opening market value, deposits and withdrawals

As part of paragraphs 14.19(1)(a) and (b), registered firms must disclose the market value of cash and securities in the client's account as at the beginning and the end of the 12-month period covered by the investment performance report. The market value of cash and securities at account opening is assumed to be zero.

Under paragraphs 14.19(1)(c). (d) and (dsubsection 14.19(1.1), registered firms must also disclose the market value of all deposits and transfers of cash and securities into the account, and the market value of all withdrawals and transfers of cash and securities out of the account, for the 12-month period covered by the performance report, as well as subject to certain exceptions discussed below, since account opening. Deposits and transfers into the account (which do not include reinvested distributions or interest income) should be shown separately from withdrawals and transfers out of the account. Where

If an account was opened before July 15, 2015 and market values are not available for all deposits, withdrawals and transfers since account opening, under paragraph 14.19(1)(e)2015, registered firms must present the market value of all cash and securities in the client's account as at July 15, 2015, and the market value of all deposits, withdrawals and transfers of cash and securities since July 15, 2015 one of the following dates:

- (a) January 1, 2016 or an earlier date, if the firm's first performance report to the client covered the 2016 calendar year (paragraph 14.19(1.1)(c)).
- (b) July 15, 2015 or an earlier date, if the firm's first performance report to the client covered some other period (paragraph 14.19(1.1.)(b)).

A registered firm may choose a date earlier than July 15, 2015 or January 1, 2016, as applicable under paragraphs 14.19(1.1)(b) or (c), only if the firm reasonably believes accurate recorded historical market value information is available for the client's account, and it would not be misleading to the client to provide that information as at the earlier date. As with position cost information, examples of circumstances under which we would consider it to be reasonable and not misleading for a firm to use a date earlier than July 15, 2015 or January 1, 2016, as applicable, for some but not all of its clients' accounts include when a firm that uses the same earlier date for:

- all client accounts that were transferred to the firm at the same time, or
- <u>all clients that are on the same reporting system of the registered firm, if the firm has more than one reporting system.</u>

The registered firm must also present the market value of all deposits, withdrawals and transfers of cash and securities since the date chosen under paragraphs 14.19(1.1)(b) or (c).

Subsection 14.19(7) requires a registered firm that cannot determine the market value for a security position to assign the security a value of zero for the performance reporting purposes and the reason for doing so must be disclosed to the client. The explanation may be included as a note in the performance report. As described in section 14.11.1 of this Companion Policy, if a registered firm is subsequently able to value that security it may need to adjust the calculation of the market values or deposits to avoid presenting a misleading improvement in the performance of the account.

A registered firm is not required to deliver a nil report in circumstances where it reasonably believes that none of a client's securities have a determinable value. We would expect the firm to tell the client that it will not be delivering an investment performance report for the period and explain why.

Change in market value

The opening market value, plus deposits and transfers in, less withdrawals and transfers out, should be compared to the market value of the account as at the end of the 12-month period for which the performance reporting is provided and also since inception in order to provide clients, in dollar terms, with the performance of their account.

The change in the market value of the account since inception is the difference between the closing market value of the account and total of opening market value plus deposits less withdrawals since inception. The change in the value of the account for the 12-month period is the difference between the closing market value of the account and total of opening market value plus deposits less withdrawals during the period. Where market values since inception are not available, if the client's account was opened before July 15, 2015, a registered firms are firm is required to disclose the change in value of a client's account since July 15, 2015, one of July 15, 2015, January 1, 2016 or an earlier date determined on the basis of the same criteria as described above with reference to paragraphs 14.19(1.1)(b) or (c).

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The change in market value includes components such as income (dividends, interest) and distributions, including reinvested income or distributions, realized and unrealized capital gains or losses in the account, and the effect of operating charges and transaction charges if these are deducted directly from the account. Rather than show the change in value as a single amount, registered firms may opt to break this out into its components to provide more detail to clients.

Percentage return calculation method

Paragraph 14.19(1)(i) requires firms to provide the annualized total percentage return using a money-weighted rate of return calculation method. No specific formula is prescribed, but the method used by a firm must be one that is generally accepted in the securities industry. A registered firm may, if it so chooses, provide percentage returns calculated using both money-weighted and time-weighted methods. In such cases, the firm should explain in plain language the difference between the two sets of performance returns.

Paragraph 14.19(1)(j) requires that performance reports provide include a notification with specified information about how the client's percentage return was calculated. This includes an explanation in general terms of what the calculation method takes into account. We do not expect firms to include a formula or an exhaustive list. For example, a firm could explain that under a money weighted method, decisions a client made about deposits and withdrawals to and from the client's account have affected the returns calculated in the report. A and that this means it represents the client's personal rate of return. We expect firms to use this notification to help clients understand the most important implications of the calculation methodology. A client's personal rate of return should be compared to the client's target rate of return, if the client has one, so that progress toward that goal can be assessed. We expect a firm that also uses a time weighted method to explain the difference between the two rates of return in plain language. For example, the firm could explain that the returns calculated under this at time weighted method may not be the same as the actual returns in the client's account because they do not necessarily show the effect of deposits and withdrawals to and from the account, and that a time weighted return is useful in determining how well a money manager performed, but not necessarily how the client's account actually grew. We do not expect firms to include a formula or an exhaustive list. We expect firms to use this notification to help clients understand the most important implications of the calculation methodology.

Performance reporting periods

Subsection 14.19(2) outlines the minimum reporting periods of 1, 3, 5 and 10 years and the period since the inception of the account. For accounts opened before July 15, 2015, a registered firm may use a deemed inception date of January 1, 2016, July 15, 2015 or an earlier date determined on the basis of the same criteria as that described above.

Registered firms may opt to provide more frequent performance reporting. However performance returns for periods of less than one year can be misleading and therefore, must not be presented on an annualized basis, consistent with subsection 14.19(6).

Scholarship plans

Under paragraph 14.19(4)(c), for scholarship plans, the information required to be delivered in the investment performance report includes a reasonable projection of future scholarship payments that the plan may pay to the client or the client's designated beneficiary upon the maturity of the client's investment in the plan.

A scholarship plan dealer is also required under paragraph 14.19(4)(d) to provide a summary of any terms of the plan, which if not met by the client or the client's designated beneficiary under the plan, may cause the client or the designated beneficiary to suffer a loss of contributions, earnings or government contributions in the plan. The disclosure here is not intended to be as detailed as the disclosure at account opening. It is intended to remind the client of the unique risks of the plan and the ways in which the client's scholarship plan may be seriously impaired. This disclosure must be consistent with other disclosures required to be delivered to clients under applicable securities legislation.

To the extent that a scholarship plan dealer and the plan itself are not the same legal entity but are affiliates of one another, the dealer may meet obligations to deliver annual investment performance reports by drawing attention to the plan's direct mailing of reports to a client by the plan's administrator.

Benchmarks and investment performance reporting

The use of benchmarks for investment performance reporting is optional. There is no requirement to provide benchmarks to clients in any of the reports required under NI 31-103.

However, we encourage registrants to use benchmarks that are relevant to a client's investments as a useful way for a client to assess the performance of their portfolio. Benchmarks need to be explained to clients in terms they will understand, including factors that should be considered by the client when comparing their investment returns to benchmark returns. For example, a registrant could discuss the differences between the composition of a client's portfolio that reflects the investment strategy they have agreed upon and the composition of an index benchmark, so that a comparison between them is fair and not misleading. A

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discussion of the impact of operating charges and transaction charges as well as other expenses related to the client's investments would also be helpful to clients, since benchmarks generally do not factor in the costs of investing.

If a registered firm chooses to present benchmark information, the firm should ensure that it is not misleading. We expect registrants to use benchmarks that are

- discussed with clients to ensure they understand the purpose of comparing the performance of their portfolio
 to the chosen benchmarks and determine if their information needs will be met
- reasonably reflective of the composition of the client's portfolio so as to ensure that a relevant comparison of performance is presented
- relevant in terms of the investing time horizon of the client
- based on widely recognized and available indices that are credible and not manufactured by the registrant or any of its affiliates using proprietary data
- broad-based securities market indices which can be linked to the major asset classes into which the client's
 portfolio is divided. The determination of a major asset class should be based on the firm's own policies and
 procedures and the client's portfolio composition. An asset class for benchmarking purposes may be based on
 the type of security and geographical region. We do not expect an asset class to be determined by industry
 sector
- presented for the same reporting periods as the client's annualized total percentage returns
- clearly named
- applied consistently from one reporting period to the next for comparability reasons, unless there has been a
 change to the pre-determined asset classes. In this case, the change in the benchmark(s) presented should
 be discussed with the client and included in the explanatory notes, along with the reasons for the change

Examples of acceptable benchmarks would include, but are not limited to, the S&P/TSX Composite index for Canadian equities, the S&P 500 index for U.S. equities, and the MSCI EAFE index as a measure of the equity markets outside of North America.

14.20 Delivery of report on charges and other compensation and investment performance report

Registered firms must deliver the annual report on charges and other compensation under section 14.17 and the investment performance report under section 14.18 for a client together. These client reports may be combined with or accompany an account statement or additional statement for a client, or must be sent within 10 days after an account statement or additional statement for the client.

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Appendix A

Contact information

Jurisdiction	E-mail	Fax	Address
Alberta	registration@asc.ca	(403) 297-4113	Alberta Securities Commission, Suite 600, 250–5th St. SW Calgary, AB T2P 0R4 Attention: Registration
British Columbia	registration@bcsc.bc.ca	(604) 899-6506	British Columbia Securities Commission P.O. Box 10142, Pacific Centre 701 West Georgia Street Vancouver, BC V7Y 1L2 Attention: Registration
Manitoba	registrationmsc@gov.mb.ca	(204) 945-0330	The Manitoba Securities Commission 500-400 St. Mary Avenue Winnipeg, MB R3C 4K5 Attention: Registrations
New Brunswick	nrs@nbsc_cvmnbregistration- inscription@fcnb.ca	(506) 658-3059	Financial and Consumer Services Commission of New Brunswick / Commission des services financiers et des services aux consommateurs du Nouveau _Brunswick Suite 300, 85 Charlotte Street Saint John, NB E2L 2J2 Attention: Registration-Officer
Newfoundland & Labrador	scon@gov.nl.ca	(709) 729-6187	Superintendent of Securities, Service NL P.O. Box 8700, 2nd Floor, West Block Confederation Building St. John's, NL A1B 4J6 Attention: Manager of Registrations
Northwest Territories	SecuritiesRegistry@gov.nt.ca	(867) 873-0243	Government of the Northwest Territories P.O. Box 1320 Yellowknife, NWT X1A 2L9 Attention: Deputy Superintendent of Securities
Nova Scotia	nrs@novascotia.ca	(902) 424-4625	Nova Scotia Securities Commission Suite 400, 5251 Duke Street P.O. Box 458 Halifax, NS B3J 2P8 Attention: Deputy Director, Capital Markets
Nunavut	CorporateRegistrations@gov.nu.ca	(867) 975-6590 (Faxing to NU is unreliable. The preferred method is e- mail.)	Legal Registries Division Department of Justice Government of Nunavut P.O. Box 1000 Station 570 Iqaluit, NU X0A 0H0 Attention: Deputy Registrar

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Jurisdiction	E-mail	Fax	Address
Ontario	registration@osc.gov.on.ca	(416) 593-8283	Ontario Securities Commission 22nd Floor 20 Queen Street West Toronto, ON M5H 3S8 Attention: Compliance and Registrant Regulation
Prince Edward Island	ccis@gov.pe.ca	(902) 368-6288	Consumer and Corporate Services Division, Office of the Attorney General P.O. Box 2000, 95 Rochford Street Charlottetown, PE C1A 7N8 Attention: Superintendent of Securities
Québec	inscription@lautorite.qc.ca	(514) 873-3090	Autorité des marchés financiers Direction de l'encadrement des intermédiaires 800 square Victoria, 22e étage C.P 246, Tour de la Bourse Montréal (Québec) H4Z 1G3
Saskatchewan	registrationsfseregistrationfcaa@gov.sk.ca	(306) 787-5899	Financial and Consumer Affairs Authority of Saskatchewan Suite 601 1919 Saskatchewan Drive Regina, SK S4P 4H2 Attention: Registration
Yukon	securities@gov.yk.ca	(867) 393-6251	Department of Community Services Yukon Yukon Securities Office P.O. Box 2703 C-6 Whitehorse, YT Y1A 2C6 Attention: Superintendent of Securities

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Appendix B

Terms not defined in NI 31-103 or this Companion Policy

Terms defined in National Instrument 14-101 Definitions:

- adviser registration requirement
- Canadian securities regulatory authority
- dealer registration requirement
- exchange contract (AB, SK, NB and NS only)
- foreign jurisdiction
- jurisdiction or jurisdiction of Canada
- local jurisdiction
- investment fund manager registration requirement
- prospectus requirement
- registration requirement
- regulator
- securities directions
- securities legislation
- securities regulatory authority
- SRO
- underwriter registration requirement

Terms defined in National Instrument 45-106 *Prospectus Exemptions*:

- accredited investor
- eligibility adviser
- financial assets

Terms defined in National Instrument 81-102 Investment Funds:

money market fund

Terms defined in the Securities Act of most jurisdictions:

- adviser
- associate
- company
- control person
- dealer

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- director
- distribution
- exchange contract (BC, AB, SK and NB only)
- insider
- individual
- investment fund
- investment fund manager
- issuer
- mutual fund
- officer
- person
- promoter
- records
- registrant
- reporting issuer
- security
- trade
- underwriter

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Appendix C

Proficiency requirements for individuals acting on behalf of a registered firm

The tables in this Appendix set out the education and experience requirements, by firm registration category, for individuals who are applying for registration under securities legislation.

An individual must not perform an activity that requires registration unless the individual has the education, training and experience that a reasonable person would consider necessary to perform the activity competently, including, in the case of registered representatives, understanding the structure, features and risks of each security the individual recommends.

CCOs must also not perform an activity set out in section 5.2 unless they have the education, training and experience that a reasonable person would consider necessary to perform the activity competently.

Acronyms used in the tables

BMP: Branch Manager Proficiency Exam CIM: Canadian Investment Manager designation

CA: Chartered Accountant CSC: Canadian Securities Course Exam

CCO: Chief Compliance Officer **EMP:** Exempt Market Products Exam

CCOQ: Chief Compliance Officers Qualifying Exam IFIC: Investment Funds in Canada Course

CFA: CFA Charter MFDC: Mutual Funds Dealer Compliance Exam

CGA: Certified General Accountant Exam/Partners, Directors

PDO: Officers', Partners' and Directors' and Senior Officers Course Exam

CMA: Certified Management Accountant SRP: Sales Representative Proficiency Exam

CIF: Canadian Investment Funds Course Exam

Investment dealer				
Dealing representative	ссо			
Proficiency requirements set by IIROC	Proficiency requirements set by IIROC			
Mutual fund	dealer			
Dealing representative	ссо			
One of these five options:	One of these two options:			
1. CIF	CIF, CSC or IFIC; and PDO, MFDC or CCOQ and 12 months of relevant securities industry experience in			
2. CSC	the 36-month period before applying for registration			
3. IFIC	CCO requirements – portfolio manager or exempt from these under section 16.9(2)			
CFA Charter and 12 months of relevant securities industry experience in the 36-month period before applying for registration	from these under section 10.5(2)			
Advising representative requirements – portfolio manager or exempt from these under section 16.10(1)				

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	Exempt market dealer			
Dealing representative		ссо		
One of these four options:		One of these two options:		
1.	CSC		PDO or CCOQ and EMP or CSC and 12 months of	
2.	EMP		relevant securities industry experience in the 36-month period before applying for registration	
3.	CFA Charter and 12 months of relevant securities industry experience in the 36-month period before applying for registration	2.	CCO requirements – portfolio manager or exempt from these under section 16.9(2)	
4.	Advising representative requirements – portfolio manager or exempt from these under section 16.10(1)			
	Scholarship plan dealer			
Dealing representative			ссо	
		SRP, BMP, and PDO or CCOQ and 12 months of relevant security industry experience in the 36-month period before applying for registration		
	Restricted dealer			
	Dealing representative		ссо	
Reg	Regulator to determine on a case-by-case basis		Regulator to determine on a case-by-case basis	

	Portfolio manager				
Advising representative		Associate advising representative	ссо		
On 1.	e of these two options: CFA and 12 months of relevant investment management experience in the 36-month period before applying for registration CIM and 48 months of relevant	One of these two options: 1. Level 1 of the CFA and 24 months of relevant investment management experience 2. CIM and 24 months of relevant investment management experience	One of these three options: 1. CSC except if the individual has the CFA or CIM designation, PDO or CCOQ, and CFA or a professional designation as a lawyer, CA, CGA, CMA, notary in Québec or the equivalent in a foreign jurisdiction,		
	investment management experience (12 months gained in the 36-month period before applying for registration)		 36 months of relevant securities experience working at an investment dealer, registered adviser or investment fund manager, or 36 months providing professional services to the securities industry and 12 months working at a registered dealer, registered adviser or investment fund manager, for a total of 48 months 		

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One of these three options:

- 1. CSC except if the individual has the CFA or CIM designation, PDO or CCOQ, and CFA or a professional designation as a lawyer, CA, CGA, CMA, notary in Québec or the equivalent in a foreign jurisdiction, and:
 - 36 months of relevant securities experience working at a registered dealer, registered adviser or investment fund manager, or
 - 36 months providing professional services in the securities industry and 12 months working in a relevant capacity at an investment fund manager, for a total of 48 months
- 2. CIF, CSC or IFIC; PDO or CCOQ and five years of relevant securities experience working at a registered dealer, registered adviser or an investment fund manager (including 36 months in a compliance capacity)
- 3. CCO requirements for portfolio manager or exempt from these requirements under section 16.9(2)

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Appendix D

[Name of Firm]

Annual Charges and Compensation Report

Client name Address line 1 Address line 2 Address line 3 Your Account Number: 123456

This report summarizes the compensation that we received directly and indirectly in 20XX. Our compensation comes from two sources:

- 1. What we charge you directly. Some of these charges are associated with the operation of your account. Other charges are associated with purchases, sales and other transactions you make in the account.
- 2. What we receive through third parties.

Charges are important because they reduce your profit or increase your loss from investing. If you need an explanation of the charges described in this report, your representative can help you.

Charges you paid directly to us

Total charges you paid directly to us Compensation we received through third parties Commissions from mutual fund managers on purchases of mutual funds (see note 1) Trailing commissions from mutual fund managers (see note 2) Total compensation we received through third parties		\$246 \$503 \$286 \$789
Total charges you paid directly to us Compensation we received through third parties Commissions from mutual fund managers on purchases of mutual funds (see note 1)		\$503
Total charges you paid directly to us Compensation we received through third parties Commissions from mutual fund managers on purchases of mutual funds		
Total charges you paid directly to us		\$246
·		\$246
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Total charges associated with transactions we executed for you		\$146
Switch fees	\$45	
Commissions on purchases of mutual funds with a sales charge	\$101	
Total charges associated with the operation of your account		\$100
RSP administration fee	\$100	

Notes:

- 1. When you purchased units of mutual funds on a deferred sales charge basis, we received a commission from the investment fund manager. During the year, these commissions amounted to \$503.
- We received \$286 in trailing commissions in respect of securities you owned during the 12-month period covered by this report.

Investment funds pay investment fund managers a fee for managing their funds. The managers pay us ongoing trailing commissions for the services and advice we provide you. The amount of the trailing commission depends on the sales charge option you chose when you purchased the fund. You are not directly charged the trailing commission or the management fee. But, these fees affect you because they reduce the amount of the fund's return to you. Information about management fees and other charges to your investment funds is included in the prospectus or fund facts document for each fund.

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Our current schedule of operating charges

[As part of the annual report of charges and compensation, registrants are required to provide their current operating charges that may be applicable to their clients' accounts. For the purposes of this sample document, we are not providing such a list.]

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Appendix E

Your investment performance report

For the period ending December 31, 2030

Investment account 123456789

Client name Address line 1 Address line 2 Address line 3

This report tells you how your account has performed to December 31, 2030. It can help you assess your progress toward meeting your investment goals.

Speak to your representative if you have questions about this report. It is important that you tell your representative if your personal or financial circumstances have changed. Your representative can recommend adjustments to your investments to keep you on track to meeting your goals.

Amount invested means opening market value plus deposits including:

the market value of all deposits and transfers of securities and cash into your account, not including interest or dividends reinvested.

Less withdrawals including:

the market value of all withdrawals and transfers out of your account.

Total value summary

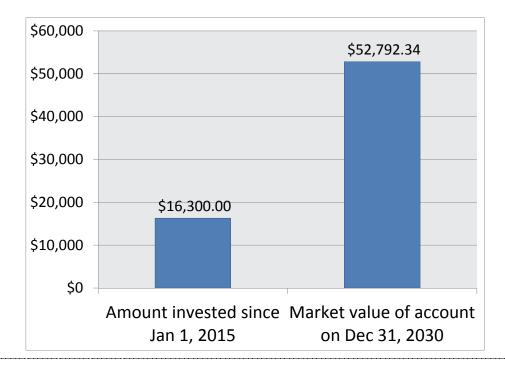
Your investments have increased by \$36,492.34 since you opened the account

Your investments have increased by \$2,928.85 during the past year

Amount invested since you opened your account on January 1, 2015 Market value of your account on December 31, 2030

\$16,300.00 **\$52,792.34**

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Change in the value of your account

This table is a summary of the activity in your account. It shows how the value of your account has changed based on the type of activity.

	Past year	Since you opened your account
Opening market value	\$51,063.49	\$0.00
Deposits	\$4,000.00	\$21,500.00
Withdrawals	\$(5,200.00)	\$(5,200.00)
Change in the market value of your account	\$2,928.85	\$36,492.34
Closing market value	\$52,792.34	\$52,792.34

What is a total percentage return?

This represents gains and losses of an investment over a specified period of time, including realized and unrealized capital gains and losses plus income, expressed as a percentage.

For example, an annual total percentage return of 5% for the past three years means that the investment effectively grew by 5% a year in each of the three years.

Your personal rates of return

The table below shows the total percentage return of your account for periods ending December 31, 2030. Returns are calculated after charges have been deducted. These include charges you pay for advice, transaction charges and account-related charges, but not income tax.

Keep in mind your returns reflect the mix of investments and risk level of your account. When assessing your returns, consider your investment goals, the amount of risk you're comfortable with, and the value of the advice and services you receive.

	Past year	Past 3 years	Past 5 years	Past 10 years	Since you opened your account
Your account	5.51%	10.92%	12.07%	12.90%	13.09%

Calculation method

We use a money weighted method to calculate rates of return. Contact your representative if you want more information about this calculation.

The returns in this table are your personal rates of return. Your returns are affected by changes in the value of the securities you have invested in, dividends and interest that they paid, and also deposits and withdrawals to and from your account.

If you have a personal financial plan, it will contain a target rate of return, which is the return required to achieve your investment objectives. By comparing the rates of return you actually achieved (shown in the table) with your target rate of return, you can see whether you are on track to meet your investment objectives.

Contact your representative to discuss your rate of return and investment objectives.

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Appendix F

Part 14 Client reporting requirements and sole EMDs

This appendix discusses how the client reporting requirements in Part 14 may apply to some exempt market dealers that are not also registered as advisers or in another category of dealer (sole EMDs) as a result of their limited operating model.

Overview:

Holding client assets and other specified criteria

The applicability of some of the client statement requirements depends on whether a registered firm holds client assets (account statements) or, if it does not, whether certain other specific criteria apply (additional statements). Other client reporting requirements may or may not apply depending on whether a registered firm has a "client" at the relevant point in time (annual report on charges and other compensation, and annual report on investment performance).

Sole EMDs do not normally hold client assets and where that is the case, they can disregard provisions that only apply where client assets are held by a registered firm. In circumstances where a sole EMD holds client assets (as may be the case with mortgage syndications), it must deliver account statements with the information required under subsections 14.14(4) and 14.14(5) along with position cost information under section 14.14.2. Furthermore, since holding client assets is a clear indication of an ongoing client relationship, a sole EMD is also subject to the requirement to deliver an annual report on charges and other compensation under section 14.17 and an annual investment performance report under section 14.18.

Transactional vs ongoing client relationship

Some sole EMDs have only limited, transactional relationships with their clients – as opposed to the ongoing client relationships that are typical of most other registrants' operating models. An example of a transactional relationship would be where an EMD's relationship with a client is limited to a specific private placement transaction and does not involve

- a security specified in paragraph 14.14.1(1)(c)
- any trailer fee or similar ongoing compensation in relation to the client's ownership of a security
- the EMD holding client assets
- any expectation on the part of the EMD that there may be further transactions with the client or services provided to the client. For example, if an EMD regularly contacts the client regarding any securities offered by the EMD, this will be considered an ongoing relationship
- any expectation on the part of the client that the EMD will continue to provide services to the client after the completion of the transaction. The example described above applies in this case as well.

In this example, the EMD would be required to deliver one account statement with transactional information under subsection 14.14(4), but would not be required to deliver any

- further account statements under section 14.14
- additional statements under section 14.14.1
- position cost information under section 14.14.2
- annual report on charges and other compensation under section 14.17
- annual investment performance report under section 14.18

A sole EMD should consider carefully whether it is in an ongoing client relationship before concluding that any of the client statement requirements do not apply to it.

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Section-by-section analysis:

Relationship disclosure information, pre-trade disclosure of charges and trade confirmation

A sole EMD always has a client at the time of the transaction and will be subject to other requirements relating to relationship disclosure (section 14.2), pre-trade disclosure of charges (section 14.2.1) and trade confirmations (section 14.12). However, if it has no other dealings with the investor, the EMD might conclude that it is no longer in a client relationship at the point in time when it would otherwise be required to prepare further client statements and reports, as discussed below.

Account statements

An account statement has two principal elements: transactional information and account position information. Transactional information is specific to the securities involved and is required in almost all circumstances where there has been a transaction. Account position information is a snap-shot of the whole account and is required only where the firm holds client assets.

Subsection 14.14(1) requires an EMD to deliver transactional information prescribed under subsection 14.14(4) to clients on a quarterly basis or, if so requested, each month. This requirement applies regardless of whether the firm holds client assets. For EMDs that hold client assets, account position information under subsection 14.14(5) is also required. Note that subsection 14.14(2) requires an EMD to deliver an account statement with transactional information under subsection 14.14(4) "after the end of **any month** in which a transaction was effected in securities **held** by the dealer in the client's account" [emphasis added].

The effect of these requirements is that, if one or more transactions occurred in the reporting period, a sole EMD must provide the client with an account statement with transactional information (but not account position information if no clients assets are held) either

- at the end of the month, if requested by a client, or
- at the end of the quarter, by default.

This applies even where an EMD does not have an ongoing client relationship.

Additional statements

An "additional statement" (registered firms subject to the requirements in section 14.14.1 are not required to call it this in client communications – "account statement" would do for those purposes) is the way clients get the equivalent of account position information where the registered firm does not hold their assets. It only applies in certain circumstances. More specifically, subsection 14.14.1(1) requires a registered dealer or adviser that does not hold client assets to provide an additional statement with account position information under subsection 14.14.1(2) on a quarterly basis if

- <u>it has trading authority over the client's account in which the securities are held or were transacted (not, of course, applicable to a sole EMD).</u>
- <u>it receives certain continuing payments in respect of securities it traded for a client (e.g., trailing commission), or</u>
- it is the dealer of record for a client's securities issued by a mutual fund or certain labour-sponsored investment vehicles (EMDs trading securities of an investment fund should be aware of the definition of "mutual fund" under securities legislation).

In effect, a registered firm is deemed to have an ongoing client relationship in these circumstances. If none of these circumstances apply, there is no requirement for a sole EMD to provide clients with an additional statement.

Position cost information

Subsection 14.14.2(1) requires quarterly delivery of position cost information under criteria which effectively mean that if a sole EMD has to provide account position information to a client, either in an account statement or an additional statement, it also has to provide position cost information to the client.

Annual report on charges and other compensation

Subsection 14.17(1) requires delivery of a report on charges and other compensation to a client every 12 months. It will apply if the sole EMD is subject to the requirement to provide account position information to a client, either in an account statement under subsection 14.14(5) or an additional statement under subsection 14.14.(1).

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However, even if the requirement in subsection 14.17(1) is triggered, the EMD would not be required to send a "nil" report if it did not receive any of the specified charges or other compensation during the 12-month period.

Annual investment performance report

Subsection 14.18(1) requires annual delivery of an investment performance report to a client. Note that the elements of the performance report set out in section 14.19 will depend on market values that are contained in the account position information provided in the account statements and additional statements sent under sections 14.14 and 14.14.1, respectively. The effect of subsection 14.18(6) is that no investment performance report is required if a firm reasonably believes that either (a) there are no securities of a client in respect of which it would be required to provide account position information to a client, either in an account statement or an additional statement, or (b) if there are such securities, no market value can be determined for any of them.

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ANNEX F

AMENDMENTS TO NI 33-109

The amendments set out in sections 4, 5, 8, 9, 11 and 15 of this Amending Instrument are not being made in certain CSA jurisdictions because these amendments have already been adopted in those jurisdictions by means of other instruments. This will be reflected in the version of this Amending Instrument that is adopted in those jurisdictions.

- 1. National Instrument 33-109 Registration Information is amended by this Instrument.
- 2. Subparagraph 2.3(2)(c)(i) is amended by replacing "Item 13.3(c)" with "Item 13.3(a)".
- 3. Subsection 7.1 (3) is amended by adding "Alberta and" before "Ontario".
- 4. Schedule B to Form 33-109F2 is amended
 - (a) under the heading "New Brunswick" by replacing "Director of Securities" with "Registration",
 - (b) under the heading "Nunavut" by replacing "Deputy Registrar of Securities" with "Superintendent of Securities", and
 - (c) under the heading "Prince Edward Island" by replacing "Deputy Registrar of Securities" with "Superintendent of Securities".
- 5. Schedule A to Form 33-109F3 is amended
 - (a) under the heading "New Brunswick" by replacing "Director of Securities" with "Registration",
 - (b) under the heading "Nunavut" by replacing "Deputy Registrar of Securities" with "Superintendent of Securities", and
 - (c) under the heading "Prince Edward Island" by replacing "Deputy Registrar of Securities" with "Superintendent of Securities".
- 6. Form 33-109F4 is amended
 - (a) in the "General Instructions" by replacing "regulators(s) or in Québec," with "regulator(s) or, in Québec,", and
 - (b) in Item 22, under the heading "Individual" and under the heading "Authorized partner or officer of the firm", by replacing "regulator, or in Québec," with "regulator or, in Québec,".
- 7. Schedule C to Form 33-109F4 is amended under the heading "Individual categories and permitted activities" by adding "as described in paragraph (c) of the definition of "permitted individual" in section 1.1 of National Instrument 33-109 Registration Information" after "Permitted Individual".
- 8. Schedule O to Form 33-109F4 is amended
 - (a) under the heading "New Brunswick" by replacing "Director of Securities" with "Registration",
 - (b) under the heading "Nunavut" by replacing "Deputy Registrar of Securities" with "Superintendent of Securities". and
 - (c) under the heading "Prince Edward Island" by replacing "Deputy Registrar of Securities" with "Superintendent of Securities".
- 9. Schedule A to Form 33-109F5 is amended
 - (a) under the heading "New Brunswick" by replacing "Director of Securities" with "Registration",
 - (b) under the heading "Nunavut" by replacing "Deputy Registrar of Securities" with "Superintendent of Securities", and

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- (c) under the heading "Prince Edward Island" by replacing "Deputy Registrar of Securities" with "Superintendent of Securities".
- 10. Section 4.2 of Form 33-109F6 is amended by adding "(other than those exemptions with respect to which the firm has already notified the securities regulator or, in Québec, the securities regulatory authority in accordance with the applicable exemption)" after "trade or advise in securities or derivatives".

11. Schedule A to Form 33-109F6 is amended

- (a) under the heading "New Brunswick" by replacing "Director of Securities" with "Registration",
- (b) under the heading "Nunavut" by replacing "Deputy Registrar of Securities" with "Superintendent of Securities", and
- (c) under the heading "Prince Edward Island" by replacing "Deputy Registrar of Securities" with "Superintendent of Securities".

12. Schedule C to Form 33-109F6 is amended

- (a) in the column entitled "Component" in Line 10 of the table by adding "or, in Québec, for a firm registered only in that jurisdiction and solely in the category of mutual fund dealer, less the deductible under the liability insurance required under section 193 of the Québec Securities Regulation" after "National Instrument 31-103 Registration Requirements, Exemptions and Ongoing Registrant Obligations",
- (b) in subparagraph (a)(i) of Schedule 1 by replacing "Aaa or AAA by Moody's Canada Inc. or its DRO affiliate, or Standard & Poor's Rating Services (Canada) or its DRO affiliate, respectively" with "Aaa or AAA, or the short-term ratings equivalent of either of those ratings, by a designated rating organization or its DRO affiliate", and
- (c) in paragraph (d) of Schedule 1 by replacing "Investment Companies Act of 1940" with "Investment Company Act of 1940".

13. Form 33-109F7 is amended

- (a) in the "General Instructions" by replacing "regulator(s) or in Québec," with "regulator(s) or, in Québec,",
- (b) in section 2 of the "General Instructions" and in section 1 of Item 9 by replacing "Item 13.3(c)" with "Item 13.3(a)", and
- (c) in Item 12 under the heading "Individual" and under the heading "Authorized partner or officer of the new sponsoring firm", by replacing "regulator, or in Québec" with "regulator or, in Québec,".
- 14. Schedule B to Form 33-109F7 is amended under the heading "Individual categories and permitted activities" by adding "as described in paragraph (c) of the definition of "permitted individual" in section 1.1 of National Instrument 33-109 Registration Information" after "Permitted Individual".

15. Schedule F to Form 33-109F7 is amended

- (a) under the heading "New Brunswick" by replacing "Director of Securities" with "Registration",
- (b) under the heading "Nunavut" by replacing "Deputy Registrar of Securities" with "Superintendent of Securities", and
- (c) under the heading "Prince Edward Island" by replacing "Deputy Registrar of Securities" with "Superintendent of Securities".

Coming into force

- 16. (1) This Instrument comes into force on December 4, 2017.
 - (2) In Saskatchewan, despite subsection (1), if this Instrument is filed with the Registrar of Regulations after December 4, 2017, this Instrument comes into force on the day on which it is filed with the Registrar of Regulations.

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ANNEX F1

BLACKLINE SHOWING CHANGES TO NI 33-109

This Annex shows, by way of blackline, changes to the Ontario version of the unofficial consolidation of NI 33-109 (as of July 27, 2017) after giving effect to the amendments set out in Annex F - Amendments to NI 33-109.

As set out in Annex F – Amendments to NI 33-109, certain of the amendments have already been adopted in some CSA jurisdictions.

NATIONAL INSTRUMENT 33-109 REGISTRATION INFORMATION

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NATIONAL INSTRUMENT 33-109 REGISTRATION INFORMATION

PART 1 - DEFINITIONS AND INTERPRETATION

1.1 **Definitions** – In this Instrument

"business location" means a location where the firm carries out an activity that requires registration, and includes a residence if regular and ongoing activity that requires registration is carried out from the residence or if records relating to an activity that requires registration are kept at the residence;

"cessation date" means the last day on which an individual had authority to act as a registered individual on behalf of their sponsoring firm or was a permitted individual of their sponsoring firm, because of the end of, or a change in, the individual's employment, partnership, or agency relationship with the firm;

"firm" means a person or company that is registered, or is seeking registration, as a dealer, adviser or investment fund manager;

"Form 33-109F1" means Form 33-109F1 Notice of Termination of Registered Individuals and Permitted Individuals;

"Form 33-109F2" means Form 33-109F2 Change or Surrender of Individual Categories;

"Form 33-109F3" means Form 33-109F3 Business Locations other than Head Office;

"Form 33-109F4" means Form 33-109F4 Registration of Individuals and Review of Permitted Individuals;

"Form 33-109F5" means Form 33-109F5 Change of Registration Information;

"Form 33-109F6" means Form 33-109F6 Firm Registration;

"Form 33-109F7" means Form 33-109F7 Reinstatement of Registered Individuals and Permitted Individuals;

"former sponsoring firm" means the registered firm for which an individual most recently acted as a registered individual or permitted individual;

"NRD submission number" means the unique number generated by NRD to identify each NRD submission:

"permitted individual" means

- a director, chief executive officer, chief financial officer, or chief operating officer of a firm, or a functional equivalent of any of those positions,
- (b) an individual who has beneficial ownership of, or direct or indirect control or direction over, 10 percent or more of the voting securities of a firm, or
- (c) a trustee, executor, administrator or other personal or legal representative, that has direct or indirect control or direction over, 10 percent or more of the voting securities of a firm;

"principal jurisdiction" means,

- (a) for a firm, whose head office is in Canada, the jurisdiction of Canada in which the firm's head office is located,
- (b) for an individual whose working office is in Canada, the jurisdiction of Canada in which the individual's working office is located,
- (c) for a firm whose head office is outside Canada, the jurisdiction of the firm's principal regulator, as identified by the firm on its most recently submitted Form 33-109F5 or Form 33-109F6, and
- (d) for an individual whose working office is outside Canada, the principal jurisdiction of the individual's sponsoring firm;

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"principal regulator" means, for a person or company, the securities regulatory authority or regulator of the person or company's principal jurisdiction;

"registered firm" means a registered dealer, registered adviser or registered investment fund manager;

"registered individual" means an individual who is registered under securities legislation to do any of the following on behalf of a registered firm:

- (a) act as a dealer, underwriter or adviser;
- (b) act as a chief compliance officer;
- (c) act as an ultimate designated person;

"sponsoring firm" means,

- (a) for a registered individual, the registered firm on whose behalf the individual acts,
- (b) for an individual applying for registration, the firm on whose behalf the individual will act if the individual's application is approved,
- (c) for a permitted individual of a registered firm, the registered firm, and
- (d) for a permitted individual of a firm that is applying for registration, the applicant firm.
- **1.2** Interpretation Terms used in this Instrument and that are defined in National Instrument 31-102 National Registration Database have the same meanings as in National Instrument 31-102 National Registration Database.

PART 2 - APPLICATION FOR REGISTRATION AND REVIEW OF PERMITTED INDIVIDUALS

- **2.1 Firm Registration** A firm that applies for registration as a dealer, adviser or investment fund manager must submit each of the following to the regulator:
 - (a) a completed Form 33-109F6;
 - (b) for each business location of the applicant in the local jurisdiction other than the applicant's head office, a completed Form 33-109F3 in accordance with National Instrument 31-102 National Registration Database.

2.2 Individual Registration

- (1) Subject to subsection (2) and sections 2.4 and 2.6, an individual who applies for registration under securities legislation must submit a completed Form 33-109F4 to the regulator in accordance with National Instrument 31-102 National Registration Database.
- (2) A permitted individual of a registered firm who applies to become a registered individual with the firm must submit a completed Form 33-109F2 to the regulator in accordance with National Instrument 31-102 *National Registration Database*.

2.3 Reinstatement

- (1) An individual who applies for reinstatement of registration under securities legislation must submit a completed Form 33-109F4 to the regulator in accordance with National Instrument 31-102 National Registration Database, unless the individual submits a completed Form 33-109F7 in accordance with subsection (2).
- (2) The registration of an individual suspended under section 6.1 [If an individual ceases to have authority to act for firm] of National Instrument 31-103 Registration Requirements, Exemptions and Ongoing Registrant Obligations is reinstated on the date the individual submits a completed Form 33-109F7 to the regulator in accordance with National Instrument 31-102 National Registration Database if all of the following apply:
 - (a) the Form 33-109F7 is submitted on or before the 90th day after the cessation date;

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- (b) the individual's employment, partnership or agency relationship with the former sponsoring firm did not end because the individual was asked by the firm to resign, resigned voluntarily or was dismissed, following an allegation against the individual of any of the following:
 - (i) criminal activity;
 - (ii) a breach of securities legislation;
 - (iii) a breach of a rule of an SRO;
- (c) after the cessation date there have been no changes to the information previously submitted in respect of any of the following items of the individual's Form 33-109F4:
 - (i) item 13 [Regulatory disclosure] (other than Item 13.3(ea));
 - (ii) item 14 [Criminal disclosure];
 - (iii) item 15 [Civil disclosure];
 - (iv) item 16 [Financial disclosure];
- (d) the individual is seeking reinstatement with a sponsoring firm in one or more of the same categories of registration in which the individual was registered on the cessation date;
- (e) the new sponsoring firm is registered in the same category of registration in which the individual's former sponsoring firm was registered.
- 2.4 Application to Change or Surrender Individual Registration Categories A registered individual who applies for registration in an additional category, or to surrender a registration category, must make the application by submitting a completed Form 33-109F2 to the regulator in accordance with National Instrument 31-102 National Registration Database.

2.5 Permitted Individuals

- (1) A permitted individual must submit a completed Form 33-109F4 to the regulator, in accordance with National Instrument 31-102 *National Registration Database*, no more than 10 days after becoming a permitted individual, unless the individual submits a Form 33-109F7 in accordance with subsection (2).
- (2) An individual who has ceased to be a permitted individual of a former sponsoring firm and becomes a permitted individual of a new sponsoring firm may submit a completed Form 33-109F7 to the regulator if all of the following apply:
 - (a) the Form 33-109F7 is submitted in accordance with National Instrument 31-102 National Registration

 Database
 - (i) no more than 10 days after becoming a permitted individual of the new sponsoring firm, and
 - (ii) no more than 90 days after the cessation date;
 - (b) the individual holds the same permitted individual status with the new sponsoring firm that they held with the former sponsoring firm;
 - (c) the conditions described in paragraphs (b) and (c) of subsection 2.3(2) are met.

2.6 Commodity Futures Act Registrants

- (1) In Manitoba and Ontario, despite paragraph 2.1(b), if a firm applies for registration under section 2.1 and is registered under the *Commodity Futures Act*, the applicant is not required to submit a completed Form 33-109F3 under section 3.2 for any business location of the applicant that is recorded on NRD.
- (2) In Manitoba and Ontario, despite subsection 2.2(1), if an individual applies for registration under securities legislation and is recorded on NRD with his or her sponsoring firm as registered under the *Commodity Futures*

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Act, the individual must make the application by submitting a completed Form 33-109F2 to the regulator in accordance with National Instrument 31-102 National Registration Database.

PART 3 - CHANGES TO REGISTERED FIRM INFORMATION

3.1 Notice of Change to a Firm's Information

- (1) Subject to subsection (3) or (4), a registered firm must notify the regulator of a change to any information previously submitted in Form 33-109F6 or under this subsection, as follows:
 - (a) for a change previously submitted in relation to part 3 of Form 33-109F6, within 30 days of the change:
 - (b) for a change previously submitted in relation to any other part of Form 33-109F6, within 10 days of the change.
- (2) A notice of change referred to in subsection (1) must be made by submitting a completed Form 33-109F5.
- (3) A notice of change is not required under subsection (1) if the change relates to any of the following:
 - (a) a business location other than the head office of the firm if the firm submits a completed Form 33-109F3 under section 3.2;
 - (b) a termination, or a change, of a registered firm's employment, partnership or agency relationship with an officer, partner or director of the registered firm if the firm submits a completed Form 33-109F1 under subsection 4.2(1);
 - (c) the addition of an officer, partner, or director to the registered firm if that individual submits either of the following:
 - (i) a completed Form 33-109F4 under subsection 2.2(1) or 2.5(1);
 - (ii) a completed Form 33-109F7 under subsection 2.3(2) or 2.5(2);
 - (d) the information in the supporting documents referred to in any of the following items of Form 33-109F6:
 - (i) item 3.3 [Business documents];
 - (ii) item 5.1 [Calculation of excess working capital];
 - (iii) item 5.7 [Directors' resolution for insurance];
 - (iv) item 5.13 [Audited financial statements];
 - (v) item 5.14 [Letter of direction to auditors].
- (4) A person or company that submitted a completed Schedule B [Submission to jurisdiction and appointment of agent for service] to Form 33-109F6 must notify the regulator of a change to the information previously submitted in item 3 [Name of agent for service of process] or item 4 [Address for service of process on the agent for service] of that schedule, by submitting a completed Schedule B no more than 10 days after the change;
- (5) Subsection (4) does not apply to a person or company after they have ceased to be registered for a period of 6 years or more.
- (6) For the purpose of subsections (2) and (4), the person or company may give the notice by submitting it to the principal regulator.
- **3.2** Changes to Business Locations A registered firm must notify the regulator of the opening of a business location, other than a new head office, or of a change to any information previously submitted in Form 33-109F3, by submitting a completed Form 33-109F3 to the regulator in accordance with National Instrument 31-102 National Registration Database, within 10 days of the opening of the business location or change.

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PART 4 - CHANGES TO REGISTERED INDIVIDUAL AND PERMITTED INDIVIDUAL INFORMATION

4.1 Notice of Change to an Individual's Information

- (1) Subject to subsection (2), a registered individual or permitted individual must notify the regulator of a change to any information previously submitted in respect of the individual's Form 33-109F4 as follows:
 - (a) for a change of information previously submitted in items 4 [Citizenship] and 11 [Previous employment] of Form 33-109F4, within 30 days of the change;
 - (b) for a change of information previously submitted in any other items of Form 33-109F4, within 10 days of the change.
- (2) A notice of change is not required under subsection (1) if the change relates to information previously submitted in item 3 [*Personal information*] of Form 33-109F4.
- (3) A notice of change under subsection (1) must be made by submitting a completed Form 33-109F5 to the regulator in accordance with National Instrument 31-102 *National Registration Database*.
- (4) Despite subsection (3), a notice of change referred to in subsection (1) must be made by submitting a completed Form 33-109F2 to the regulator in accordance with National Instrument 31-102 National Registration Database, if the change relates to:
 - (a) an individual's status as a permitted individual of the sponsoring firm,
 - (b) the removal or the addition of a category of registration,
 - (c) the surrender of registration in one or more non-principal jurisdictions, or
 - (d) any information on Schedule C of Form 33-109F4.

4.2 Termination of Employment, Partnership or Agency Relationship

- (1) A registered firm must notify the regulator of the end of, or a change in, a sponsored individual's employment, partnership, or agency relationship with the firm if the individual ceases to have authority to act on behalf of the firm as a registered individual or permitted individual by submitting a Form 33-109F1 to the regulator in accordance with National Instrument 31-102 National Registration Database with
 - (a) items 1 through 4 completed, and
 - (b) item 5 completed unless the reason for termination under item 4 was death of the individual.
- (2) A registered firm must submit to the regulator the information required under
 - (a) paragraph (1)(a), within 10 days of the cessation date, and
 - (b) paragraph (1)(b), within 30 days of the cessation date.
- (3) A registered firm must, within 10 days of a request from an individual for whom the registered firm was the former sponsoring firm, provide to the individual a copy of the Form 33-109F1 that the registered firm submitted under subsection (1) in respect of that individual.
- (4) If a registered firm completed and submitted the information in item 5 of a Form 33-109F1 in respect of an individual who made a request under subsection (3) and that information was not included in the initial copy provided to the individual, the registered firm must provide to that individual a further copy of the completed Form 33-109F1, including the information in item 5, within the later of
 - (a) 10 days after the request by the individual under subsection (3), and
 - (b) 10 days after the submission pursuant to paragraph (2)(b).

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PART 5 - DUE DILIGENCE AND RECORD-KEEPING

5.1 Sponsoring Firm Obligations

- (1) A sponsoring firm must make reasonable efforts to ensure the truth and completeness of information that is submitted in accordance with this Instrument for any individual.
- (2) A sponsoring firm must obtain from each individual who is registered to act on behalf of the firm, or who is a permitted individual of the firm, a copy of the Form 33-109F1 most recently submitted by the individual's former sponsoring firm in respect of that individual, if any, within 60 days of the firm becoming the individual's sponsoring firm.
- (3) A sponsoring firm must retain all documents used by the firm to satisfy its obligation under subsection (1) as follows:
 - (a) in the case of a registered individual, for no less than 7 years after the individual ceases to be registered to act on behalf of the firm;
 - (b) in the case of an individual who applied for registration but whose registration was refused by the regulator, for no less than 7 years after the individual applied for registration; or
 - (c) in the case of a permitted individual, for no less than 7 years after the individual ceases to be a permitted individual with the firm.
- (4) Without limiting subsection (3), if a registered individual, an individual applying for registration, or a permitted individual appoints an agent for service, the sponsoring firm must keep the original Appointment of Agent for Service executed by the individual for the period of time set out in paragraph (3)(b).
- (5) A sponsoring firm that retains a document under subsection (3) or (4) in respect of an NRD submission must record the NRD submission number on the first page of the document.

PART 6 - [Lapsed]

PART 7 – EXEMPTION

7.1 Exemption

- (1) The regulator or the securities regulatory authority may grant an exemption from this Instrument, in whole or in part, subject to such conditions or restrictions as may be imposed in the exemption.
- (2) Despite subsection (1), in Ontario, only the regulator may grant such an exemption.
- (3) Except in <u>Alberta and</u> Ontario, an exemption referred to in subsection (1) is granted under the statute referred to in Appendix B of National Instrument 14-101 *Definitions*, opposite the name of the local jurisdiction.

PART 8 - REPEAL AND EFFECTIVE DATE

8.1 Repeal – [Lapsed]

8.2 Effective Date – This Instrument comes into force on the day National Instrument 31-103 *Registration Requirements and Exemptions* comes into force.

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FORM 33-109F1 NOTICE OF TERMINATION OF REGISTERED INDIVIDUALS AND PERMITTED INDIVIDUALS (section 4.2)

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

Complete and submit this form to notify the relevant regulator(s) or, in Québec, the securities regulatory authority, or self-regulatory organization (SRO) that a registered individual or permitted individual has left their sponsoring firm or has ceased to act in a registerable capacity or as a permitted individual.

Terms

In this form, "cessation date" (or "effective date of termination") means the last day on which an individual had authority to act as a registered individual on behalf of their sponsoring firm or the last day on which an individual was a permitted individual of their sponsoring firm, because of the end of, or a change in, the individual's employment, partnership, or agency relationship with the firm.

How to submit the form

Submit this form at the National Registration Database (NRD) website in NRD format at www.nrd.ca.

If you are relying on the temporary hardship exemption in section 5.1 of National Instrument 31-102 National Registration Database, you may submit this form in a format other than NRD format.

When to submit the form

You must submit the responses to Item 1, Item 2, Item 3 and Item 4 within 10 days of the effective date of termination.

If you are required to complete Item 5, you must submit those responses within 30 days of the cessation date. If you are submitting the responses to Item 5, in NRD format, after Items 1 to 4 have been submitted at NRD, use the NRD submission type called "Update/Correct Termination Information" to complete Item 5 of this form.

Item 1	Terminating firm	
1.	Name	
2.	NRD number	
Item 2	Terminated individual	
1.	Name	
2.	NRD number	
Item 3	Business location of the terminated individual	
1.	Business location address	
2.	NRD number	
Item 4	Date and reason for termination	
1.	Cessation date / Effective date of termination	(YYYY/MM/DD)
	This is the last day that the individual had authority that the individual was a permitted individual.	o act in a registerable capacity on behalf of the firm, or the last day
2.	Reason for termination / cessation (check one):	
	Resigned - voluntary	
	Resigned - at the firm's request	
	Dismissed in good standing	

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	Dismissed for cause			
	Completed temporary employment contract			
	Retired			
	Deceased			
	Other			
If "Ot	her", explain:			
Item	5 Details about the termination			
Com	plete Item 5 except where the individual is deceased. I	In the space below:		
• ;	state the reason(s) for the cessation / termination and			
•	provide details if the answer to any of the following que	estions is "Yes".		
[For	NRD Format only:]			
П	This information will be disclosed within 30 days o	of the effective date of termination		
_	Not applicable: individual is deceased			
	not applicable. Illa Mada lo descassa			
Ansv	ver the following questions to the best of the firm's kno	wledge.		
In t	he past 12 months:		Yes	No
1.	Was the individual charged with any criminal offence	?		
2.	Was the individual the subject of any investigation by	any securities or financial industry regulator?		
3.	Was the individual subject to any significant internal of the firm related to the individual's activity as a regis			
4.	Were there any written complaints, civil claims and/or against the firm about the individual's securities-relate registered or a permitted individual authorized to act	ed activities that occurred while the individual was		
5.	Does the individual have any undischarged financial	obligations to clients of the firm?		
6.	Has the firm or any affiliate of the firm suffered significesult of the individual's actions?	icant monetary loss or harm to its reputation as a		
7.	Did the firm or any affiliate of the firm investigate the fiduciary duties, regulatory requirements or the comp affiliate of the firm? Examples include making unsuita stealing or borrowing client money or securities, hidin money laundering, deliberately making false represendusiness activity.	liance policies and procedures of the firm or any able trades or investment recommendations, ng losses from clients, forging client signatures,		
8.	Did the individual repeatedly or materially fail to follow any affiliate of the firm?	w compliance policies and procedures of the firm or		
9.	Did the individual engage in discretionary manageme registerable activity without appropriate registration o			
	sons/Details: 6 [repealed]			

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Item 7 Warning

It is an offence under securities legislation and derivatives legislation, including commodity futures legislation, to give false or misleading information on this form.

Item 8 Certification

1	Cartifi	cation	_ NDI	form	at.
١	.eriiii	CAHON	- NRI	, icseit	121

am making this submission as agent for the firm. By checking this box, I certify that the firm provided me with all of t	ne
nformation on this form.	

Certification – Format other than NRD format:

By signing below I certify to the regulator or, in Québec, the securities regulatory authority, in each jurisdiction where I am submitting this form for the firm, either directly or through the principal regulator, that:

 I have read this form and understand the que 	suons, and	J

•	all of the information provided on this form is true and complete.
Name of firm	
Name of author	orized signing officer or partner
Title of author	ized signing officer or partner
Signature of a	uthorized signing officer or partner
Date signed _	(YYYY/MM/DD)

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Schedule A [repealed]

FORM 33-109F2 CHANGE OR SURRENDER OF INDIVIDUAL CATEGORIES (section 2.2(2), 2.4, 2.6(2) or 4.1(4))

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

Complete and submit this form to notify the relevant regulator(s) or, in Québec, the securities regulatory authority, or self-regulatory organization (SRO) that a registered individual or permitted individual seeks to add and/or remove individual registration categories or permitted activities or provide notice of other changes to the information on Schedule C of Form 33-109F4.

Terms

In this form, "you", "your" and "individual" mean the registered individual or permitted individual who is seeking to add and/or remove registration categories or permitted activities.

How to submit this form

Submit this form at the National Registration Database (NRD) website in NRD format at www.nrd.ca.

If you are relying on the temporary hardship exemption in section 5.1 of National Instrument 31-102 National Registration Database, you may submit this form in a format other than NRD format.

Item 1	Individ	ual
Name o	f individu	ual
NRD nu	mber of	individual
Item 2	Registr	ration jurisdictions
1.	Are you	u filing this form under the passport system / interface for registration?
	Choose	e "No" if you are registered in:
	(a)	only one jurisdiction of Canada
	(b)	more than one jurisdiction of Canada and you are requesting a surrender in a non-principal jurisdiction o jurisdictions, but not in your principal jurisdiction, or
	(c)	more than one jurisdiction of Canada and you are requesting a change only in your principal jurisdiction.
	Yes	□ No □
2.	Check 6	each jurisdiction where you are seeking the change or surrender.
	Manitob New Bri Newfou Northwe Nova S Nunavu Ontario	Columbia ba runswick undland and Labrador eest Territories cotia ut Description

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Item 3	Removing categories
What ca	ategories are you seeking to remove?
Item 4	Adding categories
1.	Categories
What ca	ategories are you seeking to add?
2.	Professional liability insurance (Québec mutual fund dealers and Québec scholarship plan dealers)
	re seeking registration as a representative of a mutual fund dealer or of a scholarship plan dealer in Québec, are you do by your sponsoring firm's professional liability insurance?
Yes	□ No □
If "No",	state:
The nai	me of your insurer
Your po	olicy number
3.	Relevant securities industry experience
	have not been registered in the last 36 months and you passed the required examination more than 36 months ago, do asider that you have gained 12 months of relevant securities industry experience during the 36-month period?
Yes	□ No □ N/A □
If you a	re an individual applying for IIROC approval, select "N/A".
If "Yes"	, complete Schedule A.
Item 5	Reason for surrender
If you a jurisdict	are seeking to remove a registration category or permitted activity, state the reason for the surrender in the local ion.

Item 6 Notice of collection and use of personal information

The personal information required under this form is collected on behalf of, and used by, the securities regulatory authorities in the jurisdictions set out in Schedule B to administer and enforce certain provisions of their securities legislation or derivatives legislation or both.

The personal information required under this form is also collected by and used by the SRO set out in Schedule B to administer and enforce its by-laws, regulations, rules, rulings and policies.

By submitting this form, the individual consents to the collection by the securities regulatory authorities or applicable SRO of this personal information, and any police records, records from other government or non-governmental regulators or SROs, credit records and employment records about the individual that the securities regulatory authorities or applicable SRO may need to complete their review of the information submitted in this form relating to the individual's continued fitness for registration or approval, if applicable, in accordance with the legal authority of the securities regulatory authorities while the individual is registered with or approved by it. Securities regulatory authorities or SROs may contact government and private bodies or agencies, individuals, corporations and other organizations for information about the individual.

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If you have any questions about the collection and use of this information, contact the securities regulatory authorities or applicable SRO in any jurisdiction in which the required information is submitted. See Schedule B for details. In Québec, you can also contact the Commission d'accès à l'information at 1-888-528-7741 or visit its website at www.cai.gouv.gc.ca.

Item 7 Warning

It is an offence under securities legislation and derivatives legislation, including commodity futures legislation, to give false or misleading information on this form.

Item 8 Certification

Certification - NRD format:

I confirm I have discussed the questions in this form with an officer, branch manager or supervisor of my sponsoring firm. To the best of my knowledge and belief, the officer, branch manager or supervisor was satisfied that I fully understood the questions. I will limit my activities to those permitted by my category of registration.

I am making this submission as agent for the individual identified in this form. By checking this box, I certify that the individual provided me with all of the information on this form.

Certification - Format other than NRD format:

By signing below:

- 1. I certify to the regulator or, in Québec, the securities regulatory authority, in each jurisdiction where I am submitting this form, either directly or through the principal regulator, that:
 - I have read this form and understand the questions, and
 - all of the information provided on this form is true, and complete.
- I confirm I have discussed the questions in this form with an officer, branch manager or supervisor of my sponsoring
 firm. To the best of my knowledge and belief, the officer, branch manager or supervisor was satisfied that I fully
 understood the questions. I will limit my activities to those permitted by my category of registration.

Signature of	individual	
Date signed		
-	(YYYY/MM/DD)	•

By signing below, I certify to the regulator or, in Québec, the securities regulatory authority, in each jurisdiction where I am submitting this form for the individual, either directly or through the principal regulator, that:

- 1. the individual identified in this form will be engaged by the firm as a registered individual, or a non registered individual, and
- 2. I have, or a branch manager or supervisor or another officer or partner has, discussed the questions set out in this form with the individual. To the best of my knowledge and belief, the individual fully understands the questions.

Name of firm	_
Name of authorized signing officer or partner	
Title of authorized signing officer or partner	
Signature of authorized signing officer or partner	
Date signed(YYYY/MM/DD)	

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Schedule A Relevant securities industry experience (Item 4)

Describe your responsibilities in areas relating to the category you are applying for, including the title(s) you have held, as vas start and end dates:	/ell
What is the percentage of your time devoted to these activities?	
Indicate the continuing education activities in which you have participated during the last 36 months and that are relevant to category of registration you are applying for:	the
	_

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Schedule B **Contact information for** Notice of collection and use of personal information

Alberta

Alberta Securities Commission Suite 600, 250-5th St. SW Calgary, AB T2P 0R4 Attention: Information Officer Telephone: (403) 297-6454

British Columbia

British Columbia Securities Commission P.O. Box 10142, Pacific Centre 701 West Georgia Street Vancouver, BC V7Y 1L2

Attention: Freedom of Information Officer

Telephone: (604) 899-6500 or (800) 373-6393 (in Canada)

Manitoba

The Manitoba Securities Commission 500 - 400 St. Mary Avenue Winnipeg, MB R3C 4K5 Attention: Director of Registrations Telephone: (204) 945-2548 Fax: (204) 945-0330

New Brunswick

Financial and Consumer Services Commission of New Brunswick / Commission des services financiers et des services aux consommateurs du Nouveau-Brunswick Suite 300, 85 Charlotte Street Saint John, NB E2L 2J2

Attention: Director of Se rities Registration

Telephone: (506) 658-3060

Newfoundland and Labrador

Superintendent of Securities, Service NL Government of Newfoundland and Labrador P.O. Box 8700 2nd Floor, West Block Confederation Building St. John's, NL A1B 4J6 Attention: Manager of Registrations Telephone: (709) 729-5661

Nova Scotia

Nova Scotia Securities Commission Suite 400, 5251 Duke Street Halifax, NS B3J 1P3

Attention: Deputy Director, Capital Markets

Telephone: (902) 424-7768

Northwest Territories

Government of the Northwest Territories Department of Justice 1st Floor Stuart M. Hodgson Building 5009 - 49th Street Yellowknife, NWT X1A 2L9 Attention: Deputy Superintendent of Securities

Telephone: (867) 920-8984

Nunavut

Government of Nunavut Department of Justice P.O. Box 1000 Station 570 Iqaluit, NU X0A 0H0

Attention: Deputy Registrar Superintendent of Securities

Telephone: (867) 975-6590

Ontario

Ontario Securities Commission 22nd Floor 20 Queen Street West Toronto, ON M5H 3S8

Attention: Compliance and Registrant Regulation

Telephone: (416) 593-8314 e-mail: registration@osc.gov.on.ca

Prince Edward Island

Securities Office Department of Community Affairs and Attorney General P.O. Box 2000 Charlottetown, PE C1A 7N8 Attention: Deputy Registrar Superintendent of Securities

Telephone: (902) 368-6288

Québec

Autorité des marchés financiers 800, square Victoria, 22e étage C.P. 246, tour de la Bourse Montréal (Québec) H4Z 1G3

Attention: Responsable de l'accès à l'information Telephone: (514) 395-0337 or (877) 525-0337

Saskatchewan

Financial and Consumer Affairs Authority of Saskatchewan Suite 601, 1919 Saskatchewan Drive Regina, SK S4P 4H2

Attention: Deputy Director, Capital Markets

Telephone: (306) 787-5871

Yukon

Government of Yukon Superintendent of Securities Department of Community Services P.O. Box 2703 C-6 Whitehorse, YT Y1A 2C6 Attention: Superintendent of Securities

Telephone: (867) 667-5314

Self-regulatory organization

Investment Industry Regulatory Organization of Canada 121 King Street West, Suite 2000 Toronto, Ontario M5H 3T9 Attention: Privacy Officer Telephone: (416) 364-6133

E-mail: PrivacyOfficer@iiroc.ca

FORM 33-109F3 BUSINESS LOCATIONS OTHER THAN HEAD OFFICE (section 3.2)

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

Complete and submit this form to notify the relevant regulator(s) or, in Québec, the securities regulatory authority, or self-regulatory organization (SRO) that a business location has opened or closed, or information about a business location has changed.

□ Opening this business location □ Closing this business location □ Change to the information previously submitted about this business location. Clearly specify the information that has changed. How to submit this form Submit this form at the National Registration Database (NRD) website in NRD format at www.nrd.ca. If you are relying on the temporary hardship exemption in section 5.1 of National Instrument 31-102 National Registration Database, you may complete and submit this form in a format other than NRD format. Item 1 Type of business location □ Sub-branch (Mutual Fund Dealers Association of Canada members only) □ Item 2 Supervisor or branch manager	Check o	ne of the following and complete the entire form:
Change to the information previously submitted about this business location. Clearly specify the information that has changed. How to submit this form Submit this form at the National Registration Database (NRD) website in NRD format at www.nrd.ca. If you are relying on the temporary hardship exemption in section 5.1 of National Instrument 31-102 National Registration Database, you may complete and submit this form in a format other than NRD format. Item 1 Type of business location Branch or business location Sub-branch (Mutual Fund Dealers Association of Canada members only) Item 2 Supervisor or branch manager NRD number of the designated supervisor or branch manager Item 3 Business location information Business location address (a post office box is not a valid business location address) Mailing address (if different from business location address) Telephone number () Fax number ()		Opening this business location
changed. How to submit this form Submit this form at the National Registration Database (NRD) website in NRD format at www.nrd.ca. If you are relying on the temporary hardship exemption in section 5.1 of National Instrument 31-102 National Registration Database, you may complete and submit this form in a format other than NRD format. Item 1 Type of business location Branch or business location Sub-branch (Mutual Fund Dealers Association of Canada members only) Item 2 Supervisor or branch manager NRD number of the designated supervisor or branch manager NRD number of the designated supervisor or branch manager Item 3 Business location information Business location address (a post office box is not a valid business location address) Mailing address (if different from business location address) Telephone number () Fax number ()		Closing this business location
Submit this form at the National Registration Database (NRD) website in NRD format at www.nrd.ca. If you are relying on the temporary hardship exemption in section 5.1 of National Instrument 31-102 National Registration Database, you may complete and submit this form in a format other than NRD format. Item 1 Type of business location Branch or business location Sub-branch (Mutual Fund Dealers Association of Canada members only) Item 2 Supervisor or branch manager Name of designated supervisor or branch manager NRD number of the designated supervisor or branch manager Item 3 Business location information Business location address (a post office box is not a valid business location address) Mailing address (if different from business location address) Telephone number ()		
If you are relying on the temporary hardship exemption in section 5.1 of National Instrument 31-102 National Registration Database, you may complete and submit this form in a format other than NRD format. Item 1 Type of business location Branch or business location Sub-branch (Mutual Fund Dealers Association of Canada members only) Item 2 Supervisor or branch manager NRD number of the designated supervisor or branch manager Item 3 Business location information Business location address (a post office box is not a valid business location address) Mailing address (if different from business location address) Telephone number () Fax number ()	How to	submit this form
Database, you may complete and submit this form in a format other than NRD format. Item 1 Type of business location Branch or business location Sub-branch (Mutual Fund Dealers Association of Canada members only) Item 2 Supervisor or branch manager Name of designated supervisor or branch manager	Submit t	his form at the National Registration Database (NRD) website in NRD format at www.nrd.ca.
Branch or business location Sub-branch (Mutual Fund Dealers Association of Canada members only) Item 2 Supervisor or branch manager Name of designated supervisor or branch manager NRD number of the designated supervisor or branch manager Item 3 Business location information Business location address (a post office box is not a valid business location address) Mailing address (if different from business location address) Telephone number () Fax number ()		
Sub-branch (Mutual Fund Dealers Association of Canada members only) Item 2 Supervisor or branch manager Name of designated supervisor or branch manager	Item 1	Type of business location
Name of designated supervisor or branch manager NRD number of the designated supervisor or branch manager Item 3 Business location information Business location address (a post office box is not a valid business location address) Mailing address (if different from business location address) Telephone number () Fax number ()	Branch	or business location
Name of designated supervisor or branch manager NRD number of the designated supervisor or branch manager Item 3 Business location information Business location address (a post office box is not a valid business location address) Mailing address (if different from business location address) Telephone number () Fax number ()	Sub-bra	nch (Mutual Fund Dealers Association of Canada members only)
NRD number of the designated supervisor or branch manager Item 3 Business location information Business location address (a post office box is not a valid business location address) Mailing address (if different from business location address) Telephone number () Fax number ()	Item 2	Supervisor or branch manager
Item 3 Business location information Business location address	Name of	designated supervisor or branch manager
Business location address (a post office box is not a valid business location address) Mailing address (if different from business location address) Telephone number () Fax number ()	NRD nu	mber of the designated supervisor or branch manager
(a post office box is not a valid business location address) Mailing address (if different from business location address) Telephone number () Fax number ()	Item 3	Business location information
Telephone number () Fax number ()	Busines	s location address (a post office box is not a valid business location address)
Fax number ()	Mailing a	address (if different from business location address)
	Telepho	ne number ()
E-mail address	Fax num	ber ()
	E-mail a	ddress

Item 4 Notice of collection and use of personal information

The personal information required under this form is collected on behalf of, and used by, the securities regulatory authorities in the jurisdictions set out in Schedule A to administer and enforce certain provisions of their securities legislation or derivatives legislation or both.

The personal information required under this form is also collected by and used by the SRO set out in Schedule A to administer and enforce its by-laws, regulations, rules, rulings and policies.

By submitting this form, the individual consents to the collection by the securities regulatory authorities or applicable SRO of this personal information, and any police records, records from other government or non-governmental regulators or SROs, credit records and employment records about the individual that the securities regulatory authorities or applicable SRO may need to

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complete their review of the information submitted in this form relating to the individual's continued fitness for registration or approval, if applicable, in accordance with the legal authority of the securities regulatory authorities while the individual is registered with or approved by it. Securities regulatory authorities or SROs may contact government and private bodies or agencies, individuals, corporations and other organizations for information about the individual.

If you have any questions about the collection and use of this information, contact the securities regulatory authorities or applicable SRO in any jurisdiction in which the required information is submitted. See Schedule A for details. In Québec, you can also contact the Commission d'accès à l'information at 1-888-528-7741 or visit its website at www.cai.gouv.gc.ca.

Item 5 Warning

It is an offence under securities legislation and derivatives legislation, including commodity futures legislation, to give false or misleading information on this form.

Item 6 Certification

Certification	- NRD	format:
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I am making this submission as agent for the firm. By checking this box, I certify that the firm provided me with all of the information on this form.
If the business location is a residence, the individual conducting business from that business location has completed a Form 33-109F4 <i>Registration of Individuals and Review of Permitted Individuals</i> certifying that they give their consent for the regulator or, in Québec, the securities regulatory authority to enter the residence for the administration of securities legislation and derivatives legislation, including commodity futures legislation.

Certification - Format other than NRD format:

By signing below, I certify to the securities regulator or, in Québec, the securities regulatory authority, in each jurisdiction where I am submitting this form for the firm, either directly or through the principal regulator, that:

- I have read this form and understand the questions,
- all of the information provided on this form is true, and complete, and
- if the business location specified in this form is a residence, the individual conducting business from that business location has completed a Form 33-109F4 Registration of Individuals and Review of Permitted Individuals certifying that they give their consent for the regulator or, in Québec, the securities regulatory authority to enter the residence for the administration of securities legislation and derivatives legislation, including commodity futures legislation.

Name of firm	
Name of authorized signing officer or partner	
Title of authorized signing officer or partner	
Signature of authorized signing officer or partner	
Date signed(YYYY/MM/DD)	

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Schedule A **Contact information for** Notice of collection and use of personal information

Alberta

Alberta Securities Commission Suite 600, 250-5th St. SW Calgary, AB T2P 0R4 Attention: Information Officer Telephone: (403) 297-6454

British Columbia

British Columbia Securities Commission P.O. Box 10142, Pacific Centre 701 West Georgia Street Vancouver, BC V7Y 1L2

Attention: Freedom of Information Officer

Telephone: (604) 899-6500 or (800) 373-6393 (in Canada)

Manitoba

The Manitoba Securities Commission 500 - 400 St. Mary Avenue Winnipeg, MB R3C 4K5 Attention: Director of Registrations Telephone: (204) 945-2548 Fax: (204) 945-0330

New Brunswick

Financial and Consumer Services Commission of New Brunswick / Commission des services financiers et des services aux consommateurs du Nouveau-Brunswick Suite 300, 85 Charlotte Street Saint John, NB E2L 2J2

rities Registration Telephone: (506) 658-3060

Attention: Director of Se

Newfoundland and Labrador

Superintendent of Securities, Service NL Government of Newfoundland and Labrador P.O. Box 8700 2nd Floor, West Block Confederation Building St. John's, NL A1B 4J6 Attention: Manager of Registrations Telephone: (709) 729-5661

Nova Scotia

Nova Scotia Securities Commission Suite 400, 5251 Duke Street Halifax, NS B3J 1P3

Attention: Deputy Director, Capital Markets

Telephone: (902) 424-7768

Northwest Territories

Government of the Northwest Territories Department of Justice 1st Floor Stuart M. Hodgson Building 5009 - 49th Street Yellowknife, NWT X1A 2L9 Attention: Deputy Superintendent of Securities

Telephone: (867) 920-8984

Nunavut

Government of Nunavut Department of Justice P.O. Box 1000 Station 570 Iqaluit, NU X0A 0H0

Attention: Deputy Registrar Superintendent of Securities

Telephone: (867) 975-6590

Ontario

Ontario Securities Commission 22nd Floor 20 Queen Street West Toronto, ON M5H 3S8 Attention: Compliance and Registrant Regulation

Telephone: (416) 593-8314 e-mail: registration@osc.gov.on.ca

Prince Edward Island

Securities Office Department of Community Affairs and Attorney General P.O. Box 2000 Charlottetown, PE C1A 7N8 Attention: Deputy Registrar Superintendent of Securities

Telephone: (902) 368-6288

Québec

Autorité des marchés financiers 800, square Victoria, 22e étage C.P. 246, tour de la Bourse Montréal (Québec) H4Z 1G3

Attention: Responsable de l'accès à l'information Telephone: (514) 395-0337 or (877) 525-0337

Saskatchewan

Financial and Consumer Affairs Authority of Saskatchewan Suite 601, 1919 Saskatchewan Drive Regina, SK S4P 4H2 Attention: Deputy Director, Capital Markets

Telephone: (306) 787-5871

Yukon

Government of Yukon Superintendent of Securities Department of Community Services P.O. Box 2703 C-6 Whitehorse, YT Y1A 2C6 Attention: Superintendent of Securities

Telephone: (867) 667-5314

Self-regulatory organization

Investment Industry Regulatory Organization of Canada 121 King Street West, Suite 2000 Toronto, Ontario M5H 3T9 Attention: Privacy Officer Telephone: (416) 364-6133

E-mail: PrivacyOfficer@iiroc.ca

FORM 33-109F4 REGISTRATION OF INDIVIDUALS AND REVIEW OF PERMITTED INDIVIDUALS (section 2.2)

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

Complete and submit this form to the relevant regulator(s) or in Québec, the securities regulatory authority, or self-regulatory organization (SRO) if an individual is seeking

- registration in individual categories,
- to be reviewed as a permitted individual.

You are only required to submit one form even if you are applying to be registered in several categories. This form is also used if you are seeking to be reviewed as a permitted individual. A post office box is not acceptable as a valid business location address.

Terms

In this form:

"Approved person" means, in respect of a member (Member) of the Investment Industry Regulatory Organization of Canada (IIROC), an individual who is a partner, director, officer, employee or agent of a Member who is approved by IIROC or another Canadian SRO to perform any function required under any IIROC or other Canadian SRO by-law, rule, or policy;

"Canadian Investment Manager designation" means the designation earned through the Canadian investment manager program prepared and administered by CSI Global Education Inc. and so named on the day this Instrument comes into force, and every program that preceded that program, or succeeded that program, that does not have a significantly reduced scope and content when compared to the scope and content of the first-mentioned program;

"CFA Charter" means the charter earned through the Chartered Financial Analyst program prepared and administered by the CFA Institute and so named on the day this Instrument comes into force, and every program that preceded that program, or succeeded that program, that does not have a significantly reduced scope and content when compared to the scope and content of the first-mentioned program;

"Derivatives" means financial instruments, such as futures contracts (including exchange traded contracts), futures options and swaps whose market price, value or payment obligations are derived from, or based on, one or more underlying interests. Derivatives can be in the form of instruments, agreements or securities;

"Major shareholder" and "shareholder" mean a shareholder who, in total, directly or indirectly owns voting securities carrying 10 per cent or more of the votes carried by all outstanding voting securities;

"Sponsoring firm" means the registered firm where you will carry out your duties as a registered or permitted individual; and

"You", "your" and "individual" mean the individual who is seeking registration or the individual who is filing this form as a permitted individual under securities legislation or derivatives legislation or both.

How to submit this form

NRD format

Submit this form at the National Registration Database (NRD) website in NRD format at www.nrd.ca. If you have any questions, contact the compliance, registration or legal department of the sponsoring firm or a legal adviser with securities law experience, or visit the NRD information website at www.nrd-info.ca.

Format, other than NRD format

If you are relying on the temporary hardship exemption in section 5.1 of National Instrument 31-102 National Registration Database, you may submit this form in a format other than NRD format.

If you need more space, use a separate sheet of paper. Clearly identify the item and question number. Complete and sign the form, and send it to the relevant regulator(s) or, in Québec, the securities regulatory authority, SRO (s) or similar authority. The

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number of originally signed copies of the form you are required to submit depends on the province or territory, and on the regulator, the securities regulatory authority or SRO.

To avoid delays in processing this form, be sure to answer all of the questions that apply to you. If you have questions, contact the compliance, registration or legal department of the sponsoring firm or a legal adviser with securities law experience, or visit the NRD information website at www.nrd-info.ca.

Item 1	Name							
1.	Legal n	ame						
Last na	me		First name	Second name (N/A		Third name (N/A		
NRD nu	mber (if a	applicab	le)					
2.	Other p	ersonal	names					
Are you or name	currently s due to	, or hav marriag	e you ever been e?	, known by any names	other than your	full legal name a	bove, for example	e, nicknames
Yes		No						
If "Yes",	complete	e Sched	ule A.					
3.	Use of	other na	ames					
				ed, operated under, or les for sole proprietorsh			name other than	the name(s)
Yes		No						
If "Yes",	complete	e Sched	ule A.					
Item 2	Resider	ntial add	dress					
Provide	all of you	ır reside	ntial addresses, i	including any foreign re	sidential address	ses, for the past 1	0 years.	
1.	Current	and pr	evious residenti	al addresses				
(numbe	r, street, o	city, prov	vince, territory or	state, country, postal c	ode)	_		
Telepho	ne numb	er				-		
Lived at	this add	ess sind	ce (YYYY/MM) _					
If you ha	ave lived	at this a	ddress for less th	nan 10 years, complete	Schedule B.			
2.	Mailing	addres	s					
	Check complet			dress is the same as	your current re	sidential address	provided above	e. Otherwise,
(numbe	r, street, o	city, prov	vince, territory or	state, country, postal c	ode)	-		

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3.	Business e-mail address
Item 3	Personal information
1.	Date of birth(YYYY/MM/DD)
2.	Place of birth (city, province, territory or state, country)
3.	Gender Female Male
4.	Eye colour
5.	Hair colour
6.	Height in. or cm
7.	Weight lbs. or kg
Item 4	Citizenship
1.	Citizenship information
What is	your country of citizenship?
	Canada
	Other, specify:
2.	If you are a citizen of a country other than Canada, complete the following for that citizenship.
	Check here if you do not have a valid passport. Otherwise, provide:
Passpo	rt number:
Date of	issue:(YYYY/MM/DD)
5.	
Place o	f issue: (city, province, territory or state, country)
Item 5	Registration jurisdictions
1.	Are you filing this form under the passport system / interface for registration?
	Only choose "No" if:
	(a) you are seeking registration only in your principal jurisdiction,
	(b) you are seeking review as a permitted individual
	and you are not currently registered under securities legislation in any jurisdiction of Canada.
	Yes No D

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2.	Check each jurisdiction where you are seeking registration or review as a permitted individual:						
	All jurisdictions						
	Alberta British Columbia Manitoba New Brunswick Newfoundland and Labrador Northwest Territories Nova Scotia Nunavut Ontario Prince Edward Island Québec Saskatchewan Yukon						
Item 6	Individual categories						
	On Schedule C, check each category for which you are seeking registration as an individual or review as a permitted al. If you are seeking review as a permitted individual, check each category that describes your position with your ring firm.						
2. are you	If you are seeking registration as a representative of a mutual fund dealer or of a scholarship plan dealer in Québec, covered by your sponsoring firm's professional liability insurance?						
Yes	□ No □						
If "No",	state:						
The nar	ne of your insurer						
Your po	licy number						
Item 7	Address and agent for service						
1.	Address for service						
a busin	st have one address for service in each province or territory where you are submitting this form. A residential address or ess address is acceptable. A post office box is not an acceptable address for service. Complete Schedule D for each al address for service you are providing.						
Address	Address for service:						
•	r, street, city, province or territory, postal code)						
	one number						
Fax nur	Fax number, if applicable						
Busines	ss e-mail address						

2. Agent for service

If you have appointed an agent for service, provide the following information for the agent in each province or territory where you have an agent for service. The address of your agent for service must be the same as the address for service above. If your agent for service is not an individual, provide the name of your contact person.

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Name o	agent for service:
Contact	person: Last name, First name
Item 8	Proficiency
1.	Course, examination or designation information and other education
	e Schedule E to indicate each course, examination and designation that is required for registration or approval and that e successfully completed or have been exempted from.
	Check here if you are not required under securities legislation or derivatives legislation or both, or the rules of an SRO to satisfy any course, examination or designation requirements.
2.	Student numbers
If you h below:	ave a student number for a course that you successfully completed with one of the following organizations, provide it
CSI Glo	pal Education:
IFSE In	stitute:
Institute	of Canadian Bankers (ICB):
CFA Ins	titute:
Advocis	
RESP [ealers Association of Canada:
Other:	
3.	Exemption refusal
	securities regulator, derivatives regulator or SRO refused to grant you an exemption from a course, examination, ion or experience requirement?
Yes	□ No □
If "Yes",	complete Schedule F.
4.	Relevant securities industry experience
If you a	e an individual applying for IIROC approval, select "N/A".
	ave not been registered in the last 36 months and you passed the required examination more than 36 months ago, do sider that you have gained 12 months of relevant securities industry experience during the 36-month period?
Yes	□ No □ N/A □
If "Yes",	complete Schedule F.
Item 9	Location of employment

1. Provide the following information for your new sponsoring firm. If you will be working out of more than one business location, provide the following information for the business location out of which you will be doing most of your business. If you are only filing this form because you are a permitted individual and you are not employed by, or acting as agent for, the sponsoring firm, select "N/A".

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	NRD location number:
	Unique Identification Number (optional) :
	Business location address: (number, street, city, province, territory or state, country, postal code)
	Telephone number: ()
	Fax number: ()
	N/A 🗆
location	If the firm has a foreign head office, and/or you are not a resident of Canada, provide the address for the business in which you will be conducting most of your business. If you are only filing this form because you are a permitted and you are not employed by, or acting as agent for, the sponsoring firm, select "N/A".
	Business location address: (number, street, city, province, territory or state, country, postal code)
	Telephone number: ()
	Fax number: ()
	N/A 🗆
[The follo	owing under #3 "Type of business location", #4 and #5 is for a Format other than NRD format only]
3.	Type of business location:
	☐ Head office
	☐ Branch or business location
	☐ Sub-branch (members of the Mutual Fund Dealers Association of Canada only)
4.	Name of supervisor or branch manager:
5.	Check here if the mailing address of the business location is the same as the business location address provided above. Otherwise, complete the following:
	Mailing address:

Item 10 Current employment, other business activities, officer positions held and directorships

Complete a separate Schedule G for each of your current business and employment activities, including employment and business activities with your sponsoring firm and any employment and business activities outside your sponsoring firm. Also include all officer or director positions and any other equivalent positions held, as well as positions of influence. The information must be provided

- whether or not you receive compensation for such services, and
- whether or not any such position is business related.

Item 11 Previous employment and other activities

On Schedule H, complete your history of employment and other activities for the past 10 years.

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Item 12 Resignations and terminations

Have yo you:	u ever r	esigned,	been terr	minated or been dismissed for cause by an employer from a position following allegations that			
1.	Violate	d any sta	tutes, reg	ulations, rules or standards of conduct?			
	Yes		No				
	If "Yes"	, comple	te Schedi	ule I, Item 12.1.			
2.	Failed	to approp	riately su	pervise compliance with any statutes, regulations, rules or standards of conduct?			
	Yes		No				
	If "Yes"	, comple	te Schedi	ule I, Item 12.2.			
3.	Commi	tted fraud	d or the w	rongful taking of property, including theft?			
	Yes		No				
	If "Yes"	, comple	te Schedi	ule I, Item 12.3.			
Item 13	Regul	atory dis	closure				
The que	stions b	elow rela	te to any	jurisdiction of Canada and any foreign jurisdiction.			
1.	Securi	ties and	derivativ	es regulation			
a)	have y	ou ever b	een, regi	or permitted individual status that has been recorded under this NRD number, are you now, or istered or licensed with any securities regulator or derivatives regulator or both, to trade in or erivatives or both?			
	Yes		No				
	If "Yes"	, comple	te Schedi	ule J, Item 13.1(a).			
b)	Have you ever been refused registration or a licence to trade in or advise on securities or derivatives or both?						
	Yes		No				
	If "Yes"	, comple	te Schedi	ule J, Item 13.1(b).			
c)				ied the benefit of any exemption from registration provided in any securities or derivatives or other than what was disclosed in Item 8.3 of this form?			
	Yes		No				
	If "Yes"	, comple	te Schedi	ule J, Item 13.1(c).			
d)				ou ever been subject to any disciplinary proceedings or any order resulting from disciplinary ecurities legislation or derivatives legislation or both?			
	Yes		No				
	If "Yes"	', comple	te Schedi	ule J, Item 13.1(d).			
2.	SRO re	egulation	1				
a)				that has been recorded under this NRD number, are you now, or have you ever been, an RO or similar organization?			
	Yes		No				

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	If "Yes", complete Schedule J, Item13.2(a).							
b)	Have you ever been refused approved person status by an SRO or similar organization?							
	Yes							
	If "Yes", complete Schedule J, Item 13.2(b).							
c)	Are you now, or have you ever been, subject to any disciplinary proceedings conducted by any SRO or similar organization?							
	Yes							
	If "Yes", complete Schedule J, Item 13.2(c).							
3.	Non-securities regulation							
a)	Are you now, or have you ever been, registered or licensed under any legislation which requires registration or licensing to deal with the public in any capacity other than to trade in or advise on securities or derivatives or both (e.g. insurance, real estate, accountant, lawyer, teacher)?							
	Yes							
	If "Yes", complete Schedule J, Item 13.3(a)							
b)	Have you ever been refused registration or a licence under any legislation relating to your professional activities unrelated to securities or derivatives?							
	Yes							
	If "Yes", complete Schedule J, Item 13.3(b).							
c)	Are you now, or have you ever been, a subject of any disciplinary actions conducted under any legislation relating to your professional activities unrelated to securities or derivatives?							
	Yes							
	If "Yes", complete Schedule J, Item 13.3(c).							
Itom 14	Criminal disclosure							

Item 14 Criminal disclosure

The questions below apply to offences committed in any jurisdiction of Canada and any foreign jurisdiction.

You must disclose all offences, including:

- a criminal offence under federal statutes such as the Criminal Code (Canada), Income Tax Act (Canada), the Competition Act (Canada), Immigration and Refugee Protection Act (Canada) and the Controlled Drugs and Substances Act (Canada), even if
 - 0 a record suspension has been ordered under the Criminal Records Act (Canada)
 - you have been granted an absolute or conditional discharge under the Criminal Code (Canada), and 0
- a criminal offence, with respect to questions 14.2 and 14.4, of which you or your firm has been found guilty or for which you or your firm have participated in the alternative measures program within the previous three years, even if a record suspension has been ordered under the Criminal Records Act (Canada)

You are not required to disclose:

- charges for summary conviction offences that have been stayed for six months or more,
- charges for indictable offences that have been stayed for a year or more,

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	•	onences under the routh chiminal sustice Act (Canada), and							
	•	speeding or parking violations.							
Subject	oject to the exceptions above:								
1.	Are ther	Are there any outstanding or stayed charges against you alleging a criminal offence that was committed?							
	Yes		No						
	If "Yes",	complete	e Schedu	lle K, Item 14.1.					
2.				d guilty, pleaded no contest to, or been granted an absolute or conditional discharge from any committed?					
	Yes		No						
	If "Yes",	complete	e Schedu	lle K, Item 14.2.					
3.				edge, are there any outstanding or stayed charges against any firm of which you were, at the was alleged to have taken place, a partner, director, officer or major shareholder?					
	Yes		No						
	If "Yes",	complete	e Schedu	ele K, Item 14.3.					
4.		uilty, plea		edge, has any firm, when you were a partner, officer, director or major shareholder, ever been contest to or been granted an absolute or conditional discharge from a criminal offence that					
	Yes		No						
	If "Yes",	complete	e Schedu	lle K, Item 14.4.					
Item 15	Civil dis	closure							
The que	stions be	low relate	e to any j	urisdiction of Canada and any foreign jurisdiction.					
1.				utstanding civil actions alleging fraud, theft, deceit, misrepresentation or similar misconduct e you are or were a partner, director, officer or major shareholder?					
	Yes		No						
	If "Yes",	complete	e Schedu	le L, Item 15.1.					
2.	Have you or a firm where you are or were a partner, director, officer or major shareholder ever been a defendant or respondent in any civil proceeding in which fraud, theft, deceit, misrepresentation or similar misconduct is, or was, successfully established in a judgment?								
	Yes		No						
	If "Yes",	complete	e Schedu	le L, Item 15.2.					
Item 16	Financia	al disclo	sure						
1.	Bankru	otcy							
	ne laws of		oplicable	jurisdiction, have you or has any firm when you were a partner, director, officer or major					
a)	Had a p	etition in l	bankrupt	cy issued or made a voluntary assignment in bankruptcy or any similar proceeding?					
	Yes		No						

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	If "Yes", complete Schedule M, Item 16.1(a).							
b)	Made a	proposal	under an	y legislation relating to bankruptcy or insolvency or any similar proceeding?				
	Yes		No					
	If "Yes",	complete	e Schedu	le M, Item 16.1(b).				
c)				ngs under any legislation relating to the winding up or dissolution of the firm, or under the angement Act (Canada)?				
	Yes		No					
	If "Yes",	complete	e Schedu	le M, Item 16.1(c).				
d)	receiver	, receivei	r-manage	ed any proceedings, arrangement or compromise with creditors? This includes having a cr, administrator or trustee appointed by or at the request of creditors, privately, through court egulatory authority, to hold your assets.				
	Yes		No					
	If "Yes",	complete	e Schedu	le M, Item 16.1(d).				
2.	Debt ob	ligations	5					
knowled	ge, has a	any firm,	while you	Failed to meet a financial obligation of \$10,000 or more as it came due or, to the best of your were a partner, director, officer or major shareholder of that firm, failed to meet any financial came due?				
Yes		No						
If "Yes",	complete	Schedu	le M, Iten	n 16.2.				
3.	Surety I	ond or f	fidelity b	ond				
Have yo	u ever be	en refus	ed for a s	surety or fidelity bond?				
Yes		No						
If "Yes",	complete	Schedu	le M, Iten	n 16.3.				
4. Garnishments, unsatisfied judgments or directions to pay								
indebted	Has any federal, provincial, territorial, state authority or court ever issued any of the following against you regarding your indebtedness or, to the best of your knowledge, the indebtedness of a firm where you are or were a partner, director, officer or major shareholder:							
			Yes	No				
Garnishi	ment							
Unsatisf	ied judgn	nent						
Direction to pay								
If "Yes",	complete	Schedu	le M, Iten	n 16.4.				
Item 17	Owners	hip of se	curities	and derivatives firms				
	Are you now, or have you ever been, a partner or major shareholder of any firm (including your sponsoring firm) whose business is trading in or advising on securities or derivatives or both?							
Yes		No						

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If "Yes", complete Schedule N.

Item 18 Agent for service

By submitting this form, you certify that in each jurisdiction of Canada where you have appointed an agent for service, you have completed the appointment of agent for service required in that jurisdiction.

Item 19 Submission to jurisdiction

By submitting this form, you agree to be subject to the securities legislation or derivatives legislation or both of each jurisdiction of Canada, and to the by-laws, regulations, rules, rulings and policies (collectively referred to as "rules" in this form) of the SROs to which you have submitted this form. This includes the jurisdiction of any tribunals or any proceedings that relate to your activities as a registrant or a partner, director or officer of a registrant under that securities legislation or derivatives legislation or both or as an Approved Person under SRO rules.

Item 20 Notice of collection and use of personal information

The personal information required under this form is collected on behalf of, and used by, the securities regulatory authorities in the jurisdictions set out in Schedule O to administer and enforce certain provisions of their securities legislation or derivatives legislation or both.

By submitting this form, the individual consents to the collection by the securities regulatory authorities of this personal information, and any police records, records from other government or non-governmental regulators or SROs, credit records and employment records about the individual that the securities regulatory authorities may need to complete their review of the information submitted in this form relating to the individual's continued fitness for registration or approval, if applicable, in accordance with the legal authority of the securities regulatory authorities while the individual is registered with or approved by it. Securities regulatory authorities may contact government and private bodies or agencies, individuals, corporations and other organizations for information about the individual.

If you have any questions about the collection and use of this information, contact the securities regulatory authority in any jurisdiction in which the required information is submitted. See Schedule O for details. In Québec, you can also contact the Commission d'accès à l'information at 1-888-528-7741 or visit its website at www.cai.gouv.qc.ca.

SROs

The principal purpose for the collection of personal information is to assess your suitability for registration or approval and to assess your continued fitness for registration or approval in accordance with the applicable securities legislation and the rules of the SROs.

By submitting this form, you authorize the SROs to which this form is submitted to collect any information from any source whatsoever. This includes, but is not limited to, personal confidential information about you that is otherwise protected by law such as police, credit, employment, education and proficiency course completion records, and records from other government or non-governmental regulatory authorities, securities commissions, stock exchanges, or other SROs, private bodies, agencies, individuals or corporations, as may be necessary for the SROs to complete their review of your form or continued fitness for registration or approval in accordance with their rules for the duration of the period you remain so registered or approved. You further consent to and authorize the transfer of confidential information between SROs, securities commissions or stock exchanges from whom you now, or may in the future, seek registration or approval, or with which you are currently registered or approved for the purpose of determining fitness or continued fitness for registration or approval or in connection with the performance of an investigation or other exercise of regulatory authority, whether or not you are registered with or approved by them.

By submitting this form, you certify that you understand the rules of the applicable SROs of which you are seeking registration or approval or of which your sponsoring firm is a member or participating organization. You also undertake to become conversant with the rules of any SROs of which you or your sponsoring firm becomes a member or participating organization. You agree to be bound by, observe and comply with these rules as they are from time to time amended or supplemented, and you agree to keep yourself fully informed about them as they are amended and supplemented. You submit to the jurisdiction of the SROs from whom you are seeking registration or approval, or of which your sponsoring firm is now or in the future becomes a member or participating organization and, wherever applicable, their Governors, Directors and Committees. You agree that any registration or approval granted pursuant to this form may be revoked, terminated or suspended at any time in accordance with the then applicable rules of the respective SROs. In the event of any such revocation or termination, you must terminate all activities which require registration or approval and, thereafter, not perform services that require registration or approval for any member of the SROs or any approved affiliated company or other affiliate of such member without obtaining the approval of or registration with the SROs, in accordance with their rules.

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By submitting this form, you undertake to notify the SROs from whom you are seeking registration or approval or with which you are currently or may in the future be registered or approved of any material change to the information herein provided in accordance with their respective rules. You agree to the transfer of this form, without amendment, to other SROs in the event that at some time in the future you seek registration or approval from such other SROs.

You certify that you have discussed the questions in this form, together with this Agreement, with an Officer, Supervisor or Branch Manager of your sponsoring member firm and, to your knowledge and belief, the authorized Officer, Supervisor or Branch Manager was satisfied that you fully understood the questions and the terms of this Agreement. You further certify that your business activities that are subject to securities rules and derivatives rules or both will be limited strictly to those permitted by the category of your registration or approval.

Item 21 Warning

It is an offence under securities legislation and derivatives legislation, including commodity futures legislation, to give false or misleading information on this form.

Item 22 Certification

1. Certification - NRD format

I confirm I have discussed the questions in this form with an officer, branch manager or supervisor of my sponsoring firm. To the best of my knowledge, the officer, branch manager or supervisor was satisfied that I fully understood the questions. I will limit my activities to those permitted by my category of registration. If the business location specified in this form is a residence, I hereby give my consent for the regulator or, in Québec, the securities regulatory authority to enter that residence for the administration of securities legislation and derivatives legislation, including commodity futures legislation.

I am making this submission as agent for the individual identified in this form. By checking this box, I certify that the individual provided me with all of the information on this form and the certification above.

2. Certification - Format other than NRD format

Individual

By signing below, I certify to the regulator, or in Québec the securities regulatory authority, in each jurisdiction where I am filing or submitting this form, either directly or through the principal regulator, that:

- I have read this form and understand the questions,
- all of the information provided on this form is true, and complete, and
- if the business location specified in this form is a residence, I hereby give my consent for the regulator or, in Québec, the securities regulatory authority to enter that residence for the administration of securities legislation and derivatives legislation, including commodity futures legislation.

Signature of individual	Date	

Authorized partner or officer of the firm

By signing below, I certify to the regulator, or $_{\bar{1}}$ in Québec $_{\underline{1}}$ the securities regulatory authority, in each jurisdiction where I am submitting this form, either directly or through the principal regulator, for the individual that:

- 1. the individual identified in this form will be engaged by the sponsoring firm as a registered individual or a permitted individual, and
- 2. I have, or a branch manager, or supervisor, or another officer or partner has, discussed the questions set out in this form with the individual and, to the best of my knowledge, the individual fully understands the questions.

Name of firm		
Name of autho	orized signing officer or partner	

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Title of authorized signing officer or partner	
Signature of authorized signing officer or partner _	
Date signed	
(YYYY/MM/DD)	

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Schedule A Names (Item 1)

item 1.2 Otner p	ersonai names			
Name 1:				
Last name	First name	Second name (N/A)	Third name (N/A)	<u>—</u>
			vorce, court order, commonly used	name or nickname).
Trovide the reasons i	or the doc or the ha	me (for example, mamage, ar	vorce, dealt craci, commonly acce	name of mountaine).
When did you use this	s name?	From:	То:	_
		(YYYY/MM)	(YYYY/MM)	
Name 2:				
				<u> </u>
Last name	First name	Second name (N/A □)	Third name (N/A □)	
Provide the reasons f	or the use of this na	me (for example, marriage, di	vorce, court order, commonly used	name or nickname):
		_		_
When did you use this	s name?	From:	To:	
		(YYYY/MM)	(YYYY/MM)	
Name 3:				
Last name	First name	Second name (N/A)	Third name (N/A □)	
		·	vorce, court order, commonly used	name or nickname).
Trovide the reasons i	or the use of this ha	me (for example, mamage, di	voice, court order, commonly asec	name of modulatio).
When did you use this	s name?	From:	То:	
		(YYYY/MM)	(YYYY/MM)	
Item 1.3 Use of	other names			
Name 1:				
Name:				
Provide the reasons f	or the use of this oth	ner name (for example, trade i	name or team name):	
If this other name is o	or was used in conne	ection with any sponsoring firn	n, did the sponsoring firm approve	the use of the name?
Yes No	□ N/A □			
When did you use this	s name?	From:	To:	
		(YYYY/MM)	(YYYY/MM)	

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Name 2:		
Name:		
Provide the reasons for the use of this other name	(for example, trade na	me or team name):
If this other name is or was used in connection with	any sponsoring firm,	did the sponsoring firm approve the use of the name?
Yes ☐ No ☐ N/A ☐		
When did you use this name?	From:	To:
	(YYYY/MM)	(YYYY/MM)
Name 3:		
Name:		_
Provide the reasons for the use of this other name	(for example, trade na	me or team name):
If this other name is or was used in connection with	any sponsoring firm,	did the sponsoring firm approve the use of the name?
Yes ☐ No ☐ N/A ☐		
When did you use this name?	From:	To:
	(YYYY/MM)	(YYYY/MM)

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Schedule B Residential address (Item 2)

Item 2.1 Current and previous residential addresses

If you have lived at your current address for less than 10 years, list all previous addresses for the past 10 years.

You do not have to include a postal code or ZIP code, or a telephone number for any previous address.

Address 1:			
Residential address:			
(number, street, cit	y, province, territory or st	tate, country)	
When did you live at this address?	From:	То:	
	(YYYY/MM)	(YYYY/MM)	
Address 2:			
Residential address:			
(number, s	street, city, province, terr	itory or state, country)	
When did you live at this address?	From:	То:	
	(YYYY/MM)	(YYYY/MM)	
Address 3:			
Residential address:(number, street, city, province	e, territory or state, cour	ntry)	
When did you live at this address?	From:	То:	
	(YYYY/MM)	(YYYY/MM)	

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Schedule C Individual Categories (Item 6)

Check each category for which you are seeking registration, approval or review as a permitted individual.

Categories common to all jurisdictions under securities legislation
Firm categories [Format other than NRD format only]
[] Investment Dealer
[] Mutual Fund Dealer
[] Scholarship Plan Dealer
[] Exempt Market Dealer
[] Restricted Dealer
[] Portfolio Manager
[] Restricted Portfolio Manager
[] Investment Fund Manager
Individual categories and permitted activities
[] Dealing Representative
[] Advising Representative
[] Associate Advising Representative
[] Ultimate Designated Person
[] Chief Compliance Officer
[] Permitted Individual as described in paragraph (c) of the definition of "permitted individual" in section 1.1 of National Instrument 33-109 Registration Information
[] Officer – Specify title:
[] Director
[] Partner
[] Shareholder
[] Branch Manager (MFDA members only)
[] IIROC approval only
IIROC
Approval categories
[] Executive
[] Director (Industry)
[] Director (Non-Industry)
[] Supervisor
[] Investor
[] Registered Representative
[] Investment Representative
[] Trader
Additional approval categories
[] Chief Compliance Officer

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[] Chief Financial Officer
[] Ultimate Designated Person
Products
[] Non-Trading
[] Securities
[] Options
[] Futures Contracts and Futures Contract Options
[] Mutual Funds only
Customer type
[] Retail
[] Institutional
[] Not Applicable
Portfolio management
[] Portfolio Management
Categories under local commodity futures and derivatives legislation
<u>Ontario</u>
Firm categories
[] Commodity Trading Adviser
[] Commodity Trading Counsel
[] Commodity Trading Manager
[] Futures Commission Merchant
Individual categories and permitted activities
[] Advising Representative
[] Salesperson
[] Branch Manager
[] Branch Manager
[] Branch Manager [] Officer – Specify title:
[] Branch Manager [] Officer – Specify title: [] Director
[] Branch Manager [] Officer – Specify title: [] Director [] Partner
[] Branch Manager [] Officer – Specify title: [] Director [] Partner [] Shareholder
[] Branch Manager [] Officer – Specify title: [] Director [] Partner [] Shareholder [] IIROC approval only
[] Branch Manager [] Officer – Specify title: [] Director [] Partner [] Shareholder [] IIROC approval only Manitoba
[] Branch Manager [] Officer – Specify title: [] Director [] Partner [] Shareholder [] IIROC approval only Manitoba Firm categories
[] Branch Manager [] Officer – Specify title: [] Director [] Partner [] Shareholder [] IIROC approval only Manitoba Firm categories [] Dealer (Merchant)

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[] Local
Individual categories and permitted activities
[] Floor Broker
[] Salesperson
[] Branch Manager
[] Adviser
[] Officer – Specify title:
[] Director
[] Partner
[] Futures Contracts Portfolio Manager
[] Associate Futures Contracts Portfolio Manager
[] IIROC approval only
[] Local
Québec
Firm categories
[] Derivatives Dealer
[] Derivatives Portfolio Manager
Individual categories and permitted activities
[] Derivatives Dealing Representative
[] Derivatives Advising Representative
[] Derivatives Associate Advising Representative

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Schedule D Address and agent for service (Item 7)

Item 7.1 Address for service

You must have one address for service in each province or territory in which you are now, or are seeking to become, a registered individual or permitted individual. A post office box is not an acceptable address for service.
Address for service: (number, street, city, province or territory, postal code)
Telephone number: ()
Fax number: ()
Business e-mail address:
Item 7.2 Agent for service
If you have appointed an agent for service, provide the following information about the agent. The address for service provided above must be the address of the agent named below.
Name of agent for service:(if applicable)
Contact person:
Last name, First name

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Schedule E Proficiency (Item 8)

Item 8.1 Course, examination or designation information and other education

Course, examination, designation or other education	Date completed (YYYY/MM/DD)	Date exempted (YYYY/MM/DD)	Regulator / securities regulatory authority granting the exemption	
If you have listed the CFA Charter in Item 8.1, please Institute permitted to use this charter.	indicate by checking "Y	es" below if you are	a current member of the CFA	
Yes No				
If "No", please explain why you no longer hold this des	signation			
If you have listed the Canadian Investment Manager Designation in Item 8.1, please indicate by checking "Yes" below if you are currently permitted to use this designation.				
Yes No				
If "No", please explain why you no longer hold this des	signation:			
				

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Schedule F Proficiency (Items 8.3 and 8.4)

Item 8.3 Exemption refusal

Complete the following for each exemption that was refused.	
1. Which securities regulator, derivatives regulator or SRO refused to grant the exemption?	
State the name of the course, examination, designation or experience requirement:	
State the reason given for not being granted the exemption:	
Date exemption refused:(YYYY/MM/DD)	
2. Which securities regulator, derivatives regulator or SRO refused to grant the exemption?	
State the name of the course, examination, designation or experience requirement:	
State the reason given for not being granted the exemption:	
Date exemption refused:(YYYY/MM/DD) 3. Which securities regulator, derivatives regulator or SRO refused to grant the exemption?	
State the name of the course, examination, designation or experience requirement:	
State the reason given for not being granted the exemption:	
Date exemption refused:(YYYY/MM/DD)	
Item 8.4 Relevant securities industry experience	
Describe your responsibilities in areas relating to the category you are applying for, including the title(s) you as start and end dates:	ı have held, as well

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What is the percentage of your time devoted to these activities?	
%	
Indicate the continuing education activities in which you have participated during the last 36 months and that are relevant to category of registration you are applying for:	the

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Schedule G Current employment, other business activities, officer positions held and directorships (Item 10)

Complete a separate Schedule G for each of your current business and employment activities, including employment and business activities with your sponsoring firm and any employment and business activities outside your sponsoring firm. Also include all officer or director positions and any other equivalent positions held, as well as positions of influence. The information must be provided

whether or not you receive compensation for such services, and
whether or not any such position is business related.
1. Start date(YYYY/MM/DD)
2. Firm information
☐ Check here if this activity is employment with your sponsoring firm.
If the activity is with your sponsoring firm, you are not required to indicate the firm name and address information below:
Name of business or employer:
Address of business or employer: (number, street, city, province, territory or state, country)
Name and title of your immediate supervisor:
3. Description of duties
Describe all employment and business activities related to this employer. Include the nature of the business and your duties, title or relationship with the business. If you are seeking registration that requires specific experience, include details such as level of responsibility, value of accounts under direct supervision, number of years of experience, and percentage of time spent on each activity.
4. Number of work hours per week
How many hours per week do you devote to this business or employment?
If this activity is employment with your sponsoring firm and you work less than 30 hours per week, explain why.
5. Conflicts of interest
If you have more than one employer or are engaged in business related activities:
A. Disclose any potential for confusion by clients and any potential for conflicts of interest arising from your multiple employment or business related activities or proposed business related activities.
B. Indicate whether or not any of your employers or organizations where you engage in business related activities are listed on an exchange.

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C. Confirm whether the firm has procedures for minimizing potential conflicts of interest and if so, confirm that you are aware these procedures.	
D. State the name of the person at your sponsoring firm who has reviewed and approved your multiple employment or busines related activities or proposed business related activities.	ess
E. If you do not perceive any conflicts of interest arising from this employment, explain why.	

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Schedule H Previous employment and other activities (Item 11)

Provide the following information for each of your employment and other activities in the past 10 years. Account for all of your time, including full-time and part-time employment, self-employment or military service. Include your status for each, such as unemployed, full-time student, or other similar statuses. Do not include short-term employment of four months or less while a student, unless it was in the securities, derivatives or financial industry.

In addition to the information required in the paragraph above, if you were employed or had business activities in the securities

or derivatives industry or both during and before the 10-year period, disclose all your securities and derivatives or both employment or business activities (both before and during the 10-year period). ☐ Unemployed ☐ Full-time student ☐ Employed or self-employed From: (YYYY/MM) To: (YYYY/MM) Complete the following only if you are, or were, employed or self-employed during this period. Name of business or employer: Address of business or employer: (number, street, city, province, territory or state, country) Name and title of immediate supervisor, if applicable: Describe the firm's business, your position, duties and your relationship to the firm. If you are seeking registration in a category of registration that requires specific experience, include details of that experience. Examples include level of responsibility, value of accounts under direct supervision, number of years of that experience and research experience, and percentage of time spent on each activity. Reason why you left the firm:

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Schedule I Resignations and terminations (Item 12)

Item 12.1

For each allegation of violation of any statutes, regulations, rules or internal/external standards of conduct, state below (1) the name of the firm from which you resigned, were terminated or dismissed for cause, (2) whether you resigned, were terminated or dismissed for cause, (3) the date you resigned, were terminated or dismissed for cause, and (4) the circumstances relating to your resignation, termination or dismissal for cause.

Item 12.2

For each allegation of failure to supervise compliance with any statutes, regulations, rules or standards of conduct, state below, (1) the name of the firm from which you resigned, were terminated or dismissed for cause, (2) whether you resigned, were terminated or dismissed for cause, (3) the date you resigned, were terminated or dismissed for cause, and (4) the circumstances relating to your resignation, termination or dismissal for cause.

Item 12.3

For each allegation of fraud or the wrongful taking of property, including theft, state below (1) the name of the firm from which you resigned, were terminated or dismissed for cause, (2) whether you resigned, were terminated or dismissed for cause, (3) the date you resigned, were terminated or dismissed for cause, and (4) the circumstances relating to your resignation, termination or dismissal for cause.

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Schedule J Regulatory disclosure (Item 13)

Item 13.1 Securities and derivatives regulation

held the registration or licence.

a)	For each registration or licence, state below (1) the name of the firm, (2) the securities or derivatives regulator with which you are, or were, registered or licensed, (3) the type or category of registration or licence, and (4) the period that you held the registration or licence.
b)	For each registration or licence refused, state below (1) the name of the firm, (2) the securities or derivatives regulator that refused the registration or licence, (3) the type or category of registration or licence refused, (4) the date of the refusal, and (5) the reasons for the refusal.
c)	For each exemption from registration denied or licence refused, other than what was disclosed in Item 8.3 of this form, state below (1) the party that was refused the exemption from registration or licence, (2) the securities or derivatives regulator that refused the exemption from registration or licence, (3) the type or category or registration or licence refused, (4) the date of the refusal, and (5) the reasons for the refusal.
d)	For each order or disciplinary proceeding, state below (1) the name of the firm, (2) the securities or derivatives regulator that issued the order or is conducting or conducted the proceeding, (3) the date any notice of proceeding was issued, (4) the date any order or settlement was made, (5) a summary of any notice, order or settlement (including any sanctions imposed), (6) whether you are or were a partner, director, officer or major shareholder of the firm and named individually in the order or disciplinary proceeding, and (7) any other relevant details.
ltem '	13.2 SRO regulation
a)	For each approval, state below (1) the name of the firm, (2) the SRO with which you are or were an approved person, (3) the categories of approval, and (4) the period that you held the approval.
b)	For each approval refused, state below (1) the name of the firm, (2) the SRO that refused the approval, (3) the category of approval refused, (4) the date of the refusal, and (5) the reasons for the refusal.
c)	For each order or disciplinary proceeding, state below (1) the name of the firm, (2) the SRO that issued the order or that is, or was, conducting the proceeding, (3) the date any notice of proceeding was issued, (4) the date any order or settlement was made, (5) a summary of any notice, order or settlement (including any sanctions imposed), (6) whether you are or were a partner, director, officer or major shareholder of the firm and named individually in the order or disciplinary proceeding, and (7) any other information that you think is relevant or that the regulator or, in Québec, the securities regulatory authority may request.
ltem '	13.3 Non-securities regulation
a)	For each registration or licence, state below (1) the party who is, or was, registered or licensed (if insurance licensed, also indicate the name of the insurance agency), (2) with which regulatory authority, or under what legislation, the party is, or was, registered or licensed, (3) the type or category of registration or licence, and (4) the period that the party

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- b) For each registration or licence refused, state below (1) the party that was refused registration or licensing (if insurance licensed, also indicate the name of the insurance agency), (2) with which regulatory authority, or under what legislation, the registration or licence was refused, (3) the type or category of registration or licence refused, (4) the date of the refusal, and (5) the reasons for the refusal.
- c) For each order or disciplinary proceeding, indicate below (1) the party against whom the order was made or the proceeding taken (if insurance licensed, indicate the name of the insurance agency), (2) the regulatory authority that made the order or that is, or was, conducting the proceeding, or under what legislation the order was made or the proceeding is being, or was conducted, (3) the date any notice of proceeding was issued, (4) the date any order or settlement was made, (5) a summary of any notice, order or settlement (including any sanctions imposed), (6) whether you are or were a partner, director, officer or major shareholder of the firm and named individually in the order or disciplinary proceeding and (7) any other information that you think is relevant or that the regulatory authority may request.

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Schedule K Criminal disclosure (Item 14)

Item 14.1

For each charge, state below (1) the type of charge, (2) the date of the charge, (3) any trial or appeal dates, and (4) the court location.

Item 14.2

For each finding of guilty, pleading no contest to, or granting of an absolute or conditional discharge from a criminal offence, state below (1) the offence, (2) the date found guilty, and (3) the disposition (any penalty or fine and the date any fine was paid).

Item 14.3

For each charge, state below (1) the name of the firm, (2) the type of charge, (3) the date of the charge, (4) any trial or appeal dates, and (5) the court location.

Item 14.4

For each finding of guilty, pleading no contest to, or granting of an absolute or conditional discharge from a criminal offence, state below (1) the name of the firm, (2) the offence, (3) the date of the conviction, and (4) the disposition (any penalty or fine and the date any fine was paid).

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Schedule L Civil disclosure (Item 15)

Item 15.1

For each outstanding civil proceeding, state below (1) the dates the statement of claim and statement of defence were issued, (2) the name of the plaintiff(s) in the proceeding, (3) whether the proceeding is pending or on appeal, (4) whether the proceeding was against a firm where you are, or were, a partner, director, officer or major shareholder and whether you have been named individually in the allegations, and (5) the jurisdiction where the action is being pursued.

Item 15.2

For each civil proceeding, state below (1) the dates the statement of claim and statement of defence were issued, (2) each plaintiff in the proceeding, (3) the jurisdiction where the action was pursued, (4) whether the proceeding was about a firm where you are, or were, a partner, director, officer or major shareholder and whether you have been named individually in the allegations and (5) a summary of any disposition or any settlement over \$10,000. You must disclose any actions settled without admission of liability.

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Schedule M Financial Disclosure (Item 16)

Item 16.1 Bankruptcy

(a)	For each event, state below (1) the date of the petition or voluntary assignment, (2) the person or firm about whom this disclosure is being made, (3) any amounts currently owing, (4) the creditors, (5) the status of the matter, (6) a summary of any disposition or settlement, (7) date of discharge or release, if applicable, and (8) any other information that you think is relevant or that the regulator or, in Québec, the securities regulatory authority may request.
(b)	For each event, state below (1) the date of the proposal, (2) the person or firm about whom this disclosure is being made, (3) any amounts currently owing, (4) the creditors, (5) the status of the matter, (6) a summary of any disposition or settlement, and (7) any other information that you think is relevant or that the regulator or, in Québec, the securities regulatory authority may request.
(c)	For each event, state below (1) the date of the proceeding, (2) the person or firm about whom this disclosure is being made, (3) any amounts currently owing, (4) the creditors, (5) the status of the matter, (6) a summary of any disposition or settlement, and (7) any other information that you think is relevant or that the regulator or, in Québec, the securities regulatory authority may request.
(d)	For each proceeding, arrangement or compromise with creditors, state below (1) the date of proceeding, (2) the persor or firm about whom this disclosure is being made, (3) any amounts currently owing, (4) the creditors, (5) the status of the matter, (6) a summary of any disposition or settlement, and (7) any other information that you think is relevant of that the regulator or, in Québec, the securities regulatory authority may request.

Item 16.2 Debt obligation

For each event, state below (1) the person or firm that failed to meet its financial obligation, (2) the amount that was owing at the time the person or firm failed to meet its financial obligation, (3) the person or firm to whom the amount is, or was, owing, (4) any relevant dates (for example, when payments are due or when final payment was made), (5) any amounts currently owing, and (6) any other information that you think is relevant or that the regulator or, in Québec, the securities regulatory authority may request, including why the obligation has not been met/satisfied.

Item 16.3 Surety bond or fidelity bond

For each bond refused, state below (1) the name of the bonding company, (2) the address of the bonding company, (3) the date of the refusal, and (4) the reasons for the refusal.

Item 16.4 Garnishments, unsatisfied judgments or directions to pay

For each garnishment, unsatisfied judgment or direction to pay regarding your indebtedness, indicate below (1) the amount that was owing at the time the garnishment, judgment or direction to pay was rendered, (2) the person or firm to whom the amount is, or was, owing, (3) any relevant dates (for example, when payments are due or when final payment was made), (4) the percentage of earnings to be garnished or the amount to be paid, (5) any amounts currently owing, and (6) any other information that you think is relevant or that the regulator or, in Québec, the securities regulatory authority may request.

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Schedule N Ownership of securities and derivatives firms (Item 17)

Name o	of firm (whose busir	ness is trading in	or advising on se	ecurities or derivatives, or both):	
What is	your relationship to	o the firm?	Partner	Major shareholder ☐	
What is	the period of this r	elationship?			
	From:	To:		(if applicable)	
	(YYYY/MM)	(YYYY	′/MM)		
Provide	the following infor	mation:			
a)	to acquire when	ou are registere	ed or approved as	securities, or the amount of partnership inters a result of the review of this form. If acquiring ample, treasury shares, or if upon transfer, st	ng shares when you are
b)			nate, if necessary an to be made by	y) of any subordinated debentures or bonds you to the firm:	of the firm to be held by
c)			vided you with fur u and that person	nds to invest in the firm, provide the name on or firm:	f the person or firm and
d)	Are the funds to b	pe invested (or p	roposed to be inv	vested) guaranteed directly or indirectly by an	y person or firm?
	Yes	No 🗆			
	If "Yes", provide t	he name of the բ	person or firm and	d state the relationship between you and that	person or firm:
e)	when you are re	gistered or app	roved as a resul	s relating to these securities or this partners It of the review of this form, intend to give g as collateral the securities or partnership	up any of these rights
	Yes	No 🗆			
			person or firm, stander or will be given o	ate the relationship between you and that per up:	son or firm and
f)	Is a person other you?	than you the b	eneficial owner o	of the shares, bonds, debentures, partnershi	o units or notes held by
	Yes 🗌	No 🗆			
	If "Yes", complete	e (g), (h) and (i).			

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Last name	First name	Second name (N/A □)	Third nam (N/A □)
Residential address	s:		
(number, street, cit	y, province, territory or state	e, country, postal code)	
(number, street, cit	y, province, territory or state	e, country, postal code)	

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Schedule O **Contact information for** Notice of collection and use of personal information

Alberta

Alberta Securities Commission Suite 600, 250-5th St. SW Calgary, AB T2P 0R4 Attention: Information Officer Telephone: (403) 297-6454

British Columbia

British Columbia Securities Commission P.O. Box 10142, Pacific Centre 701 West Georgia Street Vancouver, BC V7Y 1L2

Attention: Freedom of Information Officer

Telephone: (604) 899-6500 or (800) 373-6393 (in Canada)

Manitoba

The Manitoba Securities Commission 500 - 400 St. Mary Avenue Winnipeg, MB R3C 4K5 Attention: Director of Registrations Telephone: (204) 945-2548 Fax: (204) 945-0330

New Brunswick

Financial and Consumer Services Commission of New Brunswick / Commission des services financiers et des services aux consommateurs du Nouveau-Brunswick Suite 300, 85 Charlotte Street Saint John, NB E2L 2J2

Attention: Director of Se rities Registration

Telephone: (506) 658-3060

Newfoundland and Labrador

Superintendent of Securities, Service NL Government of Newfoundland and Labrador P.O. Box 8700 2nd Floor, West Block Confederation Building St. John's, NL A1B 4J6 Attention: Manager of Registrations Telephone: (709) 729-5661

Nova Scotia

Nova Scotia Securities Commission Suite 400, 5251 Duke Street Halifax, NS B3J 1P3 Attention: Deputy Director, Capital Markets

Telephone: (902) 424-7768

Northwest Territories

Government of the Northwest Territories Department of Justice 1st Floor Stuart M. Hodgson Building 5009 - 49th Street Yellowknife, NWT X1A 2L9

Attention: Deputy Superintendent of Securities

Telephone: (867) 920-8984

Nunavut

Government of Nunavut Department of Justice P.O. Box 1000 Station 570 Iqaluit, NU X0A 0H0

Attention: Deputy Registrar Superintendent of Securities

Telephone: (867) 975-6590

Ontario

Ontario Securities Commission 22nd Floor 20 Queen Street West Toronto, ON M5H 3S8 Attention: Compliance and Registrant Regulation

Telephone: (416) 593-8314 e-mail: registration@osc.gov.on.ca

Prince Edward Island

Securities Office Department of Community Affairs and Attorney General P.O. Box 2000 Charlottetown, PE C1A 7N8 Attention: Deputy Registrar Superintendent of Securities

Telephone: (902) 368-6288

Québec

Autorité des marchés financiers 800, square Victoria, 22e étage C.P. 246, tour de la Bourse Montréal (Québec) H4Z 1G3

Attention: Responsable de l'accès à l'information Telephone: (514) 395-0337 or (877) 525-0337

Saskatchewan

Financial and Consumer Affairs Authority of Saskatchewan Suite 601, 1919 Saskatchewan Drive

Regina, SK S4P 4H2

Attention: Deputy Director, Capital Markets

Telephone: (306) 787-5871

Yukon

Government of Yukon Superintendent of Securities Department of Community Services P.O. Box 2703 C-6 Whitehorse, YT Y1A 2C6 Attention: Superintendent of Securities

Telephone: (867) 667-5314

Self-regulatory organization

Investment Industry Regulatory Organization of Canada 121 King Street West, Suite 2000 Toronto, Ontario M5H 3T9 Attention: Privacy Officer Telephone: (416) 364-6133

E-mail: PrivacyOfficer@iiroc.ca

FORM 33-109F5 CHANGE OF REGISTRATION INFORMATION (sections 3.1 and 4.1)

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

Complete and submit this form to notify the relevant regulator(s) or, in Québec, the securities regulatory authority, or self-regulatory organization (SRO) of changes to information in the following forms:

- Form 33-109F6, except for the changes set out in section 3.1 of National Instrument 33-109, or
- Form 33-109F4.

How to submit this form

To report changes to information in a Form 33-109F4, submit this form at the National Registration Database website in NRD format at www.nrd.ca.

Submit this form in a format other than NRD format to report changes to information in a:

- a) Form 33-109F6, or
- b) Form 33-109F4, if the individual is relying on the temporary hardship exemption in section 5.1 of National Instrument 31-102 *National Registration Database*.

Name of firm							
Registration categories							
NRD number (firm)							
Item 1 Type of form							
Check the form that is being updated:							
☐ Form 33-109F6							
If submitting changes to Form 33-109F6, please attach a blackline of the amended sections of the form.							
☐ Form 33-109F4 Name of individual							
Item 2 Details of change							
Provide the item number and details for each change to the form selected above:							
Item number Details							
Effective date of change (YYYY/MM/DD)							

Item 3 Notice of collection and use of personal information

The personal information required under this form is collected on behalf of, and used by, the securities regulatory authorities in the jurisdictions set out in Schedule A to administer and enforce certain provisions of their securities legislation or derivatives legislation or both.

The personal information required under this form is also collected by and used by the SRO set out in Schedule A to administer and enforce its by-laws, regulations, rules, rulings and policies.

By submitting this form, the individual consents to the collection by the securities regulatory authorities or applicable SRO of this personal information, and any police records, records from other government or non-governmental regulators or SROs, credit records and employment records about the individual that the securities regulatory authorities or applicable SRO may need to complete their review of the information submitted in this form relating to the individual's continued fitness for registration or approval, if applicable, in accordance with the legal authority of the securities regulatory authorities while the individual is

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registered with or approved by it. Securities regulatory authorities or SROs may contact government and private bodies or agencies, individuals, corporations and other organizations for information about the individual.

If you have any questions about the collection and use of this information, contact the securities regulatory authorities or applicable SRO in any jurisdiction in which the required information is submitted. See Schedule A for details. In Québec, you can also contact the Commission d'accès à l'information at 1-888-528-7741 or visit its website at www.cai.gouv.qc.ca.

Item 4 Warning

It is an offence under securities legislation and derivatives legislation, including commodity futures legislation, to give false or misleading information on this form.

Item 5 Certification

 Use the following certification when submitting this form in NRD format when making changes to Form 33-109F4

I confirm I have discussed the questions in this form with an officer, branch manager or supervisor of my sponsoring firm. To the best of my knowledge and belief, the officer, branch manager or supervisor was satisfied that I fully understood the questions. I will limit my activities to those permitted by my category of registration.

- I am making this submission as agent for the individual identified in this form. By checking this box, I certify that the individual provided me with all of the information on this form.
- 2. Use the following certification when submitting this form in a format other than NRD format when making changes to Form 33-109F6

By signing below I certify to each regulator or, in Québec, the securities regulatory authority, in each jurisdiction where I am submitting this form, either directly or through the principal regulator, that:

- I have read this form and understand the questions, and
- all of the information provided on this form is true, and complete.

Name of authorized signing officer or partner	
Title of authorized signing officer or partner	
Signature of authorized signing officer or partner	
Date signed	
(YYYY/MM/DD)	

 Use the following certification when submitting this form in a format other than NRD format under the temporary hardship exemption in section 5.1 of NI 31-102 National Registration Database when making changes to Form 33-109F4

By signing below, I certify to the regulator or, in Québec, the securities regulatory authority, in each jurisdiction where I am submitting this form, either directly or through the principal regulator, that:

- I have read this form and understand the questions; and
- all of the information provided on this form is true and complete.

Signature of in	ndividual		
Date signed			
	(YYYY/MM/DD)		

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Schedule A **Contact information for** Notice of collection and use of personal information

Alberta

Alberta Securities Commission Suite 600, 250-5th St. SW Calgary, AB T2P 0R4 Attention: Information Officer Telephone: (403) 297-6454

British Columbia

British Columbia Securities Commission P.O. Box 10142, Pacific Centre 701 West Georgia Street Vancouver, BC V7Y 1L2

Attention: Freedom of Information Officer

Telephone: (604) 899-6500 or (800) 373-6393 (in Canada)

Manitoba

The Manitoba Securities Commission 500 - 400 St. Mary Avenue Winnipeg, MB R3C 4K5 Attention: Director of Registrations Telephone: (204) 945-2548 Fax: (204) 945-0330

New Brunswick

Financial and Consumer Services Commission of New Brunswick / Commission des services financiers et des services aux consommateurs du Nouveau-Brunswick Suite 300, 85 Charlotte Street

Saint John, NB E2L 2J2

Attention: Director of Securities Registration

Telephone: (506) 658-3060

Newfoundland and Labrador

Superintendent of Securities, Service NL Government of Newfoundland and Labrador P.O. Box 8700 2nd Floor, West Block Confederation Building St. John's, NL A1B 4J6 Attention: Manager of Registrations Telephone: (709) 729-5661

Nova Scotia

Nova Scotia Securities Commission Suite 400, 5251 Duke Street Halifax, NS B3J 1P3

Attention: Deputy Director, Capital Markets

Telephone: (902) 424-7768

Northwest Territories

Government of the Northwest Territories Department of Justice 1st Floor Stuart M. Hodgson Building 5009 - 49th Street Yellowknife, NWT X1A 2L9

Attention: Deputy Superintendent of Securities

Telephone: (867) 920-8984

Nunavut

Government of Nunavut Department of Justice P.O. Box 1000 Station 570 Igaluit, NU X0A 0H0

Attention: Deputy Registrar Superintendent of Securities

Telephone: (867) 975-6590

Ontario

Ontario Securities Commission 22nd Floor 20 Queen Street West Toronto, ON M5H 3S8 Attention: Compliance and Registrant Regulation Telephone: (416) 593-8314

Prince Edward Island

e-mail: registration@osc.gov.on.ca

Securities Office Department of Community Affairs and Attorney General P.O. Box 2000 Charlottetown, PE C1A 7N8 Attention: Deputy Registrar Superintendent of Securities

Telephone: (902) 368-6288

Québec

Autorité des marchés financiers 800, square Victoria, 22e étage C.P. 246, tour de la Bourse Montréal (Québec) H4Z 1G3

Attention: Responsable de l'accès à l'information Telephone: (514) 395-0337 or (877) 525-0337

Saskatchewan

Financial and Consumer Affairs Authority of Saskatchewan Suite 601, 1919 Saskatchewan Drive Regina, SK S4P 4H2

Attention: Deputy Director, Capital Markets

Telephone: (306) 787-5871

Yukon

Government of Yukon Superintendent of Securities Department of Community Services P.O. Box 2703 C-6 Whitehorse, YT Y1A 2C6 Attention: Superintendent of Securities

Telephone: (867) 667-5314

Self-regulatory organization

Investment Industry Regulatory Organization of Canada 121 King Street West, Suite 2000 Toronto, Ontario M5H 3T9 Attention: Privacy Officer

Telephone: (416) 364-6133 E-mail: PrivacyOfficer@iiroc.ca

Form 33-109F6 Firm Registration

Who should complete this form?

This form is for firms seeking registration under securities legislation, derivatives legislation or both.

Complete and submit this form to seek initial registration as a dealer, adviser or investment fund manager, or to add one or more jurisdiction of Canada or categories to a firm's registration.

Definitions

In this form:

Chief compliance officer – see section 2.1 of NI 31-103.

Derivatives – financial instruments, such as futures contracts (including exchange traded contracts), futures options and swaps whose market price, value or payment obligations are derived from or based on one or more underlying interests. Derivatives can be in the form of instruments, agreements or securities.

Firm – the person or company seeking registration.

Foreign jurisdiction - see National Instrument 14-101 Definitions.

Form – Form 33-109F6 Firm Registration.

Jurisdiction or jurisdiction of Canada – see National Instrument 14-101 Definitions.

NI 31-103 – National Instrument 31-103 Registration Requirements, Exemptions and Ongoing Registrant Obligations.

NI 33-109 - National Instrument 33-109 Registration Information.

NI 52-107 – National Instrument 52-107 Acceptable Accounting Principles and Auditing Standards.

NRD – National Registration Database. For more information, visit www.nrd-info.ca.

Parent – a person or company that directly or indirectly has significant control of another person or company.

Permitted individual - see NI 33-109.

Predecessor – any entity listed in question 3.6 of this form.

Principal regulator - see NI 33-109.

Significant control – a person or company has significant control of another person or company if the person or company:

- directly or indirectly holds voting securities representing more than 20 per cent of the outstanding voting rights attached to all outstanding voting securities of the other person or company, or
- directly or indirectly is able to elect or appoint a majority of the directors (or individuals performing similar functions or occupying similar positions) of the other person or company.

Specified affiliate – a person or company that is a parent of the firm, a specified subsidiary of the firm, or a specified subsidiary of the firm's parent.

Specified subsidiary – a person or company of which another person or company has significant control.

SRO - see National Instrument 14-101 Definitions.

Ultimate designated person – see section 2.1 of NI 31-103.

You - the individual who completes, submits, files and/or signs the form on behalf of the firm.

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We and the regulator – the securities regulatory authority or regulator in the jurisdiction(s) of Canada where the firm is seeking registration.

Contents of the form

This form consists of the following:

Part 1 - Registration details

Part 2 - Contact information

Part 3 – Business history and structure

Part 4 - Registration history

Part 5 - Financial condition

Part 6 - Client relationships

Part 7 – Regulatory action

Part 8 - Legal action

Part 9 - Certification

Schedule A - Contact information for notice of collection and use of personal information

Schedule B – Submission to jurisdiction and appointment of agent for service

Schedule C - Form 31-103F1 Calculation of excess working capital

You are also required to submit the following supporting documents with your completed form:

- 1. Schedule B Submission to jurisdiction and appointment of agent for service for each jurisdiction where the firm is seeking registration (question 2.4)
- 2. Business plan, policies and procedures manual, and client agreements (except in Ontario) (question 3.3)
- 3. Constating documents (question 3.7)
- 4. Organization chart (question 3.11)
- 5. Ownership chart (question 3.12)
- 6. Calculation of excess working capital (question 5.1)
- 7. Directors' resolution approving insurance (question 5.7)
- 8. Audited financial statements (question 5.13)
- 9. Letter of direction to auditors (question 5.14)

How to complete and submit the form

All dollar values are in Canadian dollars. If a question does not apply to the firm, write "n/a" in the space for the answer.

If the firm is seeking registration in more than one jurisdiction of Canada or category, other than in the category of restricted dealer, you only need to complete and submit one form. If the firm is seeking registration as a restricted dealer, submit and file the form with each jurisdiction of Canada where the firm is seeking that registration.

You can complete this form:

- on paper and deliver it to the principal regulator or relevant SRO
- on paper, scan it and e-mail it to the principal regulator or SRO

If the firm is seeking registration in Ontario, and Ontario is not the firm's principal regulator, you must also file a copy of this form, without supporting documents, with the Ontario Securities Commission.

You can find contact information for submitting and filing the form in Appendix B of Companion Policy 33-109CP Registration Information.

We may accept the form in other formats. Please check with the regulator before you complete, submit and file the form. If you are completing the form on paper and need more space to answer a question, use a separate sheet of paper and attach it to this form. Clearly identify the question number.

You must include all supporting documents with your submission. We may ask you to provide other information and documents to help determine whether the firm is suitable for registration.

The firm is required to pay a registration fee in each jurisdiction of Canada where it is submitting and filing this form. Refer to the prescribed fees of the applicable jurisdiction for details.

In most of this form, answers are required to questions that apply only to Canadian provinces and territories; you will find that the questions are referenced to "jurisdictions" or "jurisdiction of Canada". These refer to all provinces and territories of Canada. However, the questions in Part 4 – *Registration History* and Part 7 – *Regulatory Action* are to be answered in respect of any jurisdiction in the world.

It is an offence under securities legislation and derivatives legislation, including commodity futures legislation, to give false or misleading information on this form.

See Part 3 of NI 33-109.

Updating the information on the form

The firm is required to notify the regulator, within specified times, of any changes to the information on this form by submitting and filing Form 33-109F5 *Change of Registration Information*.

Collection and use of personal information

We and the SROs (if applicable) require personal information about the people referred to in this form as part of our review to determine whether the firm is suitable for registration. If the firm is approved, we also require this information to assess whether the firm continues to meet the registration requirements.

We may only:

- collect the personal information under the requirements in securities legislation or derivatives legislation or both
- use this information to administer and enforce provisions of the securities legislation or derivatives legislation or both

We may collect personal information from police records, records of other regulators or SROs, credit records, employment records, government and private bodies or agencies, individuals, corporations, and other organizations. We may also collect personal information indirectly.

We may provide personal information about the individuals referred to in this form to other regulators, securities or derivatives exchanges, SROs or similar organizations, if required for an investigation or other regulatory issue.

If anyone referred to in this form has any questions about the collection and use of their personal information, they can contact the regulator or SRO, if applicable, in the relevant jurisdiction of Canada. See Schedule A for details. In Québec, they can also contact the Commission d'accès à l'information du Québec at 1-888-528-7741 or visit its website at www.cai.gouv.qc.ca.

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Part 1 - Registration details

manager

Restricted

portfolio

manager

Québec (QC) Saskatchewan

Yukon (YT)

(SK)

	. •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	g	U. U												
	1.1	Firm's fu	II legal name													
			ne full legal name estion 3.7. If the f													nes.
		If the firm'	s legal name is i	n Engl	ish ar	d Fre	nch, p	rovide	e both	versi	ons.				7	
	1.2	Firm's NF	RD number]	
For more information, visit www.nrd-																
info.ca.	1.3	Why are	you submitting	this fo	orm?											
		□ To se	ek initial registra	tion a	s a firr	n in		(Comp	lete:						
			or more jurisdiction						The e	ntire f	form					
			dd one or more ju e firm's registratio		tions o	of Can	ada		Ques 5.4, 5			2, 1.4 rt 9	, 1.5,	2.4, 3.	9,	
			ld one or more catration	ategor	ies to	the fir	m's					2, 1.4 3, Part			.1, 5.4 9	,
			n is adding Québ ip plan dealer, co					egistr	ation	in the	categ	ory of	mutu	al fund	deale	er or
	1.4	In what c	ategory and juri	sdicti	on is	the fi	rm se	eking	regis	stratio	on? C	heck	all tha	at app	ly.	
	(a)	Categorie	s under securitie	s legis	slation											
				Juri	sdictio	n										
		reviations rta (AB)	Category	AB	ВС	МВ	NB	NL	NS	NT	NU	ON	PE	QC	sĸ	YT
	Britis		Investment dealer											Ш		
	Man	itoba (MB) Brunswick	Mutual fund dealer													
		foundland	Scholarship plan dealer													
	(NL)	Labrador hwest	Exempt market dealer													
	Terri Nova	itories (NT) a Scotia	Restricted dealer													
) avut (NU) ario (ON)	Investment fund manager													
	Princ	ce Edward nd (PE)	Portfolio manager													

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(b)	Categ	ories u	nder de	erivative	es legis	slation	(Manito	oba and	d Ontari	io only))			
Cate	gory					Man	itoba							
Deal	er (mer	chant)												
Deal	er (futur	es con	nmissio	n merc	chant)									
Deal	er (floor	broker	^)											
Loca	ıl													
Advis	ser													
						Onta	ario							
Com	modity 1	trading	advise	r										
Com	modity 1	trading	counse	el										
Com	modity	trading	manag	jer										
Futu	res com	missio	n mercl	hant										
act as Deriva		aler			Québe	ec as a Yes Yes	n inves	No No	dealer d	or a po	rtfolio m	nanage	er, will the	e firm also
1.5	Exem	ptions												
	Is the	firm ap	plying f	for any	exemp	tions u	ınder s	ecuritie	s or de	rivative	es legis	lation?		
	Yes		No											
	If yes,	provid	e the fo	llowing	g inform	nation f	or eacl	h exem	ption:					
	Туре	of exem	nption											
	Legisla	ation												<u> </u>
	Jurisd	iction(s) where	e the fir	m has	applie	d for th	e exem	ption					
	AB	ВС	MB	NB	NL	NS	NT	NU	ON	PE	QC	SK	YT	
	I													1

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Part 2 - Contact information

Addresses

2.1 Head office address

A post office box on its own is not acceptable for a head office address.

The securities

regulatory authority in this jurisdiction of Canada is the firm's principal regulator in Canada.

A post office

box is acceptable for a mailing address.

	Addre	ss line 1												7
	Addre	ss line 2	2											_
	City							Prov	ince/te	rritory/s	tate			_
	Count	try						Post	al/zip o	code				
	Telep	hone nu	mber					Fax	numbe	r				_
	Webs	ite												_
	If the	firm's he	ad offic	e is in C	Canada	, go to q	uest	tion 2	2.3.					1
	If the	firm's he	ad offic	e is not	in Can	ada, go	to qı	uesti	on 2.2.					
2.2	Firms	whose	head c	office is	not in	Canada	1							
(a)	Does	the firm	have ar	ny busin	ess loc	ation ad	ldres	sses	in Can	ada?				
	Yes		No											
	If yes	, provide	the firn	n's prim	ary Car	nadian b	usin	iess l	ocatio	n addre	ss:			
	Addre	ess line 1												
	Addre	ss line 2)											_
	City							Prov	ince/te	erritory				-
	Posta	I code												
(b)	firm e	rm is not expects t cial year ntly comp	o condi	uct mos ducted r	t of its a	activities	that	t requ	uire reg	gistratio	n as at t	he end	of its cu	which the irrent s most
	AB □	ВС	MB	NB	NL	NS	N.	_	NU	ON	PE	QC	SK	YT
2.3	Maili	ng addr	ess											
		Sa	me as t	he head	office	address								
	Addre	ess line	1											
	Addre	ess line	2											
	City							Prov	/ince/te	erritory/s	state			1
	Coun	itry						Pos	tal/zip	code				_

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If the firm does
not have an
office in a
jurisdiction of
Canada where
it is seeking
registration, it
must appoint
an agent for
service in that
jurisdiction of

Canada.

2.4 Address for service and agent for service

Attach a completed Schedule B Submission to jurisdiction and appointment of agent for service for each jurisdiction of Canada where the firm is seeking registration and does not have an office.

Contact names

2.5 Ultimate designated person

A registered firm must have an individual registered in the category of ultimate designated person.

Legal name	
Officer title	
Telephone number	
E-mail address	
NRD number, if available	
Address	
☐ Same as firm head office address	
Address line 1	
Address line 2	
City	Province/territory/state
Country	Postal/zip code

2.6 Chief compliance officer

	Same as ultimate	e designate	ed person
--	------------------	-------------	-----------

A registered firm must have an individual registered in the category of chief compliance officer.

Legal name
Officer title
Telephone number
E-mail address
NRD number, if available

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	Address						
☐ Same as firm head office address							
	Address line 1						
	Address line 2						
	City F	Province/territory/state					
	Country F	Postal/zip code					
ırt	t 3 – Business history and stru	ucture					
	Business activities						
	The firm's business						
	Provide a description of the firm's proposed business, including its primary business activities, targmarket, and the products and services it will provide to clients.						
	Other names						
	In addition to the firm's legal name in question 1.1, does the firm use any other names, such as a trade name?						
	Yes No						
	Yes ☐ No ☐ If yes, list all other names and indicate if each n	ame has been registered:					
		ame has been registered:					
		ame has been registered:					
		ame has been registered:					
	If yes, list all other names and indicate if each n						
	If yes, list all other names and indicate if each n	support its business activities?	Yes	No			
	If yes, list all other names and indicate if each n	support its business activities?		No			
	If yes, list all other names and indicate if each not be a second or second	support its business activities? ars account opening		No			
:	Business documents Does the firm have the following documents to s (a) Business plan for at least the next three year (b) Policies and procedures manual, including a procedures and the firm's policy on fairness	support its business activities? ars account opening s in allocation of investment		No			

Attach the firm's business plan, policies and procedures manual and client agreements, including any investment policy statements and investment management agreements, except if the regulator in Ontario is the principal regulator of the firm seeking registration, unless the regulator in Ontario has requested they be provided.

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History of the firm 3.4 When was the firm created? yyyy/mm/dd 3.5 How was the firm created? Go to guestion 3.7. New start-up Merger or amalgamation Go to question 3.6. Reorganization Go to question 3.6. Other statutory arrangement Please specify below and go to question 3.6. 3.6 **Predecessors** List the entities that were merged, amalgamated, reorganized or otherwise arranged to create the 3.7 **Constating documents** Attach the legal documents that established the firm as an entity, for example, the firm's articles and certificate of incorporation, any articles of amendments, partnership agreement or declaration of trust. If the firm is a sole proprietorship, provide a copy of the registration of trade name. As part of their constating documents, firms whose head office is outside Canada may be required to provide proof of extra-provincial registration. **Business structure and ownership** 3.8 Type of legal structure Sole proprietorship Partnership Limited partnership Name of general partner _____ Corporation Other Please specify 3.9 Business registration number, if applicable List the firm's business registration number for each jurisdiction of Canada where the firm is seeking registration. Business registration number Jurisdiction of Canada

This is the firm's corporate registration number or Québec enterprise number (NEQ).

Business registration number Jurisdiction of Canada

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3.10 Permitted individuals

List all permitted individuals of the firm.

Name	Title	NRD number, if applicable

3.11 Organization chart

Attach an organization chart showing the firm's reporting structure. Include all permitted individuals, the ultimate designated person and the chief compliance officer.

3.12 Ownership chart

Attach a chart showing the firm's structure and ownership. At a minimum, include all parents, specified affiliates and specified subsidiaries.

Include the name of the person or company, and class, type, amount and voting percentage of ownership of the firm's securities.

Part 4 – Registration history

The questions in Part 4 apply to any jurisdiction and any foreign jurisdiction.

	•	
4.1	Securities	registration

In the last seven years, has the firm, or any predecessors or specified affiliates of the firm been registered or licensed to trade or advise in securities or derivatives?				
Yes No C				
If yes, provide the following information for each registration:				
Name of entity				
Registration category				
Regulator/organization				
Date registered or licensed (yyyy/mm/dd) Expiry date, if applicable (yyyy/mm/dd)				
Jurisdiction				

4.2 Exemption from securities registration

Is the firm currently relying on any exemptions from registration or licensing to trade or advise in securities or derivatives <u>(other than those exemptions with respect to which the firm has already notified the securities regulator or, in Québec, the securities regulatory authority in accordance with the applicable exemption)?</u>

es :	Nο	

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	If yes, provide the following information for each exemption:	If yes, provide the following information for each exemption:				
	Type of exemption					
	Regulator/organization					
	Date of exemption (yyyy/mm/dd)					
	Jurisdiction					
4.3	3 Membership in an exchange or SRO	Membership in an exchange or SRO				
	In the last seven years, has the firm, or any predecessors or specified affilial member of a securities or derivatives exchange, SRO or similar organization		ı been a			
	Yes No 🗆					
	If yes, provide the following information for each membership:					
	Name of entity					
	Organization					
	Date of membership (yyyy/mm/dd) Expiry date, if applicable (yy	yyy/mm/dd)				
	Jurisdiction					
4.4	4 Exemption from membership in an exchange or SRO		_			
	Is the firm currently relying on any exemptions from membership with a secu	urities or deriv	vatives			
	exchange, SRO or similar organization?					
	Yes No					
	If yes, provide the following information for each exemption:					
	Type of exemption					
	Organization					
	Date of exemption (yyyy/mm/dd)					
	Jurisdiction					
			_			
4.5						
	Has the firm, or any predecessors or specified affiliates of the firm been refu or membership with a financial services regulator, securities or derivatives e organization?					
	Yes No					
	If yes, provide the following information for each refusal:					
	Name of entity					

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Examples of other financial products include financial planning, life insurance and mortgages.

	Reason for refusal					
Regulator/organization						
	Date of refusal (yyyy/mm/dd)					
	Jurisdiction				_	
4.6	Registration for other financia	Registration for other financial products				
	In the last seven years, has the registered or licensed under legi financial product other than secu	slation that rec	uires regist			
	Yes 🗌 No 🗌					
	If yes, provide the following infor	mation for eac	h registratio	n or licence:		
	Name of entity				7	
	Type of licence or registration				_	
	Regulator/organization				_	
					_	
Date of registration (yyyy/mm/dd) Expiry date, if applicable (yyyy/r				e, if applicable (yyyy/mm/dd)		
	Jurisdiction					
Daw	t E - Financial candit				-	
Par	t 5 – Financial condit	lion				
	Capital requirements					
5.1	Calculation of excess working	capital				
	Attach the firm's calculation of	excess working	g capital.			
	 Investment dealers must use the capital calculation form required by the Investment Industry Regulatory Organization of Canada (IIROC). 					
	 Mutual fund dealers must use the capital calculation form required by the Mutual Fund Dealer Association of Canada (MFDA), except for mutual fund dealers registered in Québec only. 					
	 Firms that are not members of either IIROC or the MFDA must use Form 31-103F1 Calculat of Excess Working Capital. See Schedule C. 				Calculation	
5.2	Sources of capital					
	List all cash, cash equivalents, d	ebt and equity	sources of	the firm's capital.		
	Name of person or entity	T	1	A (0)]	
	providing the capital	Type of capit	.aı	Amount (\$)	-	
		İ				

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See Schedule C Form 31-103F1 Calculation of Excess Working Capital.

5.3 Guarantors

In relation to its business, does the firm:

	Yes	No
(a) Have any guarantors?		
(b) Act as a guarantor for any party?		

If yes, provide the following information for each guarantee:

Name of party to the guarantee	
NRD number, if applicable	
Relationship to the firm	Amount of guarantee (\$)
Details of the guarantee	

Bonding and insurance

Questions 5.4 to 5.8 apply to the firm's bonding or insurance coverage or proposed bonding or insurance coverage for securities and derivatives activities only. This in accordance with Part 12, Division 2 of NI 31-103.

5.4 Jurisdictions covered

Where does the firm have bonding or insurance coverage	e?
--	----

AB	
BC	
MB	
NB	
NL	
NS	
NT	
NU	
ON	
PE	
QC	
SK	
ΥT	

If the firm's bonding or insurance does not cover all jurisdictions of Canada where it is seeking registration, explain why.

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5.5 Bonding or insurance details

This information is on the binder of insurance or on the financial institution bond.

Name of insurer		
Bond or policy number		
Specific insuring agreements and clauses		
Coverage for each claim (\$)	Annual aggregate coverage (\$)	
Total coverage (\$)		
Amount of the deductible (\$)	Expiry date (yyyy/mm/dd)	
If the firm's insurance or proposed insurance how it provides equivalent coverage to the b	e is not in the form of a financial institution bond, e	∍xpla

5.6 Professional liability insurance (Québec only)

This information is required only if the firm is applying for registration in Québec as a mutual fund dealer or as a scholarship plan dealer.

If the firm is seeking registration in Québec as a mutual fund dealer or a scholarship plan dealer, provide the following information about the firm's professional liability insurance:

Name	of insu	rer											
Policy	Policy number												
Specif	ic insur	ing agr	eemer	its and	clause	S							
Cover	age for	each c	laim (\$	5)			An	inual a	ggrega	te cove	erage (\$	\$)	
Total coverage (\$)													
Amou	nt of the	e dedu	ctible (\$)			Re	enewal	date (y	yyy/mr	n/dd)		
Jurisdi	ctions	covere	d:										
AB	ВС	MB	NB	NL	NS	Ν	ΙT	NU	ON	PE	QC	SK	YT
Which insurance policy applies to your representatives?													
Firm's	policy			Individ	ual's po	olic	у 🗆	1	Both				

5.7 Directors' resolution approving insurance

Attach a directors' resolution confirming that the firm has sufficient insurance coverage for its securities or derivatives-related activities.

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5.8	Bonding or insurance claims							
	In the last seven years, has the firm made any claims against a bond or on its insurance?							
	Yes No							
	If yes, provide the following information for each claim:							
	Type of bond or insurance							
	Date of claim (yyyy/mm/dd) Amount (\$)							
	Reason for claim							
	Date resolved (yyyy/mm/dd) Result							
	Jurisdiction							
	Solvency							
5.9	Bankruptcy							
	In the last seven years, has the firm or any of its specified affiliates declared bankruptcy, made an assignment or proposal in bankruptcy, or been the subject of a petition in bankruptcy, or the equivalent in any jurisdiction?							
	Yes No							
	If yes, provide the following information for each bankruptcy or assignment in bankruptcy:							
	Name of entity							
	Reason for bankruptcy or assignment							
	Date of bankruptcy, assignment or petition (yyyy/mm/dd)	Date discharge granted, if applicable (yyyy/mm/dd)						
	Name of trustee	(yyy)///iiii/dd/						
	Jurisdiction							
	Junsuiction							
	If applicable, attach a copy of any discharge, release or equivalent document.							
5.10	Appointment of receiver							
	In the last seven years, has the firm or any of its specified affiliates appointed a receiver or receive manager, or had one appointed, or the equivalent in any jurisdiction?							
	Yes No							
	If yes, provide the following information for	each appointment of receiver:						
	Name of entity							
	Date of appointment (yyyy/mm/dd)	Reason for appointment						

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Date appointment ended (yyyy/mm/dd)	Reason appointment ended
Name of receiver or receiver manager	
Jurisdiction	

Financial reporting

5.11 Financial year-end

(mm/dd)			

If the firm has not established its financial year-end, explain why.

Provide the name of the individual auditing the financial statements and the name of the firm, if applicable.

5.12 Auditor

Name of auditor and accounting firm

5.13 Audited financial statements

- (a) Attach, for your most recently completed year, either
 - (i) non-consolidated audited financial statements; or
 - (ii) audited financial statements prepared in accordance with section 3.2(3) of NI 52-107.
- (b) If the audited financial statements attached for item (a) were prepared for a period ending more than 90 days before the date of this application, also attach an interim financial report for a period of not more than 90 days before the date of this application.

If the firm is a start-up company, you can attach an audited opening statement of financial position instead.

5.14 Letter of direction to auditors

We may request an audit of the firm at any time while the firm is registered. Attach a letter of direction from the firm authorizing the auditor to conduct any audit or review of the firm that the regulator may request.

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Part 6 - Client relationships

	6.1	Client assets	
See Part 14, Division 3 of NI 31-103 and		Will the firm hold or have access to client asse	ts?
Companion Policy 31- 103CP.		If yes, provide the following information for each assets are held.	ch financial institution where the trust accounts for clien
For guidance regarding		Name of financial institution	
whether a firm will hold or		Address line 1	
nave access to client assets see section		Address line 2	
12.4 of Companion Policy 31-		City	Province/territory
103CP.		Postal code	Telephone number
	6.2	Conflicts of interest Does the firm have or expect to have any relat conflicts of interest in carrying out its registeral derivatives legislation?	ionships that could reasonably result in any significant ole activities in accordance with securities or
		Yes □ No □	
		If yes, complete the following questions:	
		(a) Provide details about each conflict:	
		(b) Does the firm have policies and procedu	ures to identify and respond to its conflicts of interest?
		Yes No	
		If no, explain why:	

Part 7 - Regulatory action

The questions in Part 7 apply to any jurisdiction and any foreign jurisdiction. The information must be provided in respect of the last 7 years.

7.1 Settlement agreements

Has the firm, or any predecessors or specified affiliates of the firm entered into a settlement agreement with any financial services regulator, securities or derivatives exchange, SRO or similar

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organization?
Yes No
If yes, provide the following information for each settlement agreement:
Name of entity
Regulator/organization
Date of settlement (yyyy/mm/dd)
Details of settlement
Jurisdiction

7.2 Disciplinary history

Has any financial services regulator, securities or derivatives exchange, SRO or similar organization:

	Yes	No
Determined that the firm, or any predecessors or specified affiliates of the firm violated any securities regulations or any rules of a securities or derivatives exchange, SRO or similar organization?		
Determined that the firm, or any predecessors or specified affiliates of the firm made a false statement or omission?		
Issued a warning or requested an undertaking by the firm, or any predecessors or specified affiliates of the firm?		
Suspended or terminated any registration, licensing or membership of the firm, or any predecessors or specified affiliates of the firm?		
Imposed terms or conditions on any registration or membership of the firm, or predecessors or specified affiliates of the firm?		
Conducted a proceeding or investigation involving the firm, or any predecessors or specified affiliates of the firm?		
Issued an order (other than an exemption order) or a sanction to the firm, or any predecessors or specified affiliates of the firm for securities or derivatives-related activity (e.g. cease trade order)?		

If yes, provide the following information for each action:

Name of entity		
Type of action		
Regulator/organization		
Date of action (yyyy/mm/dd)	Reason for action	
Jurisdiction		

7.3 Ongoing investigations

Is the firm aware of any ongoing investigations of which the firm or any of its specified affiliates is the subject?

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	Yes No	
	If yes, provide the following information for each investigation:	
	Name of entity	
	Reason or purpose of investigation	
	Regulator/organization	
	Date investigation commenced (yyyy/mm/dd)	
	Jurisdiction	
Par	rt 8 – Legal action	
	The firm must disclose offences or legal actions under any statute governing the firm and its bactivities in any jurisdiction. The information must be provided in respect of the last 7 years.	ousiness
8.1	Criminal convictions	
	Has the firm, or any predecessors or specified affiliates of the firm been convicted of any crim quasi-criminal offence?	ninal or
	Yes No	
	If yes, provide the following information for each conviction:	
	Name of entity	
	Type of offence	
	Case name Case number, if applicable	
	Date of conviction (yyyy/mm/dd)	
	Jurisdiction	
8.2	Outstanding criminal charges	
	Is the firm or any of its specified affiliates currently the subject of any outstanding criminal or criminal charges?	quasi-
	Yes No D	
	If yes, provide the following information for each charge:	
	Name of entity	
	Type of offence	
	Date of charge (yyyy/mm/dd)	

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Jurisdiction

8.3 Outstanding legal actions

	Yes	No
(a) Is the firm currently a defendant or respondent (or the equivalent in any jurisdiction) in any outstanding legal action?		
(b) Are any of the firm's specified affiliates currently a defendant or respondent (or the equivalent in any jurisdiction) in any outstanding legal action that involves fraud, theft or securities-related activities, or that could significantly affect the firm's business?		

If yes, provide the following information for each legal action:

Name of entity
Type of legal action
Data afficient action (considered data)
Date of legal action (yyyy/mm/dd)
Current stone of litigation
Current stage of litigation
Remedies requested by plaintiff or appellant
Remedies requested by plaintill of appellant
Jurisdiction
durisdiction

8.4 Judgments

	Yes	No
Has any judgment been rendered against the firm or is any judgment outstanding in any civil court for damages or other relief relating to fraud, theft or securities-related activities?		
Are any of the firm's specified affiliates currently the subject of any judgments that involve fraud, theft or securities-related activities, or that could significantly affect the firm's business?		

If yes, provide the following information for each judgment:

Name of entity
Type of judgment
Date of judgment (yyyy/mm/dd)
Current stage of litigation, if applicable
Remedies requested by plaintiffs

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Part 9 - Certification

It is an offence under securities legislation and derivatives legislation, including commodity futures legislation, to give false or misleading information on this form.

By signing below, you:

- 1. Certify to the regulator in each jurisdiction of Canada where the firm is submitting and filing this form, either directly or through the principal regulator, that:
 - · vou have read this form, and
 - to the best of your knowledge and after reasonable inquiry, all of the information provided on this form is true and complete.
- Certify to each regulator in a non-principal jurisdiction of Canada where the firm is submitting and filing this form, either directly or through the principal regulator, that at the date of this submission:
 - the firm has submitted and filed all information required to be submitted and filed under the securities legislation or derivatives legislation or both of the principal jurisdiction of Canada in relation to the firm's registration in that jurisdiction, and
 - this information is true and complete.
- Authorize the principal regulator to give each non-principal regulator access to any information
 the firm has submitted or filed with the principal regulator under securities legislation or
 derivatives legislation or both of the principal jurisdiction of Canada in relation to the firm's
 registration in that jurisdiction.
- 4. Acknowledge that the regulator may collect and provide personal information about the individuals referred to in this form under *Collection and use of personal information*.
- Confirm that the individuals referred to in this form have been notified that their personal information is disclosed on this form, the legal reason for doing so, how it will be used and who to contact for more information.

Name of firm	
Name of firm's authorized signing officer or partn	er
Title of firm's authorized signing officer or partner	ſ
Signature	
Date (yyyy/mm/dd)	

Witness

The witness must be a lawyer, notary public or commissioner of oaths.

Name of witness	
Title of witness	
Signature	
Date (yyyy/mm/dd)	

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Schedule A **Contact information for** Notice of collection and use of personal information

Alberta

Alberta Securities Commission Suite 600, 250-5th St. SW Calgary, AB T2P 0R4 Attention: Information Officer Telephone: (403) 297-6454

British Columbia

British Columbia Securities Commission P.O. Box 10142, Pacific Centre 701 West Georgia Street Vancouver, BC V7Y 1L2

Attention: Freedom of Information Officer

Telephone: (604) 899-6500 or (800) 373-6393 (in Canada)

Manitoba

The Manitoba Securities Commission 500 - 400 St. Mary Avenue Winnipeg, MB R3C 4K5 Attention: Director of Registrations Telephone: (204) 945-2548 Fax: (204) 945-0330

New Brunswick

Financial and Consumer Services Commission of New Brunswick / Commission des services financiers et des services aux consommateurs du Nouveau-Brunswick Suite 300, 85 Charlotte Street Saint John, NB E2L 2J2

Attention: Director of Se rities Registration

Telephone: (506) 658-3060

Newfoundland and Labrador

Superintendent of Securities, Service NL Government of Newfoundland and Labrador P.O. Box 8700 2nd Floor, West Block Confederation Building St. John's, NL A1B 4J6 Attention: Manager of Registrations Telephone: (709) 729-5661

Nova Scotia

Nova Scotia Securities Commission Suite 400, 5251 Duke Street Halifax, NS B3J 1P3

Attention: Deputy Director, Capital Markets

Telephone: (902) 424-7768

Northwest Territories

Government of the Northwest Territories Department of Justice 1st Floor Stuart M. Hodgson Building 5009 - 49th Street Yellowknife, NWT X1A 2L9 Attention: Deputy Superintendent of Securities

Telephone: (867) 920-8984

Nunavut

Government of Nunavut Department of Justice P.O. Box 1000 Station 570 Iqaluit, NU X0A 0H0

Attention: Deputy Registrar Superintendent of Securities

Telephone: (867) 975-6590

Ontario

Ontario Securities Commission 22nd Floor 20 Queen Street West Toronto, ON M5H 3S8

Attention: Compliance and Registrant Regulation

Telephone: (416) 593-8314 e-mail: registration@osc.gov.on.ca

Prince Edward Island

Securities Office Department of Community Affairs and Attorney General P.O. Box 2000 Charlottetown, PE C1A 7N8 Attention: Deputy Registrar Superintendent of Securities

Telephone: (902) 368-6288

Québec

Autorité des marchés financiers 800, square Victoria, 22e étage C.P. 246, tour de la Bourse Montréal (Québec) H4Z 1G3

Attention: Responsable de l'accès à l'information Telephone: (514) 395-0337 or (877) 525-0337

Saskatchewan

Financial and Consumer Affairs Authority of Saskatchewan Suite 601, 1919 Saskatchewan Drive Regina, SK S4P 4H2

Attention: Deputy Director, Capital Markets

Telephone: (306) 787-5871

Yukon

Government of Yukon Superintendent of Securities Department of Community Services P.O. Box 2703 C-6 Whitehorse, YT Y1A 2C6 Attention: Superintendent of Securities

Telephone: (867) 667-5314

Self-regulatory organization

Investment Industry Regulatory Organization of Canada 121 King Street West, Suite 2000 Toronto, Ontario M5H 3T9 Attention: Privacy Officer Telephone: (416) 364-6133 E-mail: PrivacyOfficer@iiroc.ca

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Schedule B Submission to jurisdiction and appointment of agent for service

1.	Name of person or company (the "Firm"):
2.	Jurisdiction of incorporation of the person or company:
3.	Name of agent for service of process (the "Agent for Service"):
4.	Address for service of process on the Agent for Service:
	Phone number of the Agent for Service:
5.	The Firm designates and appoints the Agent for Service at the address stated above as its agent upon whom may b served a notice, pleading, subpoena, summons or other process in any action, investigation or administrative, crimina quasi-criminal or other proceeding (a "Proceeding") arising out of or relating to or concerning the Firm's activities in th local jurisdiction and irrevocably waives any right to raise as a defense in any such proceeding any alleged lack of jurisdiction to bring such Proceeding.
6.	The Firm irrevocably and unconditionally submits to the non-exclusive jurisdiction of the judicial, quasi-judicial an administrative tribunals of the local jurisdiction and any administrative proceeding in the local jurisdiction, in an proceeding arising out of or related to or concerning the Firm's activities in the local jurisdiction.
7.	Until six years after the Firm ceases to be registered, the Firm must file
	a. a new Submission to jurisdiction and appointment of agent for service in this form no later than the 10th da after the date this Submission to jurisdiction and appointment of agent for service is terminated; and
	 an amended Submission to jurisdiction and appointment of agent for service no later than the 10th day after any change in the name or above address of the Agent for Service.
8.	This Submission to jurisdiction and appointment of agent for service is governed by and construed in accordance wit the laws of the local jurisdiction.
Dated	:
(Signa	ature of the Firm or authorized signatory)
(Name	e and Title of authorized signatory)
Accep	otance
	ndersigned accepts the appointment as Agent for Service of (Insert name of the Firm) under the terms and conditions of regoing Submission to jurisdiction and appointment of agent for service.
Dated	:
(Signa	ature of Agent for Service or authorized signatory)
(Name	e and Title of authorized signatory)

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Schedule C FORM 31-103F1 CALCULATION OF EXCESS WORKING CAPITAL

_	Firm Name	
(as at	Capital Calculation with comparative figures as at	

	Component	Current period	Prior period
1.	Current assets		
2.	Less current assets not readily convertible into cash (e.g., prepaid expenses)		
3.	Adjusted current assets Line 1 minus line 2 =		
4.	Current liabilities		
5.	Add 100% of non-current related party debt unless the firm and the lender have executed a subordination agreement in the form set out in Appendix B of National Instrument 31-103 Registration Requirements, Exemptions and Ongoing Registrant Obligations and the firm has delivered a copy of the agreement to the regulator or, in Québec, the securities regulatory authority. See section 12.2 of National Instrument 31-103 Registration Requirements, Exemptions and Ongoing Registrant Obligations.		
6.	Adjusted current liabilities Line 4 plus line 5 =		
7.	Adjusted working capital Line 3 minus line 6 =		
8.	Less minimum capital		
9.	Less market risk		
10.	Less any deductible under the bonding or insurance policy required under Part 12 of National Instrument 31-103 Registration Requirements, Exemptions and Ongoing Registrant Obligations or, in Québec, for a firm registered only in that jurisdiction and solely in the category of mutual fund dealer, less the deductible under the liability insurance required under section 193 of the Québec Securities Regulation		

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11.	Less Guarantees	
12.	Less unresolved differences	
13.	Excess working capital	

Notes:

Form 31-103F1 Calculation of Excess Working Capital must be prepared using the accounting principles that you use to prepare your financial statements in accordance with National Instrument 52-107 Acceptable Accounting Principles and Auditing Standards. Section 12.1 of Companion Policy 31-103CP Registration Requirements, Exemptions and Ongoing Registrant Obligations provides further guidance in respect of these accounting principles.

Line 5. Related-party debt – Refer to the CICA Handbook for the definition of "related party" for publicly accountable enterprises. The firm is required to deliver a copy of the executed subordination agreement to the regulator or, in Québec, the securities regulatory authority on the earlier of a) 10 days after the date the agreement is executed or b) the date an amount subordinated by the agreement is excluded from its calculation of excess working capital on Form 31-103F1 Calculation of Excess Working Capital. The firm must notify the regulator or, in Québec, the securities regulatory authority, 10 days before it repays the loan (in whole or in part), or terminates the subordination agreement. See section 12.2 of National Instrument 31-103 Registration Requirements, Exemptions and Ongoing Registrant Obligations.

Line 8. Minimum Capital – The amount on this line must be not less than (a) \$25,000 for an adviser and (b) \$50,000 for a dealer. For an investment fund manager, the amount must be not less than \$100,000 unless subsection 12.1(4) of National Instrument 31-103 *Registration Requirements, Exemptions and Ongoing Registrant Obligations* applies.

Line 9. Market Risk – The amount on this line must be calculated according to the instructions set out in Schedule 1 to Form 31-103F1 *Calculation of Excess Working Capital*. A schedule supporting the calculation of any amounts included in Line 9 as market risk should be provided to the regulator or, in Québec, the securities regulatory authority in conjunction with the submission of Form 31-103F1 *Calculation of Excess Working Capital*.

Line 11. Guarantees – If the registered firm is guaranteeing the liability of another party, the total amount of the guarantee must be included in the capital calculation. If the amount of a guarantee is included in the firm's statement of financial position as a current liability and is reflected in line 4, do not include the amount of the guarantee on line 11.

Line 12. Unresolved differences – Any unresolved differences that could result in a loss from either firm or client assets must be included in the capital calculation. The examples below provide guidance as to how to calculate unresolved differences:

- (i) If there is an unresolved difference relating to client securities, the amount to be reported on Line 12 will be equal to the fair value of the client securities that are short, plus the applicable margin rate for those securities.
- (ii) If there is an unresolved difference relating to the registrant's investments, the amount to be reported on Line 12 will be equal to the fair value of the investments (securities) that are short.
- (iii) If there is an unresolved difference relating to cash, the amount to be reported on Line 12 will be equal to the amount of the shortfall in cash.

Please refer to section 12.1 of Companion Policy 31-103CP Registration Requirements, Exemptions and Ongoing Registrant Obligations for further guidance on how to prepare and file Form 31-103F1 Calculation of Excess Working Capital.

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	Manage	ment Certification
Registered Firm Name: We have examined the attached of		tify that the firm is in compliance with the capital requirements as at
Name and Title	Signature	Date
2		

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Schedule 1 of Form 31-103F1 Calculation of Excess Working Capital (calculating line 9 [market risk])

For purposes of completing this form:

- (1) "Fair value" means the value of a security determined in accordance with Canadian GAAP applicable to publicly accountable enterprises.
- (2) For each security whose value is included in line 1, Current Assets, multiply the fair value of the security by the margin rate for that security set out below. Add up the resulting amounts for all of the securities you hold. The total is the "market risk" to be entered on line 9.

(a) Bonds, Debentures, Treasury Bills and Notes

(i) Bonds, debentures, treasury bills and other securities of or guaranteed by the Government of Canada, of the United Kingdom, of the United States of America and of any other national foreign government (provided such foreign government securities are currently rated Aaa or AAA by Moody's Canada Inc., or the short-term ratings equivalent of either of those ratings, by a designated rating organization or its DRO affiliate, or Standard & Poor's Rating Services (Canada) or its DRO affiliate, respectively), maturing (or called for redemption):

within 1 year: 1% of fair value multiplied by the fraction determined by dividing

the number of days to maturity by 365

over 1 year to 3 years:

1 % of fair value

2% of fair value

over 7 years to 11 years:

4% of fair value

over 11 years:

4% of fair value

(ii) Bonds, debentures, treasury bills and other securities of or guaranteed by any jurisdiction of Canada and obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development, maturing (or called for redemption):

within 1 year: 2% of fair value multiplied by the fraction determined by dividing

the number of days to maturity by 365

over 1 year to 3 years:

over 3 years to 7 years:

over 7 years to 11 years:

5% of fair value

over 11 years:

5% of fair value

(iii) Bonds, debentures or notes (not in default) of or guaranteed by any municipal corporation in Canada or the United Kingdom maturing:

within 1 year: 3% of fair value multiplied by the fraction determined by dividing

the number of days to maturity by 365

over 1 year to 3 years: 5 % of fair value over 3 years to 7 years: 5% of fair value over 7 years to 11 years: 5% of fair value over 11 years: 5% of fair value

- (iv) Other non-commercial bonds and debentures (not in default): 10% of fair value
- (v) Commercial and corporate bonds, debentures and notes (not in default) and non-negotiable and non-transferable trust company and mortgage loan company obligations registered in the registered firm's name maturing:

within 1 year: 3% of fair value over 1 year to 3 years: 6 % of fair value over 3 years to 7 years: 7% of fair value

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over 7 years to 11 years: 10% of fair value over 11 years: 10% of fair value

(b) Bank Paper

Deposit certificates, promissory notes or debentures issued by a Canadian chartered bank (and of Canadian chartered bank acceptances) maturing:

within 1 year: 2% of fair value multiplied by the fraction determined by dividing the

number of days to maturity by 365

over 1 year: apply rates for commercial and corporate bonds, debentures and notes

(c) Acceptable foreign bank paper

Deposit certificates, promissory notes or debentures issued by a foreign bank, readily negotiable and transferable and maturing:

within 1 year: 2% of fair value multiplied by the fraction determined by dividing the

number of days to maturity by 365

over 1 year: apply rates for commercial and corporate bonds, debentures and notes

(d) Mutual Funds

Securities of mutual funds qualified by prospectus for sale in any jurisdiction of Canada:

- (i) 5% of the net asset value per security as determined in accordance with National Instrument 81-106 Investment Fund Continuous Disclosure, where the fund is a money market mutual fund as defined in National Instrument 81-102 Investment Funds; or
- (ii) the margin rate determined on the same basis as for listed stocks multiplied by the net asset value per security of the fund as determined in accordance with National Instrument 81-106 *Investment Fund Continuous Disclosure*.

Securities of mutual funds qualified by prospectus for sale in the United States of America: 5% of the net asset value per security if the fund is registered as an investment company under the *Investment Companies Company Act of 1940*, as amended from time to time, and complies with Rule 2a-7 thereof.

(e) Stocks

In this paragraph, "securities" includes rights and warrants and does not include bonds and debentures.

 On securities including investment fund securities, rights and warrants, listed on any exchange in Canada or the United States of America:

Long Positions - Margin Required

Securities selling at \$2.00 or more – 50% of fair value

Securities selling at \$1.75 to \$1.99 - 60% of fair value

Securities selling at \$1.50 to \$1.74 – 80% of fair value

Securities selling under \$1.50 – 100% of fair value

Short Positions - Credit Required

Securities selling at \$2.00 or more - 150% of fair value

Securities selling at \$1.50 to \$1.99 – \$3.00 per share

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[&]quot;Acceptable Foreign Bank Paper" consists of deposit certificates or promissory notes issued by a bank other than a Canadian chartered bank with a net worth (i.e., capital plus reserves) of not less than \$200,000,000.

Securities selling at \$0.25 to \$1.49 - 200% of fair value

Securities selling at less than \$0.25 – fair value plus \$0.25 per share

- (ii) For positions in securities that are constituent securities on a major broadly-based index of one of the following exchanges, 50% of the fair value:
 - (a) Australian Stock Exchange Limited
 - (b) Bolsa de Madrid
 - (c) Borsa Italiana
 - (d) Copenhagen Stock Exchange
 - (e) Euronext Amsterdam
 - (f) Euronext Brussels
 - (g) Euronext Paris S.A.
 - (h) Frankfurt Stock Exchange
 - (i) London Stock Exchange
 - (j) New Zealand Exchange Limited
 - (k) Stockholm Stock Exchange
 - (I) SIX Swiss Exchange
 - (m) The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited
 - (n) Tokyo Stock Exchange

(f) Mortgages

- (i) For a firm registered in any jurisdiction of Canada except Ontario:
 - (a) Insured mortgages (not in default): 6% of fair value
 - (b) Mortgages which are not insured (not in default): 12% of fair value
- (ii) For a firm registered in Ontario:
 - (a) Mortgages insured under the National Housing Act (Canada) (not in default): 6% of fair value
 - (b) Conventional first mortgages (not in default): 12% of fair value.

If you are registered in Ontario regardless of whether you are also registered in another jurisdiction of Canada, you will need to apply the margin rates set forth in (ii) above.

(g) For all other securities – 100% of fair value.

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FORM 33-109F7 REINSTATEMENT OF REGISTERED INDIVIDUALS AND PERMITTED INDIVIDUALS (sections 2.3 and 2.5(2))

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

Complete and submit this form to the relevant regulator(s) or in Québec, the securities regulatory authority, or self-regulatory organization (SRO) if an individual has left a sponsoring firm and is seeking to reinstate their registration in one or more of the same categories or reinstate their same status of permitted individual as before with a sponsoring firm. You only need to complete and submit one form regardless of the number of registration categories or permitted individual statuses you are seeking to be reinstated in.

An individual may reinstate their registration or permitted individual status by submitting this form. This form may only be used if all of the following apply:

- 1. this form is submitted on or before the 90th day after the cessation date of the individual's employment, partnership or agency relationship with the individual's former sponsoring firm,
- 2. there have been no changes to the information previously submitted in respect of Items 13 (Regulatory Disclosure), other than changes to Item 13.3(ea), 14 (Criminal Disclosure), 15 (Civil Disclosure) and 16 (Financial Disclosure) of the individual's Form 33-109F4 since the individual left their former sponsoring firm, and
- 3. the individual's employment, partnership or agency relationship with their former sponsoring firm did not end because the individual was asked by the firm to resign, resigned voluntarily or was dismissed, following an allegation against the individual of criminal activity, a breach of securities legislation, or a breach of the rules of an SRO.

If you do not meet all of the above conditions then you must apply for reinstatement by completing on NRD a Form 33-109F4 by making the NRD submission entitled 'Reactivation of Registration'.

Terms

In this form, "you", "your" and "individual" means the individual who is seeking to reinstate their registration or their status as permitted individual.

"former sponsoring firm" means the registered firm where you most recently carried out duties as a registered or permitted individual.

"major shareholder" and "shareholder" mean a shareholder who, in total, directly or indirectly owns voting securities carrying 10 per cent or more of the votes carried by all outstanding voting securities.

"new sponsoring firm" means the registered firm where you will begin carrying out duties as a registered or permitted individual when your registration or permitted individual status is reinstated.

Several terms used in this form are defined in the Form 33-109F4 *Registration of Individuals and Review of Permitted Individuals* that you submitted when you first became registered.

How to submit this form

NRD format

Submit this form at the National Registration Database (NRD) website in NRD format at www.nrd.ca. If you have any questions, contact the compliance, registration or legal department of the new sponsoring firm or a legal adviser with securities law experience, or visit the NRD information website at www.nrd-info.ca.

Format, other than NRD format

If you are relying on the temporary hardship exemption in section 5.1 of National Instrument 31-102 *National Registration Database*, you may submit this form in a format other than NRD format.

If you need more space, use a separate sheet of paper. Clearly identify the Item and question number. Complete and sign the form, and send it to the relevant regulator(s) or, in Québec, the securities regulatory authority, SRO (s) or similar

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authority. The number of originally signed copies of the form you are required to submit depends on the province or territory, and on the regulator, the securities regulatory authority or SRO.

To avoid delays in processing this form, be sure to answer all of the items that apply to you. If you have questions, contact the compliance, registration or legal department of the new sponsoring firm or a legal adviser with securities law experience, or visit the National Registration Database information website at www.nrd-info.ca.

item 1	Name								
1.	NRD nu	mber:							
2.	Legal na	ame							
Last na	me		First n	ame	Se	econd nar	ne (N/A 🔲)		Third name (N/A
3.	Date of	birth (Y	YYY/MN	1/DD):					
4.	Use of o	other na	ames						
name(s	Are you) mention	current ed abov	ly using, e (for ex	or have you ample, trade	u ever used e names for	d, operate r sole prop	d under, or orietorships	ca or t	rried on business under, a name other than the team names)?
	Yes		No						
	If "Yes",	comple	te Sched	lule A.					
Item 2	Number	of juri	sdictions	s					
1.	Are you	seeking	to reinst	tate your re	gistration or	r permitted	d individual s	stat	tus in more than one jurisdiction of Canada?
	Yes		No						
2. individu		each pro	ovince or	territory in	which you a	are seekir	g reinstater	mer	nt of registration or reinstatement as a permitted
		All juris	sdictions						
		Alberta	1						
		British	Columbia	а					
		Manito	ba						
		New B	runswick						
		Newfo	undland a	and Labrado	or				
		Northw	est Terri	tories					
		Nova S	Scotia						
		Nunav	ut						
		Ontario)						
		Prince	Edward	Island					
		Québe	С						
		Saskat	chewan						
		Yukon							

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Item 3 Individual categories

status. If you are seeking reinstatement of status as a permitted individual, check each category that describes your position with your new sponsoring firm. If you are seeking reinstatement as a representative of a mutual fund dealer or of a scholarship plan dealer in Québec. are you covered by your new sponsoring firm's professional liability insurance? Yes If "No", state: The name of your insurer Your policy number_____ Item 4 Address and agent for service 1. Address for service You must have one address for service in each province or territory where you are submitting this form. A residential or business address is acceptable. A post office box is not acceptable. Complete Schedule C for each additional address for service you are providing. Address for service: (number, street, city, province or territory, postal code) Telephone number _____ Fax number, if applicable _____ Business e-mail address 2. Agent for service If you have appointed an agent for service, provide the following information for the agent in each province or territory where you have an agent for service. The address of your agent for service must be the same as the address for service above. If your agent for service is not an individual, provide the name of your contact person. Name of agent for service: Contact person: Last name. First name Item 5 Location of employment Provide the following information for your new sponsoring firm. If you will be working out of more than one business location, provide the following information for the business location out of which you will be doing most of your business. If you are only filing this form because you are a permitted individual and are not employed by, or acting as agent for, the sponsoring firm, select "N/A". Unique Identification Number (optional): _____ NRD location number: Business location address: (number, street, city, province, territory or state, country, postal code) Telephone number: () Fax number: () N/A

On Schedule B, check each category for which you are seeking to reinstate your registration or permitted individual

2. If the new sponsoring firm has a foreign head office, and/or you are not a resident of Canada, provide the address for the business location in which you will be conducting most of your business. If you are only filing this form because you are a permitted individual and are not employed by, or acting as agent for, the sponsoring firm, select "N/A".

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Busines	s locatior	n addres	s:(number, street, city, province, territory or state, country, postal code)
Telepho	ne numb	er: () Fax number: ()
N/A			
[The foll	owing un	ıder #3 "	Type of business location", #4 and #5 is for a Format other than NRD format only]
3.	Type of	busines	s location:
	Bra	ad office inch or b o-branch	ousiness location (Mutual Fund Dealers Association of Canada members only)
4.	Name o	f superv	isor or branch manager:
5. address	☐ s provide		here if the mailing address of the business location is the same as the business location e. Otherwise, complete the following:
Mailing	address:		er, street, city, province, territory or state, country, postal code)
	Previou		
item o		-	owing information for your former sponsoring firm.
Namo:			wing information for your former sponsoring limit.
Name			
or permi	Date on itted indiv	wnich y /idual:	rou were no longer authorized to act on behalf of your former sponsoring firm as a registered individual (YYYY/MM/DD)
The rea	son why	you left	your former sponsoring firm:
Item 7	Current	t employ	yment, other business activities, officer positions held and directorships
Name o	f your ne	w spons	oring firm:
busines Also inc	s activitie	s with you	chedule D for each of your current business and employment activities, including employment and our new sponsoring firm and any employment and business activities outside your new sponsoring firm. or director positions and any other equivalent positions held, as well as positions of influence. The ided
	•	whethe	r or not you receive compensation for such services, and
	•	whethe	r or not any such position is business related.
Item 8	Owners	ship of s	securities in new sponsoring firm
	Are you	a partn	er or major shareholder of your new sponsoring firm?
	Yes		No 🗆
	If "Yes",	comple	te Schedule E.
Item 9	Confirm	n perma	nent record

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1. Check the appropriate box to indicate that, since leaving your former sponsoring firm, there has been a change to any information previously submitted for the items of your Form 33-109F4 that are listed below.

		Regulate	ory disclosure (Item 13, other than changes to Item 13.3(ea))	
		disclosure (Item 14)		
		Civil disc	closure (Item 15)	
		Financia	al disclosure (Item 16)	
2.	Check th	ne box be	elow – I am eligible to file this Form 33-109F7, only if you satisfy both of the following conditions:	
	(a)	there are	e no changes to any of the disclosure items under Item 9.1 above, and	
	(b)	your employment, partnership or agency relationship with your former sponsoring firm did not end because you were asked by the firm to resign or resigned voluntarily, or were dismissed, following an allegation against you of		
		•	criminal activity,	
		•	a breach of securities legislation, or	
		•	a breach of the rules of an SRO.	
	or reinsta	tement b	et the above conditions for selecting the box ' <i>I am eligible to file this Form 33-109F7</i> ', then you must y completing on NRD a Form 33-109F4 by making the NRD submission entitled " <i>Reactivation of</i> lbmitting a Form 33-109F4 in a format other than NRD format you must complete the entire form.	
		I am elig	gible to file this Form 33-109F7.	

Item 10 Acknowledgements, submission to jurisdiction and notice of collection and use of personal information

By submitting this form, you:

- acknowledge that the submission to jurisdiction, consent to collection and use of personal information, and authorization in respect of SROs (to the extent applicable) that you provided in your Form 33-109F4 remain in effect and extend to this form
- consent to the collection and disclosure of your personal information by regulators and by your sponsoring firm, in each case, for registration and other related regulatory purposes.

If you have any questions about the collection and use of your personal information, contact the securities regulatory authority or applicable SRO in the relevant jurisdiction. See Schedule F for details. In Québec, you can also contact the Commission d'accès à l'information at 1-888-528-7741 or visit its website at www.cai.gouv.gc.ca.

You acknowledge and agree that if you are seeking reinstatement of your registration and it was subject to any undischarged terms and conditions when you left your former sponsoring firm, those terms and conditions will remain in effect at your new sponsoring firm.

Item 11 Warning

It is an offence under securities legislation and derivatives legislation, including commodity futures legislation, to give false or misleading information on this form.

Item 12 Certification

1. Certification - NRD format:

I confirm I have discussed the questions in this form with an officer, branch manager or supervisor of my sponsoring firm. To the best of my knowledge, the officer, branch manager or supervisor was satisfied that I fully understood the questions. I will limit my activities to those permitted by my category of registration. If the business location specified in this form is a residence, I hereby give my consent for the regulator or, in Québec, the securities regulatory authority to enter that residence for the administration of securities legislation and derivatives legislation, including commodity futures legislation.

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Date signed_

(YYYY/MM/DD)

		ng this submission as agent for the individual. By checking this box, I certify that the individual provided me with information on this form and the certification above.				
2.	Certification - Format other than NRD format:					
Indivi	dual					
am sı		ing below, I certify to the regulator, or, in Québec, the securities regulatory authority, in each jurisdiction where I is form, either directly or through the principal regulator that:				
	•	I have read the form and understand the questions,				
	•	all of the information provided on this form is true, and complete, and				
	•	if the business location specified in this form is a residence, I hereby give my consent for the regulator or, in Québec, the securities regulatory authority to enter that residence for the administration of securities legislation and derivatives legislation, including commodity futures legislation.				
Signa	ture of indiv	vidual Date signed(YYYY/MM/DD)				
Autho	orized part	ner or officer of the new sponsoring firm				
am sı		ing below, I certify to the regulator, or $_{\pm}$ in Québec $_{\pm}$ the securities regulatory authority, in each jurisdiction where I is form for the individual that:				
	•	the individual will be engaged by the new sponsoring firm as a registered individual or a permitted individual				
	•	I have, or a branch manager or another officer or supervisor has, discussed the questions set out in this form with the individual and, to the best of my knowledge, the individual fully understands the questions, and				
	•	the new sponsoring firm understands that if the individual's reinstatement of registration was subject to any undischarged terms and conditions when the individual left their former sponsoring firm, those terms and conditions remain in effect and agrees to assume any ongoing obligations that apply to the sponsoring firm in respect of the individual under those terms and conditions.				
Name	of firm					
Name	of authoriz	zed signing officer or partner				
Title o	Title of authorized signing officer or partner					
Signa	Signature of authorized signing officer or partner					

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Schedule A Use of other names (Item 1.4)

Item 1.4 Use of other names Name 1: Name: _ Provide the reasons for the use of this other name (for example, trade name or team name): ______ If this other name is or was used in connection with any sponsoring firm, did the sponsoring firm approve the use of the name? Yes No When did you use this name? From: To: (YYYY/MM) (YYYY/MM) Name 2: Name: Provide the reasons for the use of this other name (for example, trade name or team name): ____ If this other name is or was used in connection with any sponsoring firm, did the sponsoring firm approve the use of the name? Yes No When did you use this name? From: To: (YYYY/MM) (YYYY/MM) Name 3: Provide the reasons for the use of this other name (for example, trade name or team name): If this other name is or was used in connection with any sponsoring firm, did the sponsoring firm approve the use of the name? Yes □ No When did you use this name? To: From: (YYYY/MM) (YYYY/MM)

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Schedule B Individual Categories (Item 3)

Check each category for which you are seeking reinstatement of registration, approval or permitted individual status

Categories Common to all jurisdictions under securities legislation

Firm categories [Format other than NRD format only] [] Investment Dealer [] Mutual Fund Dealer [] Scholarship Plan Dealer [] Exempt Market Dealer [] Restricted Dealer [] Portfolio Manager [] Restricted Portfolio Manager [] Investment Fund Manager
Individual categories and permitted activities [] Dealing Representative [] Advising Representative [] Ultimate Designated Person [] Chief Compliance Officer [] Permitted Individual_as described in paragraph (c) of the definition of "permitted individual" in section 1.1 of National Instrument 33-109 Registration Information [] Officer – Specify title: [] Director [] Partner [] Shareholder [] Branch Manager (MFDA members only) [] IIROC approval only
IIROC
Approval categories [] Executive [] Director (Industry) [] Director (Non-Industry) [] Supervisor [] Investor [] Registered Representative [] Investment Representative [] Trader
Additional approval categories [] Chief Compliance Officer [] Chief Financial Officer [] Ultimate Designated Person
Products [] Non-Trading [] Securities [] Options [] Futures Contracts and Futures Contract Options [] Mutual Funds only
Customer type [] Retail [] Institutional [] Not Applicable
Portfolio management [] Portfolio Management

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Categories under local commodity futures and derivatives legislation

<u>Ontario</u>
Firm categories [] Commodity Trading Adviser [] Commodity Trading Counsel [] Commodity Trading Manager [] Futures Commission Merchant
Individual categories and permitted activities [] Advising Representative [] Salesperson [] Branch Manager [] Officer – Specify title: [] Director [] Partner [] Shareholder [] IIROC approval only
<u>Manitoba</u>
Firm categories [] Dealer (Merchant) [] Dealer (Futures Commission Merchant) [] Dealer (Floor Broker) [] Adviser [] Local
Individual categories and permitted activities [] Floor Broker [] Salesperson [] Branch Manager [] Adviser [] Officer – Specify title [] Director [] Partner [] Futures Contracts Portfolio Manager [] Associate Futures Contracts Portfolio Manager [] IIROC approval only [] Local
Québec
Firm categories
[] Derivatives Dealer [] Derivatives Portfolio Manager
Individual categories and permitted activities [] Derivatives Dealing Representative [] Derivatives Advising Representative [] Derivatives Associate Advising Representative

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Schedule C Address and agent for service (Item 4)

You must have one address for service in each province or territory in which you are now, or are seeking to become, a

Item 4.1 Address for service

Contact person:

Last name, First name

registered individual or permitted individual. A post office box is not an acceptable address for service.

Address for service:

(number, street, city, province or territory, postal code)

Telephone number: (___) _____ Fax number: (___) _____

Business e-mail address: ______

Item 4.2 Agent for service

If you have appointed an agent for service, provide the following information for the agent. The address for service provided above must be the address of the agent named below.

Name of agent for service: _______

(if applicable)

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Schedule D Current employment, other business activities, officer positions held and directorships (Item 7)

Complete a separate Schedule D for each of your current business and employment activities, including employment and business activities with your new sponsoring firm and any employment and business activities outside your new sponsoring firm. Also include all officer or director positions and any other equivalent positions held, as well as positions of influence. The information must be provided

- whether you receive compensation for such services, and
- whether or not such position is business related.

1.	Start date
(YYYY /	MM/DD)
2.	Firm information
	Check here if this activity is employment with your sponsoring firm.
below:	If the activity is with your sponsoring firm, you are not required to indicate the firm name and address information
Name o	f business or employer:
Address	s of business or employer:
(numbe	r, street, city, province, territory or state, country)
Name a	and title of your immediate supervisor:
3.	Description of duties
such as	Describe all employment and business activities related to this employer. Include the nature of the business and your title or relationship with the business. If you are seeking registration that requires specific experience, include details level of responsibility, value of accounts under direct supervision, number of years of experience, and percentage of ent on each activity.
4.	Number of work hours per week
	How many hours per week do you devote to this business or employment?
	If this activity is employment with your sponsoring firm and you work less than 30 hours per week, explain why.
5.	Conflict of Interest
If you h	ave more than one employer or are engaged in business related activities:
	ose any potential for confusion by clients and any potential for conflicts of interest arising from your multiple employment ness related activities or proposed business related activities.

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B. Indicate whether or not any of your employers or organizations where you engage in business related act an exchange.	ivities are listed on
C. Confirm whether the firm has procedures for minimizing potential conflicts of interest and if so, confirm that these procedures.	at you are aware of
D. State the name of the person at your sponsoring firm who has reviewed and approved your multiple emplorelated activities or proposed business related activities.	oyment or business
E. If you do not perceive any conflicts of interest arising from this employment, explain why.	

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Schedule E Ownership of securities in new sponsoring firm (Item 8)

Firm name (whose business is trading in or advising on securities or derivatives, or both):							
What is	your rela	ationship	to the firm	n?	Partner	. 🗆	— Major shareholder □
What is	the perio	od of this	relations	hip?			
	From:			To:			(if applicable)
	(YYYY/	MM)		(YYYY	//MM)	_	
	Provide	the follo	owing info	rmation:			
		ire wher	n you are	reinstate	ed or appro	oved as	tage of securities, or the amount of partnership interest you own or a result of the review of this form. If acquiring shares when you are asury shares, or if upon transfer, state name of transferor).
held by	b) you or a						cessary) of any subordinated debentures or bonds of the firm to be u to the firm:
firm and	c) I state th				n has provi u and that		with funds to invest in the firm, provide the name of the person or firm:
firm?	d)	Are th	e funds to	be inve	ested (or p	oroposed	to be invested) guaranteed directly or indirectly by any person or
	Yes		No				
	If "Yes"	, provide	e the name	e of the	person or t	firm and	state the relationship between you and that person or firm:
		are regis	tered or a	pproved	l as a resu	ilt of the	y rights relating to these securities or this partnership interest, or do review of this form, intend to give up any of these rights (including surities or partnership interest with any firm or person)?
	Yes		No				
describe							e the relationship between you and that person or firm and
held by	f) you?	ls a pe	erson othe	er than y	ou the be	neficial o	owner of the shares, bonds, debentures, partnership units or notes
	Yes		No				
	If "Yes"	, comple	ete (g), (h)	and (i).			

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g)	Name of beneficial owner:							
	Last name	First name	Second name (N/A □)	Third name (N/A □)				
h)	Residential addres	s:						
	(number, street, cit	y, province, territory or state	e, country, postal code)					
i)	Occupation:							

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Schedule F **Contact information for** Notice of collection and use of personal information

Alberta

Alberta Securities Commission Suite 600, 250-5th St. SW Calgary, AB T2P 0R4 Attention: Information Officer Telephone: (403) 297-6454

British Columbia

British Columbia Securities Commission P.O. Box 10142, Pacific Centre 701 West Georgia Street Vancouver, BC V7Y 1L2

Attention: Freedom of Information Officer

Telephone: (604) 899-6500 or (800) 373-6393 (in Canada)

Manitoba

The Manitoba Securities Commission 500 - 400 St. Mary Avenue Winnipeg, MB R3C 4K5 Attention: Director of Registrations Telephone: (204) 945-2548 Fax: (204) 945-0330

New Brunswick

Financial and Consumer Services Commission of New Brunswick / Commission des services financiers et des services aux consommateurs du Nouveau-Brunswick Suite 300, 85 Charlotte Street Saint John, NB E2L 2J2

Attention: Director of Se rities Registration

Telephone: (506) 658-3060

Newfoundland and Labrador

Superintendent of Securities, Service NL Government of Newfoundland and Labrador P.O. Box 8700 2nd Floor, West Block Confederation Building St. John's, NL A1B 4J6 Attention: Manager of Registrations Telephone: (709) 729-5661

Nova Scotia

Nova Scotia Securities Commission Suite 400, 5251 Duke Street Halifax, NS B3J 1P3 Attention: Deputy Director, Capital Markets

Telephone: (902) 424-7768

Northwest Territories

Government of the Northwest Territories Department of Justice 1st Floor Stuart M. Hodgson Building 5009 - 49th Street Yellowknife, NWT X1A 2L9

Attention: Deputy Superintendent of Securities

Telephone: (867) 920-8984

Nunavut

Government of Nunavut Department of Justice P.O. Box 1000 Station 570 Iqaluit, NU X0A 0H0

Attention: Deputy Registrar Superintendent of Securities

Telephone: (867) 975-6590

Ontario

Ontario Securities Commission 22nd Floor 20 Queen Street West Toronto, ON M5H 3S8 Attention: Compliance and Registrant Regulation

Telephone: (416) 593-8314 e-mail: registration@osc.gov.on.ca

Prince Edward Island

Securities Office Department of Community Affairs and Attorney General P.O. Box 2000 Charlottetown, PE C1A 7N8 Attention: Deputy Registrar Superintendent of Securities

Telephone: (902) 368-6288

Québec

Autorité des marchés financiers 800, square Victoria, 22e étage C.P. 246, tour de la Bourse Montréal (Québec) H4Z 1G3

Attention: Responsable de l'accès à l'information Telephone: (514) 395-0337 or (877) 525-0337

Saskatchewan

Financial and Consumer Affairs Authority of Saskatchewan Suite 601, 1919 Saskatchewan Drive Regina, SK S4P 4H2

Attention: Deputy Director, Capital Markets

Telephone: (306) 787-5871

Yukon

Government of Yukon Superintendent of Securities Department of Community Services P.O. Box 2703 C-6 Whitehorse, YT Y1A 2C6 Attention: Superintendent of Securities

Telephone: (867) 667-5314

Self-regulatory organization

Investment Industry Regulatory Organization of Canada 121 King Street West, Suite 2000 Toronto, Ontario M5H 3T9 Attention: Privacy Officer Telephone: (416) 364-6133

E-mail: PrivacyOfficer@iiroc.ca

ANNEX F2

CHANGES TO 33-109CP

The changes set out in this Change Document will not be made in those CSA jurisdictions where those changes have already been made.

Appendix B to Companion Policy 33-109CP Registration Information is changed as follows:

- (a) under the heading "New Brunswick", by replacing "Registration Officer" with "Registration", and
- (b) under the heading "Nunavut", by replacing "Deputy Registrar" with "Superintendent of Securities".

These changes become effective on December 4, 2017.

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NOTICE OF AMENDMENTS TO OSC RULE 33-506 (COMMODITY FUTURES ACT) REGISTRATION INFORMATION

July 27, 2017

Introduction

The Ontario Securities Commission (the **OSC** or **we**) are implementing amendments (the **33-506 Amendments**) to Ontario Securities Commission Rule 33-506 (*Commodity Futures Act*) Registration Information (**Rule 33-506**) including its Forms (the **33-506 Forms**).

The 33-506 Amendments are being implemented in conjunction with amendments (the **33-109 Amendments**) to National Instrument 33-109 *Registration Information* (**NI 33-109**) and its Forms (the **33-109 Forms**).

The 33-506 Amendments are consequential to and consistent with the adoption by the Canadian Securities Administrators (**CSA**) of the 33-109 Amendments.

The adoption by Ontario and the other members of the CSA of the 33-109 Amendments is the subject of a separate notice (the **CSA Notice**), dated July 27, 2017, entitled "Notice of Amendments to National Instrument 31-103 Registration Requirements, Exemptions and Ongoing Registrant Obligations, Companion Policy 31-103CP Registration Requirements, Exemptions and Ongoing Registrant Obligations, National Instrument 33-109 Registration Information and Companion Policy 33-109CP Registration Information."

The 33-506 Amendments are subject to ministerial approval. If this approval is obtained, the 33-506 Amendments will come into force on December 4, 2017.

Substance and purpose

The 33-506 Amendments are consequential in nature and incorporate intended improvements that are also being made to NI 33-109 and the 33-109 Forms. The 33-506 Amendments will maintain consistency between the 33-506 Forms and the corresponding 33-109 Forms, subject to minor variations that reflect differences in the registration framework under the *Commodity Futures Act* (the **CFA**) and the *Securities Act*.

We believe that form consistency facilitates a streamlined registration process.

Background

We published proposed amendments for comment on July 7, 2016 (the **July 2016 33-506 Proposal**). The proposed amendments were published in conjunction with the proposed amendments to NI 33-109 (the **July 2016 33-109 Proposal**).

We made changes to certain of the amendments proposed in the July 2016 33-506 Proposal, several of which are described in the CSA Notice. As these changes are not material, we are not publishing the 33-506 Amendments for another comment period.

You can find a description of the key changes we made to Rule 33-506 in Annex A of this Notice.

Summary of written comments received by the CSA

We did not receive any comments on the July 2016 33-506 Proposal.

The CSA did, however, receive written comment letters on the July 2016 33-109 Proposal. The CSA Notice includes a summary of these comments together with the CSA response. Copies of these comment letters are on our website.

www.osc.gov.on.ca

Adoption of the 33-506 Amendments

The 33-506 Amendments will be implemented as a rule in Ontario.

The 33-506 Amendments and other required materials were delivered to the Minister of Finance on July 25, 2017. The Minister may approve or reject the 33-506 Amendments or return them for further consideration. If the Minister approves the 33-506 Amendments or does not take any further action, the 33-506 Amendments will come into force on December 4, 2017.

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List of annexes

This Notice contains the following annexes:

- Annex A Summary of changes to Rule 33-506
- Annex B Amending instrument to Rule 33-506
- Annex C Blackline showing changes to Rule 33-506

Questions

Please refer your questions to:

Robert F. Kohl Senior Legal Counsel, Compliance and Registrant Regulation Tel: 416-593-8233

Email: rkohl@osc.gov.on.ca

ANNEX A

SUMMARY OF CHANGES TO RULE 33-506 RELATIVE TO EXISTING LAW

This annex summarizes the key changes being made to Rule 33-506. If all necessary ministerial approvals are obtained, the 33-506 Amendments come into force on December 4, 2017.

Section 2.3 [Reinstatement]

As explained in section 2.5 of Companion Policy 33-506CP Registration Information, when an individual leaves a sponsoring firm and joins a new registered firm, they may submit a Form 33-506F7 Reinstatement of Registered Individuals and Permitted Individuals to have their registration or permitted individual status automatically reinstated in one or more of the same categories as before, subject to all of the conditions specified in subsection 2.3(2) or 2.4(2) of OSC Rule 33-506.

Among the specified conditions is a requirement in subparagraph 2.3(2)(c)(i) of OSC Rule 33-506 that, after the individual's cessation date, there have been no changes to the information previously submitted in respect of Item 13 [Regulatory disclosure] of the individual's Form 33-506F4 Registration of Individuals and Review of Permitted Individuals, other than in respect of Item 13.3(c).

We amended subparagraph 2.3(2)(c)(i) of OSC Rule 33-506 so that the exception for changes in the information in respect of Item 13 refers to Item 13.3 (a) and not Item 13.3(c).

Form 33-506F2 Change or Surrender of Individual Categories

We amended Schedule B Contact information for Notice of collection and use of personal information to update contact information for New Brunswick, Nunavut and Prince Edward Island.

Form 33-506F3 Business Locations Other than Head Office

We amended Schedule A Contact information for Notice of collection and use of personal information to update information for New Brunswick, Nunavut and Prince Edward Island.

Form 33-506F4 Registration of Individuals and Review of Permitted Individuals

Schedule C Individual Categories (Item 6)

In the check-boxes under the heading "Individual categories and permitted activities", in the check box for "Permitted Individual", we added "as described in paragraph (c) of the definition of "permitted individual" in section 1.1 of OSC Rule 33-506 (Commodity Futures Act) Registration Information." This change will align with the corresponding part of the Form on NRD.

Schedule O Contact information for Notice of collection and use of personal information

We updated information for New Brunswick, Nunavut and Prince Edward Island.

Form 33-506F5 Change of Registration Information

Schedule A Contact information for Notice of collection and use of personal information

We updated information for New Brunswick, Nunavut and Prince Edward Island.

Form 33-506F6 Firm Registration

Item 4.2 Exemption from securities registration

Except as otherwise set out in section 2.1 of Rule 33-506, firms that are seeking registration as a dealer or adviser under the CFA are required to complete and submit a Form 33-506F6 *Firm Registration*. Item 4.2 of Form 33-506F6 requires the firm to provide information on exemptions from registration or licensing to trade or advise in securities or derivatives. We amended Item 4.2 to eliminate this information requirement if the firm has already notified the securities regulator or, in Québec, the securities regulatory authority, in accordance with the applicable exemption.

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Schedule A Contact information for Notice of collection and use of personal information

We updated information for New Brunswick, Nunavut and Prince Edward Island.

Schedule C Form 31-103F1 Calculation of Excess Working Capital

We amended this Schedule to reflect the amendments to Form 31-103F1 referred to in the CSA Notice.

Form 33-506F7 Reinstatement of Registered Individuals and Permitted Individuals

We amended Form 33-506F7 so that in subparagraph 2.3(2)(c)(i) the exception for changes in the information in respect of Item 13 refers to Item 13.3 (a) and not Item 13.3(c), with corresponding changes in the General Instructions and Item 9.1 of Form 33-506F7.

Schedule B Individual Categories (Item 3)

In the check-boxes under the heading "Individual categories and permitted activities", in the check box for "Permitted Individual", we have added "as described in paragraph (c) of the definition of "permitted individual" in section 1.1 OSC Rule 33-506 (Commodity Futures Act) Registration Information."

As in the case of corresponding Schedule C *Individual Categories (Item 6)* in Form 33-506F4, this change will align with the corresponding part of the Form on NRD.

Schedule F Contact information for Notice of collection and use of personal information

We updated information for New Brunswick, Nunavut and Prince Edward Island.

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ANNEX B

AMENDMENTS TO RULE 33-506

- 1. Ontario Securities Commission Rule 33-506 (Commodity Futures Act) Registration is amended by this Instrument.
- 2. Subparagraph 2.3(2)(c)(i) is amended by replacing "Item 13.3(c)" with "Item 13.3(a)".
- 3. Schedule B to Form 33-506F2 is amended
 - (a) under the heading "New Brunswick" by replacing "Director of Securities" with "Registration",
 - (b) under the heading "Nunavut" by replacing "Deputy Registrar of Securities" with "Superintendent of Securities", and
 - (c) under the heading "Prince Edward Island" by replacing "Deputy Registrar of Securities" with "Superintendent of Securities".
- 4. Schedule A to Form 33-506F3 is amended
 - (a) under the heading "New Brunswick" by replacing "Director of Securities" with "Registration",
 - (b) under the heading "Nunavut" by replacing "Deputy Registrar of Securities" with "Superintendent of Securities", and
 - (c) under the heading "Prince Edward Island" by replacing "Deputy Registrar of Securities" with "Superintendent of Securities".
- 5. Form 33-506F4 is amended
 - (a) in the "General Instructions" by replacing "regulators(s) or in Québec," with "regulator(s) or, in Québec,",
 - (b) in Item 22 under the heading "Individual" and under the heading "Authorized partner or officer of the firm", by replacing "regulator, or in Québec" with "regulator or, in Québec,".
- 6. Schedule C to Form 33-506F4 is amended under the heading "Individual categories and permitted activities" by adding "as described in paragraph (c) of the definition of "permitted individual" in section 1.1 of OSC Rule 33-506 (Commodity Futures Act) Registration Information" after "Permitted Individual".
- 7. Schedule O to Form 33-506F4 is amended
 - (a) under the heading "New Brunswick" by replacing "Director of Securities" with "Registration",
 - (b) under the heading "Nunavut" by replacing "Deputy Registrar of Securities" with "Superintendent of Securities", and
 - (c) under the heading "Prince Edward Island" by replacing "Deputy Registrar of Securities" with "Superintendent of Securities".
- 8. Schedule A to Form 33-506F5 is amended
 - (a) under the heading "New Brunswick" by replacing "Director of Securities" with "Registration",
 - (b) under the heading "Nunavut" by replacing "Deputy Registrar of Securities" with "Superintendent of Securities", and
 - (c) under the heading "Prince Edward Island" by replacing "Deputy Registrar of Securities" with "Superintendent of Securities".

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- 9. Section 4.2 of Form 33-506F6 is amended by adding "(other than those exemptions with respect to which the firm has already notified the securities regulator or, in Québec, the securities regulatory authority in accordance with the applicable exemption)" after "trade or advise in securities or derivatives".
- 10. Schedule A to Form 33-506F6 is amended
 - (a) under the heading "New Brunswick" by replacing "Director of Securities" with "Registration",
 - (b) under the heading "Nunavut" by replacing "Deputy Registrar of Securities" with "Superintendent of Securities", and
 - (c) under the heading "Prince Edward Island" by replacing "Deputy Registrar of Securities" with "Superintendent of Securities".

11. Schedule C to Form 33-506F6 is amended

- (a) in the column entitled "Component" in Line 10 of the table by adding "or, in Québec, for a firm registered only in that jurisdiction and solely in the category of mutual fund dealer, less the deductible under the liability insurance required under section 193 of the Québec Securities Regulation" after "National Instrument 31-103 Registration Requirements, Exemptions and Ongoing Registrant Obligations",
- (b) in subparagraph (a)(i) of Schedule 1 by replacing "Aaa or AAA by Moody's Canada Inc. or its DRO affiliate, or Standard & Poor's Rating Services (Canada) or its DRO affiliate, respectively" with "Aaa or AAA, or the short-term ratings equivalent of either of those ratings, by a designated rating organization or its DRO affiliate", and
- (c) in paragraph (d) of Schedule 1 by replacing "Investment Companies Act of 1940" with "Investment Company Act of 1940".

12. Form 33-506F7 is amended

- (a) in the "General Instructions" by replacing "regulator(s) or in Québec," with "regulator(s) or, in Québec,",
- (b) in section 2 of the "General Instructions" and in section 1 of Item 9 by replacing "Item 13.3(c)" with "Item 13.3(a)", and
- (c) in Item 12 under the heading "Individual" and under the heading "Authorized partner or officer of the new sponsoring firm", by replacing "regulator, or in Québec" with "regulator or, in Québec,".
- 13. Schedule B to Form 33-506F7 is amended under the heading "Individual categories and permitted activities" by adding "as described in paragraph (c) of the definition of "permitted individual" in section 1.1 of OSC Rule 33-506 (Commodity Futures Act) Registration Information" after "Permitted Individual".

14. Schedule F to Form 33-506F7 is amended

- (a) under the heading "New Brunswick" by replacing "Director of Securities" with "Registration",
- (b) under the heading "Nunavut" by replacing "Deputy Registrar of Securities" with "Superintendent of Securities". and
- (c) under the heading "Prince Edward Island" by replacing "Deputy Registrar of Securities" with "Superintendent of Securities".

Coming into force

15. This Instrument comes into force on December 4, 2017.

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ANNEX C

BLACKLINE SHOWING CHANGES TO RULE 33-506

This Annex shows, by way of blackline, changes to the unofficial consolidation of Rule 33-506 (as of July 27, 2017) after giving effect to the amendments set out in Annex B – Amending Instrument to Rule 33-506.

ONTARIO SECURITIES COMMISSION RULE 33-506 (COMMODITY FUTURES ACT) REGISTRATION INFORMATION

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PART 1 DEFINITIONS AND INTERPRETATION

1.1 Definitions – In this Rule

"business location" means a location where the firm carries out an activity that requires registration, and includes a residence if regular and ongoing activity that requires registration is carried out from the residence or if records relating to an activity that requires registration are kept at the residence;

"cessation date" means the last day on which an individual had authority to act as a registered individual on behalf of their sponsoring firm or was a permitted individual of their sponsoring firm, because of the end of, or a change in, the individual's employment, partnership, or agency relationship with the firm;

"firm" means a person or company that is registered, or is seeking registration, as a dealer, adviser or investment fund manager;

"Form 33-506F1" means Form 33-506F1 Notice of Termination of Registered Individuals and Permitted Individuals;

"Form 33-506F2" means Form 33-506F2 Change or Surrender of Individual Categories;

"Form 33-506F3" means Form 33-506F3 Business Locations other than Head Office;

"Form 33-506F4" means Form 33-506F4 Registration of Individuals and Review of Permitted Individuals;

"Form 33-506F5" means Form 33-506F5 Change of Registration Information;

"Form 33-506F6" means Form 33-506F6 Firm Registration;

"Form 33-506F7" means Form 33-506F7 Reinstatement of Registered Individuals and Permitted Individuals;

"former sponsoring firm" means the registered firm for which an individual most recently acted as a registered individual or permitted individual;

"NRD submission number" means the unique number generated by NRD to identify each NRD submission;

"permitted individual" means

- (a) a director, chief executive officer, chief financial officer, or chief operating officer of a firm, or a functional equivalent of any of those positions, or
- (b) an individual who has beneficial ownership of, or direct or indirect control or direction over, 10 percent or more of the voting securities of a firm; or
- (c) a trustee, executor, administrator, or other personal or legal representative, that has direct or indirect control or direction over 10 percent or more of the voting securities of a firm;

"registered individual" means an individual who is registered to trade or advise on behalf of a registered firm;

"sponsoring firm" means,

- (a) for a registered individual, the registered firm on whose behalf the individual trades or advises,
- (b) for an individual applying for registration, the firm on whose behalf the individual proposes to trade or advise,
- (c) for a permitted individual of a registered firm, the registered firm, or
- (d) for a permitted individual of a firm that is applying for registration, the applicant firm.
- **1.2** Interpretation Terms defined in Ontario Securities Commission Rule 31-509 National Registration Database (Commodity Futures Act) and used in this Rule have the respective meanings ascribed to those terms in Ontario Securities Commission Rule 31-509 National Registration Database (Commodity Futures Act)..

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[&]quot;registered firm" means a person or company that is registered as a dealer or adviser;

PART 2 APPLICATION FOR REGISTRATION AND REVIEW OF PERMITTED INDIVIDUALS

- **2.1 Dealer and Adviser Registration** Except as provided in subsection 2.5(1), an applicant for registration as a dealer or adviser must submit to the Director.
 - (a) in paper format, a completed Form 33-506F6, excluding questions 1.4(a), 2.6 and 6.2; and
 - (b) in accordance with Ontario Securities Commission Rule 31-509 *National Registration Database (Commodity Futures Act)*, a completed Form 33-506F3 for each business location of the applicant, other than the applicant's head office.

2.2 Individual Applicants

- (1) An individual who applies for registration under securities legislation must make the application by submitting to the regulator in accordance with Ontario Securities Commission Rule 31-509 National Registration Database (Commodity Futures Act) a completed Form 33-506F4.
- (2) Despite subsection (1), a permitted individual of a registered firm who applies to become a registered individual with the firm must make the application by submitting to the regulator in accordance with Ontario Securities Commission Rule 31-509 *National Registration Database (Commodity Futures Act)* a completed Form 33-506F2.

2.3 Reinstatement

- (1) An individual who applies for reinstatement of registration must submit a completed Form 33-506F4 to the Director in accordance with Ontario Securities Commission Rule 31-509 *National Registration Database (Commodity Futures Act)*, unless the individual submits a completed Form 33-506F7 in accordance with subsection (2).
- (2) An individual who applies for reinstatement of registration must submit a completed Form 33-506F7 to the Director in accordance with Ontario Securities Commission Rule 31-509 *National Registration Database (Commodity Futures Act)*, if all of the following apply:
 - (a) the Form 33-506F7 is submitted in on or before the 90th day after the cessation date:
 - (b) the individual's employment, partnership or agency relationship with the former sponsoring firm did not end because the individual was asked by the firm to resign, resigned voluntarily, or was dismissed, following an allegation against the individual of any of the following:
 - (i) criminal activity;
 - (ii) a breach of securities legislation;
 - (iii) a breach of a rule of an SRO;
 - (c) after the cessation date there have been no changes to the information previously submitted in respect of any of the following items of the individual's Form 33-506F4:
 - (i) item 13 [Regulatory disclosure] (other than Item 13.3(ea));
 - (ii) item 14 [Criminal disclosure];
 - (iii) item 15 [Civil disclosure];
 - (iv) item 16 [Financial disclosure];
 - (d) the individual is seeking reinstatement with a sponsoring firm in one or more of the same categories of registration in which the individual was registered on the cessation date;
 - (e) the new sponsoring firm is registered in the same category of registration in which the individual's former sponsoring firm was registered.

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2.4 Permitted Individuals

- (1) Subject to subsection (2), a permitted individual must submit to the Director in accordance with Ontario Securities Commission Rule 31-509 *National Registration Database (Commodity Futures Act)* a completed Form 33-506F4 within the later of
 - (a) 10 days after becoming a permitted individual; and
 - (b) the date the sponsoring firm applies for registration.
- (2) An individual who has ceased to be a permitted individual of a former sponsoring firm may submit to the Director a completed Form 33-506F7 if all of the following apply:
 - (a) the Form 33-506F7 is submitted in accordance with Ontario Securities Commission Rule 31-509 National Registration Database (Commodity Futures Act)
 - (i) no more than 10 days after becoming a permitted individual of the new sponsoring firm, and
 - (ii) no more than 90 days after the cessation date;
 - (b) the individual holds the same permitted individual status that they held with the former sponsoring firm;
 - (c) the conditions described in paragraphs (b) and (c) of subsection 2.3(2) apply.

2.5 Securities Act Registrants

- (1) If an applicant for registration under section 2.1 is registered under the Securities Act, the applicant is not required to submit a completed Form 33-506F3 under subsection 2.1(b) for any business location of the applicant that is recorded on NRD.
- (2) Despite subsection 2.2(1), if an individual applies to become a registered individual and is recorded on NRD with his or her sponsoring firm as registered under the *Securities Act*, the individual must make the application by submitting to the Director, in accordance with Ontario Securities Commission Rule 31-509 *National Registration Database (Commodity Futures Act*), a completed Form 33-506F2.

PART 3 CHANGES TO REGISTERED FIRM INFORMATION

3.1 Changes to Form 33-506F6 Information

- (1) Subject to subsection (3), a registered firm must notify the regulator of a change to any information previously submitted in Form 33-506F6 or under this subsection, as follows:
 - (a) for a change previously submitted in relation to part 3 of the Form 33-506F6, within 30 days of the change;
 - (b) for a change previously submitted in relation to any other part of the Form 33-506F6, within 10 days of the change.
- (2) A notice of change referred to in subsection (1) must be made by submitting a completed Form 33-506F5.
- (3) A notice of change is not required under subsection (1) if the change relates to any of the following:
 - a business location other than the head office of the firm if the firm submits a completed Form 33-506F3 under section 3.2;
 - (b) a termination, or a change, of a registered firm's employment, partnership or agency relationship with an officer, partner or director of the registered firm if the firm submits a completed Form 33-506F1 under subsection 4.3(1);
 - (c) the addition of an officer, partner, or director to the registered firm if that individual
 - (i) submits a completed Form 33-506F4 under subsection 2.2(1) or 2.5(1), or
 - (ii) submits a completed Form 33-506F7 under sections 2.3 or 2.5(2);

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- (d) The information in the supporting documents referred to in any of the following items of Form 33-506F6:
 - (i) item 3.3 [Business documents];
 - (ii) item 5.1 [Calculation of excess working capital];
 - (iii) item 5.7 [Directors' resolution approving insurance];
 - (iv) item 5.13 [Audited financial statements];
 - (v) item 5.14 [Letter of direction to auditors].

3.2 Changes to Business Locations

- (1) A registered firm must notify the Director of the opening of a business location, other than a new head office, by submitting in accordance with Ontario Securities Commission Rule 31-509 *National Registration Database (Commodity Futures Act)* a completed Form 33-506F3 within 10 days of the opening of the business location.
- (2) A registered firm must notify the Director of a change to any information previously submitted in Form 33-506F3 by submitting in accordance with Ontario Securities Commission Rule 31-509 *National Registration Database (Commodity Futures Act)* a completed Form 33-506F3 within 10 days of the change.
- **3.3** Changes to Other Registration Information A registered firm must notify the regulator of a change in its auditor or financial year-end within 7 days of the change.

PART 4 CHANGES TO REGISTERED INDIVIDUAL AND PERMITTED INDIVIDUAL INFORMATION

4.1 Changes to Form 33-506F4 Information

- (1) Subject to subsections (2) and (3), a registered individual or permitted individual must notify the regulator of a change to any information previously submitted in Form 33-506F4, in Form 33-506F7, or under this subsection, within 10 days of the change.
- (2) Despite subsection (1), a registered individual or permitted individual must notify the regulator of a change to information previously submitted in Items 4, 8 and 11 of Form 33-506F4, or under this subsection, within 30 days of the change.
- (3) Despite subsection (1), a registered individual or permitted individual is not required to notify the regulator of a change to information previously submitted in Item 3 [personal information] of Form 33-506F4.
- (4) A notice of change under subsection (1) or (2) must be made by submitting a completed Form 33-506F5 to the Director in accordance with Ontario Securities Commission Rule 31-509 *National Registration Database (Commodity Futures Act)*.
- (5) Despite subsection (4), a notice of change referred to in this section must be made by submitting a completed Form 33-506F2 to the Director in accordance with Ontario Securities Commission Rule 31-509 *National Registration Database* (Commodity Futures Act) if the change relates to
 - (a) an individual's status as a permitted individual of the sponsoring firm,
 - (b) the removal or the addition of a category of registration,
 - (c) the surrender of registration in one or more non-principal jurisdictions, or
 - (d) any information on Schedule C of Form 33-506F4.

4.2 [Repealed]

4.3 Termination of Employment, etc.

(1) A registered firm must notify the Director of the end of, or a change in, a sponsored individual's employment, partnership, or agency relationship with a firm if the individual ceases to have authority to act on behalf of the firm as a

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registered individual or permitted individual by submitting a Form 33-506F1 to the Director in accordance with Ontario Securities Commission Rule 31-509 National Registration Database (Commodity Futures Act) with

- (a) items 1 through 4 completed, and
- (b) item 5 completed unless the reason for termination under item 4 was death of the individual.
- (2) A registered firm must submit to the Director the information required under
 - (a) paragraph (1)(a), within 10 days of the cessation date, and
 - (b) paragraph (1)(b), within 30 days of the cessation date.
- (3) A registered firm must, within 10 days of a request from an individual for whom the registered firm was the former sponsoring firm, provide to the individual a copy of the Form 33-506F1 that the registered firm submitted under subsection (1) in respect of that individual.
- (4) If a registered firm completed and submitted the information in item 5 of a Form 33-506F1 in respect of an individual who made a request under subsection (3) and that information was not included in the initial copy provided to the individual, the registered firm must provide to that individual a further copy of the completed Form 33-506F1, including the information in item 5, within the later of
 - (a) 10 days after the request by the individual under subsection (3), and
 - (b) 10 days after the submission pursuant to paragraph (2)(b).

PART 5 DUE DILIGENCE AND RECORD-KEEPING

5.1 Sponsoring Firm Obligations

- (1) A sponsoring firm must make reasonable efforts to ensure the truth and completeness of information that is submitted in accordance with this Instrument for any individual.
- (2) A sponsoring firm must obtain from each individual who is registered to act on behalf of the firm, or who is a permitted individual of the firm, a copy of the Form 33-506F1 most recently submitted by the individual's former sponsoring firm in respect of that individual, if any, within 60 days of the firm becoming the individual's sponsoring firm.
- (3) A sponsoring firm must retain all documents used by the firm to satisfy its obligation under subsection (1) as follows:
 - (a) in the case of a registered individual, for no less than 7 years after the individual ceases to be registered to act on behalf of the firm:
 - (b) in the case of an individual who applied for registration but whose registration was refused by the regulator, for no less than 7 years after the individual applied for registration; or
 - (c) in the case of a permitted individual, for no less than 7 years after the individual ceases to be a permitted individual with the firm.
- (4) Without limiting the generality of subsection (3), if a registered individual, an individual applying for registration, or a permitted individual appoints an agent for service, the sponsoring firm must keep the original Appointment of Agent for Service executed by the individual for the period of time set out in paragraph (3)(b).
- (5) A sponsoring firm that retains a document under subsection (3) or (4) in respect of an NRD submission must record the NRD submission number on the first page of the document.

PART 6 [Lapsed]

PART 7 EXEMPTION

7.1 Exemption – The Director may grant an exemption from this Rule, in whole or in part, subject to such conditions or restrictions as may be imposed in the exemption.

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PART 8 EFFECTIVE DATE

8.1 [*Lapsed*]

8.2 Effective Date – This Rule comes into force when National Instrument 31-103 *Registration Requirements, and Exemptions and Ongoing Registrant Obligations* comes into force.

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FORM 33-506F1 NOTICE OF TERMINATION OF REGISTERED INDIVIDUALS AND PERMITTED INDIVIDUALS (section 4.2)

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

Complete and submit this form to notify the relevant regulator(s) or, in Québec, the securities regulatory authority, or self-regulatory organization (SRO) that a registered individual or permitted individual has left their sponsoring firm or has ceased to act in a registerable capacity or as a permitted individual.

Terms

In this form, "cessation date" (or "effective date of termination") means the last day on which an individual had authority to act as a registered individual on behalf of their sponsoring firm or the last day on which an individual was a permitted individual of their sponsoring firm, because of the end of, or a change in, the individual's employment, partnership, or agency relationship with the firm.

How to submit the form

Submit this form at the National Registration Database (NRD) website in NRD format at www.nrd.ca.

If you are relying on the temporary hardship exemption in section 5.1 of Ontario Securities Commission Rule 31-509 *National Registration Database (Commodity Futures Act)*, you may submit this form in a format other than NRD format.

When to submit the form

You must submit the responses to Item 1, Item 2, Item 3 and Item 4 within 10 days of the effective date of termination.

If you are required to complete Item 5, you must submit those responses within 30 days of the cessation date. If you are submitting the responses to Item 5, in NRD format, after Items 1 to 4 have been submitted at NRD, use the NRD submission type called "Update/Correct Termination Information" to complete Item 5 of this form.

Item 1	Terminating firm
1.	Name
2.	NRD number
Item 2	Terminated individual
1.	Name
2.	NRD number
Item 3	Business location of the terminated individual
1.	Business location address
2.	NRD number
Item 4	Date and reason for termination
1.	Cessation date / Effective date of termination(YYYY/MM/DD)
	the last day that the individual had authority to act in a registerable capacity on behalf of the firm, or the last day that the al was a permitted individual.
2.	Reason for termination / cessation (check one):
Resigne	ed – voluntary
Resigne	ed – at the firm's request
Dismiss	ed in good standing

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Item 6 [repealed]

8.

9.

Reasons/Details:

or any affiliate of the firm?

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Did the individual repeatedly or materially fail to follow compliance policies and procedures of the firm

Did the individual engage in discretionary management of client accounts or otherwise engage in

registerable activity without appropriate registration or without the firm's authorization?

Item 7 Warning

It is an offence under securities legislation and derivatives legislation, including commodity futures legislation, to give false or misleading information on this form.

Item 8 Certification

Cartification	NIDD 6	armat

I am making this submission as agent for the firm. By checking this box, I certify that the firm provided me with all of the information on this form.

Certification – Format other than NRD format:

By signing below I certify to the regulator or, in Québec, the securities regulatory authority, in each jurisdiction where I am submitting this form for the firm, either directly or through the principal regulator, that:

- I have read this form and understand the questions, and
- all of the information provided on this form is true and complete.

Name of firm			
Name of authorized signing officer or partner			
Title of authorized signing officer or partner			
Signature of authorized signing officer or partner			
Date signed(YYYY/MM/DD)			

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Schedule A [repealed]

FORM 33-506F2 CHANGE OR SURRENDER OF INDIVIDUAL CATEGORIES (section 2.2(2), 2.5(2) or 4.1(5))

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

Complete and submit this form to notify the relevant regulator(s) or, in Québec, the securities regulatory authority, or self-regulatory organization (SRO) that a registered individual or permitted individual seeks to add and/or remove individual registration categories or permitted activities or provide notice of other changes to the information on Schedule C of Form 33-506F4.

Terms

In this form, "you", "your" and "individual" mean the registered individual or permitted individual who is seeking to add and/or remove registration categories or permitted activities.

How to submit this form

Submit this form at the National Registration Database (NRD) website in NRD format at www.nrd.ca.

If you are relying on the temporary hardship exemption in section 5.1 of Ontario Securities Commission Rule 31-509 *National Registration Database (Commodity Futures Act)*, you may submit this form in a format other than NRD format.

Item 1	Individual
Name of	f individual
NRD nu	mber of individual
Item 2	Registration jurisdictions
1.	Are you filing this form under the passport system / interface for registration?
	Choose "No" if you are registered in
	(a) only one jurisdiction of Canada
	(b) more than one jurisdiction of Canada and you are requesting a surrender in a non-principal jurisdiction or jurisdictions, but not in your principal jurisdiction, or
	(c) more than one jurisdiction of Canada and you are requesting a change only in your principal jurisdiction. Yes No
2.	Check each jurisdiction where you are seeking the change or surrender. Alberta British Columbia Manitoba New Brunswick Newfoundland and Labrador Northwest Territories Nova Scotia Nunavut Ontario Prince Edward Island Québec Saskatchewan Yukon

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Item 3	Removing categories			
What ca	ategories are you seeking to remove?			
Item 4	Adding categories			
1.	Categories			
What ca	ategories are you seeking to add?			
2.	Professional liability insurance (Québec mutual fund dealers and Québec scholarship plan dealers)			
	re seeking registration as a representative of a mutual fund dealer or of a scholarship plan dealer in Québec, are you by your sponsoring firm's professional liability insurance?			
Yes	□ No □			
If "No",	state:			
The nar	ne of your insurer			
Your po	licy number			
3.	Relevant securities industry experience			
	ave not been registered in the last 36 months and you passed the required examination more than 36 months ago, do sider that you have gained 12 months of relevant securities industry experience during the 36-month period?			
Yes	□ No □ N/A □			
If you a	re an individual applying for IIROC approval, select "N/A".			
If "Yes",	complete Schedule A.			
Item 5	Reason for surrender			
If you a jurisdict	are seeking to remove a registration category or permitted activity, state the reason for the surrender in the local ion.			

Item 6 Notice of collection and use of personal information

The personal information required under this form is collected on behalf of, and used by, the securities regulatory authorities in the jurisdictions set out in Schedule B to administer and enforce certain provisions of their securities legislation or derivatives legislation or both.

The personal information required under this form is also collected by and used by the SRO set out in Schedule B to administer and enforce its by-laws, regulations, rules, rulings and policies.

By submitting this form, the individual consents to the collection by the securities regulatory authorities or applicable SRO of this personal information, and any police records, records from other government or non-governmental regulators or SROs, credit records and employment records about the individual that the securities regulatory authorities or applicable SRO may need to complete their review of the information submitted in this form relating to the individual's continued fitness for registration or approval, if applicable, in accordance with the legal authority of the securities regulatory authorities while the individual is registered with or approved by it. Securities regulatory authorities or SROs may contact government and private bodies or agencies, individuals, corporations and other organizations for information about the individual.

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If you have any questions about the collection and use of this information, contact the securities regulatory authorities or applicable SRO in any jurisdiction in which the required information is submitted. See Schedule B for details. In Québec, you can also contact the Commission d'accès à l'information at 1-888-528-7741 or visit its website at www.cai.gouv.gc.ca.

Item 7 Warning

It is an offence under securities legislation and derivatives legislation, including commodity futures legislation, to give false or misleading information on this form.

Item 8 Certification

Certification-NRD format:

I confirm I have discussed the questions in this form with an officer, branch manager or supervisor of my sponsoring firm. To the best of my knowledge and belief, the officer, branch manager or supervisor was satisfied that I fully understood the questions. I will limit my activities to those permitted by my category of registration.

I am making this submission as agent for the individual identified in this form. By checking this box, I certify that the individual provided me with all of the information on this form.

Certification-Format other than NRD format:

By signing below:

- 1. I certify to the regulator or, in Québec, the securities regulatory authority, in each jurisdiction where I am submitting this form, either directly or through the principal regulator, that:
 - I have read this form and understand the questions, and
 - all of the information provided on this form is true, and complete.
- 2. I confirm I have discussed the questions in this form with an officer, branch manager or supervisor of my sponsoring firm. To the best of my knowledge and belief, the officer, branch manager or supervisor was satisfied that I fully understood the questions. I will limit my activities to those permitted by my category of registration.

Signature of	individual	
Date signed		
	(YYYY/MM/DD)	

By signing below, I certify to the regulator or, in Québec, the securities regulatory authority, in each jurisdiction where I am submitting this form for the individual, either directly or through the principal regulator, that:

- the individual identified in this form will be engaged by the firm as a registered individual, or a non registered individual, and
- 2. I have, or a branch manager or supervisor or another officer or partner has, discussed the questions set out in this form with the individual. To the best of my knowledge and belief, the individual fully understands the questions.

Name of firm			
Name of authorized signing officer or partner			
Title of authorized signing officer or partner			
Signature of authorized signing officer or partner			
Date signed(YYYY/MM/DD)			

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Schedule A Relevant securities industry experience (Item 4)

Describe your responsibilities in areas relating to the category you are applying for, including the title(s) you have held, as we as start and end dates:
What is the percentage of your time devoted to these activities? %
Indicate the continuing education activities in which you have participated during the last 36 months and that are relevant to the category of registration you are applying for:

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Schedule B

Contact information for Notice of collection and use of personal information

Alberta

Alberta Securities Commission Suite 600, 250-5th St. SW Calgary, AB T2P 0R4 Attention: Information Officer Telephone: (403) 297-6454

British Columbia

British Columbia Securities Commission P.O. Box 10142, Pacific Centre 701 West Georgia Street Vancouver, BC V7Y 1L2

Attention: Freedom of Information Officer

Telephone: (604) 899-6500 or (800) 373-6393 (in Canada)

Manitoba

The Manitoba Securities Commission 500 - 400 St. Mary Avenue Winnipeg, MB R3C 4K5 Attention: Director of Registrations Telephone: (204) 945-2548 Fax (204) 945-0330

New Brunswick

Financial and Consumer Services Commission of New Brunswick / Commission des services financiers et des services aux consommateurs du Nouveau-Brunswick Suite 300, 85 Charlotte Street Saint John, NB E2L 2J2

Attention: Director of Securities Registration

Telephone: (506) 658-3060

Newfoundland and Labrador

Superintendent of Securities, Service NL Government of Newfoundland and Labrador P.O. Box 8700 2nd Floor, West Block Confederation Building St. John's, NL A1B 4J6 Attention: Manager of Registrations Telephone: (709) 729-5661

Nova Scotia

Nova Scotia Securities Commission Suite 400, 5251 Duke Street Halifax, NS B3J 1P3

Attention: Deputy Director, Capital Markets

Telephone: (902) 424-7768

Northwest Territories

Government of the Northwest Territories Department of Justice 1st Floor Stuart M. Hodgson Building 5009 - 49th Street Yellowknife, NWT X1A 2L9

Attention: Deputy Superintendent of Securities

Telephone: (867) 920-8984

Nunavut

Government of Nunavut Department of Justice P.O. Box 1000 Station 570 Igaluit, NU X0A 0H0

Attention: Deputy Registrar Superintendent of Securities

Telephone: (867) 975-6590

Ontario

Ontario Securities Commission 22nd Floor 20 Queen Street West Toronto, ON M5H 3S8

Attention: Compliance and Registrant Regulation

Telephone: (416) 593-8314 e-mail: registration@osc.gov.on.ca

Prince Edward Island

Securities Office Department of Community Affairs and Attorney General P.O. Box 2000

Charlottetown, PE C1A 7N8

Attention: Deputy Registrar Superintendent of Securities

Telephone: (902) 368-6288

Québec

Autorité des marchés financiers 800, square Victoria, 22e étage C.P. 246, tour de la Bourse Montréal (Québec) H4Z 1G3

Attention: Responsable de l'accès à l'information Telephone: (514) 395-0337 or (877) 525-0337

Saskatchewan

Financial and Consumer Affairs Authority of Saskatchewan Suite 601, 1919 Saskatchewan Drive Regina, SK S4P 4H2 Attention: Deputy Director, Capital Markets

Telephone: (306) 787-5871

Yukon

Government of Yukon Superintendent of Securities Department of Community Services P.O. Box 2703 C-6 Whitehorse, YT Y1A 2C6 Attention: Superintendent of Securities

Telephone: (867) 667-5314

Self-regulatory organization

Investment Industry Regulatory Organization of Canada 121 King Street West, Suite 2000 Toronto, Ontario M5H 3T9 Attention: Privacy Officer Telephone: (416) 364-6133 E-mail: PrivacyOfficer@iiroc.ca.

FORM 33-506F3 BUSINESS LOCATIONS OTHER THAN HEAD OFFICE (section 3.2)

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

Complete and submit this form to notify the relevant regulator(s) or, in Québec, the securities regulatory authority, or self-regulatory organization (SRO) that a business location has opened or closed, or information about a business location has changed.

Check or	ne of the following and complete the entire form:				
	Opening this business location				
	Closing this business location				
	Change to the information previously submitted about this business location. Clearly specify the information that has changed.				
How to	submit this form				
Submit t	nis form at the National Registration Database (NRD) website in NRD format at www.nrd.ca.				
	e relying on the temporary hardship exemption in section 5.1 of Ontario Securities Commission Rule 31-509 <i>Nation Database (Commodity Futures Act)</i> , you may complete and submit this form in a format other than NRD format.				
Item 1	Type of business location				
Branch o	or business location				
Sub-brar	nch (Mutual Fund Dealers Association of Canada members only)				
Item 2	Supervisor or branch manager				
Name of	designated supervisor or branch manager				
NRD nur	mber of the designated supervisor or branch manager				
Item 3	Business location information				
Business	(a post office box is not a valid business location address)				
Mailing a	address (if different from business location address)				
Telephoi	ne number ()				
Fax num	ber ()				
E-mail a	ddress				

Item 4 Notice of collection and use of personal information

The personal information required under this form is collected on behalf of, and used by, the securities regulatory authorities in the jurisdictions set out in Schedule A to administer and enforce certain provisions of their securities legislation or derivatives legislation or both.

The personal information required under this form is also collected by and used by the SRO set out in Schedule A to administer and enforce its by-laws, regulations, rules, rulings and policies.

By submitting this form, the individual consents to the collection by the securities regulatory authorities or applicable SRO of this personal information, and any police records, records from other government or non-governmental regulators or SROs, credit records and employment records about the individual that the securities regulatory authorities or applicable SRO may need to

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complete their review of the information submitted in this form relating to the individual's continued fitness for registration or approval, if applicable, in accordance with the legal authority of the securities regulatory authorities while the individual is registered with or approved by it. Securities regulatory authorities or SROs may contact government and private bodies or agencies, individuals, corporations and other organizations for information about the individual.

If you have any questions about the collection and use of this information, contact the securities regulatory authorities or applicable SRO in any jurisdiction in which the required information is submitted. See Schedule A for details. In Québec, you can also contact the Commission d'accès à l'information at 1-888-528-7741 or visit its website at www.cai.gouv.gc.ca.

Item 5 Warning

It is an offence under securities legislation and derivatives legislation, including commodity futures legislation, to give false or misleading information on this form.

Item 6 Certification

Certification - NR	D format:
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I am making this submission as agent for the firm. By checking this box, I certify that the firm provided me with all of the information on this form.
If the business location is a residence, the individual conducting business from that business location has completed a Form 33-506F4 <i>Registration of Individuals and Review of Permitted Individuals</i> certifying that they give their consent for the regulator or, in Québec, the securities regulatory authority to enter the residence for the administration of securities legislation and derivatives legislation, including commodity futures legislation.

Certification - Format other than NRD format:

By signing below, I certify to the securities regulator or, in Québec, the securities regulatory authority, in each jurisdiction where I am submitting this form for the firm, either directly or through the principal regulator, that:

- I have read this form and understand the questions,
- all of the information provided on this form is true, and complete, and
- if the business location specified in this form is a residence, the individual conducting business from that business location has completed a Form 33-506F4 Registration of Individuals and Review of Permitted Individuals certifying that they give their consent for the regulator or, in Québec, the securities regulatory authority to enter the residence for the administration of securities legislation and derivatives legislation, including commodity futures legislation.

Name of firm			
Name of authorized signing officer or partner			
Fitle of authorized signing officer or partner			
Signature of authorized signing officer or partner			
Date signed(YYYY/MM/DD)			

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Schedule A **Contact information for** Notice of collection and use of personal information

Alberta

Alberta Securities Commission Suite 600, 250-5th St. SW Calgary, AB T2P 0R4 Attention: Information Officer Telephone: (403) 297-6454

British Columbia

British Columbia Securities Commission P.O. Box 10142, Pacific Centre 701 West Georgia Street Vancouver, BC V7Y 1L2

Attention: Freedom of Information Officer

Telephone: (604) 899-6500 or (800) 373-6393 (in Canada)

Manitoba

The Manitoba Securities Commission 500 - 400 St. Mary Avenue Winnipea, MB R3C 4K5 Attention: Director of Registrations Telephone: (204) 945-2548 Fax (204) 945-0330

New Brunswick

Financial and Consumer Services Commission of New Brunswick / Commission des services financiers et des services aux consommateurs du Nouveau-Brunswick Suite 300, 85 Charlotte Street Saint John, NB E2L 2J2

Attention: Director of Se rities Registration

Telephone: (506) 658-3060

Newfoundland and Labrador

Superintendent of Securities. Service NL Government of Newfoundland and Labrador P.O. Box 8700 2nd Floor, West Block Confederation Building St. John's, NL A1B 4J6 Attention: Manager of Registrations Telephone: (709) 729-5661

Nova Scotia

Nova Scotia Securities Commission Suite 400, 5251 Duke Street Halifax, NS B3J 1P3 Attention: Deputy Director, Capital Markets

Telephone: (902) 424-7768

Northwest Territories

Government of the Northwest Territories Department of Justice 1st Floor Stuart M. Hodgson Building 5009 - 49th Street Yellowknife, NWT X1A 2L9 Attention: Deputy Superintendent of Securities

Telephone: (867) 920-8984

Nunavut

Government of Nunavut Department of Justice P.O. Box 1000 Station 570 Iqaluit, NU X0A 0H0

Attention: Deputy Registrar Superintendent of Securities

Telephone: (867) 975-6590

Ontario

Ontario Securities Commission 22nd Floor 20 Queen Street West Toronto, ON M5H 3S8

Attention: Compliance and Registrant Regulation

Telephone: (416) 593-8314 e-mail: registration@osc.gov.on.ca

Prince Edward Island

Securities Office Department of Community Affairs and Attorney General

P.O. Box 2000

Charlottetown, PE C1A 7N8

Attention: Deputy Registrar Superintendent of Securities

Telephone: (902) 368-6288

Québec

Autorité des marchés financiers 800, square Victoria, 22e étage C.P. 246, tour de la Bourse Montréal (Québec) H4Z 1G3

Attention: Responsable de l'accès à l'information Telephone: (514) 395-0337 or (877) 525-0337

Saskatchewan

Financial and Consumer Affairs Authority of Saskatchewan Suite 601, 1919 Saskatchewan Drive

Regina, SK S4P 4H2

Attention: Deputy Director, Capital Markets

Telephone: (306) 787-5871

Yukon

Government of Yukon Superintendent of Securities Department of Community Services P.O. Box 2703 C-6 Whitehorse, YT Y1A 2C6 Attention: Superintendent of Securities

Telephone: (867) 667-5314

Self-regulatory organization

Investment Industry Regulatory Organization of Canada 121 King Street West, Suite 2000 Toronto, Ontario M5H 3T9 Attention: Privacy Officer Telephone: (416) 364-6133

E-mail: PrivacyOfficer@iiroc.ca.

FORM 33-506F4 REGISTRATION OF INDIVIDUALS AND REVIEW OF PERMITTED INDIVIDUALS (section 2.2)

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

Complete and submit this form to the relevant regulator(s) or in Québec, the securities regulatory authority, or self-regulatory organization (SRO) if an individual is seeking

- registration in individual categories,
- to be reviewed as a permitted individual.

You are only required to submit one form even if you are applying to be registered in several categories. This form is also used if you are seeking to be reviewed as a permitted individual. A post office box is not acceptable as a valid business location address.

Terms

In this form:

"Approved person" means, in respect of a member (Member) of the Investment Industry Regulatory Organization of Canada (IIROC), an individual who is a partner, director, officer, employee or agent of a Member who is approved by IIROC or another Canadian SRO to perform any function required under any IIROC or other Canadian SRO by-law, rule, or policy;

"Canadian Investment Manager designation" means the designation earned through the Canadian investment manager program prepared and administered by CSI Global Education Inc. and so named on the day this Instrument comes into force, and every program that preceded that program, or succeeded that program, that does not have a significantly reduced scope and content when compared to the scope and content of the first-mentioned program;

"CFA Charter" means the charter earned through the Chartered Financial Analyst program prepared and administered by the CFA Institute and so named on the day this Instrument comes into force, and every program that preceded that program, or succeeded that program, that does not have a significantly reduced scope and content when compared to the scope and content of the first-mentioned program;

"Derivatives" means financial instruments, such as futures contracts (including exchange traded contracts), futures options and swaps whose market price, value or payment obligations are derived from, or based on, one or more underlying interests. Derivatives can be in the form of instruments, agreements or securities;

"Major shareholder" and "shareholder" mean a shareholder who, in total, directly or indirectly owns voting securities carrying 10 per cent or more of the votes carried by all outstanding voting securities;

"Sponsoring firm" means the registered firm where you will carry out your duties as a registered or permitted individual; and

"You", "your" and "individual" mean the individual who is seeking registration or the individual who is filing this form as a permitted individual under securities legislation or derivatives legislation or both.

How to submit this form

NRD format

Submit this form at the National Registration Database (NRD) website in NRD format at www.nrd.ca. If you have any questions, contact the compliance, registration or legal department of the sponsoring firm or a legal adviser with securities law experience, or visit the NRD information website at www.nrd-info.ca.

Format, other than NRD format

If you are relying on the temporary hardship exemption in section 5.1 of Ontario Securities Commission Rule 31-509 *National Registration Database (Commodity Futures Act)*, you may submit this form in a format other than NRD format.

If you need more space, use a separate sheet of paper. Clearly identify the item and question number. Complete and sign the form, and send it to the relevant regulator(s) or, in Québec, the securities regulatory authority, SRO (s) or similar authority. The

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number of originally signed copies of the form you are required to submit depends on the province or territory, and on the regulator, the securities regulatory authority or SRO.

To avoid delays in processing this form, be sure to answer all of the questions that apply to you. If you have questions, contact the compliance, registration or legal department of the sponsoring firm or a legal adviser with securities law experience, or visit the NRD information website at www.nrd-info.ca.

Item 1	Name				
1.	Legal n	ame			
Last nar	me		First name	Second name (N/A)	Third name (N/A)
NRD nu	mber (if a	applicabl	e)		
2.	Other p	ersonal	names		
Are you or name	currently s due to	, or hav marriage	e you ever been, kno e?	wn by any names other than your full	legal name above, for example, nicknames
Yes		No			
If "Yes",	complete	e Sched	ule A.		
3.	Use of	other na	imes		
				perated under, or carried on busines or sole proprietorships or team names	es under any name other than the name(s)?
Yes		No			
If "Yes",	complete	e Sched	ule A.		
Item 2	Reside	ntial add	dress		
Provide	all of you	ır reside	ntial addresses, includ	ding any foreign residential addresses	, for the past 10 years.
1.	Current	and pro	evious residential ad	ddresses	
(numbe	r, street,	city, prov	vince, territory or state	e, country, postal code)	
Telepho	ne numb				
Lived at	this addı	ess sinc	e (YYYY/MM)		
If you ha	ave lived	at this a	ddress for less than 1	0 years, complete Schedule B.	
2.	Mailing	addres	s		
	Check here if your mailing address is the same as your current residential address provided above. Otherwise, complete the following:				
(numbe	r, street,	city, prov	vince, territory or state	e, country, postal code)	

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3.	Busines	e-mail address	
Item 3	Persona	nformation	
1.	Date of b	h	
		(YYYY/MM/DD)	
2.	Place of	th (city, province, territory or state, country)	
3.	Gender	Female	
4.			
5.			
6.	_	in. or cm	
7.	Weight		
Item 4	Citizens	p	
1.	Citizensl	information	
What is	your cour	y of citizenship?	
	Canada		
	Other, sp	cify:	
2.	If you are	citizen of a country other than Canada, complete the following for that citizenship.	
	Check h	e if you do not have a valid passport. Otherwise, provide:	
Passpo	ort number:		
Date of	issue:	(YYYY/MM/DD)	
Place o	of issue:	ity, province, territory or state, country)	
Item 5		on jurisdictions	
1.	Are you	ng this form under the passport system / interface for registration?	
	Only cho	se "No" if:	
	(a)	ou are seeking registration,	
	(b)	ou are seeking review as a permitted individual and you are not currently registered under securi	ties
		gistation in any jurisdiction of Canada,	

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2.	Check each jurisdiction where you are seeking registration or review as a permitted individual:				
	All jurisdictions				
	Alberta British Columbia Manitoba New Brunswick Newfoundland and Labrador Northwest Territories Nova Scotia Nunavut Ontario Prince Edward Island Québec Saskatchewan Yukon				
Item 6	Individual categories				
1.	On Schedule C, check each category for which you are seeking registration as an individual or review as a permitted individual. If you are seeking review as a permitted individual, check each category that describes your position with your sponsoring firm.				
2.	If you are seeking registration as a representative of a mutual fund dealer or of a scholarship plan dealer in Québec, are you covered by your sponsoring firm's professional liability insurance?				
Yes	□ No □				
If "No", s	state:				
The nan	ne of your insurer				
Your po	licy number				
Item 7	Address and agent for service				
1.	Address for service				
a busine	st have one address for service in each province or territory where you are submitting this form. A residential address or ess address is acceptable. A post office box is not an acceptable address for service. Complete Schedule D for each al address for service you are providing.				
Address	for service:				
	(number, street, city, province or territory, postal code)				
Telepho	ne number				
	nber, if applicable				
	s e-mail address				
Dusines	o o man address				
2	Agent for sorvice				

Agent for service

If you have appointed an agent for service, provide the following information for the agent in each province or territory where you have an agent for service. The address of your agent for service must be the same as the address for service above. If your agent for service is not an individual, provide the name of your contact person.

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Name o	f agent for service:
Contact	person:Last name, First name
	Proficiency
1.	Course, examination or designation information and other education
	te Schedule E to indicate each course, examination and designation that is required for registration or approval and that e successfully completed or have been exempted from.
	Check here if you are not required under securities legislation or derivatives legislation or both, or the rules of an SRO to satisfy any course, examination or designation requirements.
2.	Student numbers
If you h below:	ave a student number for a course that you successfully completed with one of the following organizations, provide it
CSI Glo	bal Education:
IFSE In:	stitute:
Institute	of Canadian Bankers (ICB):
CFA Ins	stitute:
Advocis	:
RESP D	Dealers Association of Canada:
Other: _	
3.	Exemption refusal
	y securities regulator, derivatives regulator or SRO refused to grant you an exemption from a course, examination, tion or experience requirement?
Yes	□ No □
If "Yes",	complete Schedule F.
4.	Relevant securities industry experience
If you ar	re an individual applying for IIROC approval, select "N/A".
	ave not been registered in the last 36 months and you passed the required examination more than 36 months ago, do sider that you have gained 12 months of relevant securities industry experience during the 36-month period?
Yes	□ No □ N/A □
If "Yes",	complete Schedule F.
Item 9	Location of employment

1. Provide the following information for your new sponsoring firm. If you will be working out of more than one business location, provide the following information for the business location out of which you will be doing most of your business. If you are only filing this form because you are a permitted individual and you are not employed by, or acting as agent for, the sponsoring firm, select "N/A".

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NRD location number:
Unique Identification Number (optional):
Business location address: (number, street, city, province, territory or state, country, postal code)
Telephone number: ()
Fax number: ()
N/A 🗆
2. If the firm has a foreign head office, and/or you are not a resident of Canada, provide the address for the business location in which you will be conducting most of your business. If you are only filing this form because you are a permitted individual and you are not employed by, or acting as agent for, the sponsoring firm, select "N/A".
Business location address: (number, street, city, province, territory or state, country, postal code)
Telephone number: ()
Fax number: ()
N/A □
[The following under #3 "Type of business location", #4 and #5 is for a Format other than NRD format only]
3. Type of business location:
☐ Head office☐ Branch or business location☐ Sub-branch (members of the Mutual Fund Dealers Association of Canada only)
4. Name of supervisor or branch manager:
5. Check here if the mailing address of the business location is the same as the business location address provided above. Otherwise, complete the following:
Mailing address: (number, street, city, province, territory or state, country, postal code)

Item 10 Current employment, other business activities, officer positions held and directorships

Complete a separate Schedule G for each of your current business and employment activities, including employment and business activities with your sponsoring firm and any employment and business activities outside your sponsoring firm. Also include all officer or director positions and any other equivalent positions held, as well as positions of influence. The information must be provided

- whether or not you receive compensation for such services, and
- whether or not any such position is business related.

Item 11 Previous employment and other activities

On Schedule H, complete your history of employment and other activities for the past 10 years.

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Item 12 Resignations and terminations

you:	ou ever re	esignea,	been ten	filinated of been distrilissed for cause by an employer from a position following allegations that					
1.	Violated any statutes, regulations, rules or standards of conduct?			ulations, rules or standards of conduct?					
Yes		No							
If "Yes",	complet	e Sched	ule I, Item	ı 12.1.					
2.	Failed to appropriately supervise compliance with any statutes, regulations, rules or standards of conduct?								
Yes		No							
If "Yes",	complet	e Sched	ule I, Item	ı 12.2.					
3.	Commit	tted fraud	d or the w	rongful taking of property, including theft?					
Yes		No							
If "Yes",	complet	e Sched	ule I, Item	ı 12.3.					
Item 13	Regula	atory dis	closure						
The que	stions be	elow rela	te to any	jurisdiction of Canada and any foreign jurisdiction.					
1.	Securit	ies and	derivativ	res regulation					
a)	have yo	Other than a registration or permitted individual status that has been recorded under this NRD number, are you now, or have you ever been, registered or licensed with any securities regulator or derivatives regulator or both to trade in or advise on securities or derivatives or both?							
	Yes		No						
	If "Yes"	, comple	te Sched	ule J, Item 13.1(a).					
b)	Have yo	ou ever b	een refu	sed registration or a licence to trade in or advise on securities or derivatives or both?					
	Yes		No						
	If "Yes"	, comple	te Sched	ule J, Item 13.1(b).					
c)				ied the benefit of any exemption from registration provided in any securities or derivatives or other than what was disclosed in Item 8.3 of this form?					
	Yes		No						
	If "Yes"	, comple	te Sched	ule J, Item 13.1(c).					
d)		Are you now, or have you ever been subject to any disciplinary proceedings or any order resulting from disciplinary proceedings under any securities legislation or derivatives legislation or both?							
	Yes		No						
	If "Yes"	, comple	te Sched	ule J, Item 13.1(d).					
2.	SRO re	gulation	1						
a)				that has been recorded under this NRD number, are you now, or have you ever been, an RO or similar organization?					
	Yes		No						

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	If "Yes", complete Schedule J, Item13.2(a).
b)	Have you ever been refused approved person status by an SRO or similar organization?
	Yes
	If "Yes", complete Schedule J, Item 13.2(b).
c)	Are you now, or have you ever been, subject to any disciplinary proceedings conducted by any SRO or similar organization?
	Yes
	If "Yes", complete Schedule J, Item 13.2(c).
3.	Non-securities regulation
a)	Are you now, or have you ever been, registered or licensed under any legislation which requires registration of licensing to deal with the public in any capacity other than to trade in or advise on securities or derivatives or both (e.g. insurance, real estate, accountant, lawyer, teacher)?
	Yes No
	If "Yes", complete Schedule J, Item 13.3(a)
b)	Have you ever been refused registration or a licence under any legislation relating to your professional activities unrelated to securities or derivatives?
	Yes No
	If "Yes", complete Schedule J, Item 13.3(b).
c)	Are you now, or have you ever been, a subject of any disciplinary actions conducted under any legislation relating your professional activities unrelated to securities or derivatives?
	Yes No
	If "Yes", complete Schedule J, Item 13.3(c).
Item 14	Criminal disclosure

The questions below apply to offences committed in any jurisdiction of Canada and any foreign jurisdiction.

You must disclose all offences, including:

- a criminal offence under federal statutes such as the Criminal Code (Canada), Income Tax Act (Canada), the Competition Act (Canada), Immigration and Refugee Protection Act (Canada) and the Controlled Drugs and Substances Act (Canada), even if
 - a record suspension has been ordered under the Criminal Records Act (Canada)
 - you have been granted an absolute or conditional discharge under the Criminal Code (Canada), and
- a criminal offence, with respect to questions 14.2 and 14.4, of which you or your firm has been found guilty or for which you or your firm have participated in the alternative measures program within the previous three years, even if a record suspension has been ordered under the Criminal Records Act (Canada)

You are not required to disclose:

- charges for summary conviction offences that have been stayed for six months or more,
- charges for indictable offences that have been stayed for a year or more,

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	•	offences under the Youth Criminal Justice Act (Canada), and					
	•	speeding	speeding or parking violations.				
Subject	ject to the exceptions above:						
1.	Are there	e there any outstanding or stayed charges against you alleging a criminal offence that was committed?					
	Yes		No				
	If "Yes",	complete	Schedu	le K, Item 14.1.			
2.		Have you ever been found guilty, pleaded no contest to, or been granted an absolute or conditional discharge from any criminal offence that was committed?					
	Yes		No				
	If "Yes",	complete	Schedu	le K, Item 14.2.			
3.				edge, are there any outstanding or stayed charges against any firm of which you were, at the vas alleged to have taken place, a partner, director, officer or major shareholder?			
	Yes		No				
	If "Yes",	complete	Schedu	le K, Item 14.3.			
4.		uilty, plea		edge, has any firm, when you were a partner, officer, director or major shareholder, ever been contest to or been granted an absolute or conditional discharge from a criminal offence that			
	Yes		No				
	If "Yes",	complete	Schedu	le K, Item 14.4.			
Item 15	Civil dis	closure					
The que	stions be	low relate	to any j	urisdiction of Canada and any foreign jurisdiction.			
1.				utstanding civil actions alleging fraud, theft, deceit, misrepresentation or similar misconduct e you are or were a partner, director, officer or major shareholder?			
	Yes		No				
	If "Yes",	complete	Schedu	le L, Item 15.1.			
2.	Have you or a firm where you are or were a partner, director, officer or major shareholder ever been a defendant or respondent in any civil proceeding in which fraud, theft, deceit, misrepresentation or similar misconduct is, or was, successfully established in a judgment?						
	Yes		No				
	If "Yes",	complete	Schedu	le L, Item 15.2.			
Item 16	Financia	al disclos	sure				
1.	Bankruj	otcy					
	ne laws o		plicable	jurisdiction, have you or has any firm when you were a partner, director, officer or major			
a)	Had a pe	etition in I	oankrupto	cy issued or made a voluntary assignment in bankruptcy or any similar proceeding?			
	Yes		No				

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	If "Yes", complete Schedule M, Item 16.1(a).				
b)	Made a	proposal	under ar	ny legislation relating to bankruptcy or insolvency or any similar proceeding?	
	Yes		No		
	If "Yes",	complet	e Schedu	le M, Item 16.1(b).	
c)	Been subject to proceedings under any legislation relating to the winding up or dissolution of the firm, or under the Companies' Creditors Arrangement Act (Canada)?				
	Yes		No		
	If "Yes",	complete	e Schedu	le M, Item 16.1(c).	
d)	Been subject to or initiated any proceedings, arrangement or compromise with creditors? This includes having a receiver, receiver-manager, administrator or trustee appointed by or at the request of creditors, privately, through court process or by order of a regulatory authority, to hold your assets.				
	Yes		No		
	If "Yes",	complete	e Schedu	le M, Item 16.1(d).	
2.	Debt ob	ligation	S		
knowled	ge, has a	any firm,	while you	failed to meet a financial obligation of \$10,000 or more as it came due or, to the best of your were a partner, director, officer or major shareholder of that firm, failed to meet any financial came due?	
Yes		No			
If "Yes",	complete	Schedu	ile M, Iten	n 16.2.	
3.	Surety bond or fidelity bond				
Have yo	u ever be	een refus	ed for a s	surety or fidelity bond?	
Yes		No			
If "Yes",	complete	e Schedu	ile M, Iten	n 16.3.	
4.	Garnish	ments,	unsatisfi	ed judgments or directions to pay	
Has any federal, provincial, territorial, state authority or court ever issued any of the following against you regarding your indebtedness or, to the best of your knowledge, the indebtedness of a firm where you are or were a partner, director, officer or major shareholder:					
			Yes	No	
Garnishment					
Unsatisfied judgment		nent			
Direction to pay					
If "Yes",	If "Yes", complete Schedule M, Item 16.4.				
Item 17	Owners	hip of s	ecurities	and derivatives firms	
				en, a partner or major shareholder of any firm (including your sponsoring firm) whose business es or derivatives or both?	
Yes		No			

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If "Yes", complete Schedule N.

Item 18 Agent for service

By submitting this form, you certify that in each jurisdiction of Canada where you have appointed an agent for service, you have completed the appointment of agent for service required in that jurisdiction.

Item 19 Submission to jurisdiction

By submitting this form, you agree to be subject to the securities legislation or derivatives legislation or both of each jurisdiction of Canada, and to the by-laws, regulations, rules, rulings and policies (collectively referred to as "rules" in this form) of the SROs to which you have submitted this form. This includes the jurisdiction of any tribunals or any proceedings that relate to your activities as a registrant or a partner, director or officer of a registrant under that securities legislation or derivatives legislation or both or as an Approved Person under SRO rules.

Item 20 Notice of collection and use of personal information

The personal information required under this form is collected on behalf of, and used by, the securities regulatory authorities in the jurisdictions set out in Schedule O to administer and enforce certain provisions of their securities legislation or derivatives legislation or both.

By submitting this form, the individual consents to the collection by the securities regulatory authorities of this personal information, and any police records, records from other government or non-governmental regulators or SROs, credit records and employment records about the individual that the securities regulatory authorities may need to complete their review of the information submitted in this form relating to the individual's continued fitness for registration or approval, if applicable, in accordance with the legal authority of the securities regulatory authorities while the individual is registered with or approved by it. Securities regulatory authorities may contact government and private bodies or agencies, individuals, corporations and other organizations for information about the individual.

If you have any questions about the collection and use of this information, contact the securities regulatory authority in any jurisdiction in which the required information is submitted. See Schedule O for details. In Québec, you can also contact the Commission d'accès à l'information at 1-888-528-7741 or visit its website at www.cai.gouv.qc.ca.

SROs

The principal purpose for the collection of personal information is to assess your suitability for registration or approval and to assess your continued fitness for registration or approval in accordance with the applicable securities legislation and the rules of the SROs.

By submitting this form, you authorize the SROs to which this form is submitted to collect any information from any source whatsoever. This includes, but is not limited to, personal confidential information about you that is otherwise protected by law such as police, credit, employment, education and proficiency course completion records, and records from other government or non-governmental regulatory authorities, securities commissions, stock exchanges, or other SROs, private bodies, agencies, individuals or corporations, as may be necessary for the SROs to complete their review of your form or continued fitness for registration or approval in accordance with their rules for the duration of the period you remain so registered or approved. You further consent to and authorize the transfer of confidential information between SROs, securities commissions or stock exchanges from whom you now, or may in the future, seek registration or approval, or with which you are currently registered or approved for the purpose of determining fitness or continued fitness for registration or approval or in connection with the performance of an investigation or other exercise of regulatory authority, whether or not you are registered with or approved by them.

By submitting this form, you certify that you understand the rules of the applicable SROs of which you are seeking registration or approval or of which your sponsoring firm is a member or participating organization. You also undertake to become conversant with the rules of any SROs of which you or your sponsoring firm becomes a member or participating organization. You agree to be bound by, observe and comply with these rules as they are from time to time amended or supplemented, and you agree to keep yourself fully informed about them as they are amended and supplemented. You submit to the jurisdiction of the SROs from whom you are seeking registration or approval, or of which your sponsoring firm is now or in the future becomes a member or participating organization and, wherever applicable, their Governors, Directors and Committees. You agree that any registration or approval granted pursuant to this form may be revoked, terminated or suspended at any time in accordance with the then applicable rules of the respective SROs. In the event of any such revocation or termination, you must terminate all activities which require registration or approval and, thereafter, not perform services that require registration or approval for any member of the SROs or any approved affiliated company or other affiliate of such member without obtaining the approval of or registration with the SROs, in accordance with their rules.

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By submitting this form, you undertake to notify the SROs from whom you are seeking registration or approval or with which you are currently or may in the future be registered or approved of any material change to the information herein provided in accordance with their respective rules. You agree to the transfer of this form, without amendment, to other SROs in the event that at some time in the future you seek registration or approval from such other SROs.

You certify that you have discussed the questions in this form, together with this Agreement, with an Officer, Supervisor or Branch Manager of your sponsoring member firm and, to your knowledge and belief, the authorized Officer, Supervisor or Branch Manager was satisfied that you fully understood the questions and the terms of this Agreement. You further certify that your business activities that are subject to securities rules and derivatives rules or both will be limited strictly to those permitted by the category of your registration or approval.

Item 21 Warning

It is an offence under securities legislation and derivatives legislation, including commodity futures legislation, to give false or misleading information on this form.

Item 22 Certification

1. Certification – NRD format

I confirm I have discussed the questions in this form with an officer, branch manager or supervisor of my sponsoring firm. To the best of my knowledge, the officer, branch manager or supervisor was satisfied that I fully understood the questions. I will limit my activities to those permitted by my category of registration. If the business location specified in this form is a residence, I hereby give my consent for the regulator or, in Québec, the securities regulatory authority to enter that residence for the administration of securities legislation and derivatives legislation, including commodity futures legislation.

I am making this submission as agent for the individual identified in this form. By checking this box, I certify that the individual provided me with all of the information on this form and the certification above.

2. Certification – Format other than NRD format

Individual

By signing below, I certify to the regulator, or in Québec the securities regulatory authority, in each jurisdiction where I am filing or submitting this form, either directly or through the principal regulator, that:

- I have read this form and understand the questions,
- all of the information provided on this form is true, and complete, and
- if the business location specified in this form is a residence, I hereby give my consent for the regulator or, in Québec, the securities regulatory authority to enter that residence for the administration of securities legislation and derivatives legislation, including commodity futures legislation.

Signature of individual	Date	
organisation or missionalist.	 	

Authorized partner or officer of the firm

By signing below, I certify to the regulator, or in Québec the securities regulatory authority, in each jurisdiction where I am submitting this form, either directly or through the principal regulator, for the individual that:

- the individual identified in this form will be engaged by the sponsoring firm as a registered individual or a permitted individual, and
- I have, or a branch manager, or supervisor, or another officer or partner has, discussed the questions set out in this form with the individual and, to the best of my knowledge, the individual fully understands the questions.

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Schedule A Names (Item 1)

Item 1.2 Other personal names

ı agı nam≏	First name	Second name (N/A)	Third name (N/A □)	
Last name				
Provide the reasor	ns for the use of this nai	me (for example, marriage, di	orce, court order, commonly used name or r	nckname
When did you use	this name?	From:	То:	
		YYYY/MM)	(YYYY/MM)	
Name 2:				
Last name	First name	Second name (N/A)	Third name (N/A 🔲)	
Provide the reasor	ns for the use of this na	me (for example, marriage, di	vorce, court order, commonly used name or r	nickname
When did you use	this name?	From:	To:	
		YYYY/MM)	(YYYY/MM)	
Name 3:				
Last name	First name	Second name (N	/A Third name (N/A)	
Provide the reasor	ns for the use of this nar	me (for example, marriage, di	vorce, court order, commonly used name or r	nickname
		me (for example, marriage, di From:	vorce, court order, commonly used name or r	nickname
				nickname
When did you use		From:	To:	nickname
When did you use	this name?	From:	To:	nickname
When did you use Item 1.3 Use Name 1:	this name? of other names	From:	To: (YYYY/MM)	nickname
When did you use Item 1.3 Use Name 1:	this name? of other names	From: YYYY/MM)	To: (YYYY/MM)	
When did you use Item 1.3 Use Name 1: Name: Provide the reasor	this name? of other names ns for the use of this oth	From: YYYY/MM) er name (for example, trade in the second content of the second content	To: (YYYY/MM)	

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When did you use this name?	From:	To:	
	YYYY/MM)	(YYYY/MM)	
Name 2:			
Name:			
Provide the reasons for the use of this other name	(for example, trade na	ame or team name):	
If this other name is or was used in connection wit	h any sponsoring firm,	did the sponsoring firm approve the use of the name?	
When did you use this name?	From:	То:	
	YYYY/MM)	(YYYY/MM)	
Name 3:			
Name:			
Provide the reasons for the use of this other name	(for example, trade na	ame or team name):	
	h any sponsoring firm,	did the sponsoring firm approve the use of the name?	
Yes No N/A When did you use this name?	From:	To:	
which did you use this hame:	i iQill.	10.	
	YYYY/MM)	(YYYY/MM)	

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Schedule B Residential address (Item 2)

Item 2.1 Current and previous residential addresses

If you have lived at your current address for less than 10 years, list all previous addresses for the past 10 years.

You do not have to include a postal code or ZIP code, or a telephone number for any previous address.

Address 1:			
Residential address:			
(numbe	er, street, city, province, territory	or state, country)	
When did you live at this address?	From:	То:	
	(YYYY/MM)	(YYYY/MM)	
Address 2:			
Residential address:			
(numbe	er, street, city, province, territory	or state, country)	
When did you live at this address?	From:	То:	
	(YYYY/MM)	(YYYY/MM)	
Address 3:			
Residential address:			
	er, street, city, province, territory	or state, country)	
When did you live at this address?	From:	То:	
	(YYYY/MM)	(YYYY/MM)	

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Schedule C Individual Categories (Item 6)

Check each category for which you are seeking registration, approval or review as a permitted individual.

Categories common to all jurisdictions under securities legislation
Firm categories [Format other than NRD format only]
[] Investment Dealer
[] Mutual Fund Dealer
[] Scholarship Plan Dealer
[] Exempt Market Dealer
[] Restricted Dealer
[] Portfolio Manager
[] Restricted Portfolio Manager
[] Investment Fund Manager
Individual categories and permitted activities
[] Dealing Representative
[] Advising Representative
[] Associate Advising Representative
[] Ultimate Designated Person
[] Chief Compliance Officer
[] Permitted Individual_as described in paragraph (c) of the definition of "permitted individual" in section 1.1 of OSC Rule 33-506 (Commodity Futures Act) Registration Information
[] Officer – Specify title:
[] Director
[] Partner
[] Shareholder
[] Branch Manager (MFDA members only)
[] IIROC approval only
IIROC
Approval categories
[] Executive
[] Director (Industry)
[] Director (Non-Industry)
[] Supervisor
[] Investor
[] Registered Representative
[] Investment Representative

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[] Trader
Additional approval categories
[] Chief Compliance Officer
[] Chief Financial Officer
[] Ultimate Designated Person
Products
[] Non-Trading
[] Securities
[] Options
[] Futures Contracts and Futures Contract Options
[] Mutual Funds only
Customer type
[] Retail
[] Institutional
[] Not Applicable
Portfolio management
[] Portfolio Management
Categories under local commodity futures and derivatives legislation
Categories under local commodity futures and derivatives legislation Ontario
Ontario
Ontario Firm categories
Ontario Firm categories [] Commodity Trading Adviser
Ontario Firm categories [] Commodity Trading Adviser [] Commodity Trading Counsel
Ontario Firm categories [] Commodity Trading Adviser [] Commodity Trading Counsel [] Commodity Trading Manager
Ontario Firm categories [] Commodity Trading Adviser [] Commodity Trading Counsel [] Commodity Trading Manager [] Futures Commission Merchant
Ontario Firm categories [] Commodity Trading Adviser [] Commodity Trading Counsel [] Commodity Trading Manager [] Futures Commission Merchant Individual categories and permitted activities
Ontario Firm categories [] Commodity Trading Adviser [] Commodity Trading Counsel [] Commodity Trading Manager [] Futures Commission Merchant Individual categories and permitted activities [] Advising Representative
Ontario Firm categories [] Commodity Trading Adviser [] Commodity Trading Counsel [] Commodity Trading Manager [] Futures Commission Merchant Individual categories and permitted activities [] Advising Representative [] Salesperson
Ontario Firm categories [] Commodity Trading Adviser [] Commodity Trading Counsel [] Commodity Trading Manager [] Futures Commission Merchant Individual categories and permitted activities [] Advising Representative [] Salesperson [] Branch Manager
Ontario Firm categories [] Commodity Trading Adviser [] Commodity Trading Counsel [] Commodity Trading Manager [] Futures Commission Merchant Individual categories and permitted activities [] Advising Representative [] Salesperson [] Branch Manager [] Officer – Specify title:
Ontario Firm categories [] Commodity Trading Adviser [] Commodity Trading Counsel [] Commodity Trading Manager [] Futures Commission Merchant Individual categories and permitted activities [] Advising Representative [] Salesperson [] Branch Manager [] Officer – Specify title: [] Director

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<u>Manitoba</u>

F	rirm categories
[] Dealer (Merchant)
[] Dealer (Futures Commission Merchant)
[] Dealer (Floor Broker)
[] Adviser
[] Local
lı	ndividual categories and permitted activities
[] Floor Broker
[] Salesperson
[] Branch Manager
[] Adviser
[] Officer – Specify title:
[] Director
[] Partner
[] Futures Contracts Portfolio Manager
[] Associate Futures Contracts Portfolio Manager
[] IIROC approval only
[] Local
_	Québe <u>c</u>
	irm categories
] Derivatives Dealer
_] Derivatives Portfolio Manager
_	ndividual categories and permitted activities
	Derivatives Dealing Representative
_	Derivatives Advising Representative
_	Derivatives Associate Advising Representative
L	I Delivatives Associate Advising Mehleselitative

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Schedule D Address and agent for service (Item 7)

Item 7.1 Address for service

You must have one address for service in each province or territory in which you are now, or are seeking to become, a registered individual or permitted individual. A post office box is not an acceptable address for service.
Address for service:
(number, street, city, province or territory, postal code)
Telephone number: () Fax number: ()
Business e-mail address:
Item 7.2 Agent for service
If you have appointed an agent for service, provide the following information about the agent. The address for service provided above must be the address of the agent named below.
Name of agent for service:
(if applicable)
Contact person:
Last name First name

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Schedule E Proficiency (Item 8)

Item 8.1 Course, examination or designation information and other education

Course, examination, designation or other education	Date completed (YYYY/MM/DD)	Date exempted (YYYY/MM/DD)	Regulator / securities regulatory authority granting the exemption
If you have listed the CFA Charter in Item 8.1, please Institute permitted to use this charter.	indicate by checking "	Yes" below if you are	e a current member of the CFA
Yes			
If "No", please explain why you no longer hold this desi	ignation:		
If you have listed the Canadian Investment Manager C currently permitted to use this designation.	Designation in Item 8.1,	, please indicate by o	checking "Yes" below if you are
Yes No			
If "No", please explain why you no longer hold this desi	ignation:		

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Schedule F Proficiency (Items 8.3 and 8.4)

Item 8.3 Exemption refusal

Complete the following for each exemption that was refused.	
1. Which securities regulator, derivatives regulator or SRO refused to grant the exemption?	
State the name of the course, examination, designation or experience requirement:	
State the reason given for not being granted the exemption:	
Date exemption refused:(YYYY/MM/DD)	
2. Which securities regulator, derivatives regulator or SRO refused to grant the exemption?	
State the name of the course, examination, designation or experience requirement:	
State the reason given for not being granted the exemption:	
Date exemption refused:(YYYY/MM/DD)	
3. Which securities regulator, derivatives regulator or SRO refused to grant the exemption?	
State the name of the course, examination, designation or experience requirement:	
State the reason given for not being granted the exemption:	
Date exemption refused:(YYYY/MM/DD)	
Item 8.4 Relevant securities industry experience	
Describe your responsibilities in areas relating to the category you are applying for, including the title(s) you as start and end dates :	have held, as well
What is the percentage of your time devoted to these activities?	

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Indicate the continuing education activities in which you have participated during the last 36 months and that are relevant category of registration you are applying for:				

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Schedule G Current employment, other business activities, officer positions held and directorships (Item 10)

Complete a separate Schedule G for each of your current business and employment activities, including employment and business activities with your sponsoring firm and any employment and business activities outside your sponsoring firm. Also include all officer or director positions and any other equivalent positions held, as well as positions of influence. The information must be provided

whether or not you receive compensation for such services, and
whether or not any such position is business related.
1. Start date(YYYY/MM/DD)
2. Firm information
☐ Check here if this activity is employment with your sponsoring firm.
If the activity is with your sponsoring firm, you are not required to indicate the firm name and address information below:
Name of business or employer:
Address of business or employer: (number, street, city, province, territory or state, country)
Name and title of your immediate supervisor:
3. Description of duties
Describe all employment and business activities related to this employer. Include the nature of the business and your duties, titl or relationship with the business. If you are seeking registration that requires specific experience, include details such as level or responsibility, value of accounts under direct supervision, number of years of experience, and percentage of time spent on eac activity.
4. Number of work hours per week
How many hours per week do you devote to this business or employment?
If this activity is employment with your sponsoring firm and you work less than 30 hours per week, explain why.
5. Conflicts of interest
5. Conflicts of interestIf you have more than one employer or are engaged in business related activities:A. Disclose any potential for confusion by clients and any potential for conflicts of interest arising from your multiple employment or business related activities or proposed business related activities.
If you have more than one employer or are engaged in business related activities: A. Disclose any potential for confusion by clients and any potential for conflicts of interest arising from your multiple employmer
If you have more than one employer or are engaged in business related activities: A. Disclose any potential for confusion by clients and any potential for conflicts of interest arising from your multiple employmer

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B. Indicate whether or not any of your employers or organizations where you engage in business related activities are listed of an exchange.
C. Confirm whether the firm has procedures for minimizing potential conflicts of interest and if so, confirm that you are aware of these procedures.
D. State the name of the person at your sponsoring firm who has reviewed and approved your multiple employment or business related activities or proposed business related activities.
E. If you do not perceive any conflicts of interest arising from this employment, explain why.

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Schedule H Previous employment and other activities (Item 11)

Provide the following information for each of your employment and other activities in the past 10 years. Account for all of your time, including full-time and part-time employment, self-employment or military service. Include your status for each, such as unemployed, full-time student, or other similar statuses. Do not include short-term employment of four months or less while a student, unless it was in the securities, derivatives or financial industry.

In addition to the information required in the paragraph above, if you were employed or had business activities in the securities or derivatives industry or both during and before the 10-year period, disclose all your securities and derivatives or both employment or business activities (both before and during the 10-year period).

☐ Full-t	oloyed ne student yed or self-employed	
From:	YYYY/MM)	
То:	YYYY/MM)	
Complet	the following only if you are, or were, employed or self-employed during this period.	
Name of	pusiness or employer:	
Address	of business or employer:	
•	street, city, province, territory or state, country) d title of immediate supervisor, if applicable:	
of regist	the firm's business, your position, duties and your relationship to the firm. If you are seeking registration in a categ ation that requires specific experience, include details of that experience. Examples include level of responsibility, vants under direct supervision, number of years of that experience and research experience, and percentage of the each activity.	lue
Reason	hy you left the firm:	

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Schedule I Resignations and terminations (Item 12)

Item 12.1

For each allegation of violation of any statutes, regulations, rules or internal/external standards of conduct, state below (1) the name of the firm from which you resigned, were terminated or dismissed for cause, (2) whether you resigned, were terminated or dismissed for cause, and (4) the circumstances relating to your resignation, termination or dismissal for cause.

Item 12.2

For each allegation of failure to supervise compliance with any statutes, regulations, rules or standards of conduct, state below, (1) the name of the firm from which you resigned, were terminated or dismissed for cause, (2) whether you resigned, were terminated or dismissed for cause, (3) the date you resigned, were terminated or dismissed for cause, and (4) the circumstances relating to your resignation, termination or dismissal for cause.

Item 12.3

For each allegation of fraud or the wrongful taking of property, including theft, state below (1) the name of the firm from which you resigned, were terminated or dismissed for cause, (2) whether you resigned, were terminated or dismissed for cause, (3) the date you resigned, were terminated or dismissed for cause, and (4) the circumstances relating to your resignation, termination or dismissal for cause.

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Schedule J Regulatory disclosure (Item 13)

Item 13.1 Securities and derivatives regulation

a)	For each registration or licence, state below (1) the name of the firm, (2) the securities or derivatives regulator with which you are, or were, registered or licensed, (3) the type or category of registration or licence, and (4) the period that you held the registration or licence.
b)	For each registration or licence refused, state below (1) the name of the firm, (2) the securities or derivatives regulator that refused the registration or licence, (3) the type or category of registration or licence refused, (4) the date of the refusal, and (5) the reasons for the refusal.
c)	For each exemption from registration denied or licence refused, other than what was disclosed in Item 8.3 of this form, state below (1) the party that was refused the exemption from registration or licence, (2) the securities or derivatives regulator that refused the exemption from registration or licence, (3) the type or category or registration or licence refused, (4) the date of the refusal, and (5) the reasons for the refusal.
d)	For each order or disciplinary proceeding, state below (1) the name of the firm, (2) the securities or derivatives regulator that issued the order or is conducting or conducted the proceeding, (3) the date any notice of proceeding was issued, (4) the date any order or settlement was made, (5) a summary of any notice, order or settlement (including any sanctions imposed), (6) whether you are or were a partner, director, officer or major shareholder of the firm and named individually in the order or disciplinary proceeding, and (7) any other relevant details.
Item	13.2 SRO regulation
a)	For each approval, state below (1) the name of the firm, (2) the SRO with which you are or were an approved person, (3) the categories of approval, and (4) the period that you held the approval.
b)	For each approval refused, state below (1) the name of the firm, (2) the SRO that refused the approval, (3) the category of approval refused, (4) the date of the refusal, and (5) the reasons for the refusal.
c)	For each order or disciplinary proceeding, state below (1) the name of the firm, (2) the SRO that issued the order or that is, or was, conducting the proceeding, (3) the date any notice of proceeding was issued, (4) the date any order or settlement was made, (5) a summary of any notice, order or settlement (including any sanctions imposed), (6) whether you are or were a partner, director, officer or major shareholder of the firm and named individually in the order or disciplinary proceeding, and (7) any other information that you think is relevant or that the regulator or, in Québec, the securities regulatory authority may request.
Item	13.3 Non-securities regulation
a)	For each registration or licence, state below (1) the party who is, or was, registered or licensed (if insurance licensed, also indicate the name of the insurance agency), (2) with which regulatory authority, or under what legislation, the party is, or was, registered or licensed, (3) the type or category of registration or licence, and (4) the period that the party held the registration or licence.

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- b) For each registration or licence refused, state below (1) the party that was refused registration or licensing (if insurance licensed, also indicate the name of the insurance agency), (2) with which regulatory authority, or under what legislation, the registration or licence was refused, (3) the type or category of registration or licence refused, (4) the date of the refusal, and (5) the reasons for the refusal.
- c) For each order or disciplinary proceeding, indicate below (1) the party against whom the order was made or the proceeding taken (if insurance licensed, indicate the name of the insurance agency), (2) the regulatory authority that made the order or that is, or was, conducting the proceeding, or under what legislation the order was made or the proceeding is being, or was conducted, (3) the date any notice of proceeding was issued, (4) the date any order or settlement was made, (5) a summary of any notice, order or settlement (including any sanctions imposed), (6) whether you are or were a partner, director, officer or major shareholder of the firm and named individually in the order or disciplinary proceeding and (7) any other information that you think is relevant or that the regulatory authority may request.

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Schedule K

Criminal disclosure (Item 14)
Item 14.1
For each charge, state below (1) the type of charge, (2) the date of the charge, (3) any trial or appeal dates, and (4) the coulocation.
Item 14.2
For each finding of guilty, pleading no contest to, or granting of an absolute or conditional discharge from a criminal offence state below (1) the offence, (2) the date found guilty, and (3) the disposition (any penalty or fine and the date any fine was paid)
Item 14.3
For each charge, state below (1) the name of the firm, (2) the type of charge, (3) the date of the charge, (4) any trial or appedates, and (5) the court location.
Item 14.4
For each finding of guilty, pleading no contest to, or granting of an absolute or conditional discharge from a criminal offence state below (1) the name of the firm, (2) the offence, (3) the date of the conviction, and (4) the disposition (any penalty or fir and the date any fine was paid).

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Schedule L Civil disclosure (Item 15)

Item 15.1

For each outstanding civil proceeding, state below (1) the dates the statement of claim and statement of defence were issued, (2) the name of the plaintiff(s) in the proceeding, (3) whether the proceeding is pending or on appeal, (4) whether the proceeding was against a firm where you are, or were, a partner, director, officer or major shareholder and whether you have been named individually in the allegations, and (5) the jurisdiction where the action is being pursued.

Item 15.2

For each civil proceeding, state below (1) the dates the statement of claim and statement of defence were issued, (2) each plaintiff in the proceeding, (3) the jurisdiction where the action was pursued, (4) whether the proceeding was about a firm where you are, or were, a partner, director, officer or major shareholder and whether you have been named individually in the allegations and (5) a summary of any disposition or any settlement over \$10,000. You must disclose any actions settled without admission of liability.

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Schedule M Financial Disclosure (Item 16)

Item 16.1 Bankruptcy

- (a) For each event, state below (1) the date of the petition or voluntary assignment, (2) the person or firm about whom this disclosure is being made, (3) any amounts currently owing, (4) the creditors, (5) the status of the matter, (6) a summary of any disposition or settlement, (7) date of discharge or release, if applicable, and (8) any other information that you think is relevant or that the regulator or, in Québec, the securities regulatory authority may request.
- (b) For each event, state below (1) the date of the proposal, (2) the person or firm about whom this disclosure is being made, (3) any amounts currently owing, (4) the creditors, (5) the status of the matter, (6) a summary of any disposition or settlement, and (7) any other information that you think is relevant or that the regulator or, in Québec, the securities regulatory authority may request.
- (c) For each event, state below (1) the date of the proceeding, (2) the person or firm about whom this disclosure is being made, (3) any amounts currently owing, (4) the creditors, (5) the status of the matter, (6) a summary of any disposition or settlement, and (7) any other information that you think is relevant or that the regulator or, in Québec, the securities regulatory authority may request.
- (d) For each proceeding, arrangement or compromise with creditors, state below (1) the date of proceeding, (2) the person or firm about whom this disclosure is being made, (3) any amounts currently owing, (4) the creditors, (5) the status of the matter, (6) a summary of any disposition or settlement, and (7) any other information that you think is relevant or that the regulator or, in Québec, the securities regulatory authority may request.

Item 16.2 Debt obligation

For each event, state below (1) the person or firm that failed to meet its financial obligation, (2) the amount that was owing at the time the person or firm failed to meet its financial obligation, (3) the person or firm to whom the amount is, or was, owing, (4) any relevant dates (for example, when payments are due or when final payment was made), (5) any amounts currently owing, and (6) any other information that you think is relevant or that the regulator or, in Québec, the securities regulatory authority may request, including why the obligation has not been met/satisfied.

Item 16.3 Surety bond or fidelity bond

For each bond refused, state below (1) the name of the bonding company, (2) the address of the bonding company, (3) the date of the refusal, and (4) the reasons for the refusal.

Item 16.4 Garnishments, unsatisfied judgments or directions to pay

For each garnishment, unsatisfied judgment or direction to pay regarding your indebtedness, indicate below (1) the amount that was owing at the time the garnishment, judgment or direction to pay was rendered, (2) the person or firm to whom the amount is, or was, owing, (3) any relevant dates (for example, when payments are due or when final payment was made), (4) the percentage of earnings to be garnished or the amount to be paid, (5) any amounts currently owing, and (6) any other information that you think is relevant or that the regulator or, in Québec, the securities regulatory authority may request.

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Schedule N Ownership of securities and derivatives firms (Item 17)

Name	of firm (whose busine	ss is trading in	or advising on se	ecurities or derivatives, or both):							
What is	s your relationship to	the firm?	Partner	Major shareholder ☐							
What is	s the period of this rel	ationship?									
	From:	To:		(if applicable)							
	(YYYY/MM)	(YYYY	//MM)								
Provid	e the following informa	ation:									
a)	to acquire when yo	u are registere	ed or approved as	securities, or the amount of partnership interest you own or proposes a result of the review of this form. If acquiring shares when you are ample, treasury shares, or if upon transfer, state name of transferor).							
b)	State the market va			y) of any subordinated debentures or bonds of the firm to be held by you to the firm:							
c)	If another person o			nds to invest in the firm, provide the name of the person or firm and or firm:							
d)	Are the funds to be	invested (or p	roposed to be inv	vested) guaranteed directly or indirectly by any person or firm?							
	Yes 🗌 N	lo 🗆									
	If "Yes", provide the	e name of the p	person or firm and	d state the relationship between you and that person or firm:							
e)	Have you directly or indirectly given up any rights relating to these securities or this partnership interest, or do when you are registered or approved as a result of the review of this form, intend to give up any of these ri (including by hypothecation, pledging or depositing as collateral the securities or partnership interest with any fire person)?										
	Yes 🗆 N	lo 🗆									
				n, state the relationship between you and that person or firm and up:							
f)	Is a person other t you?	han you the be	eneficial owner c	of the shares, bonds, debentures, partnership units or notes held by							
	Yes 🗌 N	lo 🗆									
	If "Yes", complete (g), (h) and (i).									

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, country, postal code)
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Schedule O **Contact information for** Notice of collection and use of personal information

Alberta

Alberta Securities Commission Suite 600, 250-5th St. SW Calgary, AB T2P 0R4 Attention: Information Officer Telephone: (403) 297-6454

British Columbia

British Columbia Securities Commission P.O. Box 10142, Pacific Centre 701 West Georgia Street Vancouver, BC V7Y 1L2

Attention: Freedom of Information Officer

Telephone: (604) 899-6500 or (800) 373-6393 (in Canada)

Manitoba

The Manitoba Securities Commission 500 - 400 St. Mary Avenue Winnipea, MB R3C 4K5 Attention: Director of Registrations Telephone: (204) 945-2548 Fax (204) 945-0330

New Brunswick

Financial and Consumer Services Commission of New Brunswick / Commission des services financiers et des services aux consommateurs du Nouveau-Brunswick Suite 300, 85 Charlotte Street Saint John, NB E2L 2J2

Attention: Director of Se rities Registration

Telephone: (506) 658-3060

Newfoundland and Labrador

Superintendent of Securities. Service NL Government of Newfoundland and Labrador P.O. Box 8700 2nd Floor, West Block Confederation Building St. John's, NL A1B 4J6 Attention: Manager of Registrations Telephone: (709) 729-5661

Nova Scotia

Nova Scotia Securities Commission Suite 400, 5251 Duke Street Halifax, NS B3J 1P3 Attention: Deputy Director, Capital Markets

Telephone: (902) 424-7768

Northwest Territories

Government of the Northwest Territories Department of Justice 1st Floor Stuart M. Hodgson Building 5009 - 49th Street Yellowknife, NWT X1A 2L9

Attention: Deputy Superintendent of Securities

Telephone: (867) 920-8984

Nunavut

Government of Nunavut Department of Justice P.O. Box 1000 Station 570 Iqaluit, NU X0A 0H0

Attention: Deputy Registrar Superintendent of Securities

Telephone: (867) 975-6590

Ontario

Ontario Securities Commission 22nd Floor 20 Queen Street West Toronto, ON M5H 3S8

Attention: Compliance and Registrant Regulation

Telephone: (416) 593-8314 e-mail: registration@osc.gov.on.ca

Prince Edward Island

Securities Office

Department of Community Affairs and Attorney General

P.O. Box 2000

Charlottetown, PE C1A 7N8

Attention: Deputy Registrar Superintendent of Securities

Telephone: (902) 368-6288

Québec

Autorité des marchés financiers 800, square Victoria, 22e étage C.P. 246, tour de la Bourse Montréal (Québec) H4Z 1G3

Attention: Responsable de l'accès à l'information Telephone: (514) 395-0337 or (877) 525-0337

Saskatchewan

Financial and Consumer Affairs Authority of Saskatchewan

Suite 601, 1919 Saskatchewan Drive

Regina, SK S4P 4H2

Attention: Deputy Director, Capital Markets

Telephone: (306) 787-5871

Yukon

Government of Yukon Superintendent of Securities Department of Community Services P.O. Box 2703 C-6 Whitehorse, YT Y1A 2C6

Attention: Superintendent of Securities

Telephone: (867) 667-5314

Self-regulatory organization

Investment Industry Regulatory Organization of Canada 121 King Street West, Suite 2000 Toronto, Ontario M5H 3T9 Attention: Privacy Officer Telephone: (416) 364-6133

E-mail: PrivacyOfficer@iiroc.ca.

FORM 33-506F5 CHANGE OF REGISTRATION INFORMATION (sections 3.1 and 4.1)

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

Complete and submit this form to notify the relevant regulator(s) or, in Québec, the securities regulatory authority, or self-regulatory organization (SRO) of changes to information in the following forms:

- Form 33-506F6, except for the changes set out in section 3.1(1) of National Instrument 33-506, or
- Form 33-506F4.

How to submit this form

To report changes to information in a Form 33-506F4, submit this form at the National Registration Database website in NRD format at www.nrd.ca.

Submit this form in a format other than NRD format to report changes to information in a:

- a) Form 33-506F6, or
- b) Form 33-506F4, if the individual is relying on the temporary hardship exemption in section 5.1 of Ontario Securities Commission Rule 31-509 *National Registration Database (Commodity Futures Act)*.

name of firm									
Registration categories									
Item 1 Type of form	m 1 Type of form								
Check the form that is t	peing updated:								
☐ Form 33-506F6									
If submitting changes to	Form 33-506F6, please attach a blackline of the amended sections of the form.								
☐ Form 33-506F4	Name of individual								
Item 2 Details of cha	inge								
Provide the item number	er and details for each change to the form selected above:								
Item number	Details								
Effective date of change	e								

Item 3 Notice of collection and use of personal information

The personal information required under this form is collected on behalf of, and used by, the securities regulatory authorities in the jurisdictions set out in Schedule A to administer and enforce certain provisions of their securities legislation or derivatives legislation or both.

The personal information required under this form is also collected by and used by the SRO set out in Schedule A to administer and enforce its by-laws, regulations, rules, rulings and policies.

By submitting this form, the individual consents to the collection by the securities regulatory authorities or applicable SRO of this personal information, and any police records, records from other government or non-governmental regulators or SROs, credit records and employment records about the individual that the securities regulatory authorities or applicable SRO may need to complete their review of the information submitted in this form relating to the individual's continued fitness for registration or approval, if applicable, in accordance with the legal authority of the securities regulatory authorities while the individual is

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registered with or approved by it. Securities regulatory authorities or SROs may contact government and private bodies or agencies, individuals, corporations and other organizations for information about the individual.

If you have any questions about the collection and use of this information, contact the securities regulatory authorities or applicable SRO in any jurisdiction in which the required information is submitted. See Schedule A for details. In Québec, you can also contact the Commission d'accès à l'information at 1-888-528-7741 or visit its website at www.cai.gouv.qc.ca.

Item 4 Warning

It is an offence under securities legislation and derivatives legislation, including commodity futures legislation, to give false or misleading information on this form.

		goa.o. on ano lonni
Item 5	Certificat	ion
1.	Use the 1 506F4	following certification when submitting this form in NRD format when making changes to Form 33-
	firm. To t	I have discussed the questions in this form with an officer, branch manager or supervisor of my sponsoring the best of my knowledge and belief, the officer, branch manager or supervisor was satisfied that I fully be the questions. I will limit my activities to those permitted by my category of registration.
		am making this submission as agent for the individual identified in this form. By checking this box, I certify hat the individual provided me with all of the information on this form.
2.		following certification when submitting this form in a format other than NRD format when making to Form 33-506F6
		g below I certify to each regulator or, in Québec, the securities regulatory authority, in each jurisdiction where I itting this form, either directly or through the principal regulator, that:
	• 1	have read this form and understand the questions, and
	• a	all of the information provided on this form is true, and complete.
	Name of a	authorized signing officer or partner
	Title of au	thorized signing officer or partner
	Signature	of authorized signing officer or partner
	Date signe	ed(YYYY/MM/DD)
3.	temporar	following certification when submitting this form in a format other than NRD format under the by hardship exemption in section 5.1 of Ontario Securities Commission Rule 31-509 National tion Database (Commodity Futures Act) when making changes to Form 33-506F4
		g below, I certify to the regulator or, in Québec, the securities regulatory authority, in each jurisdiction where I itting this form, either directly or through the principal regulator, that:
	• 1	have read this form and understand the questions; and
	• a	all of the information provided on this form is true and complete.
Signatur	e of individ	dual
Date sig	ned	(YYYY/MM/DD)

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Schedule A Contact information for Notice of collection and use of personal information

Alberta

Alberta Securities Commission Suite 600, 250–5th St. SW Calgary, AB T2P 0R4 Attention: Information Officer Telephone: (403) 297-6454

British Columbia

British Columbia Securities Commission P.O. Box 10142, Pacific Centre 701 West Georgia Street Vancouver, BC V7Y 1L2

Attention: Freedom of Information Officer

Telephone: (604) 899-6500 or (800) 373-6393 (in Canada)

Manitoba

The Manitoba Securities Commission 500 – 400 St. Mary Avenue Winnipeg, MB R3C 4K5 Attention: Director of Registrations Telephone: (204) 945-2548 Fax (204) 945-0330

New Brunswick

Financial and Consumer Services Commission of New Brunswick / Commission des services financiers et des services aux

consommateurs du Nouveau-Brunswick Suite 300, 85 Charlotte Street

Saint John, NB E2L 2J2

Attention: Director of Securities Registration

Telephone: (506) 658-3060

Newfoundland and Labrador

Superintendent of Securities, Service NL Government of Newfoundland and Labrador

P.O. Box 8700 2nd Floor, West Block Confederation Building St. John's, NL A1B 4J6

Attention: Manager of Registrations

Telephone: (709) 729-5661

Nova Scotia

Nova Scotia Securities Commission Suite 400, 5251 Duke Street Halifax, NS B3J 1P3

Attention: Deputy Director, Capital Markets

Telephone: (902) 424-7768

Northwest Territories

Government of the Northwest Territories

Department of Justice

1st Floor Stuart M. Hodgson Building

5009 – 49th Street

Yellowknife, NWT X1A 2L9

Attention: Deputy Superintendent of Securities

Telephone: (867) 920-8984

Nunavut

Government of Nunavut Department of Justice P.O. Box 1000 Station 570 Igaluit, NU XOA 0H0

Attention: Deputy Registrar Superintendent of Securities

Telephone: (867) 975-6590

Ontario

Ontario Securities Commission

22nd Floor

20 Queen Street West Toronto, ON M5H 3S8

Attention: Compliance and Registrant Regulation

Telephone: (416) 593-8314 e-mail: registration@osc.gov.on.ca

Prince Edward Island Securities Office

Department of Community Affairs and Attorney General

P.O. Box 2000

Charlottetown, PE C1A 7N8

Attention: Deputy Registrar Superintendent of Securities

Telephone: (902) 368-6288

Québec

Autorité des marchés financiers 800, square Victoria, 22e étage C.P. 246, tour de la Bourse Montréal (Québec) H4Z 1G3

Attention: Responsable de l'accès à l'information Telephone: (514) 395-0337 or (877) 525-0337

Saskatchewan

Financial and Consumer Affairs Authority of Saskatchewan

Suite 601, 1919 Saskatchewan Drive

Regina, SK S4P 4H2

Attention: Deputy Director, Capital Markets

Telephone: (306) 787-5871

Yukon

Government of Yukon
Superintendent of Securities
Department of Community Services

P.O. Box 2703 C-6 Whitehorse, YT Y1A 2C6

Attention: Superintendent of Securities

Telephone: (867) 667-5314

Self-regulatory organization

Investment Industry Regulatory Organization of Canada

121 King Street West, Suite 2000 Toronto, Ontario M5H 3T9 Attention: Privacy Officer

Telephone: (416) 364-6133 E-mail: PrivacyOfficer@iiroc.ca.

Form 33-506F6 Firm Registration

Who should complete this form?

This form is for firms seeking registration under securities legislation, derivatives legislation or both.

Complete and submit this form to seek initial registration as a dealer, adviser or investment fund manager, or to add one or more jurisdiction of Canada or categories to a firm's registration.

Definitions

In this form:

Chief compliance officer – see section 2.1 of NI 31-103.

Derivatives – financial instruments, such as futures contracts (including exchange traded contracts), futures options and swaps whose market price, value or payment obligations are derived from or based on one or more underlying interests. Derivatives can be in the form of instruments, agreements or securities.

Firm – the person or company seeking registration.

Foreign jurisdiction – see National Instrument 14-101 Definitions.

Form - Form 33-506F6 Firm registration.

NI 31-103 – National Instrument 31-103 Registration Requirements, Exemptions and Ongoing Registrant Obligations.

Jurisdiction or jurisdiction of Canada- see National Instrument 14-101 Definitions.

NI 33-109 – National Instrument 33-109 Registration Information.

NI 52-107 - National Instrument 52-107 Acceptable Accounting Principles and Auditing Standards.

NRD - National Registration Database. For more information, visit www.nrd-info.ca.

OSC Rule 33-506 – Ontario Securities Commission Rule 33-506 (Commodity Futures Act) Registration Information.

Parent – a person or company that directly or indirectly has significant control of another person or company.

Permitted individual - see OSC Rule 33-506.

Predecessor – any entity listed in question 3.6 of this form.

Principal regulator – see NI 33-109.

Significant control – a person or company has significant control of another person or company if the person or company:

- directly or indirectly holds voting securities representing more than 20 per cent of the outstanding voting rights attached to all outstanding voting securities of the other person or company, or
- directly or indirectly is able to elect or appoint a majority of the directors (or individuals performing similar functions or occupying similar positions) of the other person or company.

Specified affiliate – a person or company that is a parent of the firm, a specified subsidiary of the firm, or a specified subsidiary of the firm's parent.

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Specified subsidiary – a person or company of which another person or company has significant control.

SRO - see National Instrument 14-101 Definitions.

Supervisory procedure person(s) – person(s) required to be named under section 27(3) of the Regulation as being responsible for the firm's supervisory procedure.

Ultimate designated person – see section 2.1 of NI 31-103.

You - the individual who completes, submits, files and/or signs the form on behalf of the firm.

We and the regulator – the securities regulatory authority or regulator in the jurisdiction(s) of Canada where the firm is seeking registration.

Contents of the form

This form consists of the following:

Part 1 - Registration details

Part 2 - Contact information

Part 3 - Business history and structure

Part 4 - Registration history

Part 5 - Financial condition

Part 6 - Client relationships

Part 7 - Regulatory action

Part 8 - Legal action

Part 9 - Certification

Schedule A – Contact information for notice of collection and use of personal information

Schedule B – Submission to jurisdiction and appointment of agent for service

Schedule C - Form 31-103F1 Calculation of excess working capital

You are also required to submit the following supporting documents with your completed form:

- Schedule B Submission to jurisdiction and appointment of agent for service for each jurisdiction where the firm is seeking registration (question 2.4)
- Business plan, policies and procedures manual, and client agreements (except in Ontario) (question 3.3)
- 3. Constating documents (question 3.7)
- 4. Organization chart (question 3.11)
- 5. Ownership chart (question 3.12)
- 6. Calculation of excess working capital (question 5.1)
- 7. Directors' resolution approving insurance (question 5.7)
- Audited financial statements (question 5.13)
- 9. Letter of direction to auditors (question 5.14)

How to complete and submit the form

All dollar values are in Canadian dollars. If a question does not apply to the firm, write "n/a" in the space for the answer.

If the firm is seeking registration in more than one jurisdiction of Canada or category, other than in the category of restricted dealer, you only need to complete and submit one form. If the firm is seeking registration as a restricted dealer, submit and file the form with each jurisdiction of Canada where the firm is seeking that registration.

You can complete this form:

- on paper and deliver it to the principal regulator or relevant SRO
- on paper, scan it and e-mail it to the principal regulator or SRO

The firm is required to pay a registration fee in each jurisdiction of Canada where it is submitting and filing this form. Refer to the prescribed fees of the applicable jurisdiction for details.

If the firm is seeking registration in Ontario, and Ontario is not the firm's principal regulator, you must also file a copy of this form, without supporting documents, with the Ontario Securities Commission.

You can find contact information for submitting and filing the form in Appendix B of Companion Policy 33-506CP (Commodity Futures Act) Registration Information.

We may accept the form in other formats. Please check with the regulator before you complete, submit and file the form. If you are completing the form on paper and need more space to answer a question, use a separate sheet of paper and attach it to this form. Clearly identify the question number.

You must include all supporting documents with your submission. We may ask you to provide other information and documents to help determine whether the firm is suitable for registration.

In most of this form, answers are required to questions that apply only to Canadian provinces and territories; you will find that the questions are referenced to "jurisdictions" or "jurisdiction of Canada". These refer to all provinces and territories of Canada. However, the questions in Part 4 – Registration History and Part 7 – Regulatory Action are to be answered in respect of any jurisdiction in the world. It is an offence under securities legislation or derivatives legislation to give false or misleading information on this form.

It is an offence under securities legislation and derivatives legislation, including commodity futures legislation, to give false or misleading information on this form.

Updating the information on the form

See Part 3 of OSC Rule 33-506.

The firm is required to notify the regulator, within specified times, of any changes to the information on this form by submitting and filing Form 33-109F5 *Change of Registration Information*.

Collection and use of personal information

We and the SROs (if applicable) require personal information about the people referred to in this form as part of our review to determine whether the firm is suitable for registration. If the firm is approved, we also require this information to assess whether the firm continues to meet the registration requirements.

We may only:

- collect the personal information under the requirements in securities legislation or derivatives legislation or both
- use this information to administer and enforce provisions of the securities legislation or derivatives legislation or both

We may collect personal information from police records, records of other regulators or SROs, credit records, employment records, government and private bodies or agencies, individuals, corporations, and other organizations. We may also collect personal information indirectly.

We may provide personal information about the individuals referred to in this form to other regulators, securities or derivatives exchanges, SROs or similar organizations, if required for an investigation or other regulatory issue.

If anyone referred to in this form has any questions about the collection and use of their personal information, they can contact the regulator or SRO, if applicable, in the relevant jurisdiction of Canada. See Schedule A for details. In Québec, they can also contact the Commission d'accès à l'information du Québec at 1-888-528-7741 or visit its website at www.cai.gouv.qc.ca.

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Part 1 - Registration details

		F:																	
	1.1	Firm's fu	_			of the	firm a	as it a	it annears on the firm's constating documents										
		Provide the full legal name of the firm as it appears on the firm's constating document required under question 3.7. If the firm is a sole proprietorship, provide your first, last and an middle names. If the firm's legal name is in English and French, provide both versions.																	
	1.2	Firm's N	RD nui	mber															
For more information, visit www.nrd-info.ca.																			
	1.3	Why are	Why are you submitting this form?								Complete:								
		To seek i		The entire form															
		To add or to the firm	a	Questions 1.1, 1.2, 1.4, 1.5, 2.4, 3.9, 5.4, 5.6*, and Part 9															
		To add one or more categories to the firm's registration								Questions 1.1, 1.2, 1.4, 1.5, 3.1, 5.1, 5.4, 5.5, 5.6*, 5.7, 5.8, Part 6 and Part 9									
	* If the firm is adding Québec as a jurisdiction for registration in the category of mutual fund dealer or scholarship plan dealer, complete question 5.6.																		
	1.4	In what o	atego	ry and	jurisdi	ction	is the	firm s	eeking	g regis	tratio	n? Ch	eck all	that a	apply.				
	(a)	Categorie	es unde	er secu	rities le	gislatio	on												
	0-4			sdictio		ND	AII.	NC	NIT	NII I	ON	DE	00	CI/	VT				
Abbreviations Alberta (AB) British Columbia		egory stment er	□	ВС	Ш	NB		NS				PE	QC □	SK	YT □				
(BC) Manitoba (MB) New Brunswick (NB)	Muti deal	ual fund er																	
Newfoundland and Labrador (NL)		olarship dealer																	
Northwest Territories (NT)	Exer marl	mpt ket dealer																	
Nova Scotia (NS) Nunavut (NU) Ontario (ON)	Resi deal	tricted er																	
Prince Edward Island (PE)		stment manager																	
Québec (QC) Saskatchewan (SK) Yukon (YT)	Port man	folio ager																	
ranon (11)	portf	tricted folio ager																	

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	(b)	Categories under derivatives legislation (Manitoba and Ontario only)												
		Dealer Dealer Local Advise Comm Comm	r (merc r (future r (floor er nodity to nodity to	hant) es com broker) rading a rading a rading a) advisei counse manag	r el er	hant)	Mani						
	(c)	Invest	ment d	ealers	and po	ortfolio r	manag	ers (Qu	ıébec (only)				
				seeking Iso act		tration	in Que	ébec as	an in	vestme	nt deal	er or a	portfol	io manage
			itives d	ealer ortfolio	mana	ger	Yes Yes		No No					
	1.5	Exem	ptions											
		Is the	firm ap	plying	for any	exemp	otions	under s	ecuritie	es or de	rivative	es legis	lation?	
		Yes		No										
		If yes,	provid	e the fo	ollowing	g inforn	nation	for eac	h exen	nption:				
		Туре	of exen	nption										
		Legisla	ation											
		Jurisd	iction(s) where	e the fi	rm has	applie	d for th	e exen	nption				
		4.5	вс	MB	NB	NL	NS	NT	NU	ON	PE	QC	SK	YT
		AB												
	Part 2		esses	ormati addres										
A post office box on		Addres	ss line	1										
its own is not acceptable for a head office address.		Addres	ss line	2										
		City							Provi	nce/terr	itory/st	ate		
		Count	ГУ						Posta	al/zip co	de			
		Teleph	none nu	ımber					Fax r	number				
		Websi	te						1					

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		If the firm					-							
		If the firm	's head	office is	s not in	Canad	a, go to	questi	on 2.2.					
	2.2	Firms who	se hea	d office	is not	in Car	nada							
	(a)	Does the	firm hav	e any l	ousines	s locati	on add	lresses	in Can	ada?				
		Yes [No											
		If yes, pro	ovide the	e firm's	primary	/ Canad	dian bu	siness	locatior	n addre	ss:			
		Address lir	Address line 1											
		Address lir	ne 2											-
		City						Provir	nce/terr	ritory				
		Postal cod	е											-
		<u>l</u>												J
The securities regulatory authority in this jurisdiction of Canada is the firm's principal regulator in	(b)	If a firm is not registered in a jurisdiction of Canada, indicate the jurisdi which the firm expects to conduct most of its activities that require registr of its current financial year or conducted most of its activities that require the end of its most recently completed financial year.								registra	tion as	at the e	end	
Canada.		AB BC □ □	МВ П	NB	NL	NS	NT	NU	ON	PE	QC	SK	YT	
A post office box is	2.3	Mailing ac	ldress											
acceptable for a mailing address.		☐ Same as the head office address												
		Address lir	ne 1]
		Address lin	ne 2											-
		City						Provir	nce/terr	itory/st	ate			-
		Country						Postal/zip code						1
		<u>I</u>						<u>I</u>						L

If the firm does not have an office in a jurisdiction of Canada where it is seeking registration, it must appoint an agent for service in that jurisdiction of Canada.

2.4 Address for service and agent for service

Attach a completed Schedule B Submission to jurisdiction and appointment of agent for service for each jurisdiction of Canada where the firm is seeking registration and does not have an office.

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Contact names

2.5 Ultimate designated person

A registered firm must have an individual registered in the category of ultimate designated person unless the firm is only registered under the Commodity Futures Act (Ontario).

Legal name						
Officer title						
Telephone number						
E-mail address						
NRD number, if available						
Address						
Same as firm head office address	es es					
Address line 1						
Address line 2						
City	Province/territory/state					
Country	Postal/zip code					
·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					

2.6 Chief compliance officer and/or supervisory procedure person

☐ Same as ultimate designated person

A registered firm must have an individual registered in the category of chief compliance officer and/or an individual responsible for its supervisory procedures.

Legal name							
Officer title							
Telephone number							
E-mail address							
NRD number, if available							
Address							
Same as firm head office address							
Address line 1							
Address line 2							
City	Province/territory/state						
Country	Postal/zip code						

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Part 3 - Business history and structure

Business activities

3.1	The firm's business		
	Provide a description of the firm's proposed business, including its pactivities, target market, and the products and services it will provide to clien		busines
3.2	Other names		
	In addition to the firm's legal name in question 1.1, does the firm use any of as a trade name?	ther nan	nes, suc
	Yes No		
	If yes, list all other names and indicate if each name has been registered:		
3.3	Business documents		
	Does the firm have the following documents to support its business activities	:7	
	Does the initi have the following documents to support its business activities	,:	
		Yes	No
	(a) Business plan for at least the next three years		
	(b) Policies and procedures manual, including account opening procedures and the firm's policy on fairness in allocation of investment opportunities, if applicable		
	If no, explain why the firm does not have the document:		
	Attach the firm's business plan, policies and procedures manual and clincluding any investment policy statements and investment managem except if the regulator in Ontario is the principal regulator of the firm see unless the regulator in Ontario has requested they be provided.	ent agr	eements
Histo	ry of the firm		
3.4	When was the firm created?		
	yyyy/mm/dd		

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	3.5	How was the firm created?		
		New start-up Merger or amalgamation Reorganization Other statutory arrangement	Go to question 3.7. Go to question 3.6. Go to question 3.6. Please specify below and go to question 3.6.	
	3.6	Predecessors		
		List the entities that were merged create the firm.	, amalgamated, reorganized or otherwise arranged to	
	3.7	Constating documents		
		articles and certificate of incorpora	stablished the firm as an entity, for example, the firm's ion, any articles of amendments, partnership agreemen a sole proprietorship, provide a copy of the registration	
As part of their constating documents, firms whose head office required to provide proof of extra-provincial registration.				
	Busin	ness structure and ownership		
	3.8	Type of legal structure		
		Corporation	of general partnerspecifyspecify	
	3.9	Business registration number, if a	pplicable	
This is the firm's corporate		List the firm's business registration seeking registration.	number for each jurisdiction of Canada where the firm is	
registration number or Québec enterprise number (NEQ).		Business registration number	Jurisdiction of Canada	

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3.10 Permitted individuals

List all permitted individuals of the firm.

Name	Title	NRD number, if applicable

3.11 Organization chart

Attach an organization chart showing the firm's reporting structure. Include all permitted individuals, the ultimate designated person and/or supervisory procedure person(s) and the chief compliance officer.

3.12 Ownership chart

Attach a chart showing the firm's structure and ownership. At a minimum, include all parents, specified affiliates and specified subsidiaries.

Include the name of the person or company, and class, type, amount and voting percentage of ownership of the firm's securities.

Part 4 - Registration history

The questions in Part 4 apply to any jurisdiction and any foreign jurisdiction.

4.1 Securities registration

• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			
In the last seven years, has the firm, or any predecessors or specified affiliates of the firm been registered or licensed to trade or advise in securities or derivatives?			
Yes No No			
If yes, provide the following information for each registration:			
Name of entity			
Registration category			
Regulator/organization			
Date registered or licensed (yyyy/mm/dd)	Expiry date, if applicable (yyyy/mm/dd)		
Jurisdiction			

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4.2 **Exemption from securities registration** Is the firm currently relying on any exemptions from registration or licensing to trade or advise in securities or derivatives (other than those exemptions with respect to which the firm has already notified the securities regulator or, in Québec, the securities regulatory authority in accordance with the applicable exemption)? Yes No If yes, provide the following information for each exemption: Type of exemption Regulator/organization Date of exemption (yyyy/mm/dd) Jurisdiction 4.3 Membership in an exchange or SRO In the last seven years, has the firm, or any predecessors or specified affiliates of the firm been a member of a securities or derivatives exchange, SRO or similar organization? Yes No If yes, provide the following information for each membership: Name of entity Organization Date of membership (yyyy/mm/dd) Expiry date, if applicable (yyyy/mm/dd) Jurisdiction 4.4 Exemption from membership in an exchange or SRO Is the firm currently relying on any exemptions from membership with a securities or derivatives exchange, SRO or similar organization? Yes No If yes, provide the following information for each exemption: Type of exemption Organization

4.5 Refusal of registration, licensing or membership

Date of exemption (yyyy/mm/dd)

Jurisdiction

Has the firm, or any predecessors or specified affiliates of the firm been refused registration, licensing or membership with a financial services regulator, securities or derivatives exchange, SRO or similar organization?

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4.6

Yes

No

If yes, provide the following information for each refusal:
Name of entity
Reason for refusal
Regulator/organization
Date of refusal (yyyy/mm/dd)
Jurisdiction
Registration for other financial products
In the last seven years, has the firm, or any predecessors or specified affiliates of the firm

Examples of other financial products include financial planning, life insurance and mortgages.

been registered or licensed under legislation t advise in a financial product other than securiti			
Yes No			
If yes, provide the following information for each	h registration or licence:		
Name of entity			
Type of licence or registration			
Regulator/organization			
Date of registration (yyyy/mm/dd)	Expiry date, if applicable (yyyy/mm/dd)		
Jurisdiction			

Part 5 - Financial Condition

Capital requirements

5.1 Calculation of excess working capital

Attach the firm's calculation of excess working capital.

- Investment dealers must use the capital calculation form required by the Investment Industry Regulatory Organization of Canada (IIROC).
- Mutual fund dealers must use the capital calculation form required by the Mutual Fund Dealers Association of Canada (MFDA), except for mutual fund dealers registered in Québec only.
- If the firm is only applying for registration as an adviser under the Commodity Futures Act (Ontario), attach the firm's calculation of minimum free capital in accordance with section 14 of Regulation 90 under that Act.
- Other firms that are not members of either IIROC or the MFDA must use Form 31-103F1
 Calculation of Excess Working Capital. See Schedule C.

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5.2 Sources of capital

List all cash, cash equivalents, debt and equity sources of the firm's capital.

Name of person or entity providing the capital	Type of capital	Amount (\$)

5.3 Guarantors

See Schedule C Form 31-103F1 Calculation of Excess Working Capital. In relation to its business, does the firm:

	Yes	No
(a) Have any guarantors?		
(b) Act as a guarantor for any party?		

If yes, provide the following information for each guarantee:

Name of party to the guarantee	
NRD number, if applicable	
Relationship to the firm	Amount of guarantee (\$)
Details of the guarantee	

Bonding and insurance

Questions 5.4 to 5.8 apply to the firm's bonding or insurance coverage or proposed bonding or insurance coverage for securities and derivatives activities only. This in accordance with Part 12, Division 2 of NI 31-103.

5.4 Jurisdictions covered

This information is on the financial institution bond.

Where does the firm have bonding or insurance coverage?

AB	
BC	
MB	
NB	
NL	
NS	
NT	
NU	
ON	
PE	
QC	
SK	
VΤ	\Box

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If the firm's bonding or insurance does not cover all jurisdictions of Canada where it is seeking registration, explain why. 5.5 Bonding or insurance details This information is Name of insurer on the binder of insurance or on the Bond or policy number financial institution bond. Specific insuring agreements and clauses Coverage for each claim (\$) Annual aggregate coverage (\$) Total coverage (\$) Amount of the deductible (\$) Expiry date (yyyy/mm/dd) If the firm's insurance or proposed insurance is not in the form of a financial institution bond, explain how it provides equivalent coverage to the bond. Professional liability insurance (Québec only) 5.6 This information is If the firm is seeking registration in Québec as a mutual fund dealer or a scholarship plan required only if the dealer, provide the following information about the firm's professional liability insurance: firm is applying for registration in Name of insurer Québec as a mutual fund dealer or as a Policy number scholarship plan dealer. Specific insuring agreements and clauses Coverage for each claim (\$) Annual aggregate coverage (\$) Total coverage (\$) Amount of the deductible (\$) Renewal date (yyyy/mm/dd) Jurisdictions covered:

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NS

☐ Individual's policy ☐

NT

NU

ВС

Firm's policy

AΒ

MB

NB

NL

Which insurance policy applies to your representatives?

PΕ

QC

SK

YT

ON

Both

5.7	Directors' resolution for approving insurance			
	Attach a directors' resolution confirming that the firm has sufficient insurance coverage for its securities or derivatives-related activities.			
5.8	Bonding or insurance claims			
	In the last seven years, has the firm made any claims against a bond or on its insurance?			
	Yes No			
If yes,	provide the following information for each	claim:		
	Type of bond or insurance			
	Date of claim (yyyy/mm/dd)	Amount (\$)		
	Reason for claim) ()		
	Date resolved (yyyy/mm/dd) Resul			
	Jurisdiction			
Solve	ency			
5.9	Bankruptcy			
	In the last seven years, has the firm or any of its specified affiliates declared bankruptcy made an assignment or proposal in bankruptcy, or been the subject of a petition ir bankruptcy, or the equivalent in any jurisdiction?			
	Yes No			
	If yes, provide the following information for each bankruptcy or assignment in bankruptcy:			
	Name of entity			
	Reason for bankruptcy or assignment			
	Date of bankruptcy, assignment or petition (yyyy/mm/dd)	Date discharge granted, if applicable (yyyy/mm/dd)		
	Name of trustee			
	Jurisdiction			
	If applicable, attach a copy of any disch	arge, release or equivalent document.		
5.10	Appointment of receiver			
	receiver manager, or had one appointed	any of its specified affiliates appointed a receiver or or the equivalent in any jurisdiction?		
	Yes 🗌 No 🗌			

If yes, provide the following information for each appointment of receiver:

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Name of entity		
Date of appointment (yyyy/mm/dd)	Reason for appointment	
Date appointment ended (yyyy/mm/dd)	Reason appointment ended	
Name of receiver or receiver manager		
Jurisdiction		

Financial reporting

5.11 Financial year-end

(mm/dd)	
If the firm has not established its financial year	ır-end, explain why.

Provide the name of the individual auditing the financial statements and the name of the firm, if applicable.

5.12 Auditor

Name of auditor and accounting firm		

5.13 Audited financial statements

- (a) Attach, for your most recently completed year, either
 - (i) non-consolidated audited financial statements; or
 - (ii) audited financial statements prepared in accordance with section 3.2(3) of NI 52-107.
- (b) If the audited financial statements attached for item (a) were prepared for a period ending more than 90 days before the date of this application, also attach an interim financial report for a period of not more than 90 days before the date of this application.

If the firm is a start-up company, you can attach an audited opening statement of financial position instead.

5.14 Letter of direction to auditors

We may request an audit of the firm at any time while the firm is registered.

Attach a letter of direction from the firm authorizing the auditor to conduct any audit or review of the firm that the regulator may request.

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Part 6 - Client relationships

6.1 **Client assets** See Part 14, Division Will the firm hold or have access to client assets? 3 of NI 31-103 and Companion Policy П П Yes No 31-103CP. If yes, provide the following information for each financial institution where the trust accounts For guidance for client assets are held. regarding whether a firm will hold or have Name of financial institution access to client assets see section Address line 1 12.4 of Companion Policy 31-103CP. Address line 2 Citv Province/territory Postal code Telephone number 6.2 **Conflicts of interest** Does the firm have or expect to have any relationships that could reasonably result in any significant conflicts of interest in carrying out its registerable activities in accordance with securities or derivatives legislation? Yes No If yes, complete the following questions: Provide details about each conflict: (b) Does the firm have policies and procedures to identify and respond to its conflicts of interest? Yes No If no, explain why:

Part 7 - Regulatory action

The questions in Part 7 apply to any jurisdiction and any foreign jurisdiction. The information must be provided in respect of the last 7 years.

7.1 Settlement agreements

Has the firm, or any predecessors or specified affiliates of the firm entered into a settlement agreement with any financial services regulator, securities or derivatives exchange, SRO or similar organization?

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Yes No
If yes, provide the following information for each settlement agreement:
Name of entity
Regulator/organization
Date of settlement (yyyy/mm/dd)
Details of settlement
Jurisdiction

7.2 Disciplinary history

Has any financial services regulator, securities or derivatives exchange, SRO or similar organization:

	Yes	No
Determined that the firm, or any predecessors or specified affiliates of the firm violated any securities regulations or any rules of a securities or derivatives exchange, SRO or similar organization?		
Determined that the firm, or any predecessors or specified affiliates of the firm made a false statement or omission?		
Issued a warning or requested an undertaking by the firm, or any predecessors or specified affiliates of the firm?		
Suspended or terminated any registration, licensing or membership of the firm, or any predecessors or specified affiliates of the firm?		
Imposed terms or conditions on any registration or membership of the firm, or predecessors or specified affiliates of the firm?		
Conducted a proceeding or investigation involving the firm, or any predecessors or specified affiliates of the firm?		
Issued an order (other than an exemption order) or a sanction to the firm, or any predecessors or specified affiliates of the firm for securities or derivatives-related activity (e.g. cease trade order)?		

If yes, provide the following information for each action:

Name of entity		
Type of action		
Regulator/organization		
Date of action (yyyy/mm/dd)	Reason for action	
Jurisdiction		

7.3 Ongoing investigations

Is the firm aware of any ongoing investigations of which the firm or any of its specified affiliates is the subject?

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	v				
	Yes ∐ No ∐				
	If yes, provide the following information for each investi	igation:			
	Name of entity				
	Reason or purpose of investigation				
	Regulator/organization				
	Date investigation commenced (yyyy/mm/dd)				
	Jurisdiction				
Part 8	– Legal action				
	The firm must disclose offences or legal actions under business activities in any jurisdiction. The information 7 years.	any statute governing the firm and its must be provided in respect of the las			
8.1	Criminal convictions				
	Has the firm, or any predecessors or specified affilia criminal or quasi-criminal offence?	tes of the firm been convicted of any			
	Yes No				
	If yes, provide the following information for each convident	etion:			
	Name of entity				
	Type of offence				
	Case name	Case number if applicable			
		Case number, if applicable			
	Date of conviction (yyyy/mm/dd)				
	Jurisdiction				
8.2	Outstanding criminal charges				
	Is the firm or any of its specified affiliates currently the quasi-criminal charges?	subject of any outstanding criminal or			
	Yes No				
	If yes, provide the following information for each charge	e:			
	Name of entity				
	Type of offence				
	Date of charge (yyyy/mm/dd)				
	Jurisdiction				
	อนทอนเปมปา				

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8.3 Outstanding legal actions

	Yes	No
Is the firm currently a defendant or respondent (or the equivalent in any jurisdiction) in any outstanding legal action?		
Are any of the firm's specified affiliates currently a defendant or respondent (or the equivalent in any jurisdiction) in any outstanding legal action that involves fraud, theft or securities-related activities, or that could significantly affect the firm's business?		

If yes, provide the following information for each legal action:

Name of entity
Type of legal action
Date of legal action (yyyy/mm/dd)
Current stage of litigation
Remedies requested by plaintiff or appellant
Jurisdiction

8.4 Judgments

	Yes	No
Has any judgment been rendered against the firm or is any judgment outstanding in any civil court for damages or other relief relating to fraud, theft or securities-related activities?		
Are any of the firm's specified affiliates currently the subject of any judgments that involve fraud, theft or securities-related activities, or that could significantly affect the firm's business?		

If yes, provide the following information for each judgment:

Name of entity
Type of judgment
Date of judgment (yyyy/mm/dd)
Current stage of litigation, if applicable
Remedies requested by plaintiffs

Part 9 - Certification

It is an offence under securities legislation and derivatives legislation, including commodity futures legislation, to give false or misleading information on this form.

By signing below, you:

1. Certify to the regulator in each jurisdiction of Canada where the firm is submitting and filing this form, either directly or through the principal regulator, that:

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- you have read this form, and
- to the best of your knowledge and after reasonable inquiry, all of the information provided on this form is true and complete.
- 2. Certify to each regulator in a non-principal jurisdiction of Canada where the firm is submitting and filing this form, either directly or through the principal regulator, that at the date of this submission:
 - the firm has submitted and filed all information required to be submitted and filed under the securities legislation or derivatives legislation or both of the principal jurisdiction of Canada in relation to the firm's registration in that jurisdiction, and
 - this information is true and complete.
- Authorize the principal regulator to give each non-principal regulator access to any
 information the firm has submitted or filed with the principal regulator under securities
 legislation or derivatives legislation or both of the principal jurisdiction of Canada in
 relation to the firm's registration in that jurisdiction.
- Acknowledge that the regulator may collect and provide personal information about the individuals referred to in this form under Collection and use of personal information.
- Confirm that the individuals referred to in this form have been notified that their personal information is disclosed on this form, the legal reason for doing so, how it will be used and who to contact for more information.

Name of firm	
Name of firm's authorized signing officer or partr	er
Title of firm's authorized signing officer or partne	
Signature	
Date (yyyy/mm/dd)	

Witness

The witness must be a lawyer, notary public or commissioner of oaths.

Name of witness	
Title of witness	
Signature	
Date (yyyy/mm/dd)	

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Schedule A **Contact information for** Notice of collection and use of personal information

Alberta

Alberta Securities Commission Suite 600, 250-5th St. SW Calgary, AB T2P 0R4 Attention: Information Officer Telephone: (403) 297-6454

British Columbia

British Columbia Securities Commission P.O. Box 10142, Pacific Centre 701 West Georgia Street Vancouver, BC V7Y 1L2

Attention: Freedom of Information Officer

Telephone: (604) 899-6500 or (800) 373-6393 (in Canada)

Manitoba

The Manitoba Securities Commission 500 - 400 St. Mary Avenue Winnipea, MB R3C 4K5 Attention: Director of Registrations Telephone: (204) 945-2548 Fax (204) 945-0330

New Brunswick

Financial and Consumer Services Commission of New Brunswick / Commission des services financiers et des services aux consommateurs du Nouveau-Brunswick Suite 300, 85 Charlotte Street Saint John, NB E2L 2J2

rities Registration Telephone: (506) 658-3060

Attention: Director of Se

Newfoundland and Labrador

Superintendent of Securities. Service NL Government of Newfoundland and Labrador P.O. Box 8700 2nd Floor, West Block Confederation Building St. John's, NL A1B 4J6 Attention: Manager of Registrations Telephone: (709) 729-5661

Nova Scotia

Nova Scotia Securities Commission Suite 400, 5251 Duke Street Halifax, NS B3J 1P3 Attention: Deputy Director, Capital Markets

Telephone: (902) 424-7768

Northwest Territories

Government of the Northwest Territories Department of Justice 1st Floor Stuart M. Hodgson Building 5009 - 49th Street Yellowknife, NWT X1A 2L9 Attention: Deputy Superintendent of Securities

Telephone: (867) 920-8984

Nunavut

Government of Nunavut Department of Justice P.O. Box 1000 Station 570 Iqaluit, NU X0A 0H0

Attention: Deputy Registrar Superintendent of Securities

Telephone: (867) 975-6590

Ontario

Ontario Securities Commission 22nd Floor 20 Queen Street West Toronto, ON M5H 3S8

Attention: Compliance and Registrant Regulation

Telephone: (416) 593-8314 e-mail: registration@osc.gov.on.ca

Prince Edward Island

Securities Office Department of Community Affairs and Attorney General P.O. Box 2000 Charlottetown, PE C1A 7N8

Attention: Deputy Registrar Superintendent of Securities

Telephone: (902) 368-6288

Québec

Autorité des marchés financiers 800, square Victoria, 22e étage C.P. 246, tour de la Bourse Montréal (Québec) H4Z 1G3

Attention: Responsable de l'accès à l'information Telephone: (514) 395-0337 or (877) 525-0337

Saskatchewan

Financial and Consumer Affairs Authority of Saskatchewan Suite 601, 1919 Saskatchewan Drive Regina, SK S4P 4H2

Attention: Deputy Director, Capital Markets

Telephone: (306) 787-5871

Yukon

Government of Yukon Superintendent of Securities Department of Community Services P.O. Box 2703 C-6 Whitehorse, YT Y1A 2C6 Attention: Superintendent of Securities

Telephone: (867) 667-5314

Self-regulatory organization

Investment Industry Regulatory Organization of Canada 121 King Street West, Suite 2000 Toronto, Ontario M5H 3T9 Attention: Privacy Officer Telephone: (416) 364-6133

E-mail: PrivacyOfficer@iiroc.ca

Schedule B Submission to jurisdiction and appointment of agent for service

		Casimosion to Janoaron and appointment of agont io.
1.	Name o	of person or company (the "Firm"):
2.	Jurisdic	ction of incorporation of the person or company:
3.	Name o	of agent for service of process (the "Agent for Service"):
4.	Addres	s for service of process on the Agent for Service:
	Phone	number of the Agent for Service:
5.	served quasi-c local ju	m designates and appoints the Agent for Service at the address stated above as its agent upon whom may be a notice, pleading, subpoena, summons or other process in any action, investigation or administrative, criminal riminal or other proceeding (a "Proceeding") arising out of or relating to or concerning the Firm's activities in the risdiction and irrevocably waives any right to raise as a defense in any such proceeding any alleged lack of tion to bring such Proceeding.
6.	adminis	rm irrevocably and unconditionally submits to the non-exclusive jurisdiction of the judicial, quasi-judicial and strative tribunals of the local jurisdiction and any administrative proceeding in the local jurisdiction, in any ding arising out of or related to or concerning the Firm's activities in the local jurisdiction.
7.	Until six	x years after the Firm ceases to be registered, the Firm must file
	a.	a new Submission to jurisdiction and appointment of agent for service in this form no later than the 10th day after the date this Submission to jurisdiction and appointment of agent for service is terminated; and
	b.	an amended Submission to jurisdiction and appointment of agent for service no later than the 10th day after any change in the name or above address of the Agent for Service.
8.		ubmission to jurisdiction and appointment of agent for service is governed by and construed in accordance with s of the local jurisdiction.
Dated:		
(Signat	ure of the	e Firm or authorized signatory)
(Name	and Title	of authorized signatory)
Accept	tance	
		d accepts the appointment as Agent for Service of (Insert name of the Firm) under the terms and conditions of observing the service is a service.
Dated:		
(Signat	ure of Ag	ent for Service or authorized signatory)
(Name	and Title	of authorized signatory)

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Schedule C FORM 31-103F1 CALCULATION OF EXCESS WORKING CAPITAL

	Firm Name	
	Capital Calculation	
(as at	with comparative figures as at	

	Component	Current period	Prior period
1.	Current assets		
2.	Less current assets not readily convertible into cash (e.g., prepaid expenses)		
3.	Adjusted current assets Line 1 minus line 2 =		
4.	Current liabilities		
5.	Add 100% of non-current related party debt unless the firm and the lender have executed a subordination agreement in the form set out in Appendix B of National Instrument 31-103 Registration Requirements, Exemptions and Ongoing Registrant Obligations and the firm has delivered a copy of the agreement to the regulator or, in Québec, the securities regulatory authority. See section 12.2 of National Instrument 31-103 Registration Requirements, Exemptions and Ongoing Registrant Obligations.		
6.	Adjusted current liabilities Line 4 plus line 5 =		
7.	Adjusted working capital Line 3 minus line 6 =		
8.	Less minimum capital		
9.	Less market risk		
10.	Less any deductible under the bonding or insurance policy required under Part 12 of National Instrument 31-103 Registration Requirements, Exemptions and Ongoing Registrant Obligations or, in Québec, for a firm registered only in that jurisdiction and solely in the category of mutual fund dealer, less the deductible under the liability insurance required under section 193 of the Québec Securities Regulation		

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11.	Less Guarantees	
12.	Less unresolved differences	
13.	Excess working capital	

Notes:

Form 31-103F1 Calculation of Excess Working Capital must be prepared using the accounting principles that you use to prepare your financial statements in accordance with National Instrument 52-107 Acceptable Accounting Principles and Auditing Standards. Section 12.1 of Companion Policy 31-103CP Registration Requirements, Exemptions and Ongoing Registrant Obligations provides further guidance in respect of these accounting principles.

Line 5. Related-party debt – Refer to the CICA Handbook for the definition of "related party" for publicly accountable enterprises. The firm is required to deliver a copy of the executed subordination agreement to the regulator or, in Québec, the securities regulatory authority on the earlier of a) 10 days after the date the agreement is executed or b) the date an amount subordinated by the agreement is excluded from its calculation of excess working capital on Form 31-103F1 *Calculation of Excess Working Capital*. **The firm must notify the regulator or, in Québec, the securities regulatory authority, 10 days before it repays the loan (in whole or in part), or terminates the subordination agreement. See section 12.2 of National Instrument 31-103** *Registration Requirements, Exemptions and Ongoing Registrant Obligations***.**

Line 8. Minimum Capital – The amount on this line must be not less than (a) \$25,000 for an adviser and (b) \$50,000 for a dealer. For an investment fund manager, the amount must be not less than \$100,000 unless subsection 12.1(4) of National Instrument 31-103 *Registration Requirements, Exemptions and Ongoing Registrant Obligations* applies.

Line 9. Market Risk – The amount on this line must be calculated according to the instructions set out in Schedule 1 to Form 31-103F1 *Calculation of Excess Working Capital*. A schedule supporting the calculation of any amounts included in Line 9 as market risk should be provided to the regulator or, in Québec, the securities regulatory authority in conjunction with the submission of Form 31-103F1 *Calculation of Excess Working Capital*.

Line 11. Guarantees – If the registered firm is guaranteeing the liability of another party, the total amount of the guarantee must be included in the capital calculation. If the amount of a guarantee is included in the firm's statement of financial position as a current liability and is reflected in line 4, do not include the amount of the guarantee on line 11.

Line 12. Unresolved differences – Any unresolved differences that could result in a loss from either firm or client assets must be included in the capital calculation. The examples below provide guidance as to how to calculate unresolved differences:

- (i) If there is an unresolved difference relating to client securities, the amount to be reported on Line 12 will be equal to the fair value of the client securities that are short, plus the applicable margin rate for those securities.
- (ii) If there is an unresolved difference relating to the registrant's investments, the amount to be reported on Line 12 will be equal to the fair value of the investments (securities) that are short.
- (iii) If there is an unresolved difference relating to cash, the amount to be reported on Line 12 will be equal to the amount of the shortfall in cash.

Please refer to section 12.1 of Companion Policy 31-103CP Registration Requirements, Exemptions and Ongoing Registrant Obligations for further guidance on how to prepare and file Form 31-103F1 Calculation of Excess Working Capital.

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Management Certification						
Registered Firm Name: We have examined the attached capital calculation and certify that the firm is in compliance with the capital requirements as at						
Name and Title	Signature	Date				
1						

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Schedule 1 of Form 31-103F1 Calculation of Excess Working Capital (calculating line 9 [market risk])

For purposes of completing this form:

- (1) "Fair value" means the value of a security determined in accordance with Canadian GAAP applicable to publicly accountable enterprises.
- (2) For each security whose value is included in line 1, Current Assets, multiply the fair value of the security by the margin rate for that security set out below. Add up the resulting amounts for all of the securities you hold. The total is the "market risk" to be entered on line 9.

(a) Bonds, Debentures, Treasury Bills and Notes

(i) Bonds, debentures, treasury bills and other securities of or guaranteed by the Government of Canada, of the United Kingdom, of the United States of America and of any other national foreign government (provided such foreign government securities are currently rated Aaa or AAA—by Moody's Canada Inc., or the short-term ratings equivalent of either of those ratings, by a designated rating organization or its DRO affiliate, or Standard & Poor's Rating Services (Canada) or its DRO affiliate, respectively), maturing (or called for redemption):

within 1 year: 1% of fair value multiplied by the fraction determined by dividing

the number of days to maturity by 365

over 1 year to 3 years:

over 3 years to 7 years:

over 7 years to 11 years:

over 11 years:

4% of fair value

4% of fair value

4% of fair value

(ii) Bonds, debentures, treasury bills and other securities of or guaranteed by any jurisdiction of Canada and obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development, maturing (or called for redemption):

within 1 year: 2% of fair value multiplied by the fraction determined by dividing

the number of days to maturity by 365

over 1 year to 3 years:

over 3 years to 7 years:

over 7 years to 11 years:

over 11 years:

5% of fair value

5% of fair value

(iii) Bonds, debentures or notes (not in default) of or guaranteed by any municipal corporation in Canada or the United Kingdom maturing:

within 1 year: 3% of fair value multiplied by the fraction determined by dividing

the number of days to maturity by 365

over 1 year to 3 years: 5 % of fair value over 3 years to 7 years: 5% of fair value over 7 years to 11 years: 5% of fair value over 11 years: 5% of fair value

- (iv) Other non-commercial bonds and debentures (not in default): 10% of fair value
- (v) Commercial and corporate bonds, debentures and notes (not in default) and non-negotiable and non-transferable trust company and mortgage loan company obligations registered in the registered firm's name maturing:

within 1 year: 3% of fair value over 1 year to 3 years: 6 % of fair value over 3 years to 7 years: 7% of fair value over 7 years to 11 years: 10% of fair value over 11 years: 10% of fair value

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(b) Bank Paper

Deposit certificates, promissory notes or debentures issued by a Canadian chartered bank (and of Canadian chartered bank acceptances) maturing:

within 1 year: 2% of fair value multiplied by the fraction determined by dividing the

number of days to maturity by 365

over 1 year: apply rates for commercial and corporate bonds, debentures and notes

(c) Acceptable foreign bank paper

Deposit certificates, promissory notes or debentures issued by a foreign bank, readily negotiable and transferable and maturing:

within 1 year: 2% of fair value multiplied by the fraction determined by dividing the

number of days to maturity by 365

over 1 year: apply rates for commercial and corporate bonds, debentures and notes

(d) Mutual Funds

Securities of mutual funds qualified by prospectus for sale in any jurisdiction of Canada:

- (i) 5% of the net asset value per security as determined in accordance with National Instrument 81-106 Investment Fund Continuous Disclosure, where the fund is a money market mutual fund as defined in National Instrument 81-102 Investment Funds; or
- (ii) the margin rate determined on the same basis as for listed stocks multiplied by the net asset value per security of the fund as determined in accordance with National Instrument 81-106 *Investment Fund Continuous Disclosure*.

Securities of mutual funds qualified by prospectus for sale in the United States of America: 5% of the net asset value per security if the fund is registered as an investment company under the *Investment Companies Company Act of 1940*, as amended from time to time, and complies with Rule 2a-7 thereof.

(e) Stocks

In this paragraph, "securities" includes rights and warrants and does not include bonds and debentures.

 On securities including investment fund securities, rights and warrants, listed on any exchange in Canada or the United States of America:

Long Positions - Margin Required

Securities selling at \$2.00 or more – 50% of fair value

Securities selling at \$1.75 to \$1.99 - 60% of fair value

Securities selling at \$1.50 to \$1.74 – 80% of fair value

Securities selling under \$1.50 – 100% of fair value

Short Positions - Credit Required

Securities selling at \$2.00 or more - 150% of fair value

Securities selling at \$1.50 to \$1.99 – \$3.00 per share

Securities selling at \$0.25 to \$1.49 - 200% of fair value

Securities selling at less than \$0.25 – fair value plus \$0.25 per share

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[&]quot;Acceptable Foreign Bank Paper" consists of deposit certificates or promissory notes issued by a bank other than a Canadian chartered bank with a net worth (i.e., capital plus reserves) of not less than \$200,000,000.

- (ii) For positions in securities that are constituent securities on a major broadly-based index of one of the following exchanges, 50% of the fair value:
 - (a) Australian Stock Exchange Limited
 - (b) Bolsa de Madrid
 - (c) Borsa Italiana
 - (d) Copenhagen Stock Exchange
 - (e) Euronext Amsterdam
 - (f) Euronext Brussels
 - (g) Euronext Paris S.A.
 - (h) Frankfurt Stock Exchange
 - (i) London Stock Exchange
 - (j) New Zealand Exchange Limited
 - (k) Stockholm Stock Exchange
 - (I) SIX Swiss Exchange
 - (m) The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited
 - (n) Tokyo Stock Exchange

(f) Mortgages

- (i) For a firm registered in any jurisdiction of Canada except Ontario:
 - (a) Insured mortgages (not in default): 6% of fair value
 - (b) Mortgages which are not insured (not in default): 12% of fair value.
- (ii) For a firm registered in Ontario:
 - (a) Mortgages insured under the National Housing Act (Canada) (not in default): 6% of fair value
 - (b) Conventional first mortgages (not in default): 12% of fair value.

If you are registered in Ontario regardless of whether you are also registered in another jurisdiction of Canada, you will need to apply the margin rates set forth in (ii) above.

(g) For all other securities – 100% of fair value.

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FORM 33-506F7 REINSTATEMENT OF REGISTERED INDIVIDUALS AND PERMITTED INDIVIDUALS (sections 2.3 and 2.4(2))

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

Complete and submit this form to the relevant regulator(s) or in Québec, the securities regulatory authority, or self-regulatory organization (SRO) if an individual has left a sponsoring firm and is seeking to reinstate their registration in one or more of the same categories or reinstate their same status of permitted individual as before with a sponsoring firm. You only need to complete and submit one form regardless of the number of registration categories or permitted individual statuses you are seeking to be reinstated in.

An individual may reinstate their registration or permitted individual status by submitting this form. This form may only be used if all of the following apply:

- 1. this form is submitted on or before the 90th day after the cessation date of the individual's employment, partnership or agency relationship with the individual's former sponsoring firm,
- 2. there have been no changes to the information previously submitted in respect of Items 13 (Regulatory Disclosure) other than changes to Item 13.3(ea), 14 (Criminal Disclosure), 15 (Civil Disclosure) and 16 (Financial Disclosure) of the individual's Form 33-506F4 since the individual left their former sponsoring firm, and
- 3. the individual's employment, partnership or agency relationship with their former sponsoring firm did not end because the individual was asked by the firm to resign, resigned voluntarily or was dismissed, following an allegation against the individual of criminal activity, a breach of securities legislation, or a breach of the rules of an SRO.

If you do not meet all of the above conditions then you must apply for reinstatement by completing on NRD a Form 33-506F4 by making the NRD submission entitled 'Reactivation of Registration'.

Terms

In this form, "you", "your" and "individual" means the individual who is seeking to reinstate their registration or their status as permitted individual.

"former sponsoring firm" means the registered firm where you most recently carried out duties as a registered or permitted individual.

"major shareholder" and "shareholder" mean a shareholder who, in total, directly or indirectly owns voting securities carrying 10 per cent or more of the votes carried by all outstanding voting securities.

"new sponsoring firm" means the registered firm where you will begin carrying out duties as a registered or permitted individual when your registration or permitted individual status is reinstated.

Several terms used in this form are defined in the Form 33-506F4 *Registration of Individuals and Review of Permitted Individuals* that you submitted when you first became registered.

How to submit this form

NRD format

Submit this form at the National Registration Database (NRD) website in NRD format at www.nrd.ca. If you have any questions, contact the compliance, registration or legal department of the new sponsoring firm or a legal adviser with securities law experience, or visit the NRD information website at www.nrd-info.ca.

Format, other than NRD format

If you are relying on the temporary hardship exemption in section 5.1 of Ontario Securities Commission Rule 31-509 *National Registration Database (Commodity Futures Act)*, you may submit this form in a format other than NRD format.

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If you need more space, use a separate sheet of paper. Clearly identify the Item and question number. Complete and sign the form, and send it to the relevant regulator(s) or, in Québec, the securities regulatory authority, SRO (s) or similar authority. The number of originally signed copies of the form you are required to submit depends on the province or territory, and on the regulator, the securities regulatory authority or SRO.

To avoid delays in processing this form, be sure to answer all of the items that apply to you. If you have questions, contact the compliance, registration or legal department of the new sponsoring firm or a legal adviser with securities law experience, or visit the National Registration Database information website at www.nrd-info.ca.

Item 1	Name											
1.	NRD number:											
2.	Legal r	name										
Last nai	me		First n	ame		Second name	(N/A 🔲)		Third nan	ne (N/A	□)	
3.	Date of	f birth (YYYY/MN	И/DD):								
4.	Use of	other n	ames									
name(s)						sed, operated of for sole propried				nder, a r	name oth	er than the
Yes		No										
If "Yes",	complet	te Sched	dule A.									
Item 2	Number of jurisdictions											
1.	Are you	ı seekin	g to reins	tate your r	egistration	n or permitted ir	ndividual sta	itus in mo	ore than on	e jurisdic	tion of C	anada?
	Yes		No									
2. individu		each pi	ovince or	territory in	which yo	ou are seeking r	reinstatemer	nt of regi	stration or r	einstater	nent as a	a permitted
		All jur	isdictions									
		Manito New E Newfo North Nova Nunav Ontar Prince Québo	n Columbioba Brunswick bundland west Terr Scotia vut io E Edward ec atchewan	and Labraditories	dor							

Item 3 Individual categories

- 1. On Schedule B, check each category for which you are seeking to reinstate your registration or permitted individual status. If you are seeking reinstatement of status as a permitted individual, check each category that describes your position with your new sponsoring firm.
- 2. If you are seeking reinstatement as a representative of a mutual fund dealer or of a scholarship plan dealer in Québec, are you covered by your new sponsoring firm's professional liability insurance?

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	Yes No
	If "No", state:
The nam	ne of your insurer
Your pol	icy number
Item 4	Address and agent for service
1.	Address for service
	You must have one address for service in each province or territory where you are submitting this form. A residential or saddress is acceptable. A post office box is not acceptable. Complete Schedule C for each additional address for you are providing.
Address	for service:
(number	r, street, city, province or territory, postal code)
Telepho	ne number
Fax num	ber, if applicable
Busines	s e-mail address
2.	Agent for service
	If you have appointed an agent for service, provide the following information for the agent in each province or territory ou have an agent for service. The address of your agent for service must be the same as the address for service above, gent for service is not an individual, provide the name of your contact person.
Name of	agent for service:
Contact	person:
	Last name, First name
Item 5	Location of employment
are only	Provide the following information for your new sponsoring firm. If you will be working out of more than one business provide the following information for the business location out of which you will be doing most of your business. If you filling this form because you are a permitted individual and are not employed by, or acting as agent for, the sponsoring ect "N/A".
Unique I	dentification Number (optional):
NRD loc	ation number:
Busines	s location address: (number, street, city, province, territory or state, country, postal code)
Telepho	ne number: () Fax number: ()
N/A	
	If the new sponsoring firm has a foreign head office, and/or you are not a resident of Canada, provide the address for ness location in which you will be conducting most of your business. If you are only filing this form because you are a d individual and are not employed by, or acting as agent for, the sponsoring firm, select "N/A".
Busines	s location address: (number, street, city, province, territory or state, country, postal code)

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Telepho	ne numbe	er: () Fax number: ()			
N/A					
[The fol	lowing un	der #3 "Type of business location", #4 and #5 is for a Format other than NRD format only]			
3.	Type of	business location:			
	Bra	ad office nch or business location b-branch (Mutual Fund Dealers Association of Canada members only)			
4.	Name of	f supervisor or branch manager:			
5. address	☐ s provide	Check here if the mailing address of the business location is the same as the business location ed above. Otherwise, complete the following:			
Mailing	address:	(number, street, city, province, territory or state, country, postal code)			
Item 6	Previou	s employment			
	Provide	the following information for your former sponsoring firm.			
Name:					
Date or permitte	n which y ed individu	rou were no longer authorized to act on behalf of your former sponsoring firm as a registered individual or ual: (YYYY/MM/DD)			
The rea	son why y	you left your former sponsoring firm:			
Item 7	Current	employment, other business activities, officer positions held and directorships			
Name o	f your nev	w sponsoring firm:			
busines Also ind	s activities	arate Schedule D for each of your current business and employment activities, including employment and s with your new sponsoring firm and any employment and business activities outside your new sponsoring firm. officer or director positions and any other equivalent positions held, as well as positions of influence. The be provided			
	•	whether or not you receive compensation for such services, and			
	•	whether or not any such position is business related.			
Item 8	Owners	hip of securities in new sponsoring firm			
	Are you	a partner or major shareholder of your new sponsoring firm?			
Yes		No 🗆			
If "Yes",	complete	e Schedule E.			
Item 9	9 Confirm permanent record				
1	1. Check the appropriate box to indicate that, since leaving your former sponsoring firm, there has been a change to any information previously submitted for the items of your Form 33-506F4 that are listed below.				

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		Civil disclosure (Item 15)
		Financial disclosure (Item 16)
2.	Check th	ne box below – I am eligible to file this Form 33-506F7, only if you satisfy both of the following conditions:
	(a)	there are no changes to any of the disclosure items under Item 9.1 above, and
	(b)	your employment, partnership or agency relationship with your former sponsoring firm did not end because you were asked by the firm to resign or resigned voluntarily, or were dismissed, following an allegation against you of
	(c)	criminal activity,
	(d)	a breach of securities legislation, or
	(e)	a breach of the rules of an SRO.
	r reinstat	o not meet the above conditions for selecting the box 'I am eligible to file this Form 33-506F7', then you must tement by completing on NRD a Form 33-506F4 by making the NRD submission entitled "Reactivation of ou are submitting a Form 33-506F4 in a format other than NRD format you must complete the entire form.
		I am eligible to file this Form 33-506F7.
Item 10	Acknow	ledgements, submission to jurisdiction and notice of collection and use of personal information
	By subm	itting this form, you:

• acknowledge that the submission to jurisdiction, consent to collection and use of personal information, and authorization in respect of SROs (to the extent applicable) that you provided in your Form 33-506F4 remain in

effect and extend to this form

 consent to the collection and disclosure of your personal information by regulators and by your sponsoring firm, in each case, for registration and other related regulatory purposes.

If you have any questions about the collection and use of your personal information, contact the securities regulatory authority or applicable SRO in the relevant jurisdiction. See Schedule F for details. In Québec, you can also contact the Commission d'accès à l'information at 1-888-528-7741 or visit its website at www.cai.gouv.gc.ca.

You acknowledge and agree that if you are seeking reinstatement of your registration and it was subject to any undischarged terms and conditions when you left your former sponsoring firm, those terms and conditions will remain in effect at your new sponsoring firm.

Item 11 Warning

It is an offence under securities legislation and derivatives legislation, including commodity futures legislation, to give false or misleading information on this form.

Item 12 Certification

1. Certification – NRD format:

I confirm I have discussed the questions in this form with an officer, branch manager or supervisor of my sponsoring firm. To the best of my knowledge, the officer, branch manager or supervisor was satisfied that I fully understood the questions. I will limit my activities to those permitted by my category of registration. If the business location specified in this form is a residence, I hereby give my consent for the regulator or, in Québec, the securities regulatory authority to enter that residence for the administration of securities legislation and derivatives legislation, including commodity futures legislation.

I am making this submission as agent for the individual. By checking this box, I certify that the individual provided me with all of the information on this form and the certification above.

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2. Certification – Format other than NRD format:

Individual

By signing below, I certify to the regulator, or, in Québec, the securities regulatory authority, in each jurisdiction where I am submitting this form, either directly or through the principal regulator that:

- I have read the form and understand the guestions.
- all of the information provided on this form is true, and complete, and
- if the business location specified in this form is a residence, I hereby give my consent for the regulator or, in Québec, the securities regulatory authority to enter that residence for the administration of securities legislation and derivatives legislation, including commodity futures legislation.

Signature of individual	Date signed_	
		(YYYY/MM/DD)

Authorized partner or officer of the new sponsoring firm

By signing below, I certify to the regulator, or $_{\underline{\cdot}}$ in Québec $_{\underline{\cdot}}$ the securities regulatory authority, in each jurisdiction where I am submitting this form for the individual that:

- the individual will be engaged by the new sponsoring firm as a registered individual or a permitted individual
- I have, or a branch manager or another officer or supervisor has, discussed the questions set out in this form with the individual and, to the best of my knowledge, the individual fully understands the questions, and
- the new sponsoring firm understands that if the individual's reinstatement of registration was subject to any undischarged terms and conditions when the individual left their former sponsoring firm, those terms and conditions remain in effect and agrees to assume any ongoing obligations that apply to the sponsoring firm in respect of the individual under those terms and conditions.

Name of firm	
Name of authorized signing officer or partner	
Title of authorized signing officer or partner	
Signature of authorized signing officer or partner _	
Date signed(YYYY/MM/DD)	

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Schedule A Use of other names (Item 1.4)

Item 1.4 Use of other names Name 1: Name: Provide the reasons for the use of this other name (for example, trade name or team name)?: If this other name is or was used in connection with any sponsoring firm, did the sponsoring firm approve the use of the name? Yes No When did you use this name? From: To: (YYYY/MM) (YYYY/MM) Name 2: Name: ___ Provide the reasons for the use of this other name (for example, trade name or team name): ____ If this other name is or was used in connection with any sponsoring firm, did the sponsoring firm approve the use of the name? Yes No When did you use this name? From: To: (YYYY/MM) (YYYY/MM) Name 3: Provide the reasons for the use of this other name (for example, trade name or team name): If this other name is or was used in connection with any sponsoring firm, did the sponsoring firm approve the use of the name? Yes No When did you use this name? To: From: (YYYY/MM) (YYYY/MM)

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Schedule B Individual Categories (Item 3)

Check each category for which you are seeking reinstatement of registration, approval or permitted individual status

Categories Common to all jurisdictions under securities legislation

Firm categories [Format other than NRD format only] [] Investment Dealer [] Mutual Fund Dealer [] Scholarship Plan Dealer [] Exempt Market Dealer [] Restricted Dealer [] Portfolio Manager [] Restricted Portfolio Manager [] Investment Fund Manager
Individual categories and permitted activities [] Dealing Representative [] Advising Representative [] Associate Advising Representative [] Ultimate Designated Person [] Chief Compliance Officer [] Permitted Individual as described in paragraph (c) of the definition of "permitted individual" in section 1.1 of OSC Rule 33-506 (Commodity Futures Act) Registration Information [] Officer — Specify title: [] Director [] Partner [] Shareholder [] Branch Manager (MFDA members only) [] IIROC approval only
IIROC
Approval categories [] Executive [] Director (Industry) [] Director (Non-Industry) [] Supervisor [] Investor [] Registered Representative [] Investment Representative [] Trader
Additional approval categories [] Chief Compliance Officer [] Chief Financial Officer [] Ultimate Designated Person
Products [] Non-Trading [] Securities [] Options [] Futures Contracts and Futures Contract Options [] Mutual Funds only
Customer type [] Retail [] Institutional [] Not Applicable
Portfolio management [] Portfolio Management

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Categories under local commodity futures and derivatives legislation

Ontario

Firm categories
[] Commodity Trading Adviser
[] Commodity Trading Counsel [] Commodity Trading Manager
[] Futures Commission Merchant
Individual categories and permitted activities [] Advising Representative [] Salesperson [] Branch Manager [] Officer – Specify title: [] Director [] Partner [] Shareholder [] IIROC approval only Manitoba
Firm categories [] Dealer (Merchant)
[] Dealer (Futures Commission Merchant)
[] Dealer (Floor Broker) [] Adviser
[]Local
Individual categories and permitted activities
[] Floor Broker [] Salesperson
[] Branch Manager
[] Adviser
[] Officer – Specify title [] Director
[] Partner
[] Futures Contracts Portfolio Manager
[] Associate Futures Contracts Portfolio Manager [] IIROC approval only
[]Local
Québec
Firm categories
[] Derivatives Dealer
[] Derivatives Portfolio Manager
Individual categories and permitted activities
[] Derivatives Dealing Representative
[] Derivatives Advising Representative
[] Derivatives Associate Advising Representative

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Schedule C Address and agent for service (Item 4)

You must have one address for service in each province or territory in which you are now, or are seeking to become, a

Item 4.1 Address for service

Contact person:

Last name, First name

registered individual or permitted individual. A post office box is not an acceptable address for service.

Address for service:

(number, street, city, province or territory, postal code)

Telephone number: (____) _____ Fax number: (____) _____

Business e-mail address: ______

Item 4.2 Agent for service

If you have appointed an agent for service, provide the following information for the agent. The address for service provided above must be the address of the agent named below.

Name of agent for service: _______

(if applicable)

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Schedule D Current employment, other business activities, officer positions held and directorships (Item 7)

Complete a separate Schedule D for each of your current business and employment activities, including employment and business activities with your new sponsoring firm and any employment and business activities outside your new sponsoring firm. Also include all officer or director positions and any other equivalent positions held, as well as positions of influence. The information must be provided

- whether or not you receive compensation for such services, and
- whether or not any such position is business related.

1.	Start date
(YYYY)	(MM/DD)
2.	Firm information
	Check here if this activity is employment with your sponsoring firm.
below:	If the activity is with your sponsoring firm, you are not required to indicate the firm name and address information
Name o	of business or employer:
Addres	s of business or employer:
(numbe	er, street, city, province, territory or state, country)
Name a	and title of your immediate supervisor:
3.	Description of duties
such a	Describe all employment and business activities related to this employer. Include the nature of the business and your title or relationship with the business. If you are seeking registration that requires specific experience, include details a level of responsibility, value of accounts under direct supervision, number of years of experience, and percentage of ent on each activity.
4.	Number of work hours per week
	How many hours per week do you devote to this business or employment?
	If this activity is employment with your sponsoring firm and you work less than 30 hours per week, explain why.
5.	Conflict of Interest
If you h	ave more than one employer or are engaged in business related activities:

A. Disclose any potential for confusion by clients and any potential for conflicts of interest arising from your multiple employment or business related activities or proposed business related activities.

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Annex C: Blackline Showing Changes to OSC Rule 33-506	Supplement to the OSC Bulletin
B. Indicate whether or not any of your employers or organizations where you engage in busines an exchange.	s related activities are listed on
C. Confirm whether the firm has procedures for minimizing potential conflicts of interest and if so these procedures.	o, confirm that you are aware of
D. State the name of the person at your sponsoring firm who has reviewed and approved your m related activities or proposed business related activities.	ultiple employment or business
E. If you do not perceive any conflicts of interest arising from this employment, explain why.	

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Schedule E Ownership of securities in new sponsoring firm (Item 8)

Firm name (whose business is trading in or advising on securities or derivatives, or both):									
What is your relationship to the firm?				m?	Partner		 Major shareholder □		
What is	the perio	od of this	s relations	ship?					
	From: (YYYY/MM)		To:			(if applicable)			
					_				
	Provide	Provide the following information:							
		ire whe	n you are	reinstate	d or appro	oved as	ntage of securities, or the amount of partnership interest you own or a result of the review of this form. If acquiring shares when you are asury shares, or if upon transfer, state name of transferor).		
held by	b) you or a						ecessary) of any subordinated debentures or bonds of the firm to be but to the firm:		
firm and	c) d state the				has provi		u with funds to invest in the firm, provide the name of the person or or firm:		
firm?	d)	Are th	ne funds to	be inve	ested (or p	oroposed	d to be invested) guaranteed directly or indirectly by any person or		
	Yes		No						
	If "Yes"	, provid	e the nam	e of the p	erson or f	firm and	state the relationship between you and that person or firm:		
		are regis	stered or a	approved	as a resu	ılt of the	y rights relating to these securities or this partnership interest, or do review of this form, intend to give up any of these rights (including curities or partnership interest with any firm or person)?		
	Yes		No						
describe	If "Yes' e the righ	", provio	de the na nave beer	me of th	e person e given up	or firm,	, state the relationship between you and that person or firm and		
held by	f) you?	ls a p	erson oth	er than y	ou the be	neficial	owner of the shares, bonds, debentures, partnership units or notes		
	Yes		No						
	If "Yes"	, comple	ete (g), (h	and (i).					

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g)	Name of beneficial owner:									
	Last name	First name	Second name (N/A □)	Third name (N/A						
h)	Residential address:									
	(number, street, cit	(number, street, city, province, territory or state, country, postal code)								
i)	Occupation:									

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Schedule F **Contact information for** Notice of collection and use of personal information

Alberta

Alberta Securities Commission Suite 600, 250-5th St. SW Calgary, AB T2P 0R4 Attention: Information Officer Telephone: (403) 297-6454

British Columbia

British Columbia Securities Commission P.O. Box 10142, Pacific Centre 701 West Georgia Street Vancouver, BC V7Y 1L2

Attention: Freedom of Information Officer

Telephone: (604) 899-6500 or (800) 373-6393 (in Canada)

Manitoba

The Manitoba Securities Commission 500 - 400 St. Mary Avenue Winnipea, MB R3C 4K5 Attention: Director of Registrations Telephone: (204) 945-2548 Fax (204) 945-0330

New Brunswick

Financial and Consumer Services Commission of New Brunswick / Commission des services financiers et des services aux consommateurs du Nouveau-Brunswick Suite 300, 85 Charlotte Street Saint John, NB E2L 2J2

Attention: Director of Sc rities Registration

Telephone: (506) 658-3060

Newfoundland and Labrador

Superintendent of Securities. Service NL Government of Newfoundland and Labrador P.O. Box 8700 2nd Floor, West Block Confederation Building St. John's, NL A1B 4J6 Attention: Manager of Registrations Telephone: (709) 729-5661

Nova Scotia

Nova Scotia Securities Commission Suite 400, 5251 Duke Street Halifax, NS B3J 1P3

Attention: Deputy Director, Capital Markets

Telephone: (902) 424-7768

Northwest Territories

Government of the Northwest Territories Department of Justice 1st Floor Stuart M. Hodgson Building 5009 - 49th Street Yellowknife, NWT X1A 2L9 Attention: Deputy Superintendent of Securities Telephone: (867) 920-8984

Nunavut

Government of Nunavut Department of Justice P.O. Box 1000 Station 570 Iqaluit, NU X0A 0H0

Attention: Deputy Registrar Superintendent of Securities

Telephone: (867) 975-6590

Ontario

Ontario Securities Commission 22nd Floor 20 Queen Street West Toronto, ON M5H 3S8

Attention: Compliance and Registrant Regulation

Telephone: (416) 593-8314 e-mail: registration@osc.gov.on.ca

Prince Edward Island

Securities Office Department of Community Affairs and Attorney General P.O. Box 2000 Charlottetown, PE C1A 7N8

Attention: Deputy Registrar Superintendent of Securities

Telephone: (902) 368-6288

Québec

Autorité des marchés financiers 800, square Victoria, 22e étage C.P. 246, tour de la Bourse Montréal (Québec) H4Z 1G3

Attention: Responsable de l'accès à l'information Telephone: (514) 395-0337 or (877) 525-0337

Saskatchewan

Financial and Consumer Affairs Authority of Saskatchewan Suite 601, 1919 Saskatchewan Drive

Regina, SK S4P 4H2

Attention: Deputy Director, Capital Markets

Telephone: (306) 787-5871

Yukon

Government of Yukon Superintendent of Securities Department of Community Services P.O. Box 2703 C-6 Whitehorse, YT Y1A 2C6

Attention: Superintendent of Securities

Telephone: (867) 667-5314

Self-regulatory organization

Investment Industry Regulatory Organization of Canada 121 King Street West, Suite 2000 Toronto, Ontario M5H 3T9 Attention: Privacy Officer Telephone: (416) 364-6133

E-mail: PrivacyOfficer@iiroc.ca